



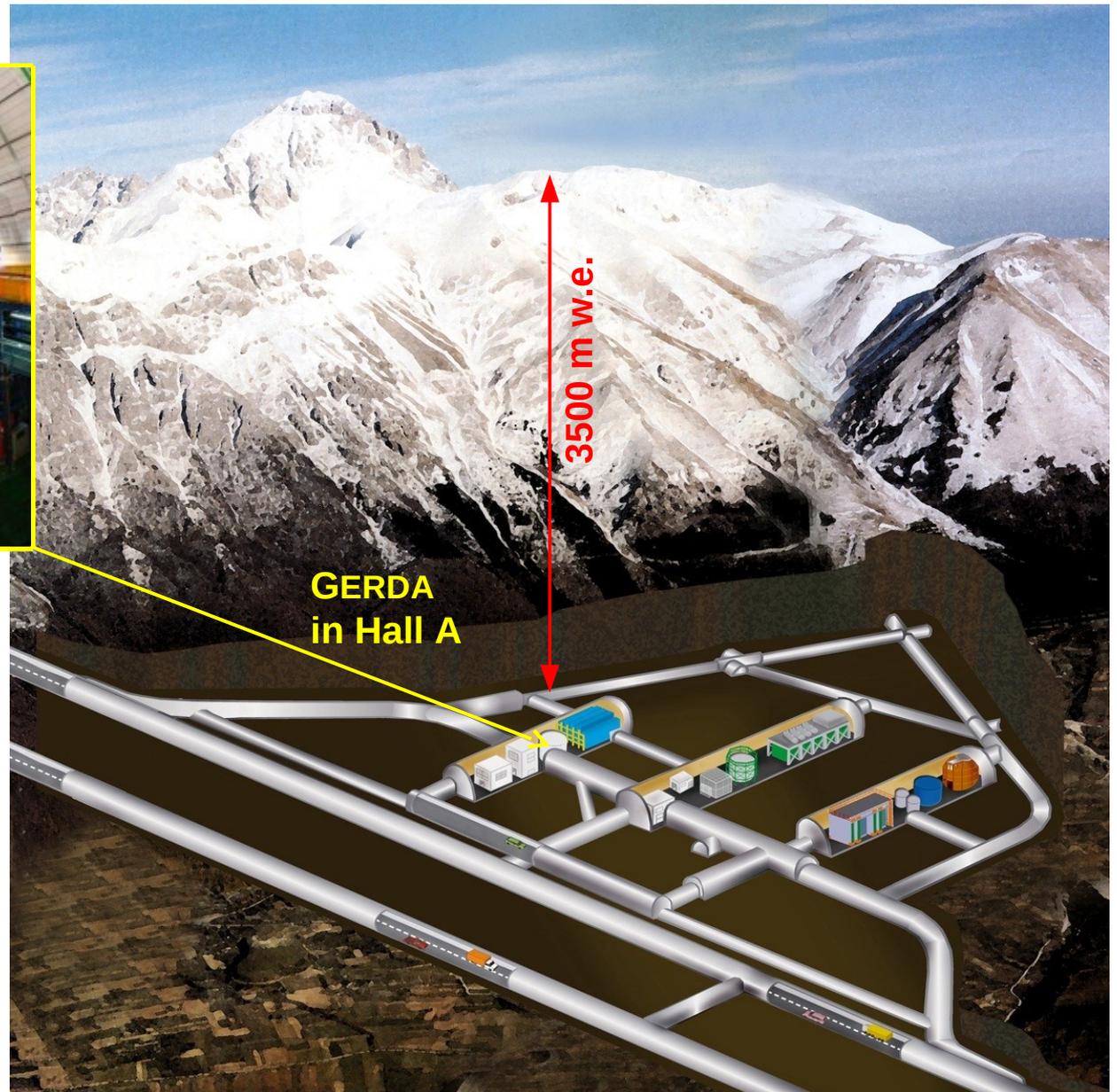
GERDA

status report

Mark Heisel
for the GERDA collaboration

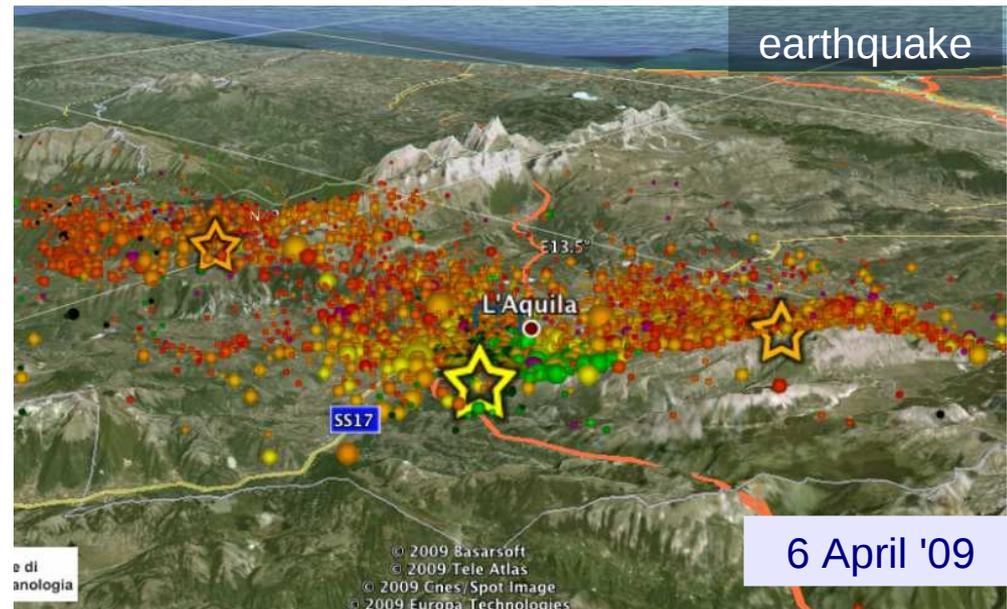
DPG Frühjahrstagung,
Dresden 2013,
HK 43.2

GERDA at Gran Sasso

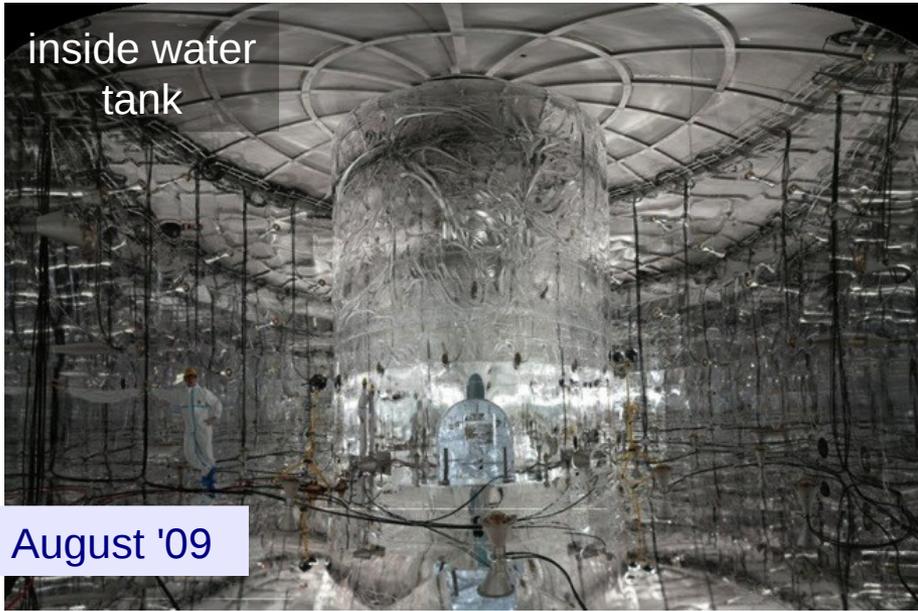


Underground site to
reduce cosmic muon flux
by $\sim 1,000,000$

GERDA history (1)



GERDA history (2)



Germanium Detector Array

Clean room + lock system

Water tank/
muon veto

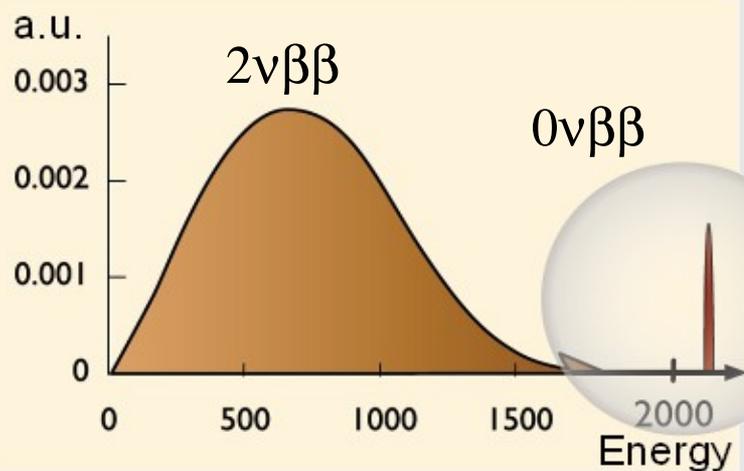
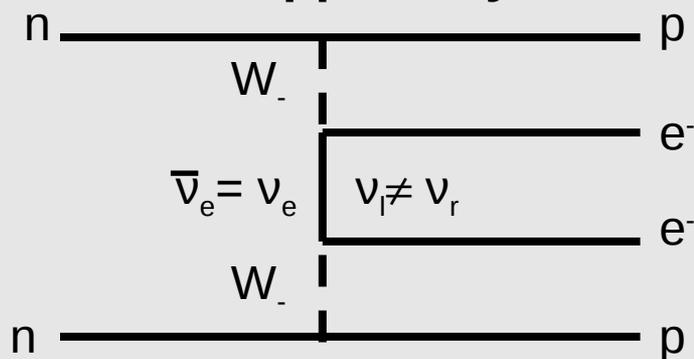
LAr cryostat

Ge detector array

GERDA instrumentation paper [arXiv:1212.4067]
(to be published soon in EPJC)

Double Beta Decay detection in GERDA

$0\nu\beta\beta$ decay:



electron-energy spectrum

Detector = Source



detectors enriched to 86% ^{76}Ge

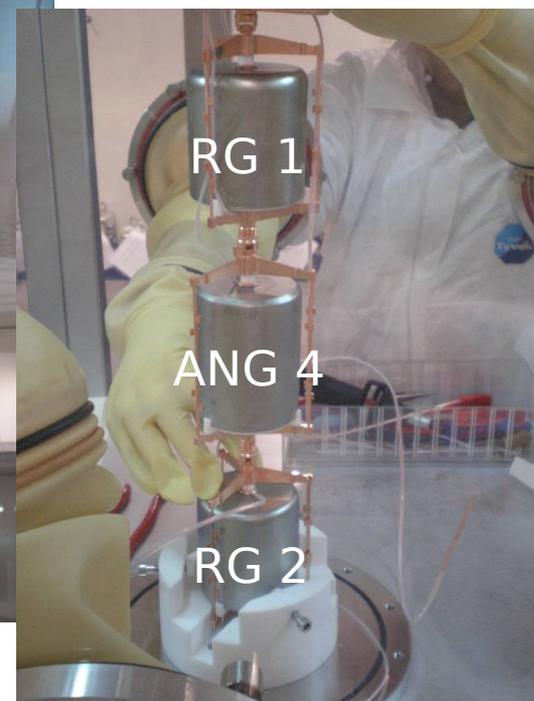
Phase	I	II
Exposure [kg · yr]	15	100
Bg [counts/(keV·kg·yr)]	10^{-2}	10^{-3}
Upper limit $m_{\beta\beta}$ [eV]	0.23-0.39	0.09-0.15

A. Smolnikov, P. Grabmayr PRC 81 028502(2010)

GERDA Phase I detectors



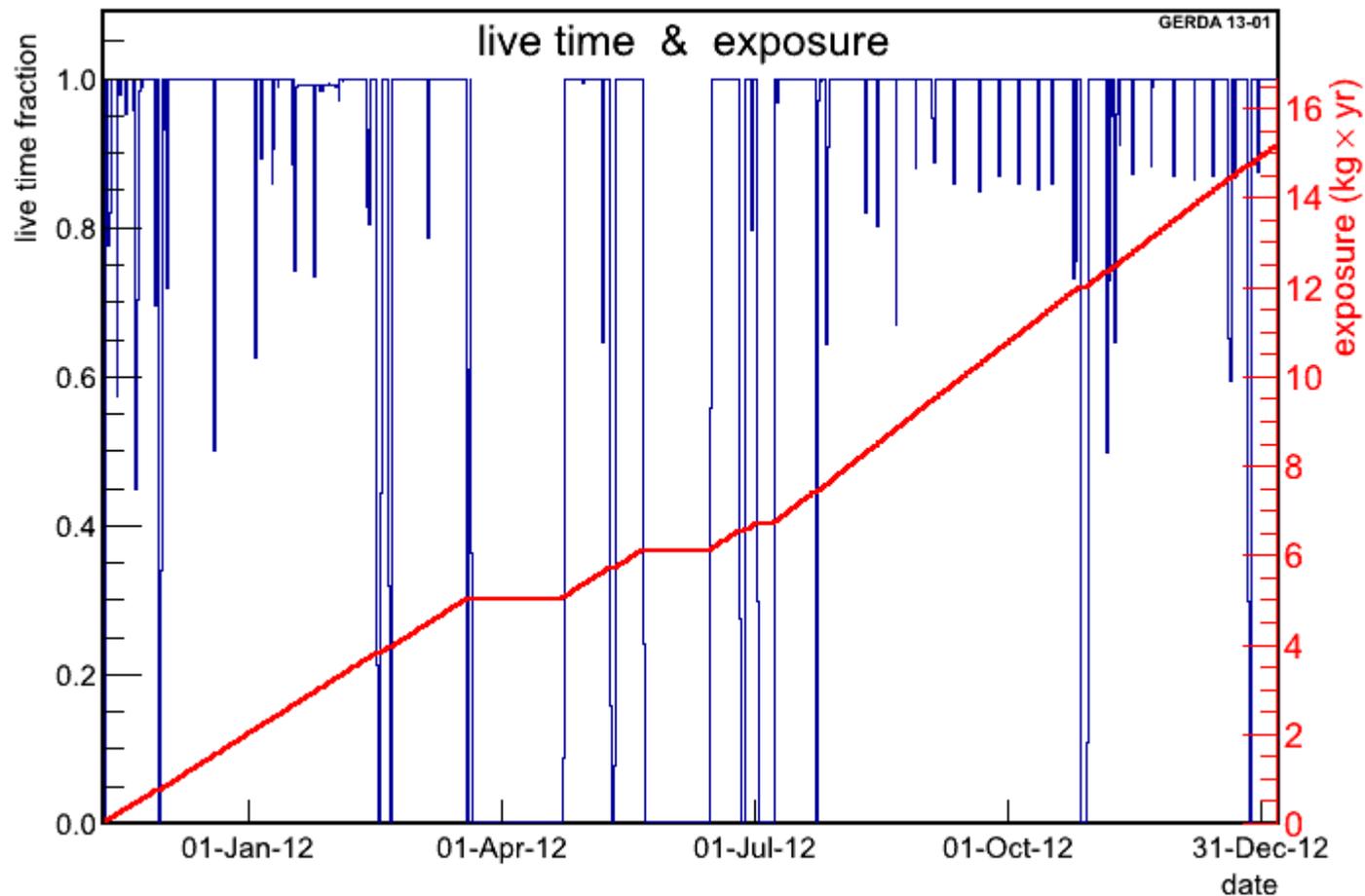
- ▶ 8 refurbished diodes from HdM & IGEX
- ▶ 2 detectors shut off due to high leakage current
→ mass of operational detectors **14.2 kg** (~87% active mass)
- ▶ 1 natural Ge detector (GTF)



coaxial germanium detector

Duty cycle & exposure

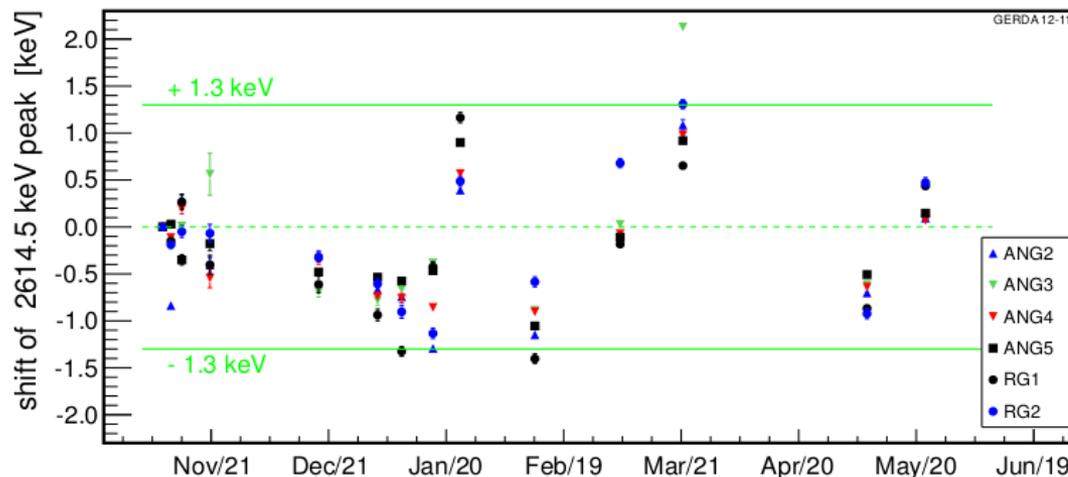
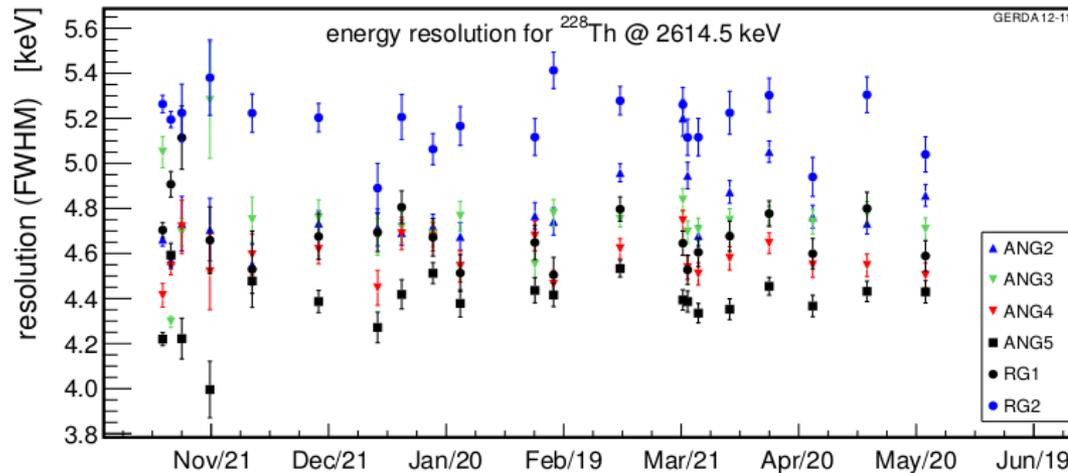
- ▶ start phase I: November 9, 2011
- ▶ total exposure: 13.65 kg·yr ^{enr}Ge (+1.51 kg·yr with BEGe)
(until January 11, 2013)
4.69 kg·yr ^{nat}Ge
- ▶ duty factor: ~90%



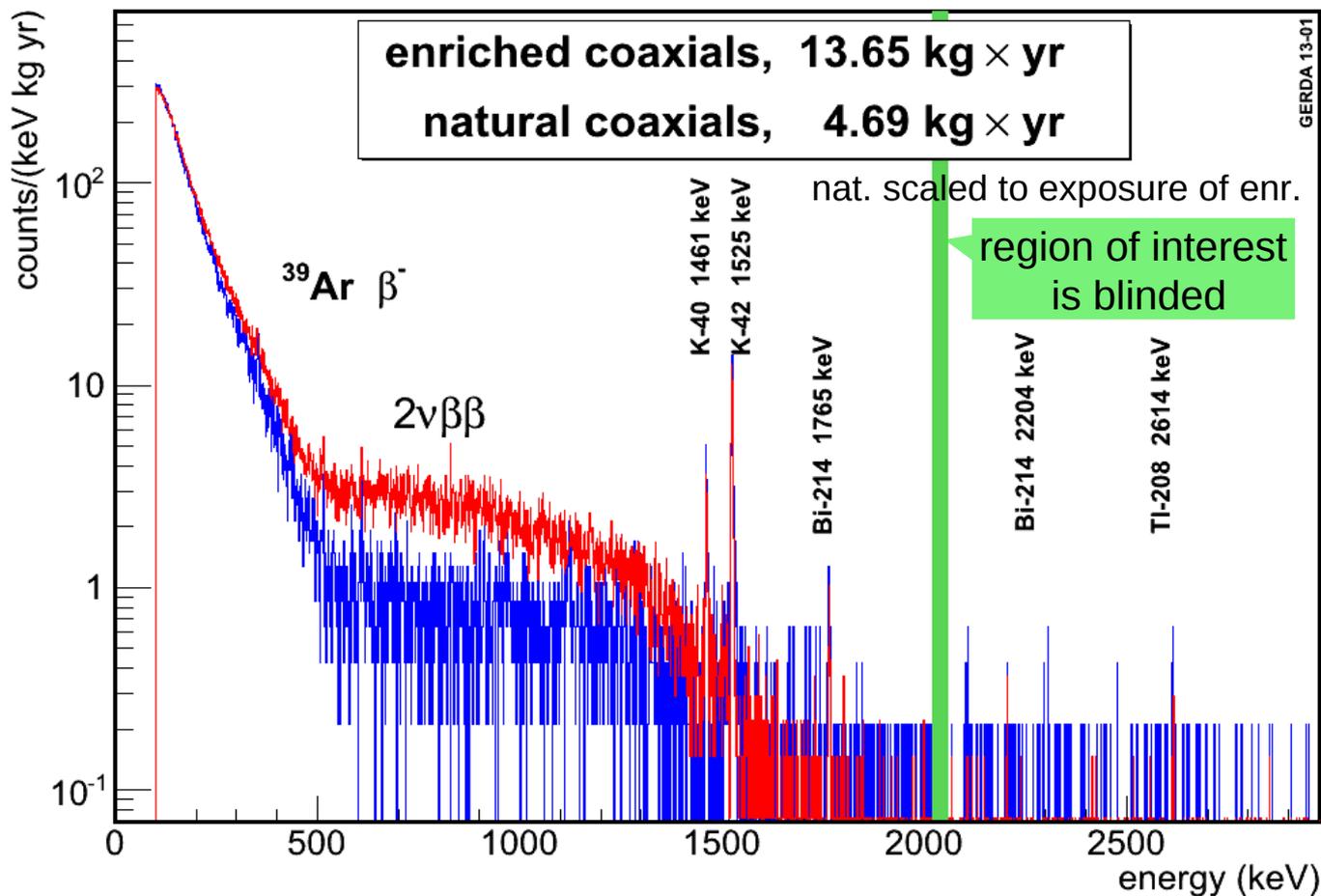
Detector performance

^{228}Th calibration every 1-2 weeks:

- ▶ energy resolution: 4.5 keV at $Q_{\beta\beta}$ (mass weighted average)
- ▶ stable gain within 1 keV at $Q_{\beta\beta}$



Phase I background spectrum



- ▶ since January 11, 2012: automatic blinding at $Q_{\beta\beta}$ (2039 ± 20) keV
- ▶ no pulse shape discrimination (PSD) applied so far

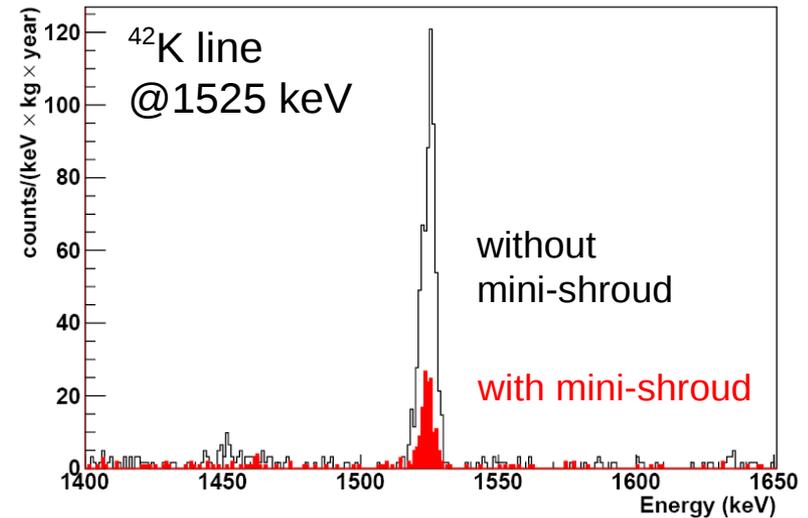
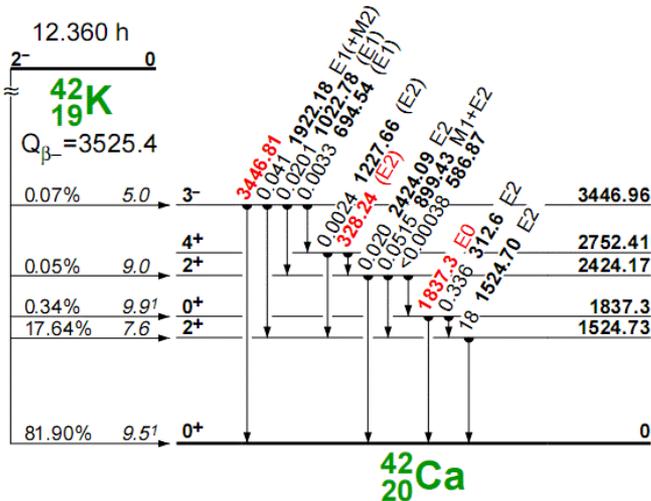
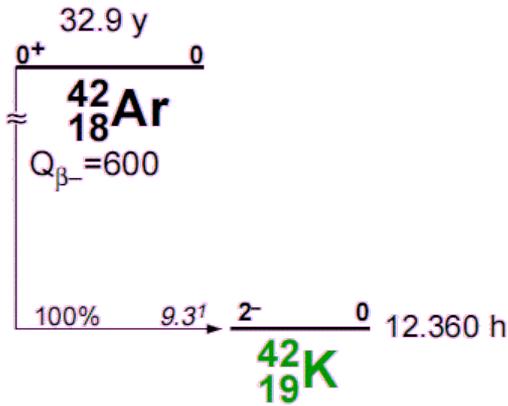
^{42}K background

^{42}Ar activity used for proposal:
measured in GERDA:

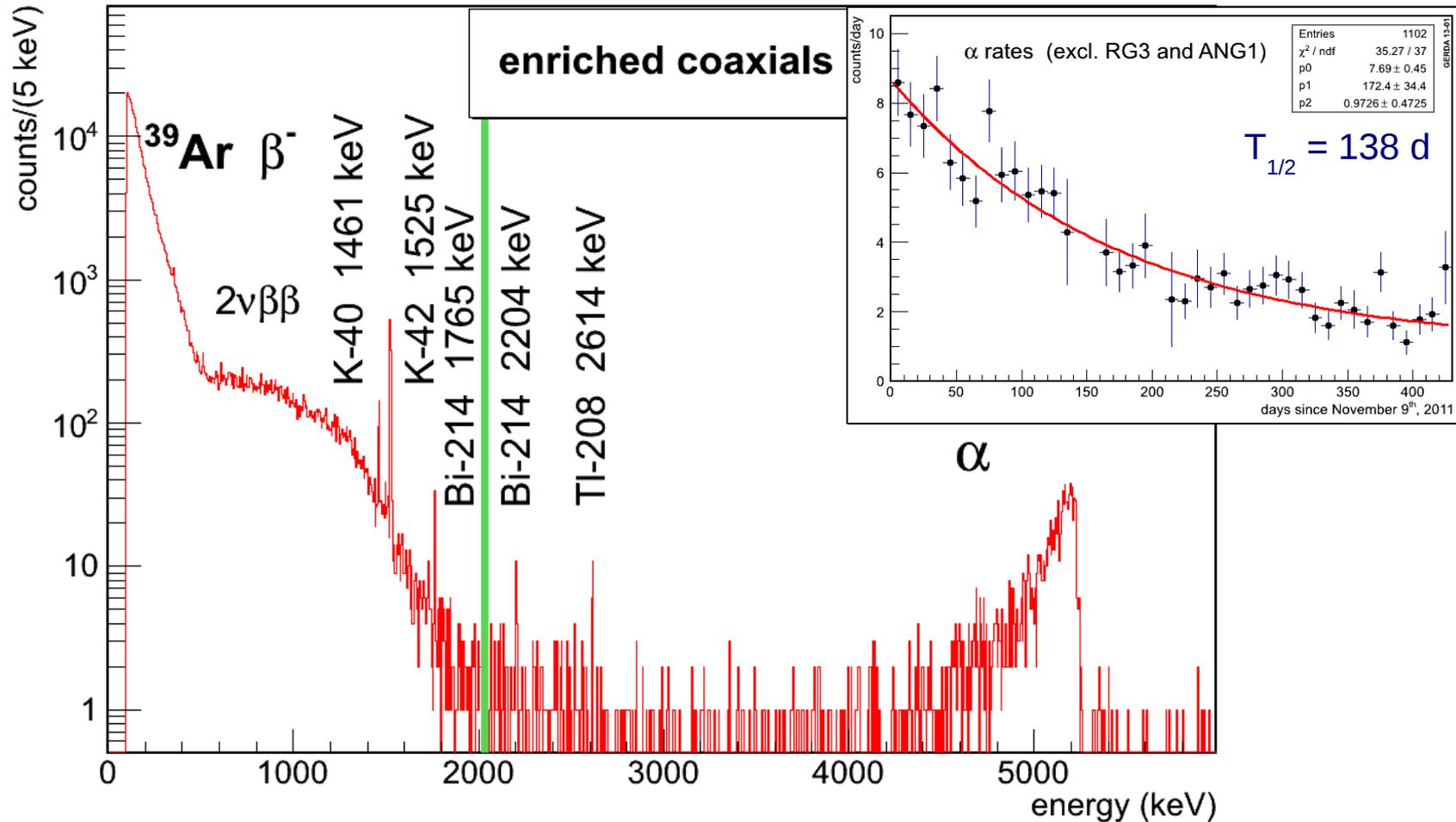
$<41 \mu\text{Bq/kg}$ @90% CL
 $(93.0 \pm 6.4) \mu\text{Bq/kg}$

[Barabash et al.,2002]
(preliminary result)

- ▶ background enhanced by collection of ^{42}K ions via E-field
- ▶ therefore: E-field & convection free configuration in 'mini-shroud'

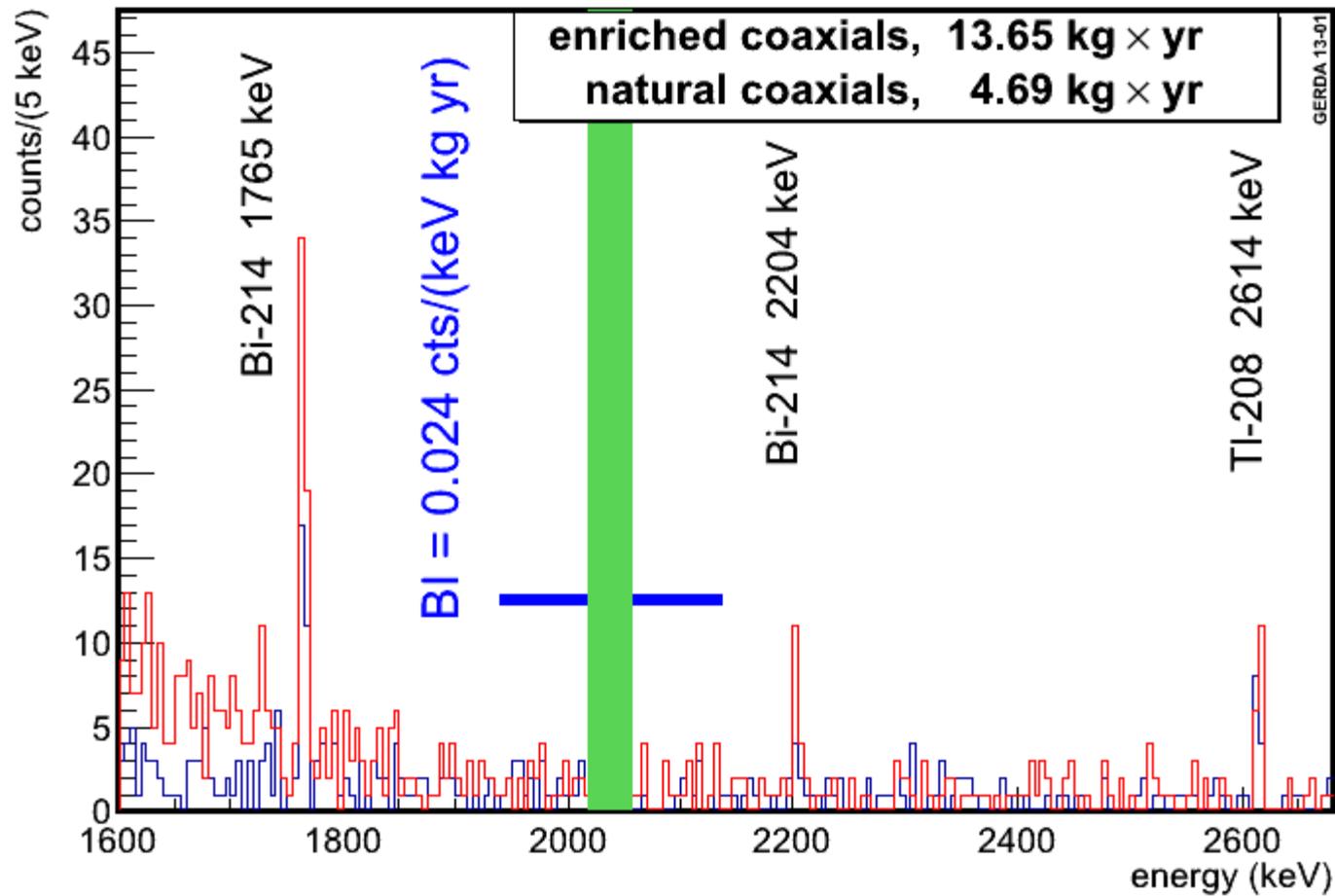


Alpha background

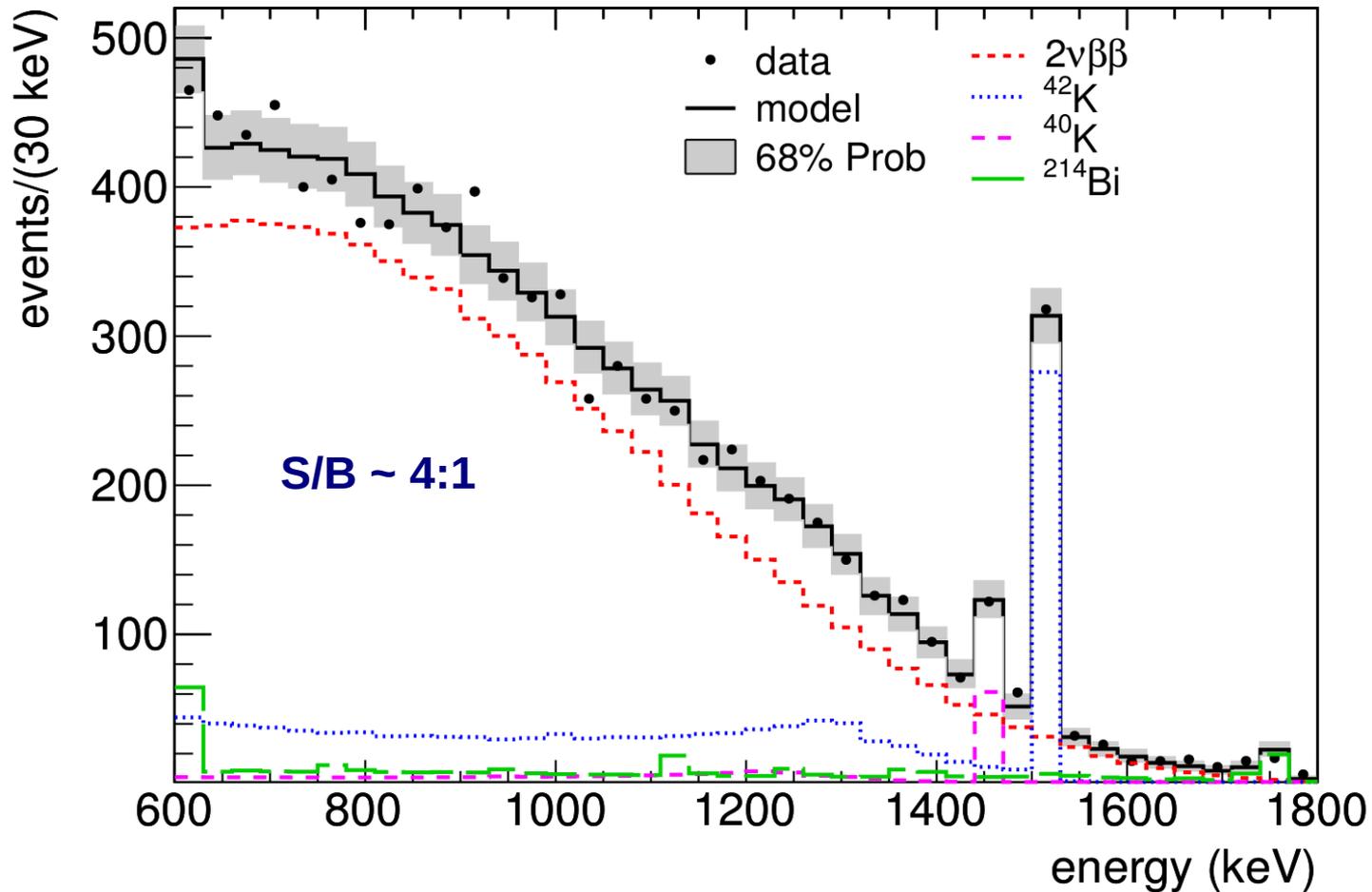


- ▶ alpha event rates are different for individual detectors
- ▶ MC suggest ^{210}Po contamination on p+ contact or groove

Phase I background index around $Q_{\beta\beta}$



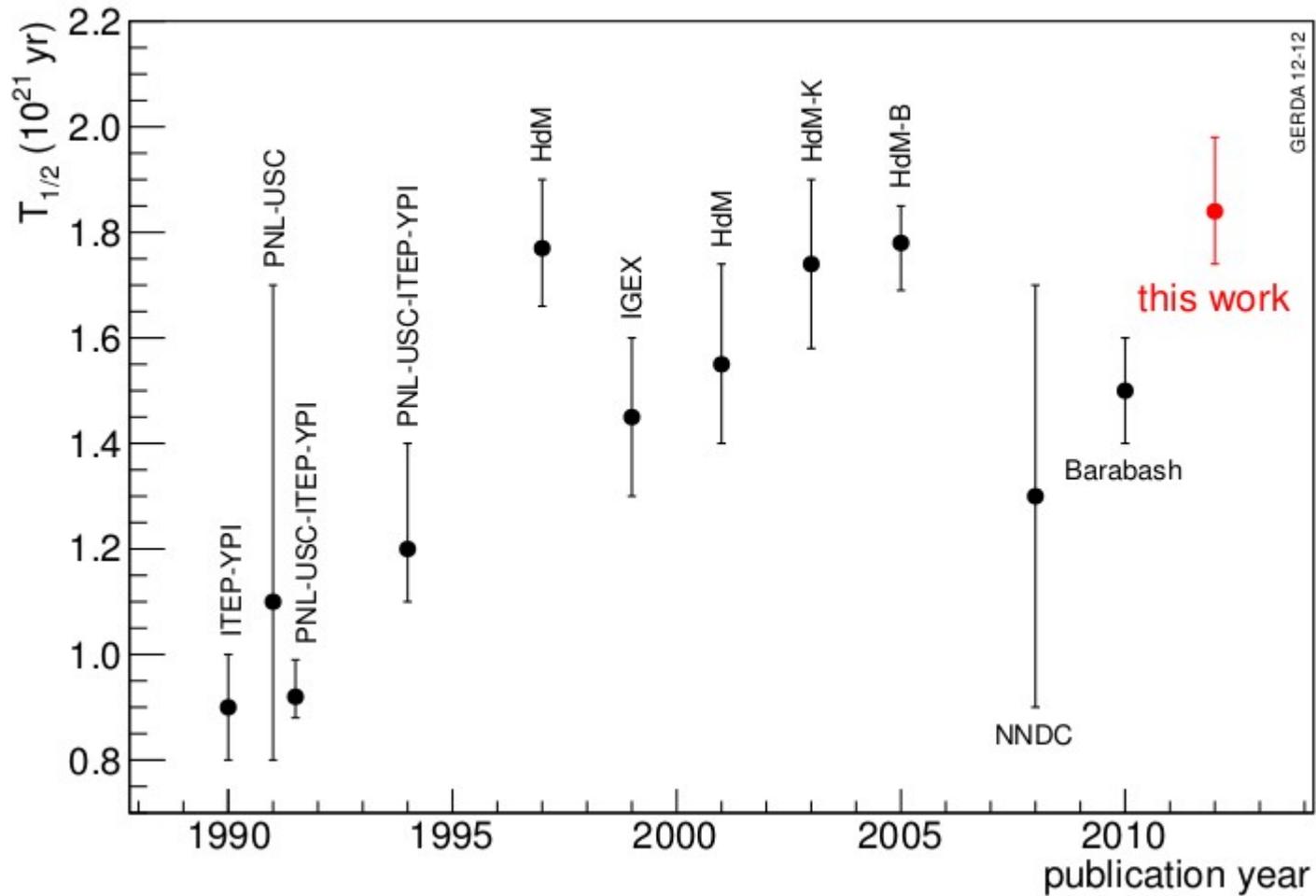
GERDA result: halflife of $2\nu\beta\beta$



$$T_{1/2}^{2\nu} = (1.84_{-0.08}^{+0.09} \text{ fit } -0.06 \text{ syst}) \cdot 10^{21} \text{ yr} = (1.84_{-0.10}^{+0.14}) \cdot 10^{21} \text{ yr}$$

[J. Phys. G: Nucl. Part. Phys. 40 (2013) 035110]

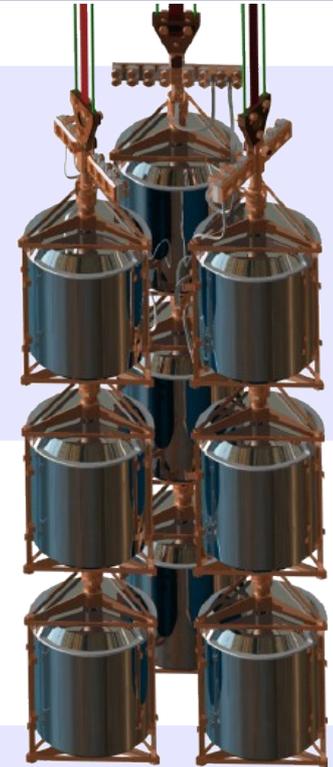
Comparison of $2\nu\beta\beta$ measurements



Summary GERDA Phase I



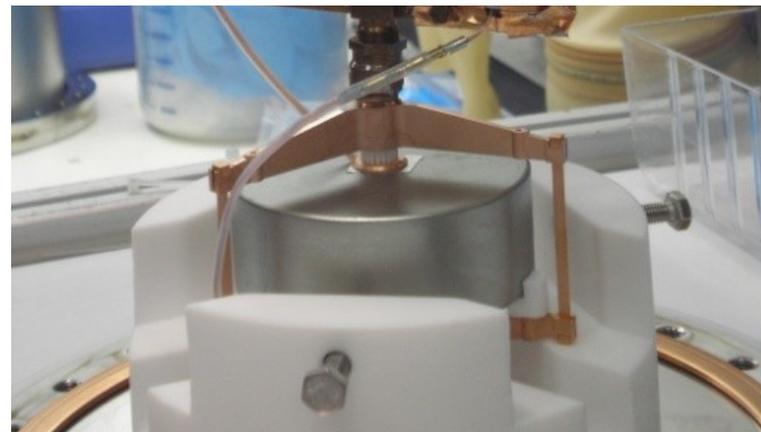
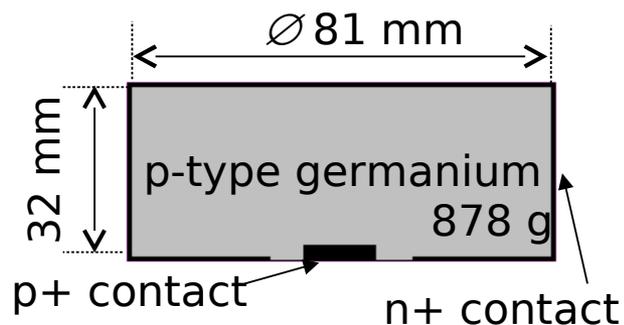
- ▶ collected exposure to date: 13.65 kg·yr
- ▶ achieved background index: 2.4×10^{-2} cts/(keV·kg·yr)
- ▶ halflife $T_{1/2}$ of $2\nu\beta\beta$: $(1.84^{+0.14}_{-0.10}) \times 10^{21}$ yr
- ▶ unblinding & completion of phase I by mid 2013



Plans for GERDA Phase II

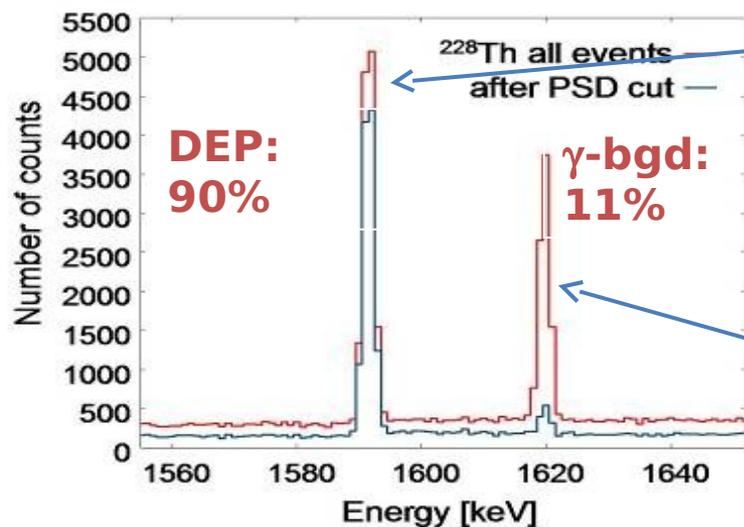
- ▶ collect total exposure: 100 kg·yr
 - produce ~20 kg more detectors
- ▶ aspired background index: 1×10^{-3} cts/(keV·kg·yr)
 - use improved detector support & electronics
 - use active background suppression

BEGe detectors & pulse shape discrimination

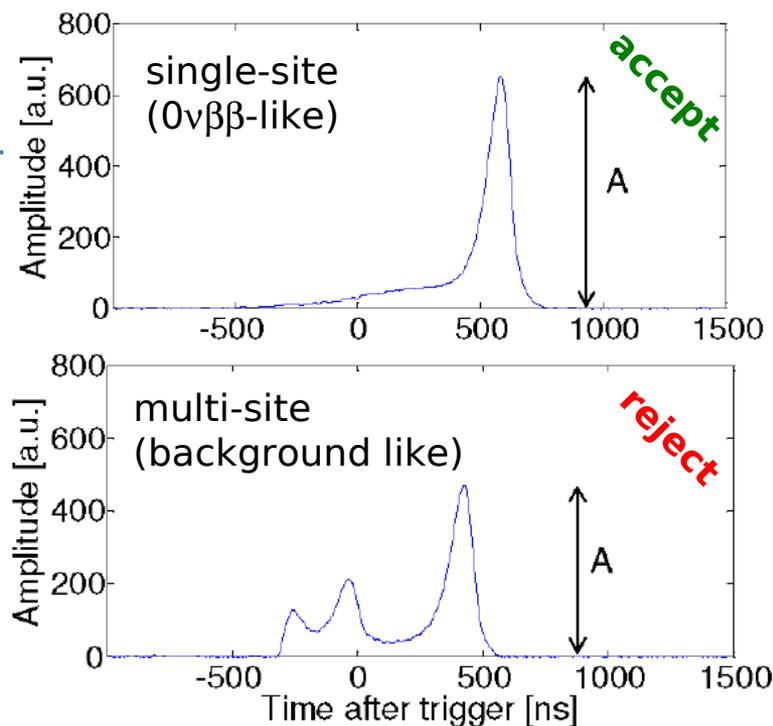


Example of BEGe detector:
resolution: 1.59 keV FWHM @1.33 MeV

powerful Pulse Shape Discrimination (PSD):



[see HK 66.6]

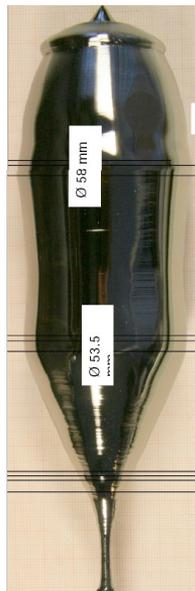


Phase II diode production completed

- ▶ 30 enriched BEGe detectors (~20.5 kg) were produced & successfully tested in the HEROICA test facility

2010: reduction & zone refinement, PPM Metals GmbH, Langelsheim, Germany

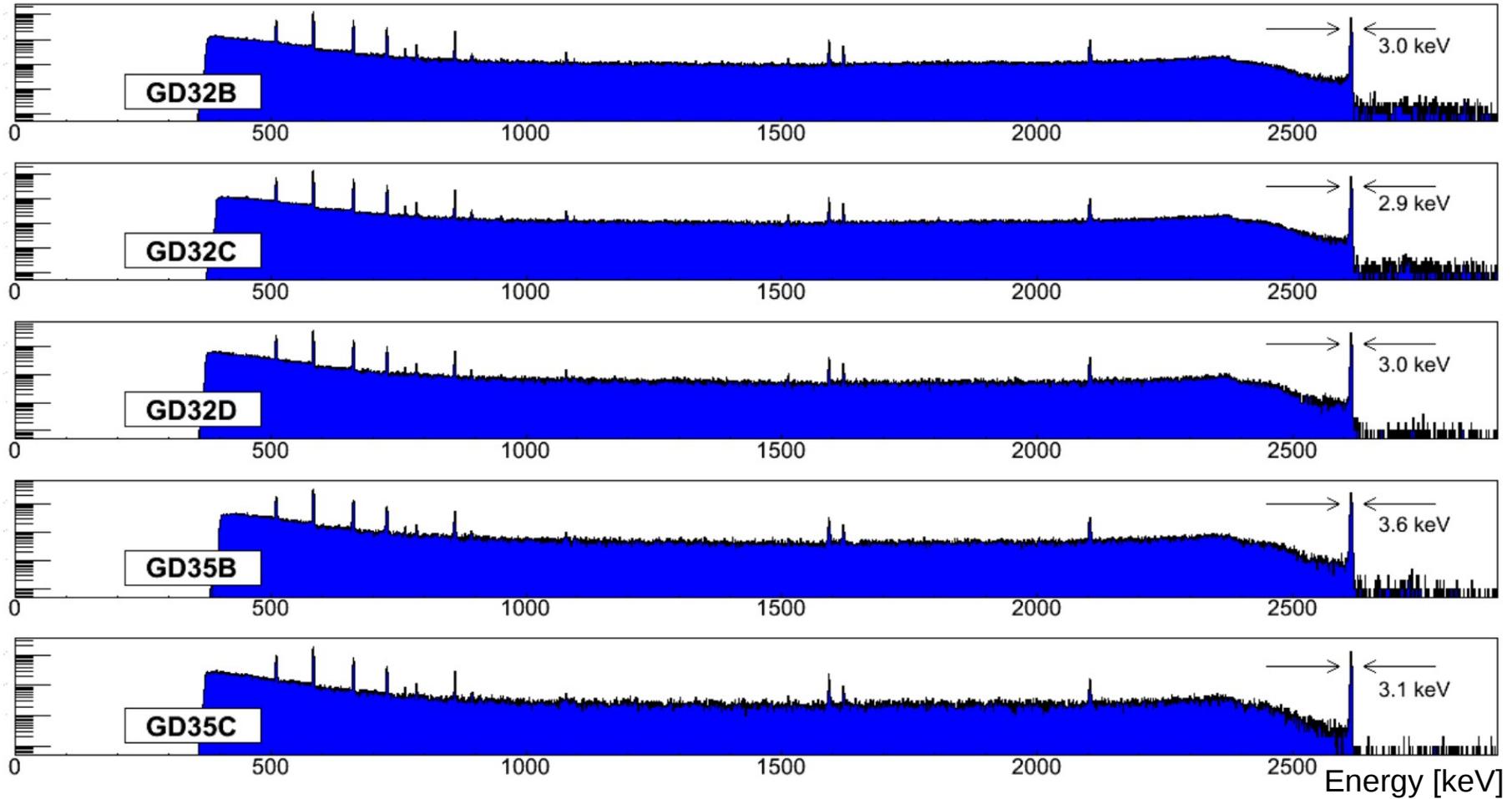
2005: isotope enrichment at ECP in Zelenogorsk, Russia (37.5 kg GeO_2)



2011/12: Crystal pulling & cutting at Canberra, Oak Ridge, USA

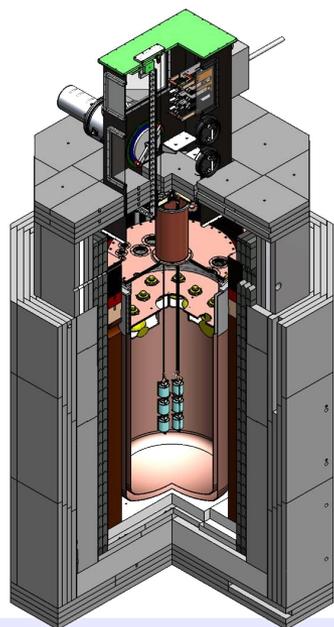
2012: diode production at Canberra Olen, Belgium & acceptance tests in HEROICA test facility

July 2012: 5^{enr} BEGe's deployed in GERDA



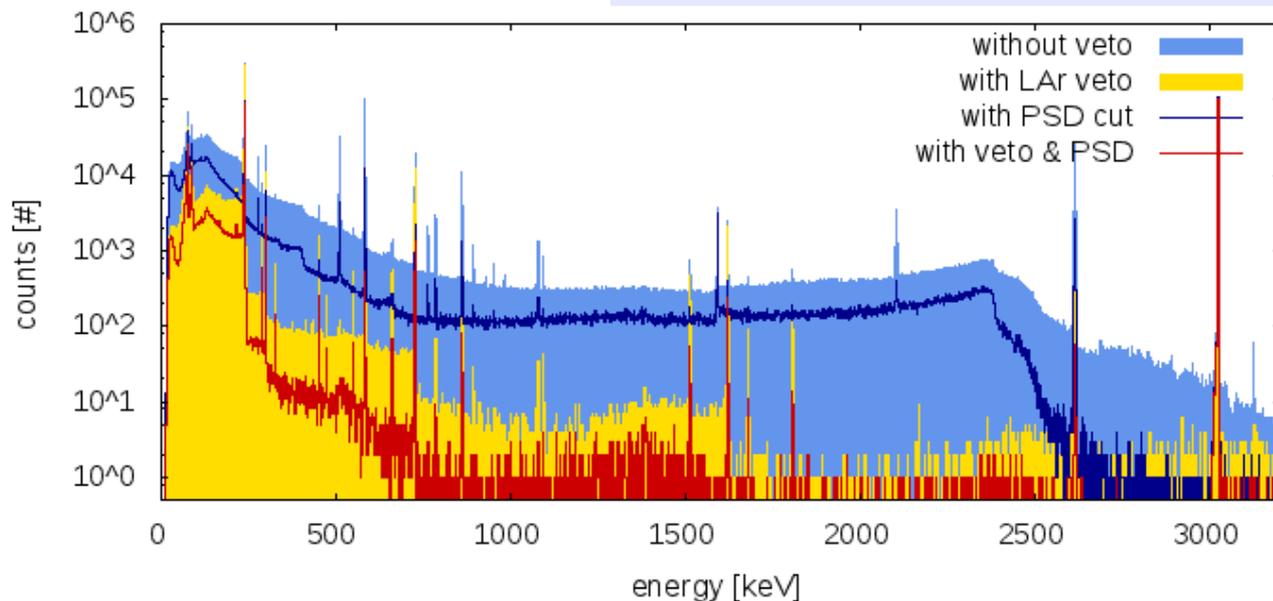
total mass: 3.6 kg

Liquid argon scintillation veto R&D

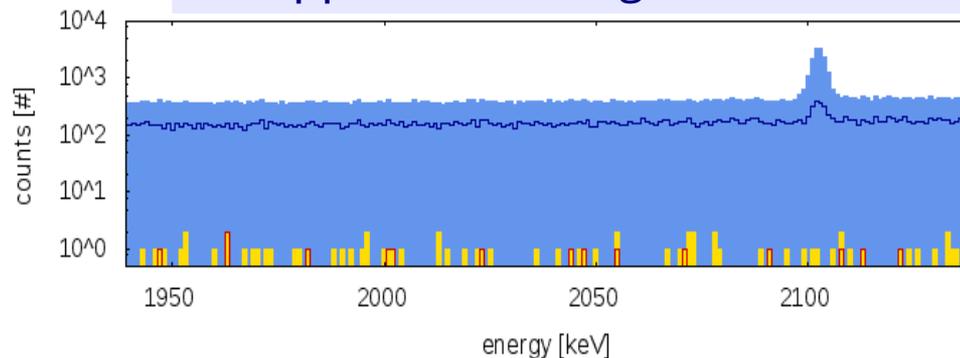


LArGe testbench
at Gran Sasso

e.g. internal Th-228 source



... suppression at region of interest



source	position	suppression factor		
		LAr veto	PSD	total
^{60}Co	int	27 ± 1.7	76 ± 8.7	3900 ± 1300
^{226}Ra	ext	3.2 ± 0.2	4.4 ± 0.4	18 ± 3
	int	4.6 ± 0.2	4.1 ± 0.2	45 ± 5
^{228}Th	ext	25 ± 1.2	2.8 ± 0.1	129 ± 15
	int	1180 ± 250	2.4 ± 0.1	5200 ± 1300

Liquid argon light instrumentation for GERDA

9x 3" PMT

Cu shroud & wavelength-shifter

Ge detectors

scintillating fibres & SiPM read-out

Cu shroud & wavelength-shifter

7x 3" PMT

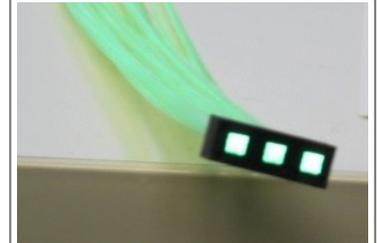


- ▶ MC optimization campaign completed
- ▶ hardware is being tested & prepared

PMTs



'fibres'



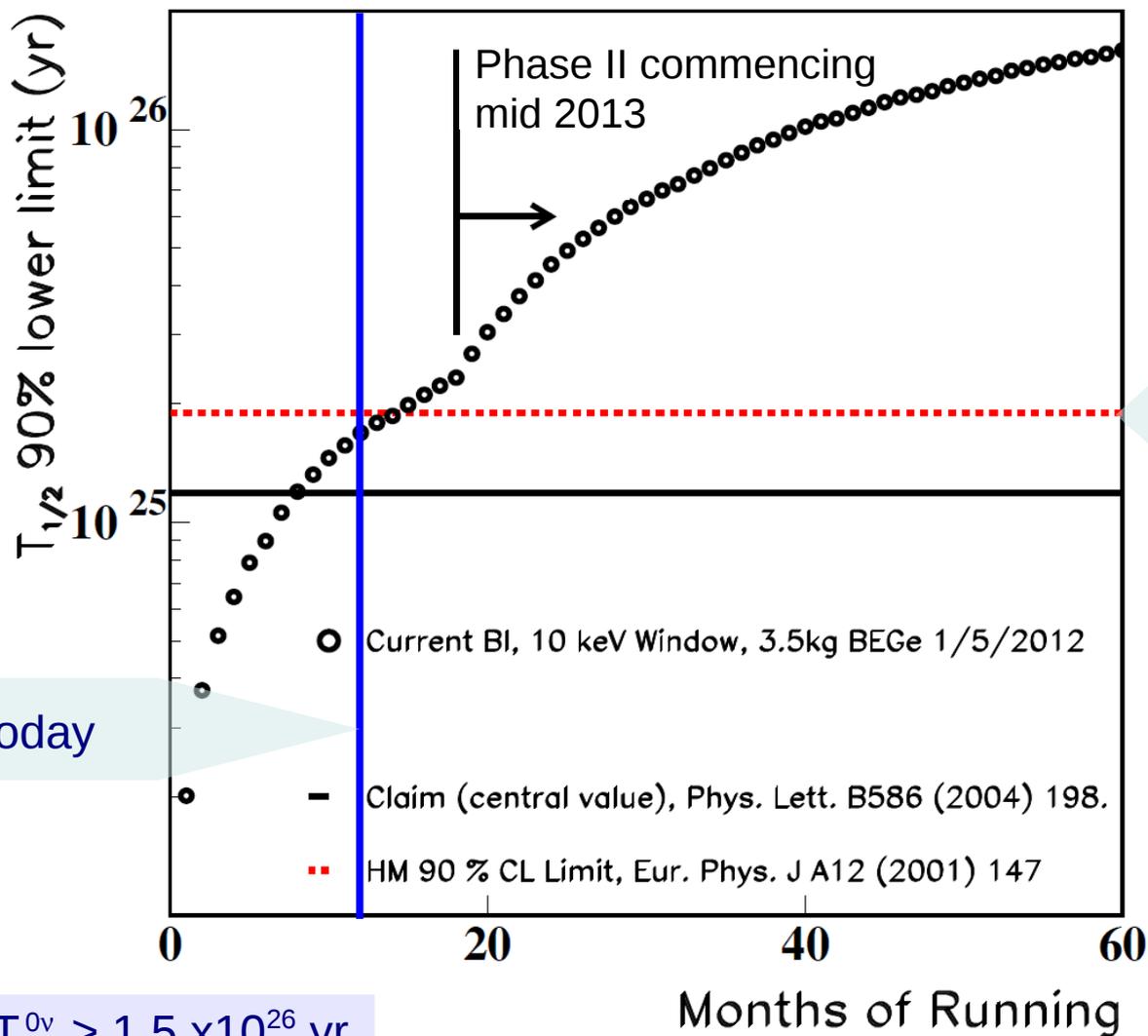
test stand



prototype

[see T 109.1/HK 22.1]

GERDA $0\nu\beta\beta$ sensitivity projection



Phase II goal: $T_{1/2}^{0\nu} > 1.5 \times 10^{26}$ yr

Conclusions & outlook ...

Phase I

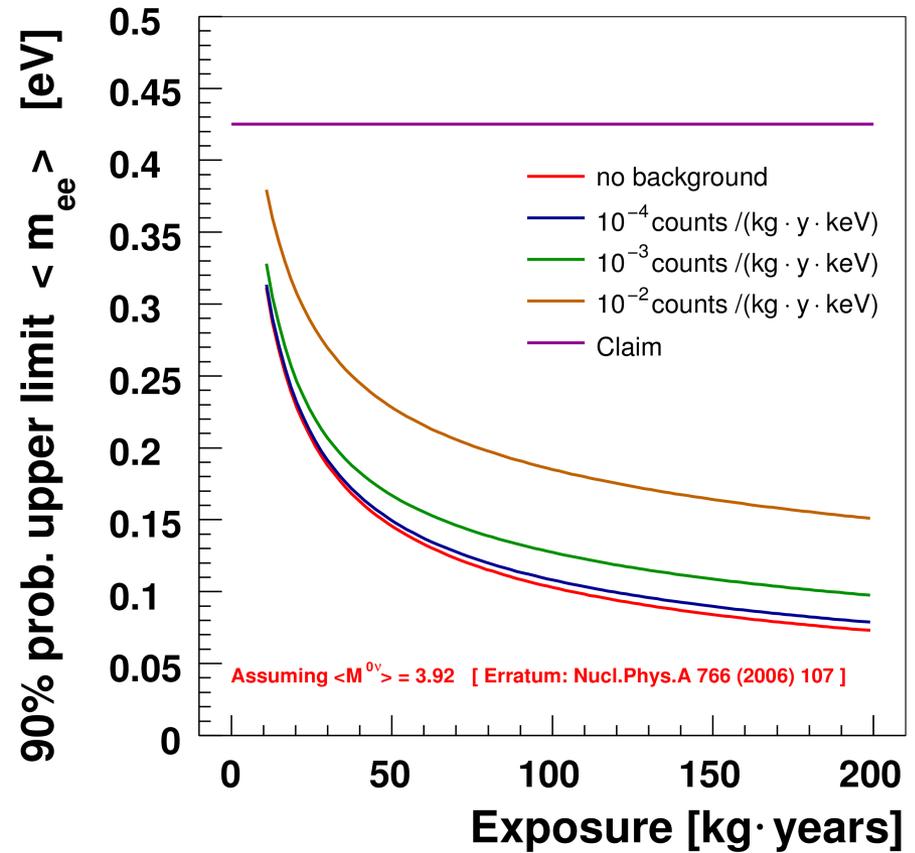
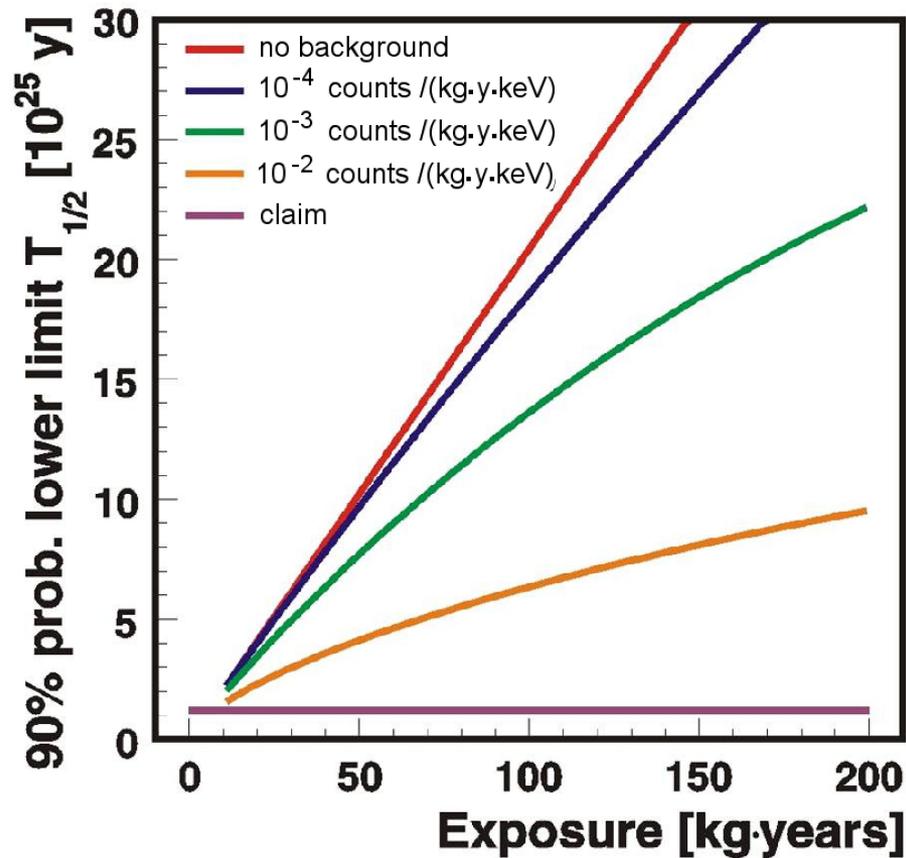
- ▶ collected exposure to date: 13.65 kg·yr
- ▶ achieved background index: 2.4×10^{-2} cts/(keV·kg·yr)
- ▶ halflife $T_{1/2}^{2\nu}$ of $2\nu\beta\beta$: $(1.84^{+0.14}_{-0.10}) \times 10^{21}$ yr
- ▶ unblinding & completion of phase I by mid 2013

Phase II

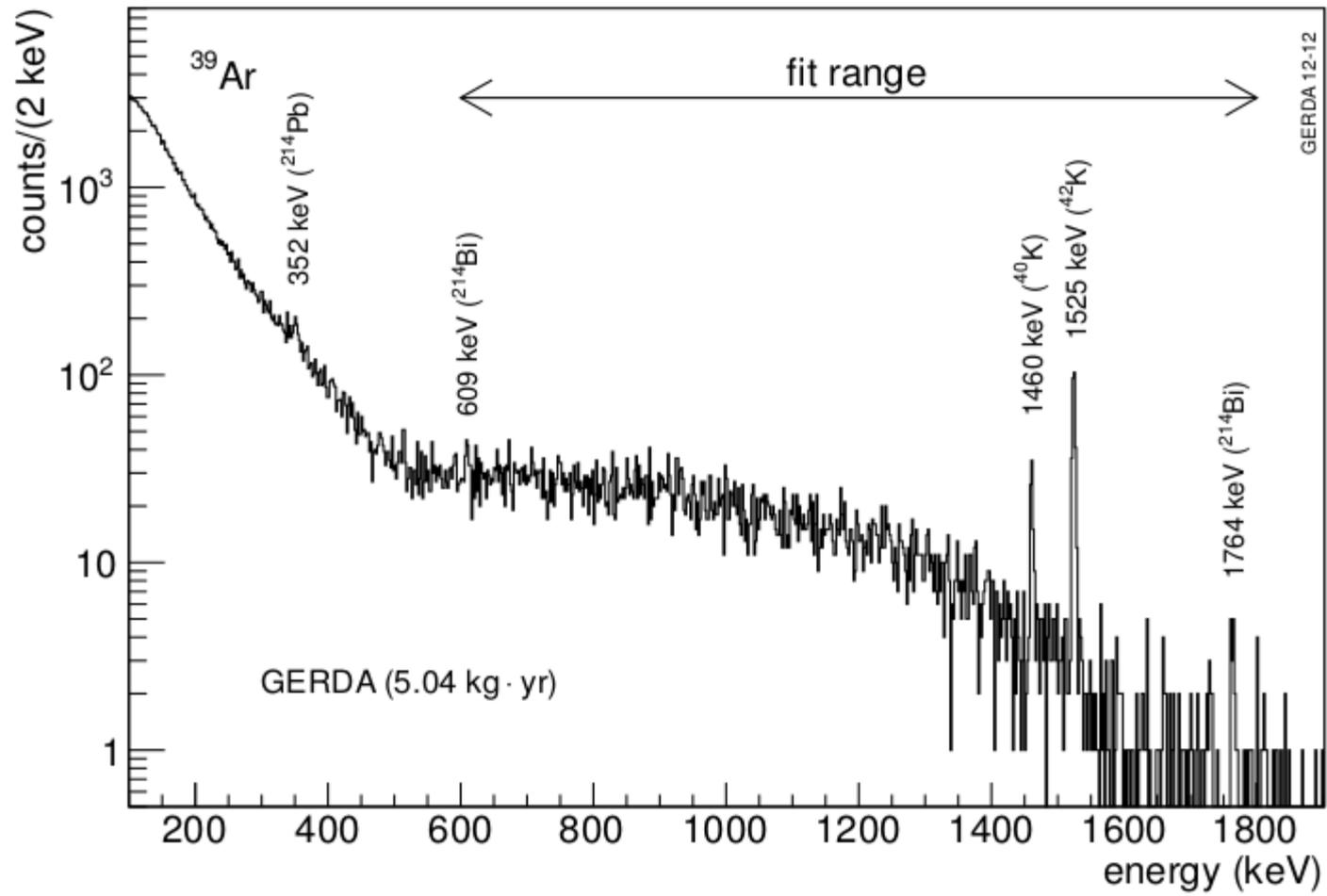
- ▶ goals:

exposure:	100 kg·yr	} $T_{1/2}^{0\nu} > 1.5 \times 10^{26}$ yr
background index:	1×10^{-3} cts/(keV·kg·yr)	
- ▶ ~20.5 kg BEGe detectors produced & tested (5 are operating in GERDA)
- ▶ active bgr suppression: superior pulse shape discrimination
install LAr light instrumentation as veto
- ▶ use improved detector support & electronics

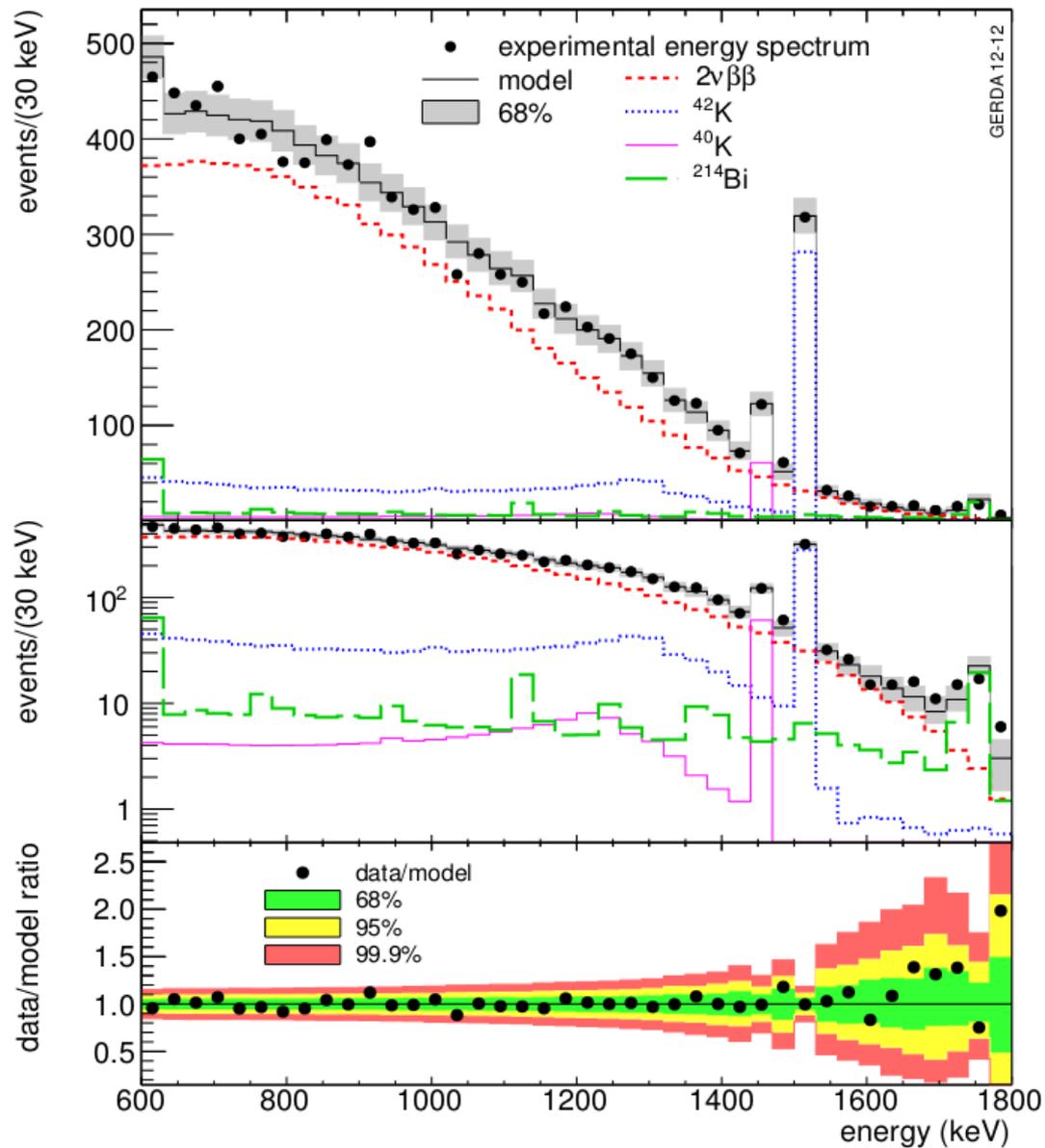
GERDA $0\nu\beta\beta$ sensitivity projection



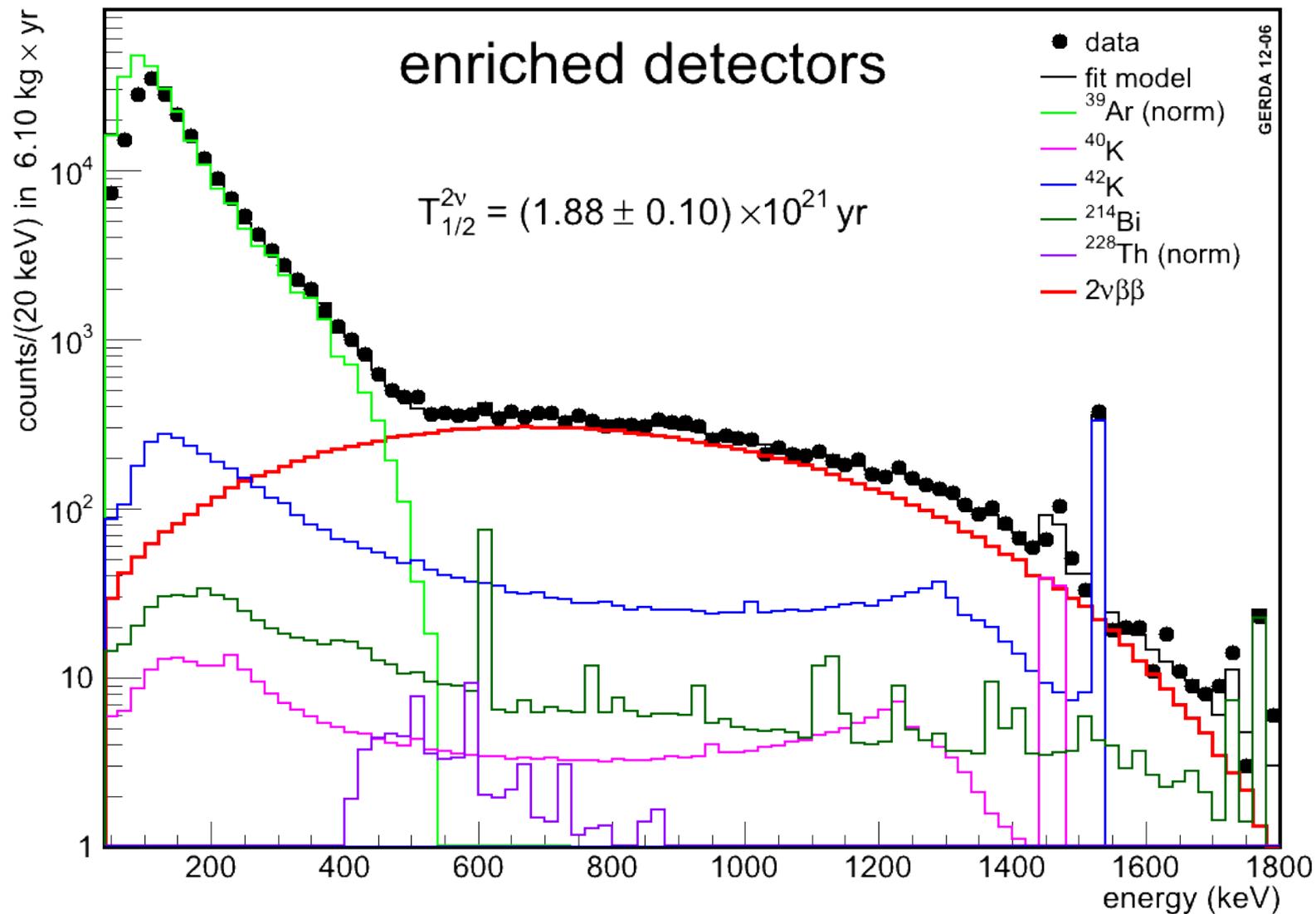
Background spectrum for $2\nu\beta\beta$ fit



Background composition in $2\nu\beta\beta$ fit



Background composition in $2\nu\beta\beta$ fit



July 2012: 5 ^{enr}BEGe's deployed in GERDA

