

Installation procedures for phase I detectors & related topics

Integration session
GERDA general meeting
10.11.2008
Stefan Schönert

Procedure established for GDL tests: **assembly and cooling down**

- Xtal storage in vacuum (transportation) container
- Final etch of copper holder and contacts in chemical hood
- Cleaning and drying of holder in clean bench (class 10)
- Transfer of xtal container, holder in Rn-reduced clean bench (class 10) flushed with N₂ gas
- Optionally: methanol bath of xtal prior to mounting

Procedure established for GDL tests: **assembly and cooling down**

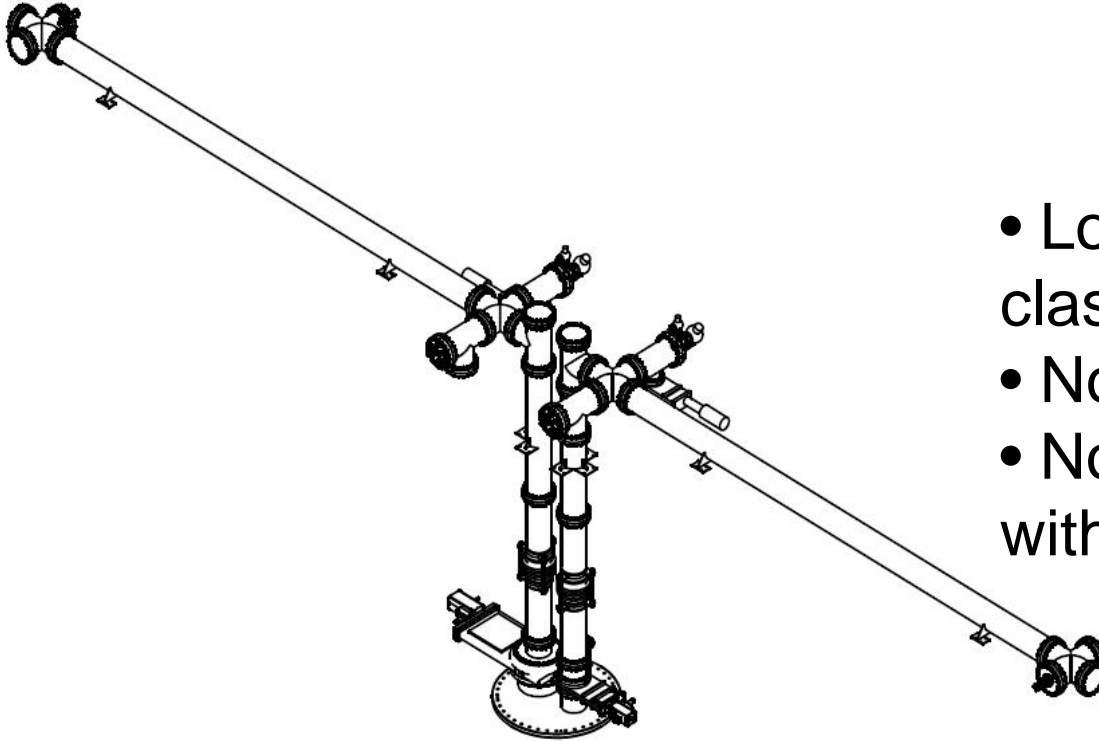
- Assembly of xtal and holder in Rn-reduced clean bench
 - Remove oxide layer at HV contact with diamant abrasive paper
 - Remove debris with iso-propanol
 - Measure warm resistivity (quality of HV/signal contacts)
- Attach assembly to pully
- Connection to FE /HV via pin connector
- Submerging of detector assembly in LAr
- Measure cold resistivity (quality of HV/signal contacts)

Procedure established for GDL tests:

warming up

- Lift xtal from LAr
- Disconnect xtal assembly from FE (pin connector!)
- Disconnect assembly from pully (bayonet)
- Warm xtal assembly in methanol baths
- Dry with nitrogen flow
- Mount xtal assembly in transport/storage container
- Remove container from Rn-reduced test bench
- Pump container and store under vacuum

Commissioning lock and impact on procedures



- Lock in clean room class 10,000
- Normal air atmosphere
- No glove box flushed with (filtered) N₂ or Ar

Main difference to GDL tests:

warming up in methanol requires

- sufficient large glove box to handle methanol
- transfer unit: translation + vertical

Proposed strategy:

Design/install large glove box which allows both

- vacuum warm up
- methanol warm up