

Checklist – Before your arrival

for long-term stays.

Visa -	- Residence Permit
	Check whether you need a visa based on your nationality (EU/EEA citizens do not need one).
	If needed, apply for a scientific/research visa (§18d Aufenthaltsgesetz) or Blue Card at the German embassy. (digital.diplo.de/visa)
	Ensure your passport is valid for at least 6 months beyond your planned stay.
	Gather necessary documents (employment contract/invitation letter/hosting agreement, proof of accommodation, financial proof, health insurance, etc.).
	If staying longer than 90 days, check if a residence permit application is required.
	If your family will accompany you, apply for a Family Reunion Visa for each family member.
	h Insurance (Public vs. Private) – Mandatory for all residents in Germany
	Check whether you need Public or Private Health Insurance (depending on your contract/stipend).
	EU/EEA citizens can use EHIC but should register with a German provider if staying long term.
	Travel Health Insurance might be sufficient for short term stays, you may need private coverage. (check <u>Euraxess</u> for more information)
	Arrange temporary accommodation (MPIK Guesthouse, hotels) Research long-term rentals in advance if needed, housing can be hard to come by, especially in
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	Heidelberg.
	Some landlords require a Schufa (credit check), which you won't have yet, so prepare to offer proof of income or a higher deposit.
	Arrange childcare for your children if they will accompany you (Daycare, Kindergarden, School etc).
Finan	Ces and Bank Account Open a blocked account (Sperrkonto) if required for your visa. Research German banks (Sparkasse, Deutsche Bank, Commerzbank) or online banks (N26, Revolut,
	DKB).
	Check if your home country's bank has partnerships with German banks.
Work	Contract & Taxes
	Review your employment contract (salary, tax class, benefits).
	Check if your home country has a double taxation agreement with Germany.
	Get familiar with taxes & deductions (Lohnsteuer, Sozialversicherung, Kirchensteuer if applicable).
Langı	uage Preparation

Learn basic German, English is common in research environments but you will need to learn German

Get a translation of key documents (birth certificate, academic degrees).