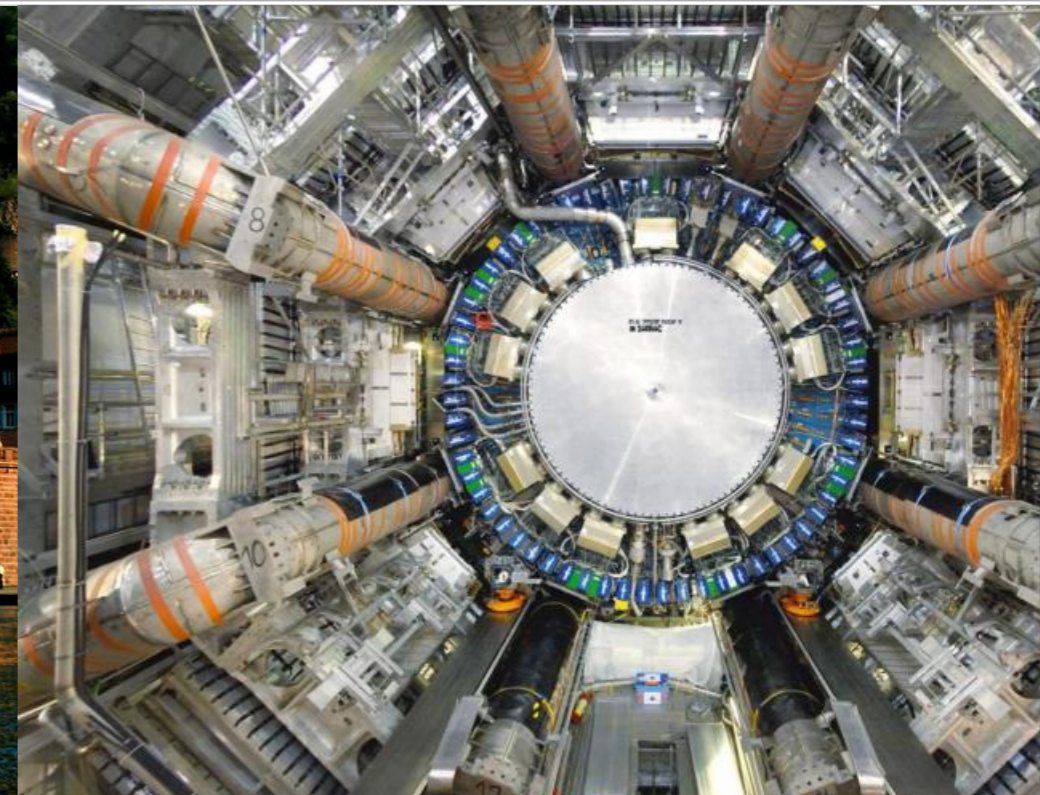
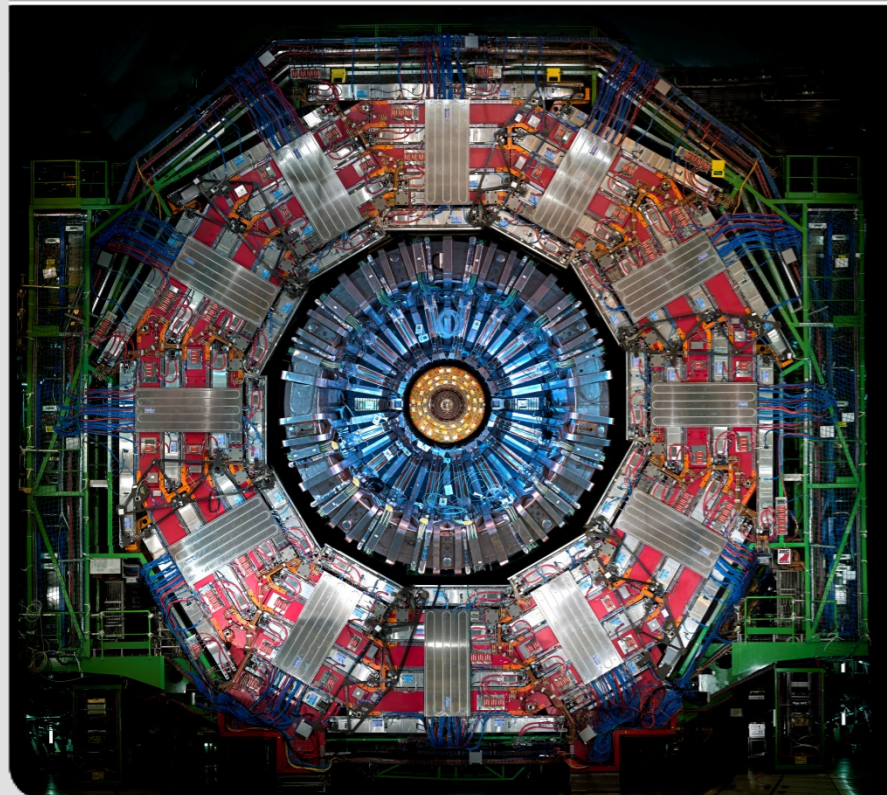


# High Mass Higgs Searches

WIM 2015

Matthias Mozer

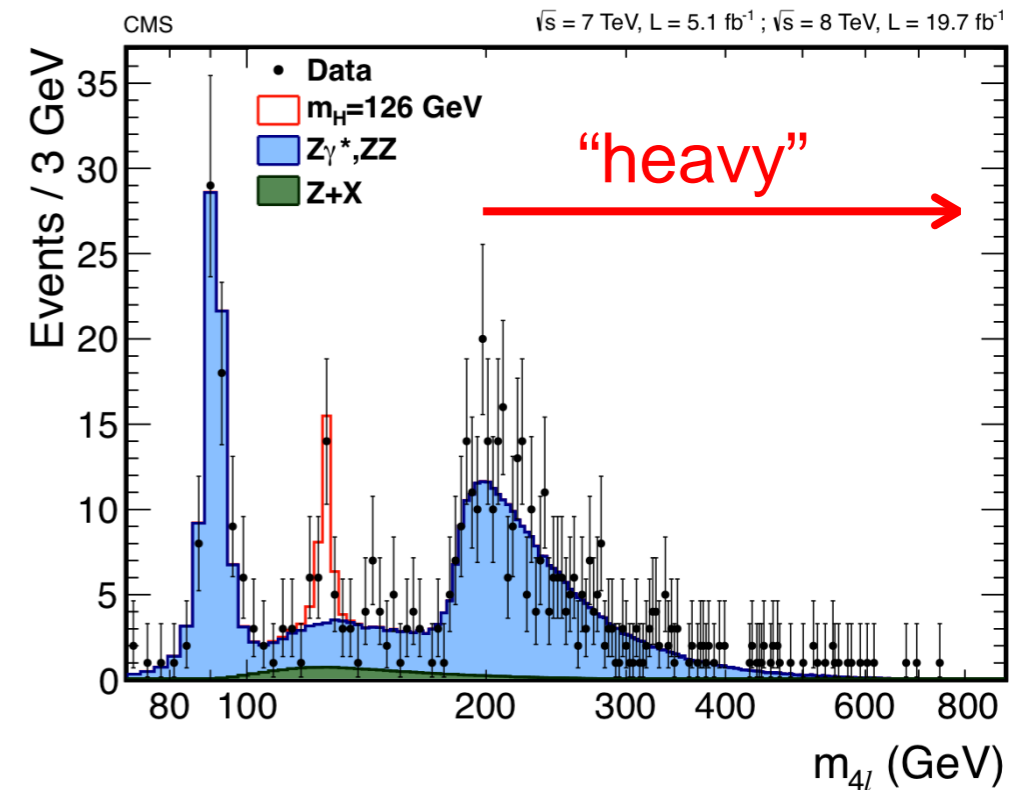
Institut für Experimentelle Kernphysik, Karlsruher Institut für Technologie





# Why even look for that?

- The Higgs boson has been found, and it's light
- Higgs Mechanism minimal solution for particle masses
- If there's one, why not more?:
  - => extended Higgs sector in SUSY scenarios
  - => mixing with sterile scalar states
  - => technicolor like models
- Extended Higgs sectors well defined after H(125) discovery
  - => Go search!



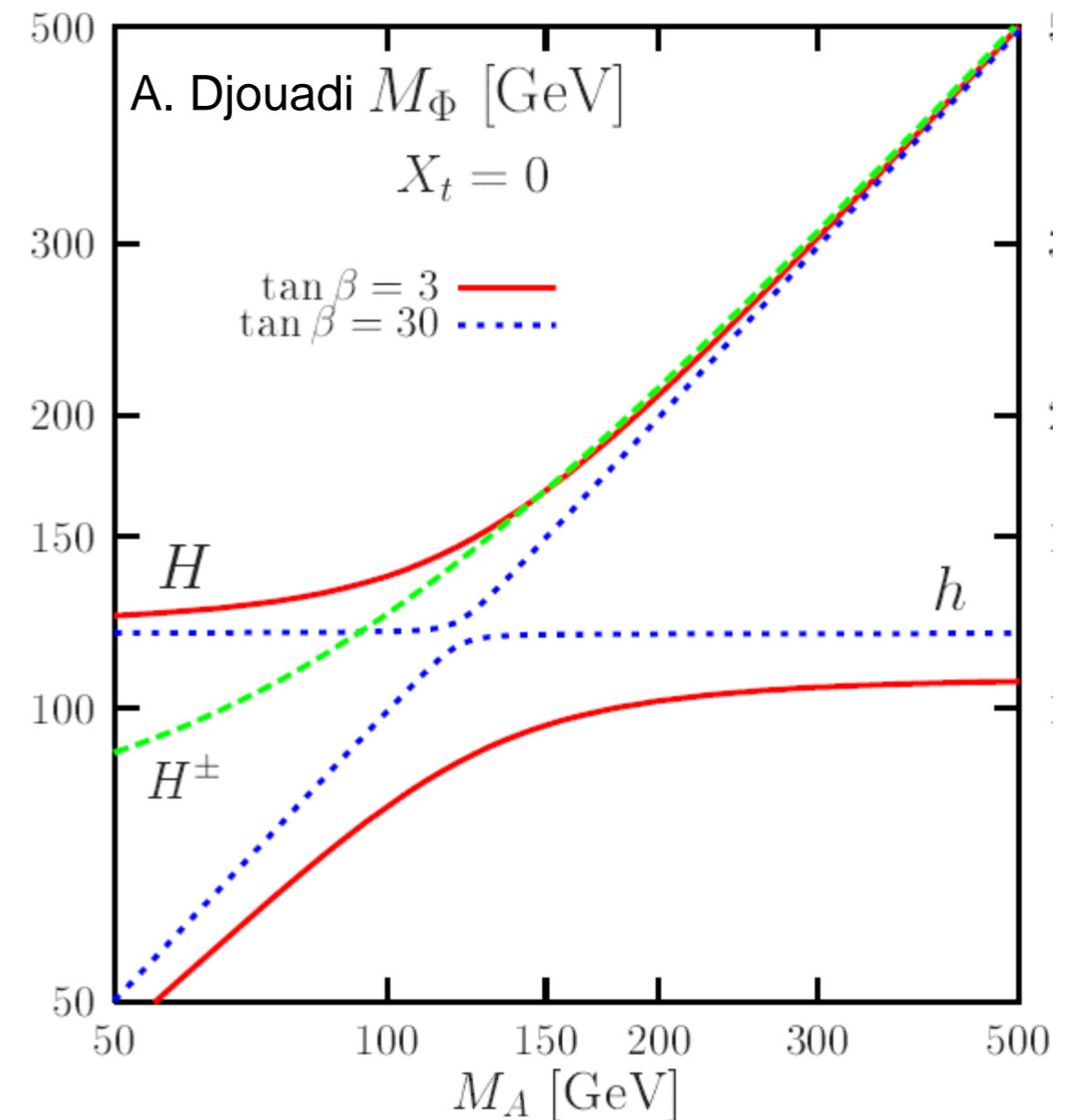
# 2HDM

- Inspired by SUSY Higgs sector:  
=> additional complex doublet
  
- Impose CP conservation => realize states of definite CP  
=> two scalar bosons  $h, H$   
=> one pseudoscalar boson  $A$   
=> two charged bosons  $H^\pm$
  
- Distribute SM Higgs couplings among new doublet:
 

<b>Type I:</b>	$\phi_2$ has all fermion couplings	
<b>Type II:</b>	$\phi_1$ : down type + leptons	$\phi_2$ : up-type
<b>flipped:</b>	$\phi_1$ : up type + leptons	$\phi_2$ : down-type
<b>lep. spec.:</b>	$\phi_1$ : leptons	$\phi_2$ : quarks
  
- Important parameters:  
 $\tan\beta = v_1/v_2$  : rotation angle to get one scalar with zero vev  
 $\alpha$  : rotation angle to obtain  $h/H$  mass eigenstates from  $\phi_{1/2}$   
 Higgs potential parameters => fix mass spectrum

# 2HDM Spectrum

- $h/H$  couplings to  $W/Z$  modified by  $\sin(\alpha-\beta)$  and  $\cos(\alpha-\beta)$   
 $\Rightarrow$  constrain  $\alpha-\beta$  from  $H(125)$  measurements  
 $\Rightarrow$  but direct search can be more sensitive
- Fermion couplings modified dependent on type of model
- Very rich phenomenology large variations of couplings with model parameters  
 $\Rightarrow$  fermiphobic, leptophobic...
- For high mass searches, assume  $h = H(125)$



[Eur.Phys.J.C59:389-426,2009](https://arxiv.org/abs/hep-ph/0212359)

# 2HDM: Searches

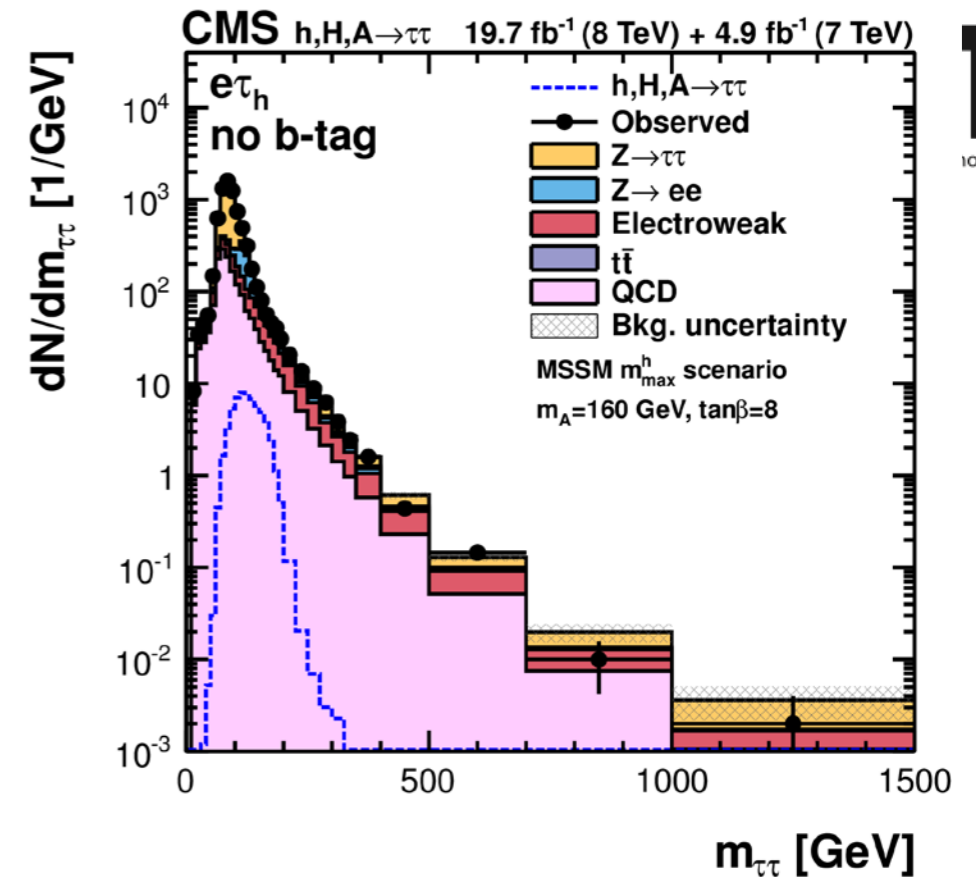
- Rich phenomenology => look for many channels
- Neutral boson decays:

$\Rightarrow A \rightarrow \tau\tau$	<a href="#">JHEP 10 (2014) 160*</a> , <a href="#">JHEP11(2014)056**</a>
$\Rightarrow A \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow \gamma + \text{leptons}$	<a href="#">Phys. Rev. D 90 (2014) 112013*</a>
$\Rightarrow A \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow ll/\nu\nu + \tau\tau/bb$	<a href="#">arxiv:1504.04710*</a>
$\Rightarrow A \rightarrow ZH \rightarrow llbb, ll\tau\tau$	<a href="#">Phys. Lett. B 744 (2015) 163**</a> <a href="#">CMS-HIG-15-001</a>
$\Rightarrow H \rightarrow hh \rightarrow \gamma\gamma bb$	<a href="#">CMS-HIG-13-032</a> , <a href="#">PRL 114, 081802**</a>
$\Rightarrow H \rightarrow hh \rightarrow 4b$	<a href="#">arxiv:1506.00285**</a>
$\Rightarrow H \rightarrow hh \rightarrow \gamma + \text{leptons}$	<a href="#">Phys. Rev. D 90 (2014) 112013*</a>
$\Rightarrow H \rightarrow AA \rightarrow \mu\mu\tau\tau$	<a href="#">arxiv:1505.01609**</a>
$\Rightarrow H \rightarrow ZA \rightarrow llbb, ll\tau\tau$	<a href="#">CMS-HIG-15-001</a>

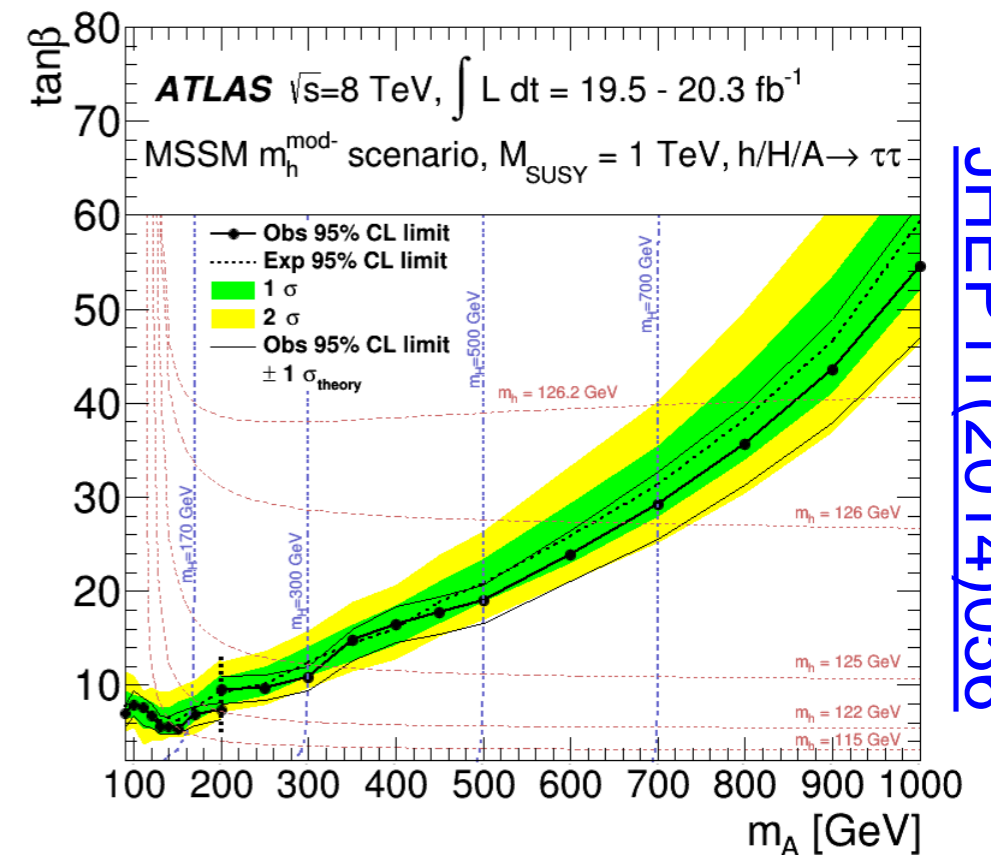
\*:CMS \*\*:ATLAS

# 2HDM: $h/H/A \rightarrow \tau\tau$

- SUSY inspired search  
=> type II 2HDM
- Large  $\tan\beta$   
=> enhanced  $bb \tau\tau$   
=> large b-associated production xsec  
=> use b-tag to suppress background
- Search in  $\tau\tau$  more promising  
=> hadronic  $\tau$  reco. is key
- Tricky mass reconstruction  
due to  $n$  neutrinos
- Search for A/H simultaneously



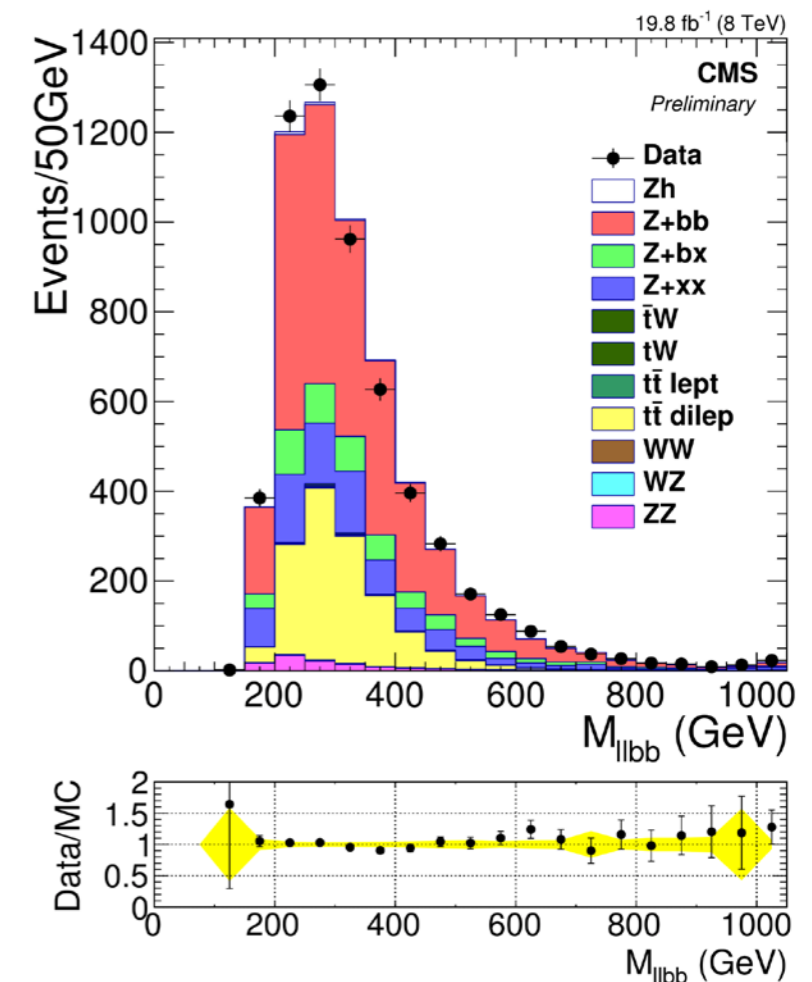
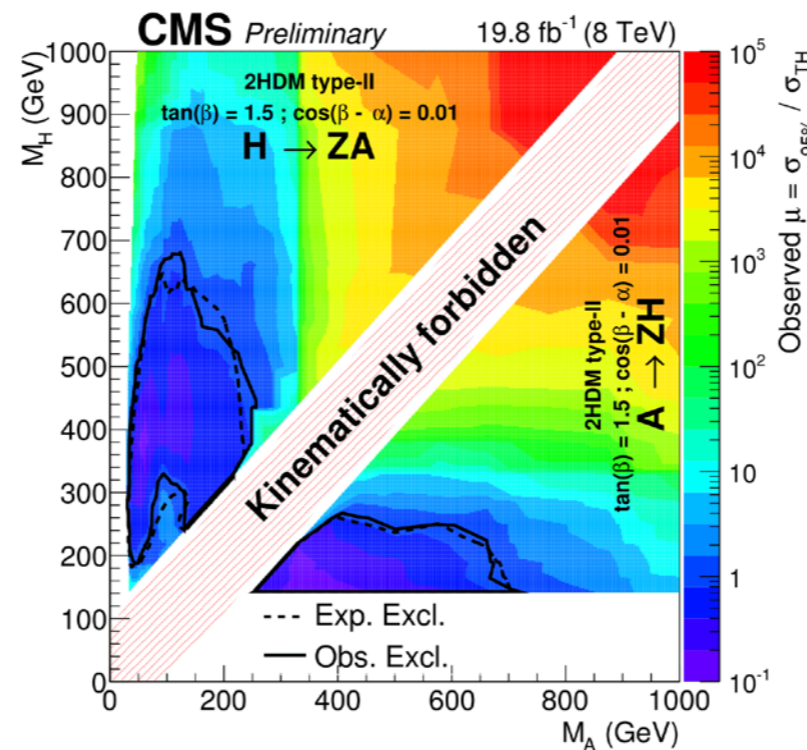
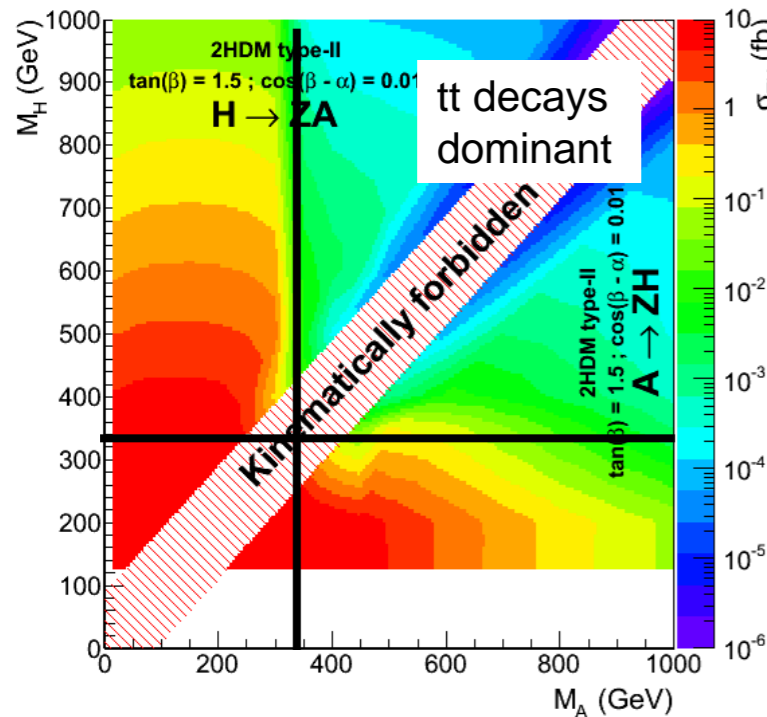
JHEP 10 (2014) 160



JHEP 11 (2014) 056

# 2HDM: Bosonic Decays

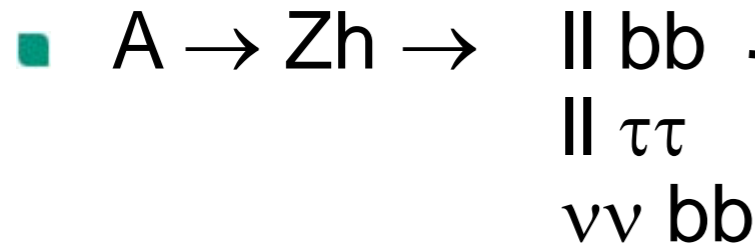
- Assume aligned scenario:  $\cos(\alpha-\beta)\approx 0$  or  $\sin(\alpha-\beta)\approx 0$   
 $\Rightarrow$  light Higgs has SM properties
- Don't use detailed kinematic properties:  
 $\Rightarrow$  sensitivity over wide range of parameters space
- Simultaneous search for  
 $A \rightarrow ZH \rightarrow llbb, ll\tau\tau$   
 $H \rightarrow ZA \rightarrow llbb, ll\tau\tau$



CMS-HIG-15-001



# 2HDM: Bosonic Decays

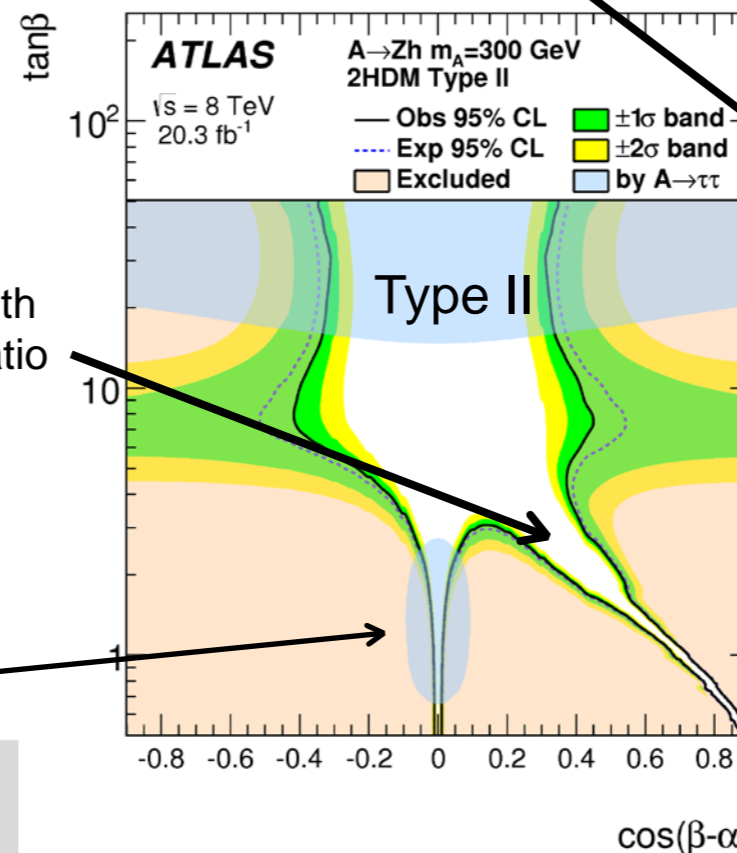
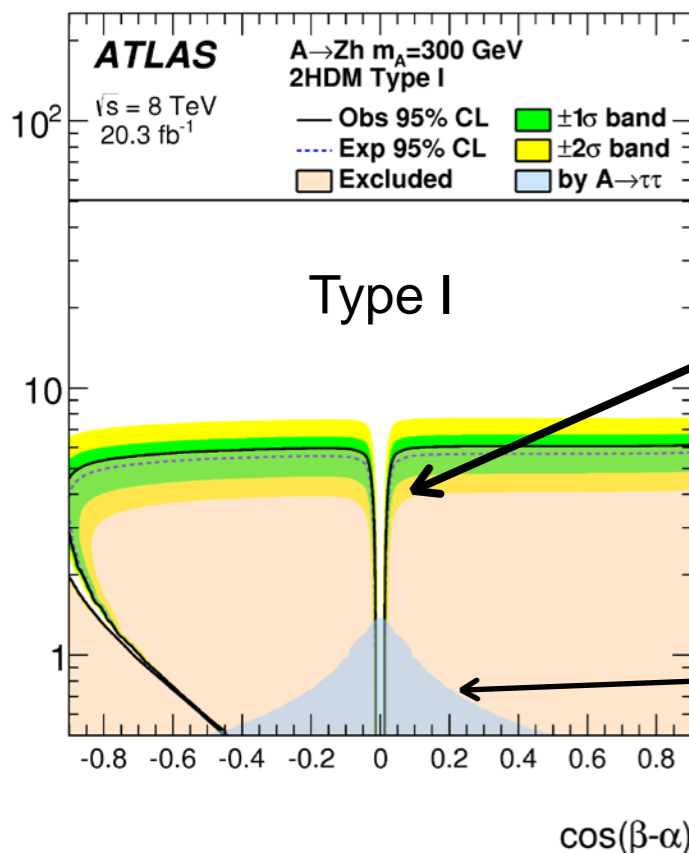
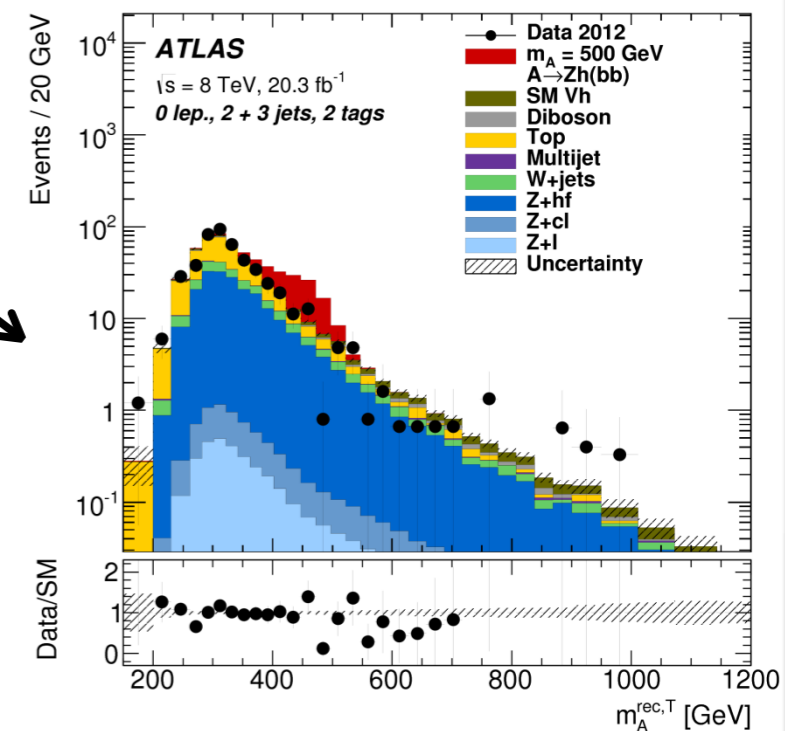
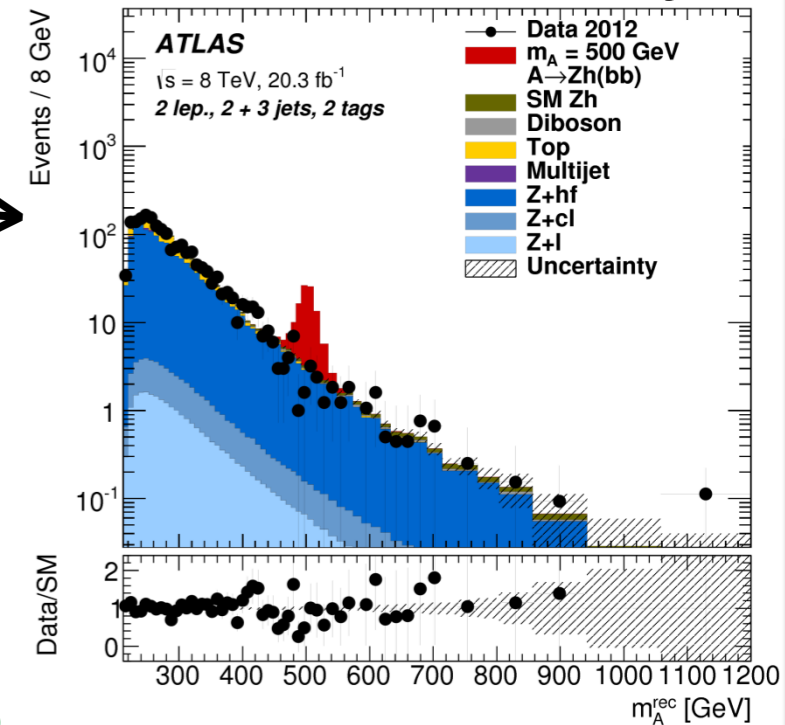


Good resolution  
 Low background  
 Low branching ratio

Parallel analysis to maximize accessible Branching fraction

Not sensitive when 2HDM parameters conspire

poor resolution  
 higher background  
 higher branching ratio



Small regions with low branching ratio  $h \rightarrow bb / \tau\tau$

$X \rightarrow \tau\tau$  results

[Phys. Lett. B 744 \(2015\) 163](#)



# 2HDM: Charged Bosons

- Low mass searches in top  $\rightarrow H^\pm b$  decays
- High mass analysis split into fermionic and bosonic analysis

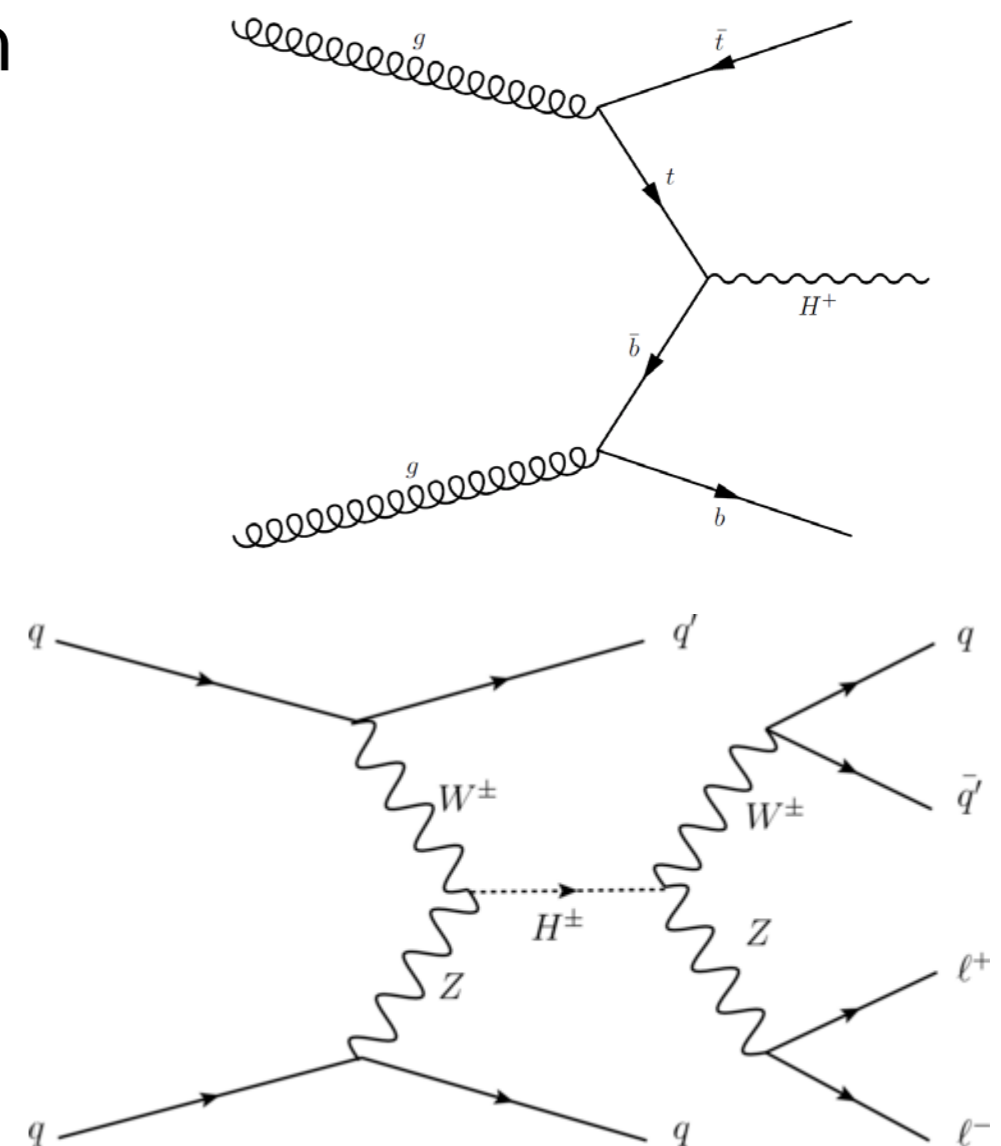
- Fermionic channels:  
 production in top-associated production  
 leptonic ( $e, \mu, \tau \rightarrow l, tb$  leptonic) decays  
 => [CMS-HIG-13-026](#)

hadronic decays ( $\tau \rightarrow \text{had}$ )

=> [CMS-HIG-14-020](#)

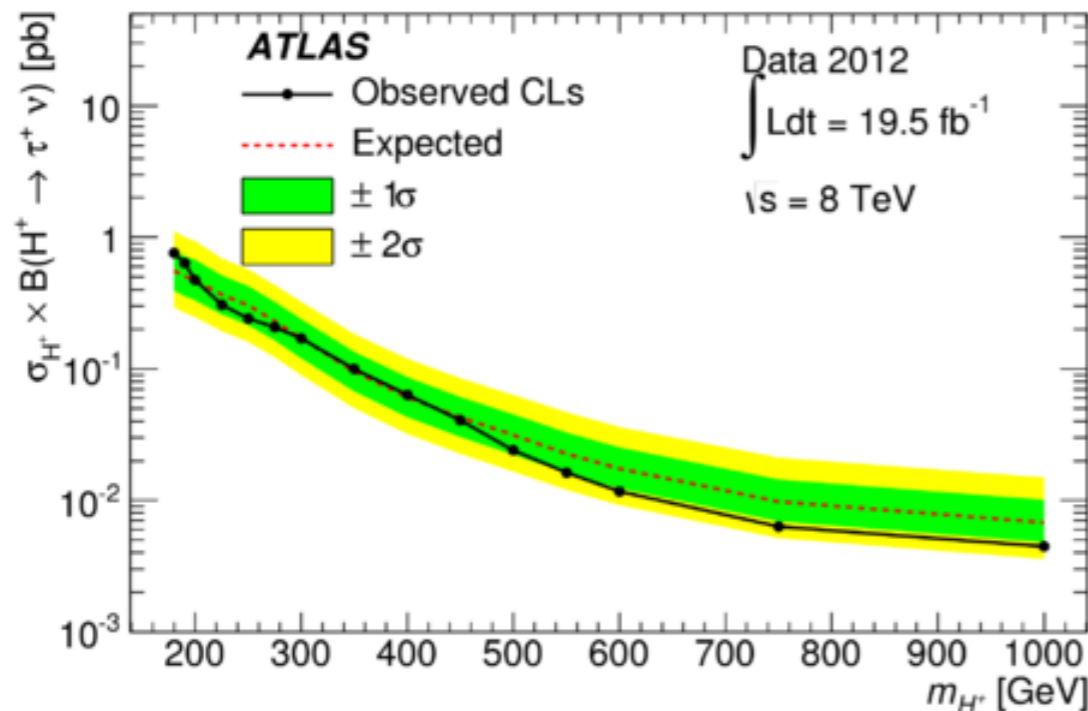
=> [JHEP03 \(2015\) 088](#) (ATLAS)

- Bosonic channels:  
 production in VBF  
 decay to  $WZ \rightarrow lljj$   
 => [ATLAS-HIGG-2014-13](#)

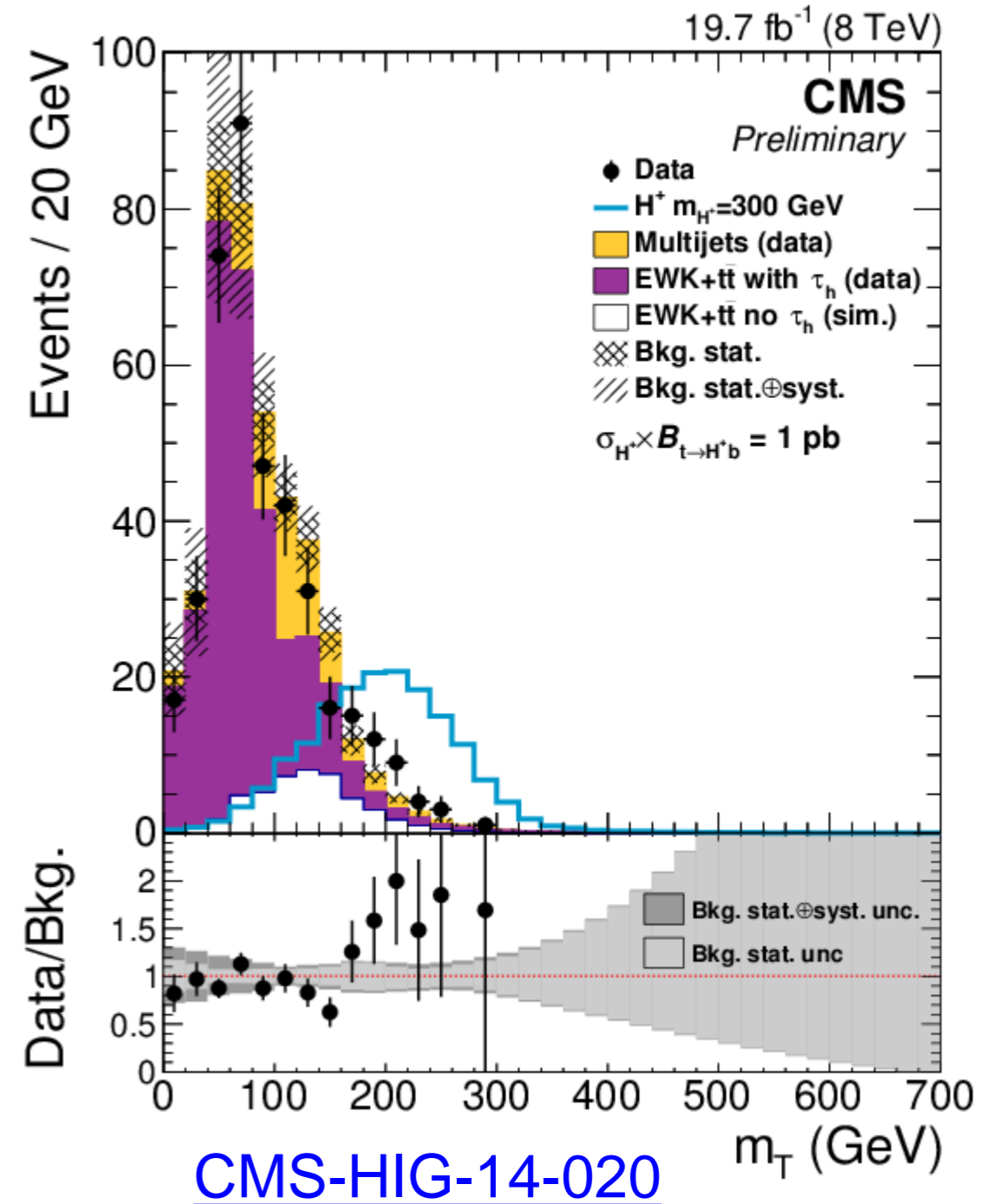


# 2HDM: $H^\pm$ fermionic ( $\tau\nu$ )

- Search in transverse masse spectrum
- Use additional jets to tag expected top associated production
- Dominant background have real  $\tau$
- Low backgrounds at high masses  
=> few SM processes with very high MET

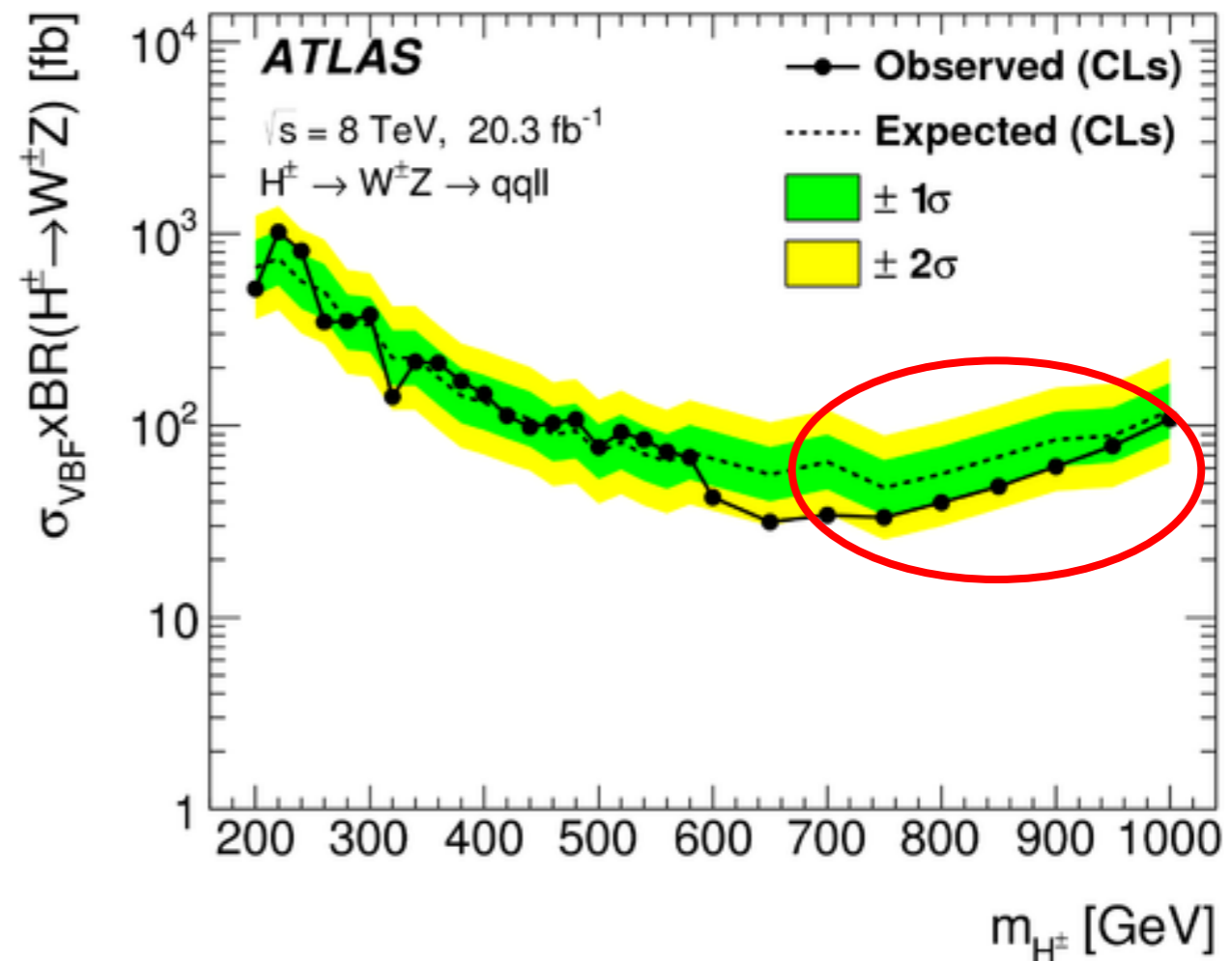
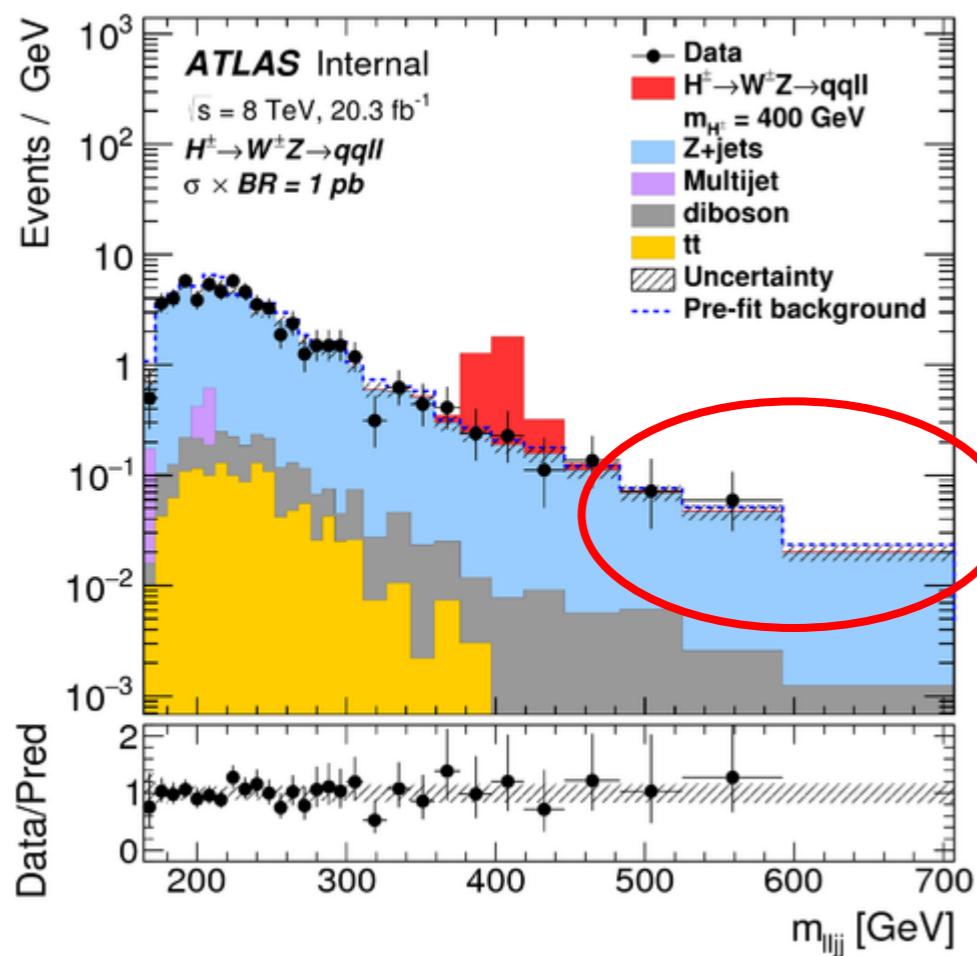


[JHEP03 \(2015\) 088](#)



# 2HDM: $H^\pm$ bosonic

- Low cross sections => use one hadronic boson decay
- Look in WZ semileptonic decays
  - => No neutrinos => good mass resolution
  - => larger branching fraction than all leptonic



ATLASHIGG-2014-13

Acceptance limited by jet merging at high masses



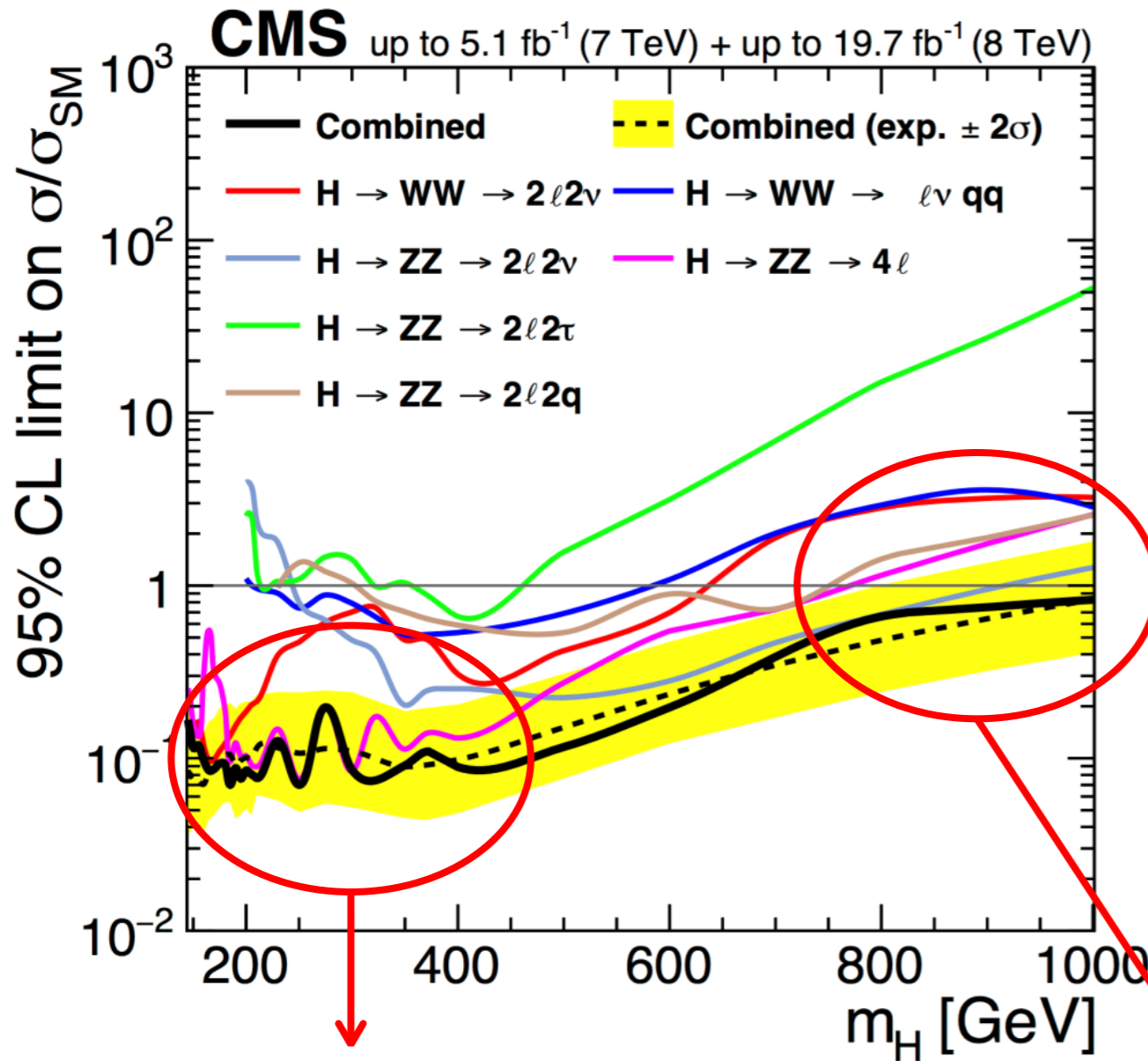
# Other Searches

- 2HDM not the only possibility
- Electroweak singlet:  
 additional sterile scalar, mixing with H(125)  
 => properties similar to H(125), but lower couplings  
 => derive limits already from H(125) coupling fits  
 => [arxiv:1504.00936](https://arxiv.org/abs/1504.00936) (CMS,  $H \rightarrow WW/ZZ$ )
- generic spin 0 models:  
 =>  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  at high mass  
 => not really a model, but can be reasonably reinterpreted  
 => [CMS-HIG-14-006](https://arxiv.org/abs/1405.0006) ( $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ )  
 => [Phys. Rev. Lett. 113, 171801 \(2014\)](https://arxiv.org/abs/1312.5682) (ATLAS,  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ )
- technicolor / SU(4) chiral sym. Breaking  
 => [JHEP 1010:086,2010](https://arxiv.org/abs/hep-th/0602086) (theory Ref.)  
 => [CMS-HIG-14-031](https://arxiv.org/abs/1405.0006) ( $H \rightarrow Z\gamma$ )

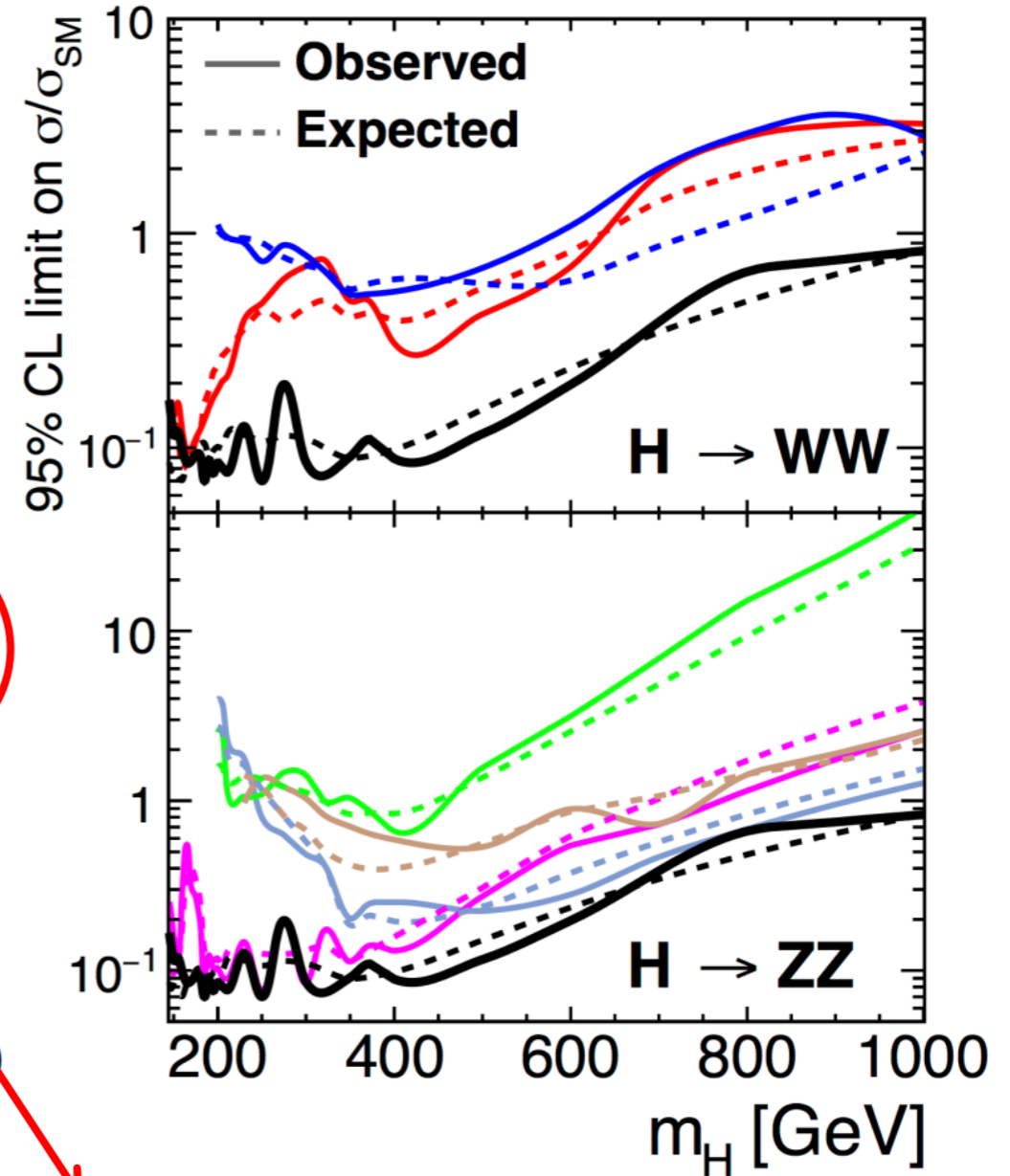
# CMS High Mass Mega-Combo

- [arxiv:1504.00936/CMS-HIG-13-031](https://arxiv.org/abs/1504.00936/CMS-HIG-13-031):  
Additional Higgs boson in WW and ZZ decays
  
- Large number of WW/ZZ channels combined:
  - ZZ  $\rightarrow$  4l
  - ZZ  $\rightarrow$  2l2q                   extra info: [CMS-HIG-14-007](https://arxiv.org/abs/1407.007)
  - ZZ  $\rightarrow$  2l2v                   extra info: [CMS-HIG-13-014](https://arxiv.org/abs/1301.014)
  
  - WW  $\rightarrow$  2l2v
  - WW  $\rightarrow$  lvqq                   extra info: [CMS-HIG-14-008](https://arxiv.org/abs/1407.008), [-13-027](https://arxiv.org/abs/1301.027)
  
- Advanced features
  - => angular discriminants
  - => boosted hadronic decays
  - => subjet b-tagging
  - => VBF vs gluon fusion tag
  - =>  $\tau$  decays included in 4l channel

# Singlet Interference: WW/ZZ



Lower mass: background important



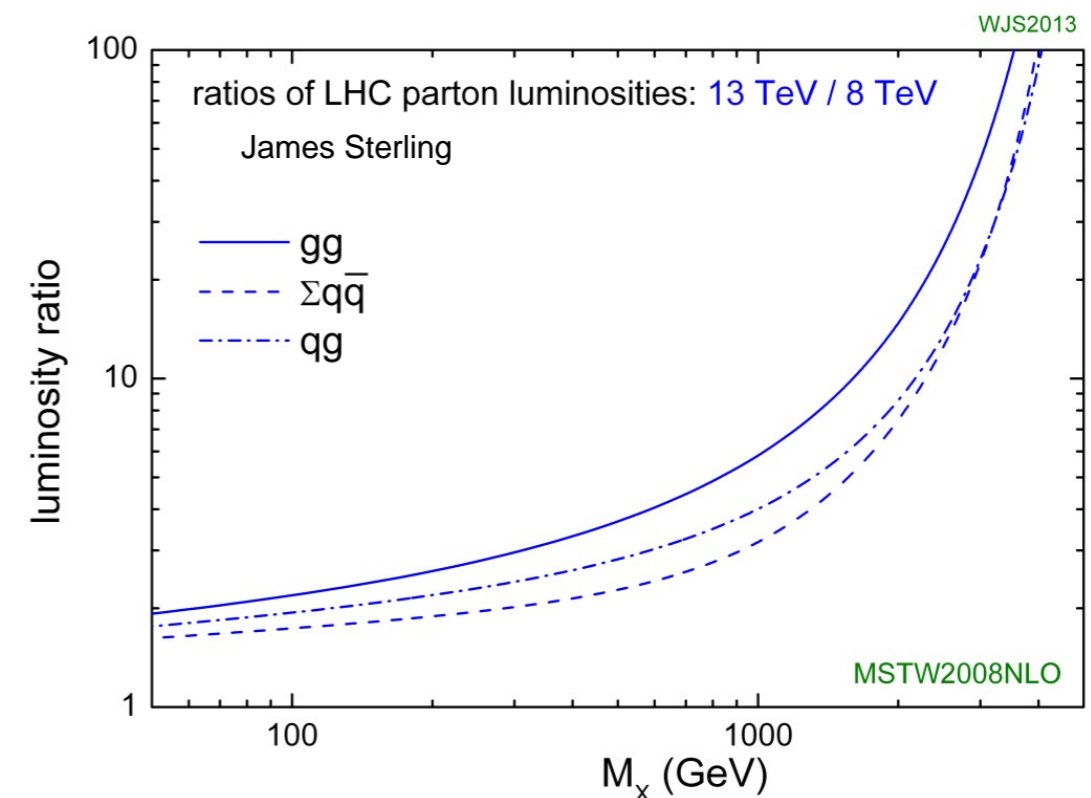
Highest mass: BR important

CMS-HIG-13-031

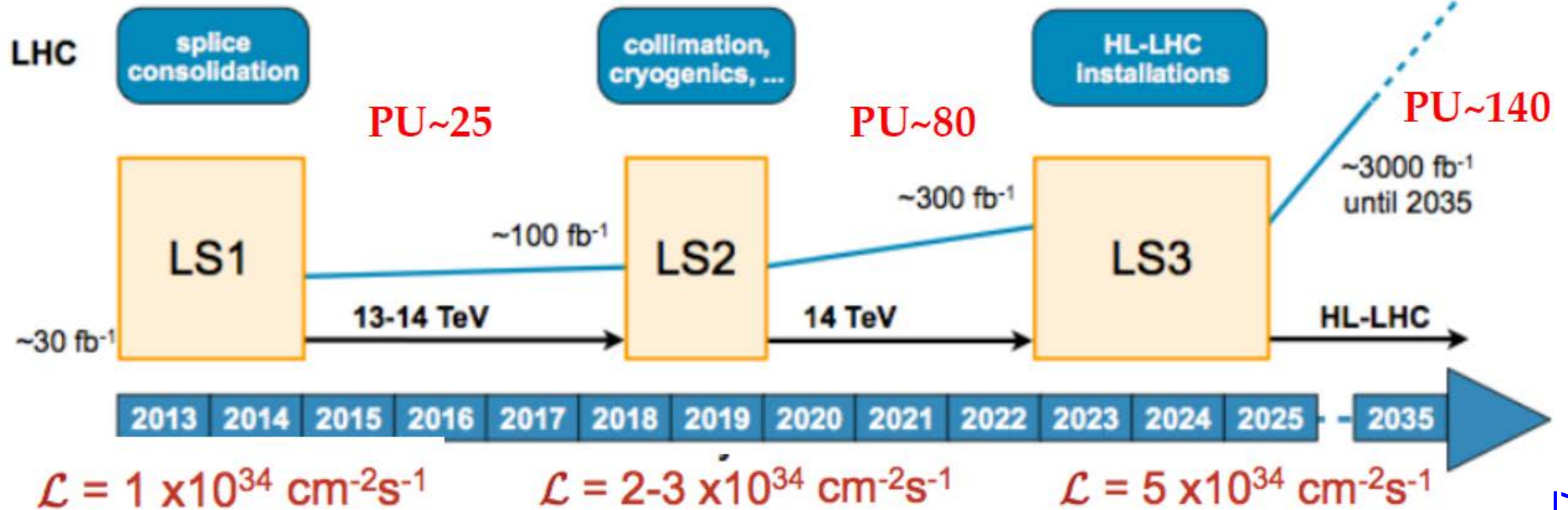


# Prospects I

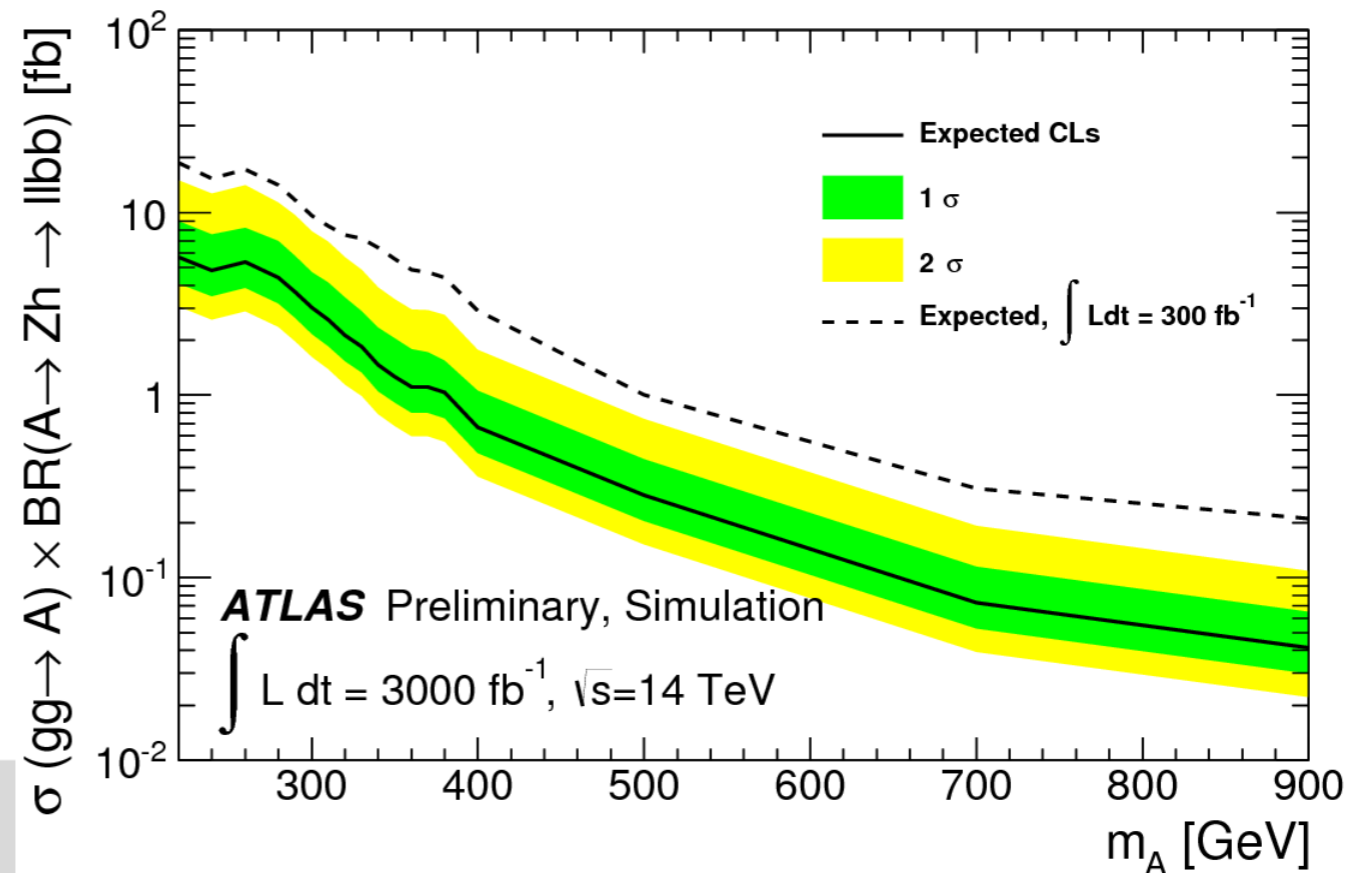
- Run I:
  - => repurposed Higgs searches
  - => no systematic coverage of parameter space
- Run II:
  - => increased parton lumi
  - => dedicated program
  - => enable coherent effort
- Coordination with EXO group:
  - currently rough division HIG < 1TeV, EXO > 1TeV
  - HIG analysis use more model specific optimizations
  - EXO analysis more often for generic narrow resonances
  - => improve coordination



# HL-LHC



- Beam-energy to remain roughly the same
- Major lumi upgrade
- Requires major detector overhauls
- Gives access to very rare processes  
=> may be necessary if  $\alpha/\beta$  conspire for low xsec



ATL-PHYS-PUB-2013-016

# Conclusion

- Discovery of H(125) opens investigations of extended Higgs sector
  - => 2HDM (SUSY-like) most prominent
    - very large spectrum of possible signatures
  - => but also others:
    - Electroweak singlet
    - technicolor-like / compositeness
    - ...
- Results so far: no significant excess observed
- Looking forward to run II
  - => higher lumi
  - => higher parton lumi
  - => more coherent search program