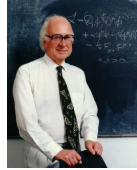

The Different Faces of the Higgs

Oleg Lebedev

DESY, Hamburg



Plan



- electroweak symmetry breaking



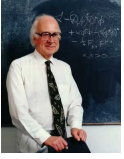
- flavor puzzle



- key to the "dark" sector



- inflation

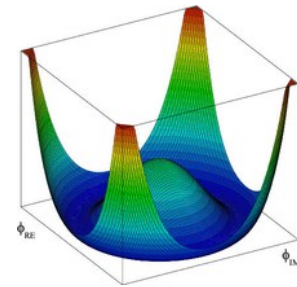


The Standard Higgs

$H = \text{spin-0 } SU(2) \text{ doublet}$

$$V = \lambda (\bar{H} H - v^2)^2$$

$$H \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ v + h(x) \end{pmatrix}$$

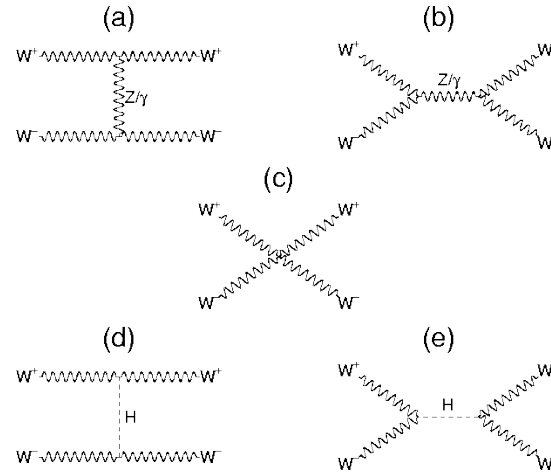


$$L_{\text{mass}} = -m_w^2 WW - m_f \bar{f} f + \dots$$

The Higgs particle required by unitarity :

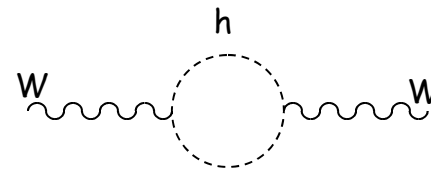
$$A(WW \rightarrow WW) \Big|_{\text{no Higgs}} \sim E^2$$

$$m_h < 1 \text{ TeV}$$

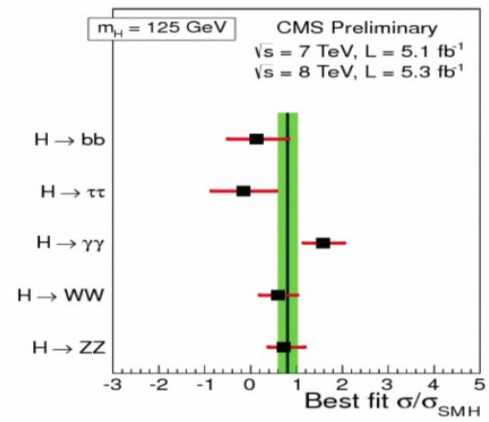
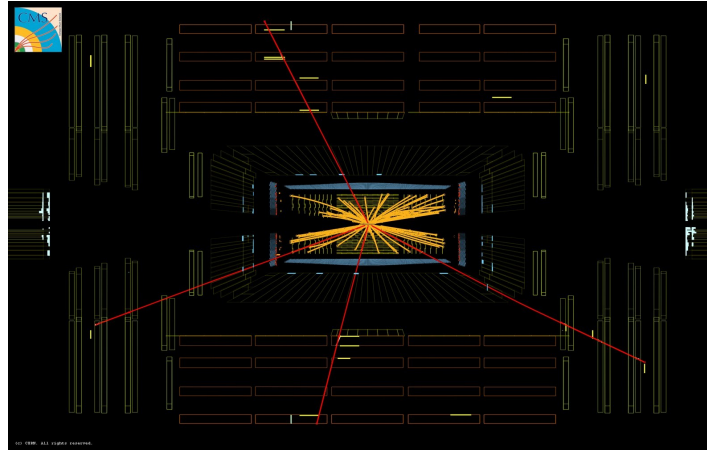


Electroweak precision measurements :

$$m_h < 148 \text{ GeV}$$



First glimpse of the Higgs :



$m_h \sim 125 \text{ GeV}$

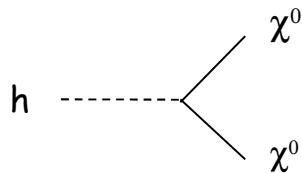
First constraints on BSM :

Giardino et al. '12
Espinosa et al. '12

$$\text{Br}_{\text{inv}} < 30\text{-}50 \%$$

E.g. SUSY :

Dreiner, Kim, OL '12



$$\mu < 170 \text{ GeV}$$

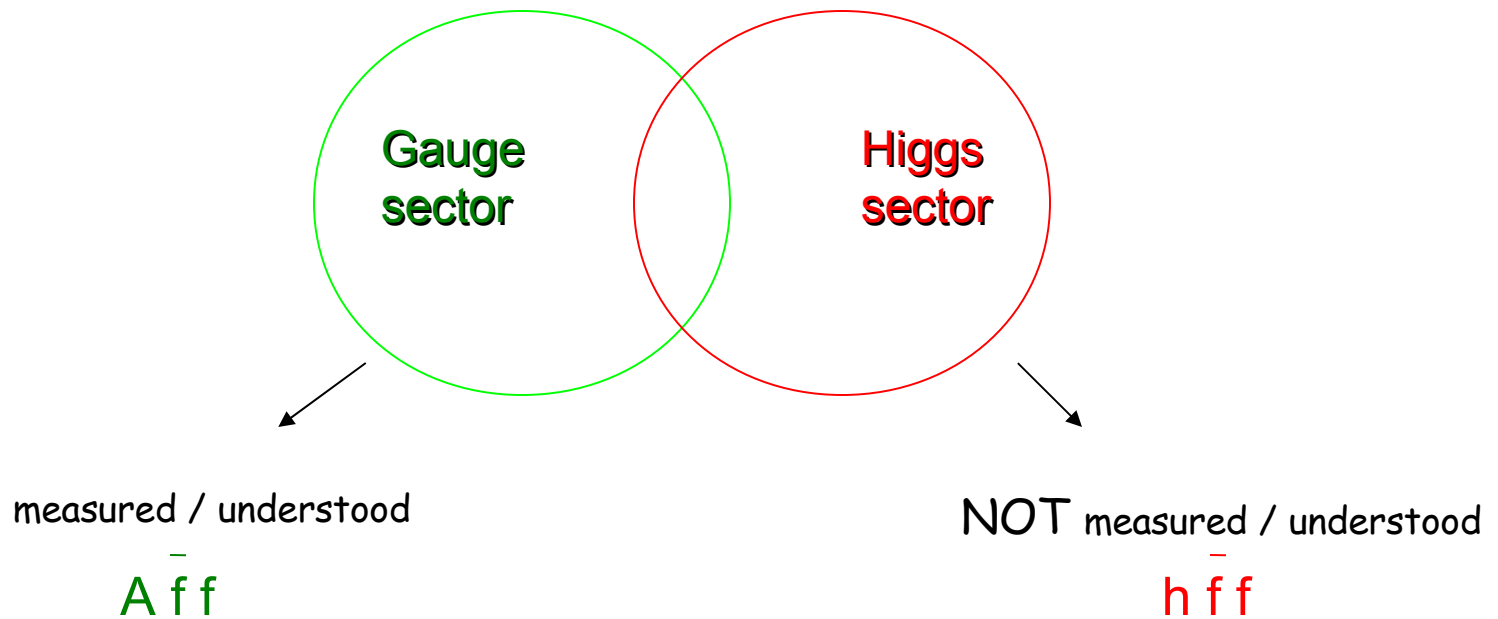
$$M_1 < 70 \text{ GeV}$$



*strongly
disfavored*



The Higgs and the flavor puzzle



In particular,

$$m_u \sim 10^{-5} , m_d \sim 10^{-5} , m_s \sim 10^{-3}$$

$$m_c \sim 10^{-2} , m_b \sim 10^{-2} , m_t \sim 1$$

Gauge couplings : 0.3 , 0.6 , 1

Yukawa couplings : $10^{-5} \dots 1$



FLAVOR
PUZZLE

Fermion mass in the SM :

$$\begin{aligned} y H \bar{f} f &= y (v + h) \bar{f} f \\ &= m \bar{f} f + y h \bar{f} f \end{aligned}$$

Important relation :

$$y = m / v$$

Hypothesis :

$$y = y(H)$$

Then

$$y(H) = y^0 + y^1 \frac{\overline{H H}}{M^2} + \dots$$

M = "new physics" scale

Most interesting case :

$$y(H) = c \left(\frac{\overline{H} H}{M^2} \right)^n$$

(E.g. low order terms forbidden by symmetries)



No small couplings ! Small masses due to $M \gg v$

Simplest possible ``model of flavor'' ?

Prediction :

Since $\overline{(H H)^n} = (v + h)^{2n} = v^{2n} + 2n h v^{2n-1} + \dots$,

the fermion - physical Higgs couplings increase :

$$y = (2n + 1) y_{SM}$$

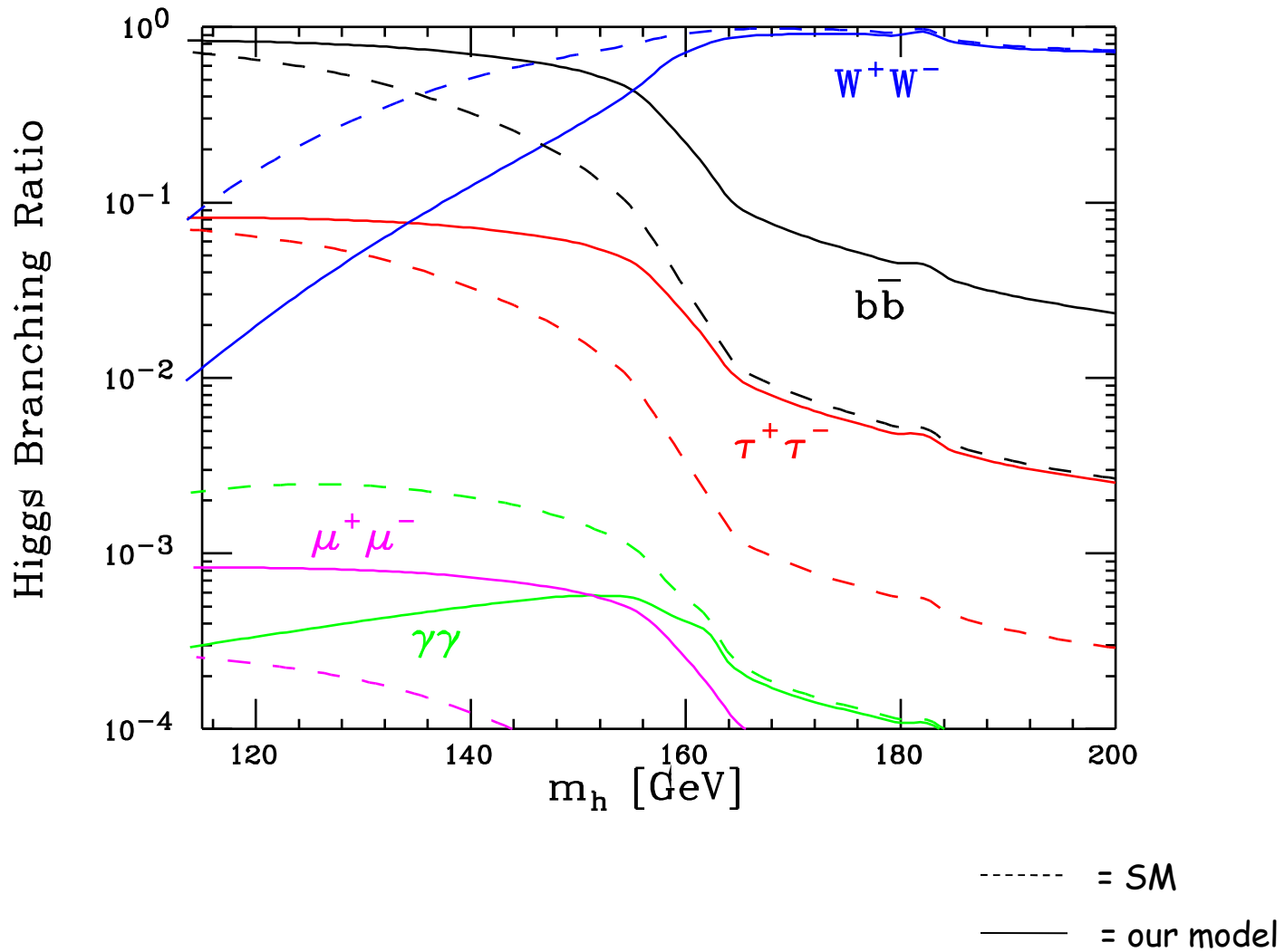
LHC :

Higgs decay rates into fermions increase ,

BR (h \rightarrow f f) increase !

(Here BR = decay rate (h \rightarrow X) / total decay rate)

LHC :



- Extreme case disfavored by the 125 GeV Higgs

- General case $Y=Y(H)$ viable \longrightarrow origin of masses

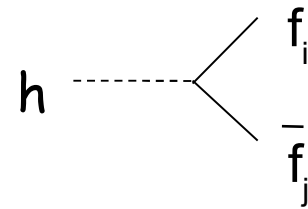
- Measure Higgs-fermion couplings with $O(10\%)$ precision

Also: Higgs-induced flavor violation

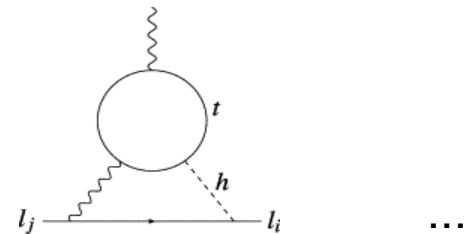
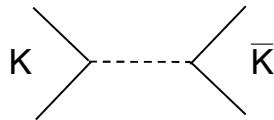
$$\begin{cases} M_{ij} = v Y_{ij} \\ y_{ij} = (2n_{ij} + 1) Y_{ij} \end{cases}$$



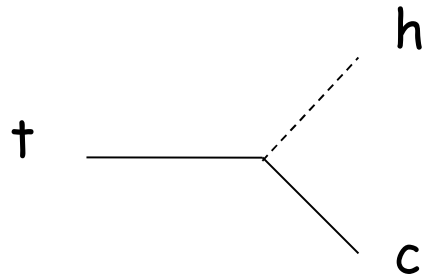
*not diagonalizable
simultaneously*



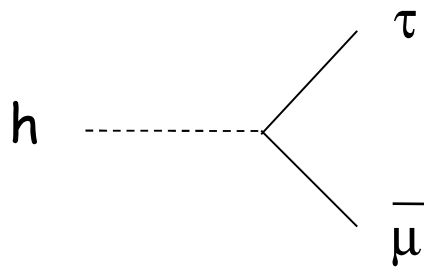
Constraints :



LHC:



$BR \sim 10^{-3}$



$BR \sim 0.1$



The Higgs key to the hidden sector

Motivation :

- ✓ E_8 \times E_8 strings
observable hidden
- ✓ dark matter
- ✓ ...

Special role of the Higgs :

Silveira, Zee '85
Veltman, Yndurain '89
...

$|H|^2$ = the only gauge and Lorentz-inv. dim-2 operator

$$L = a |H|^2 S^2 + b |H|^2 S$$

(S = "hidden" scalar)

b=0 (S has hidden charge):

$$L = a |H|^2 S^2$$

"S" is stable and couples weakly to SM --> **DARK MATTER (?)**

Vector Higgs portal:

OL, Lee, Mambrini '11

$$L = a |H|^2 V_\mu V^\mu + b (\bar{H} i D_\mu H V^\mu + \text{h.c.})$$

(V_μ = "hidden" vector)

$b=0$ ($V^\mu \leftrightarrow -V^\mu$ symmetry):

$$L = a |H|^2 V_\mu V^\mu$$

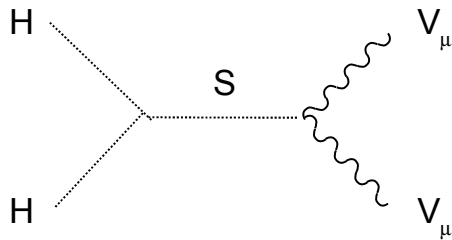
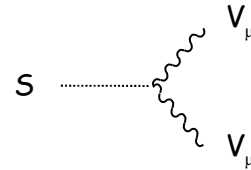
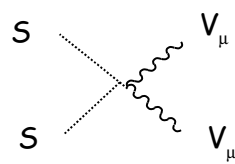


$$V^\mu = DM (?)$$

Higgs mechanism in the hidden sector :

$$L = -1/4 F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu} + D_{\mu} S^* D^{\mu} S - V(S) + \lambda/4 H^* H S^* S$$

$S \longrightarrow \text{VEV}$



$H^* H V_{\mu} V^{\mu}$ vertex

(Z_2 parity)

gauge invariance (+ minimal field content)



Z_2

Stueckelberg DM :

$$L = - \frac{1}{4} F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{2} m^2 V_{\mu} V^{\mu}$$

Here : $V_{\nu} \equiv V'_{\nu} + 1/\mu \partial_{\nu} \phi$

Gauge transform: $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \delta V'_{\nu} = \partial_{\nu} \varepsilon \\ \delta \phi = - \mu \varepsilon \end{array} \right.$

In general : $m^2 = \mu^2 (1 + c H^* H + \dots)$

$\Rightarrow H^* H V_{\mu} V^{\mu}$ coupling

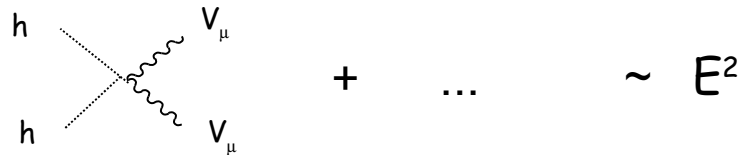
Unitarity:

$$L = \frac{1}{4} \lambda |H|^2 V_\mu V^\mu + \frac{1}{2} m^2 V_\mu V^\mu$$

Physical mass :

$$m_V^2 = m^2 + \frac{1}{2} \lambda v^2$$

Cutoff :



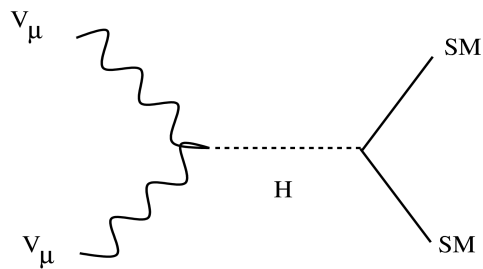
$$+ \dots \sim E^2$$

$$E \sim m_V^2 / m$$

$$(\cdot \sqrt{16\pi / \lambda})$$

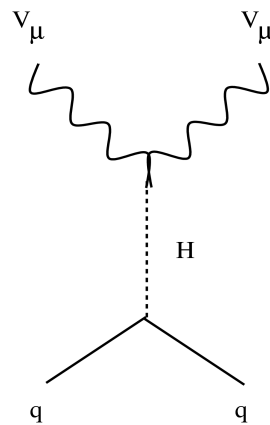
Important processes :

annihilation



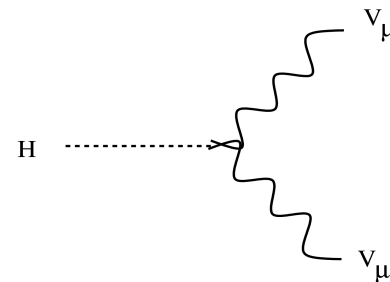
$$\langle \sigma v \rangle$$

DM-nucleon scattering



$$\sigma_{S-P}^{SI}$$

invisible Higgs decay

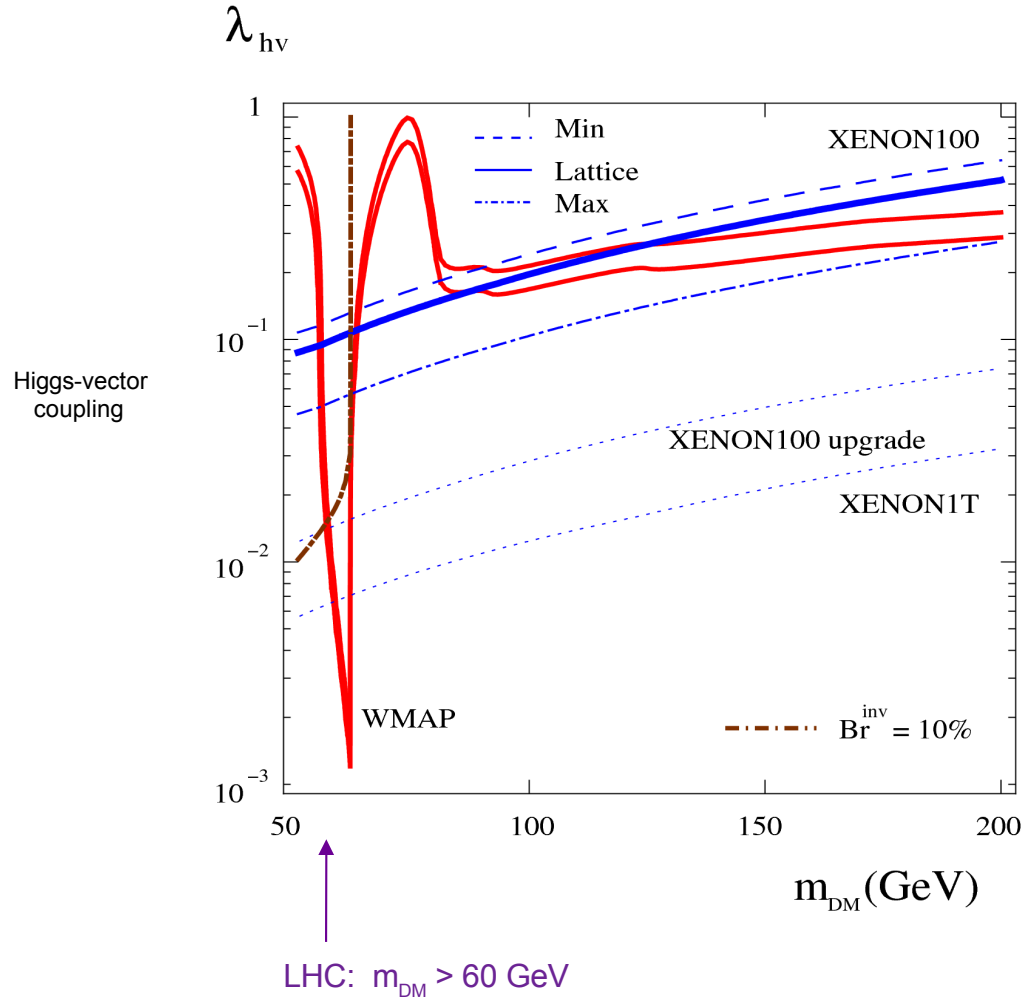


$$\Gamma_H^{inv}$$

Constraints :

WMAP: annihilation cross section
XENON : DM-nucleon interaction
LHC : invisible Higgs decay

Djouadi, OL, Mambrini, Quevillon '11
OL , Lee , Mambrini '11



Scalar vs Vector DM :

annihilation :

$$g_{\text{vector}}^2 = 3 g_{\text{scalar}}^2$$

(3 species)

direct detection :

same

(Higgs exchange)

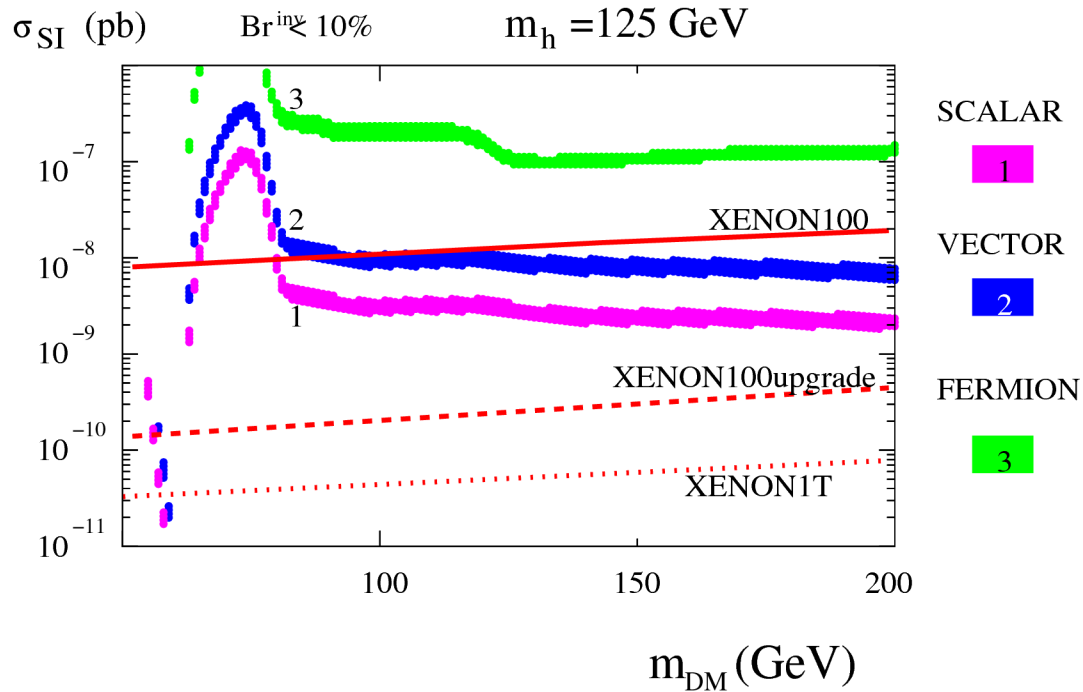
Higgs decay :

$$\Gamma_{\text{vector}} \sim m_h^4 / m_V^4 \Gamma_{\text{scalar}}$$

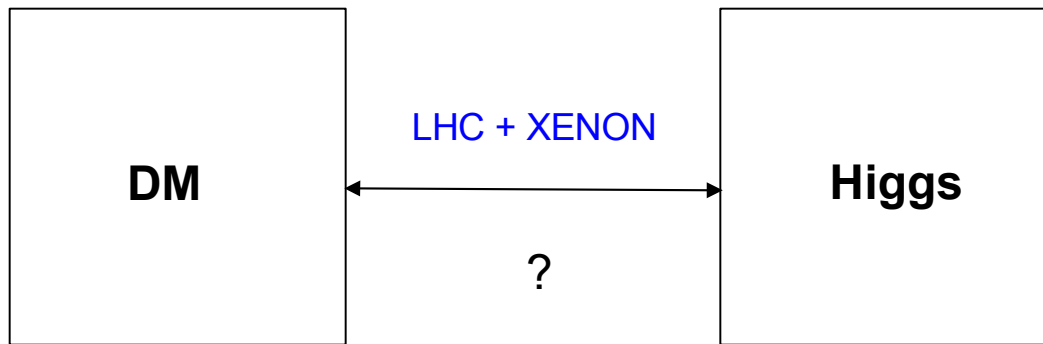
(Goldstone production)

Prediction :

Djouadi, OL , Mambrini , Quevillon '11



DM direct detection with $\sigma \sim 10^{-8} - 10^{-9}$ pb





Higgs inflation

Bezrukov, Shaposhnikov '07

$$\Delta L = c |H|^2 R$$

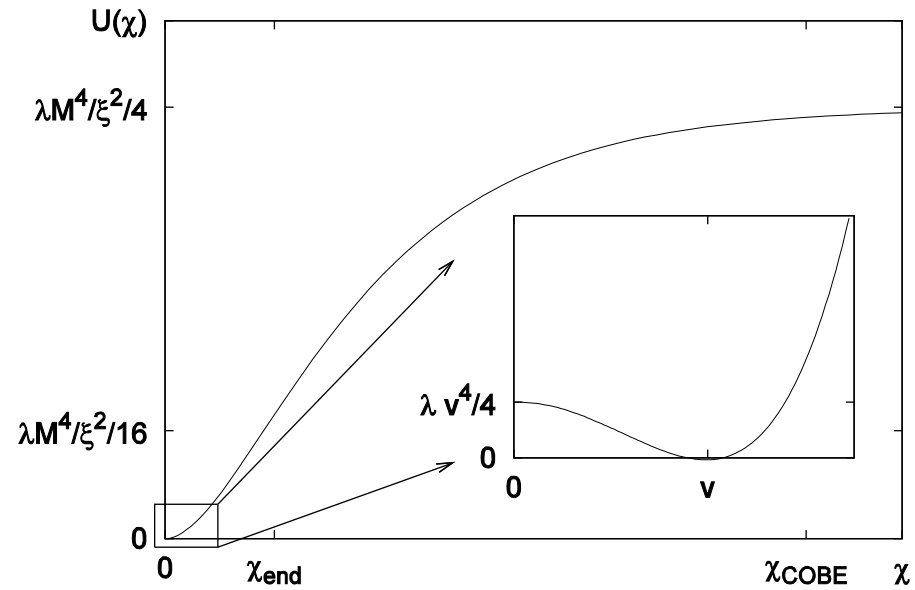
Conformal transformation to the Einstein frame :

$$g_{\mu\nu} \rightarrow f(H) g_{\mu\nu} \quad , \quad f(H) = 1 + c |H|^2 / M_{\text{Pl}}^2$$

Canonically normalized "Higgs" χ :

$$H = \text{const} \exp(\chi / M_{\text{Pl}})$$

$$V = \text{const} [1 - 2 \exp(-2 \chi / M_{\text{Pl}})]$$



Inflation at $\chi \sim M_{\text{pl}}$!

Preferred Higgs mass range 130 - 180 GeV

(problem ?)

SM stability bound: $m_h > 126 \text{ GeV}$ at 98% CL

(not settled : Alekhin et al. '12)

Higgs-portal inflation :

OL, Lee '11
OL '12

$$\Delta L = \lambda_{hs} |H|^2 S^2 + \lambda_s S^4 + \xi |H|^2 R + \zeta S^2 R$$



improved stability of the EW vacuum

Low energy states :

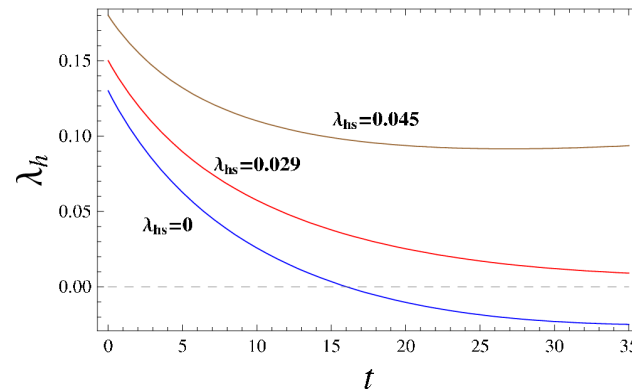
$$\begin{cases} H_1 = H \cos \theta + S \sin \theta \\ H_2 = H \sin \theta - S \cos \theta \end{cases}$$

If $\langle S \rangle \gg 246 \text{ GeV}$,

$$\begin{cases} \theta \rightarrow 0 & \text{(SM-like Higgs)} \\ m_h^2 = 2 v^2 [\lambda_h - \lambda_{hs}^2 / (4\lambda_s)] \end{cases}$$

OL '12
Elias-Miro et al. '12

Stability :



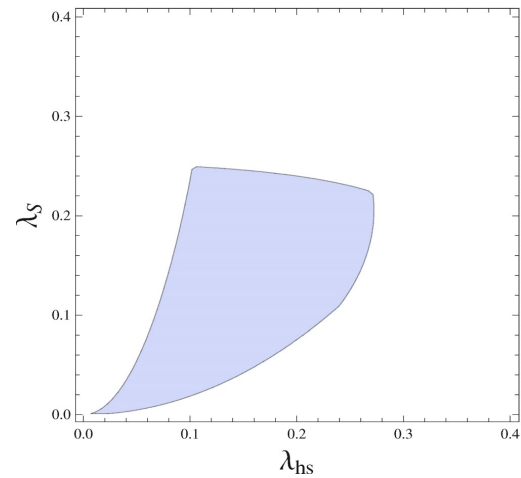
$\lambda_s = 0.01$
 $t = \ln(\mu/m_t)$



a (very) weakly coupled singlet can stabilize the EW scale

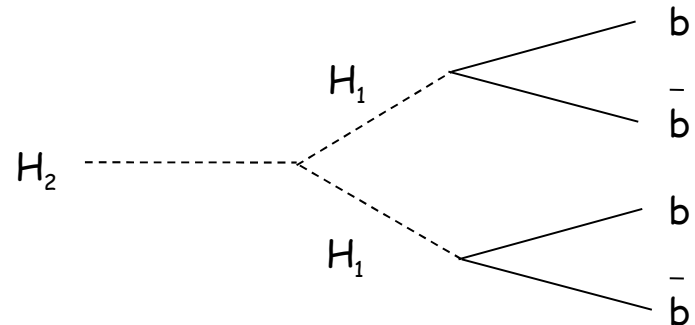
Higgs inflation constraints:

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lambda_i (M_{\text{INF}}) > 0 \\ \lambda_i (M_{\text{INF}}) < O(1) \end{array} \right.$$



Possible low-energy signatures :

- 2 Higgs-like states
- suppressed couplings
- cascades



Higgs potential reconstruction :

Englert et al. '11

$m_1, m_2, \theta, H_2 \rightarrow H_1 H_1 \Rightarrow 4$ parameters of the scalar potential

Conclusion

- Higgs sector is special
 - origin of fermion masses / flavor puzzle
 - key to the hidden sector / DM / inflation
 - LHC is crucial
-