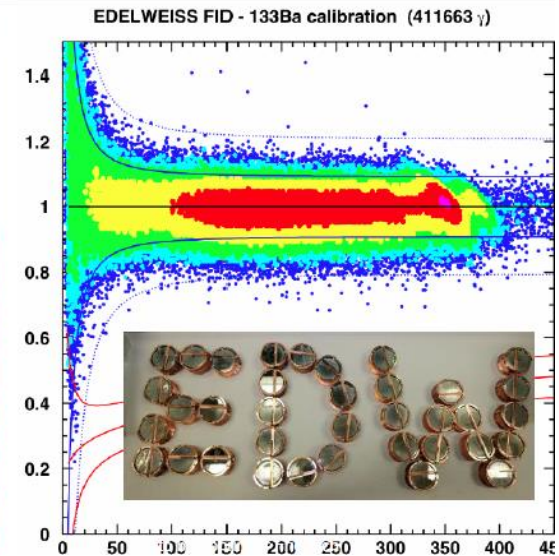
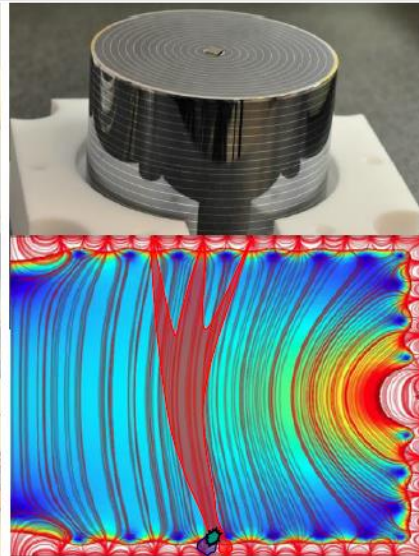
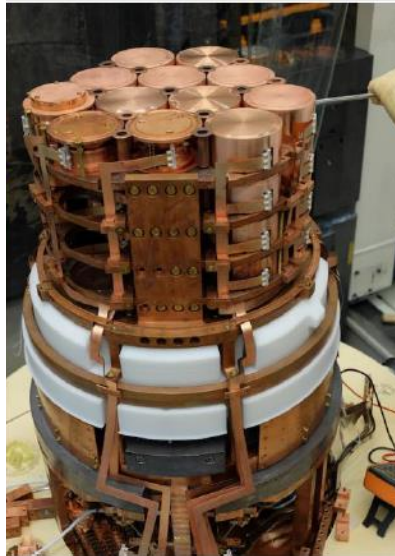
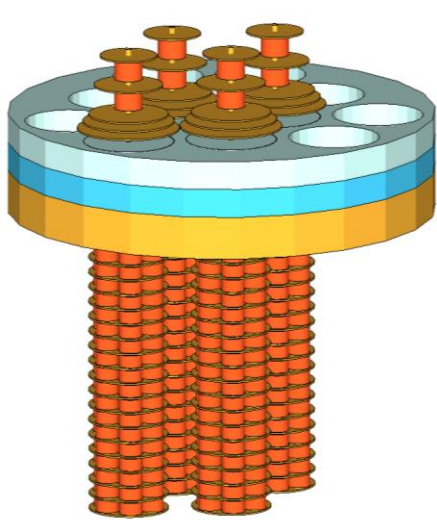


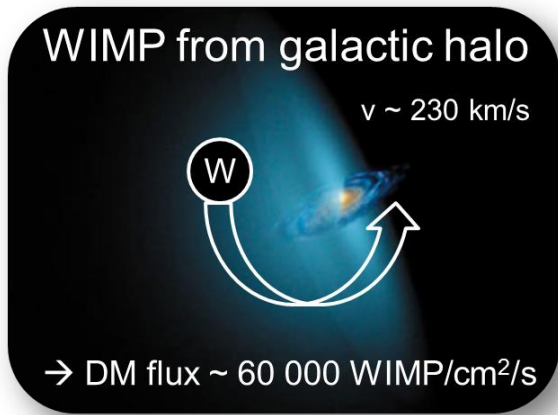
EDELWEISS-III dark matter search: first results and future

WIN 2015 – Astroparticle Session 4

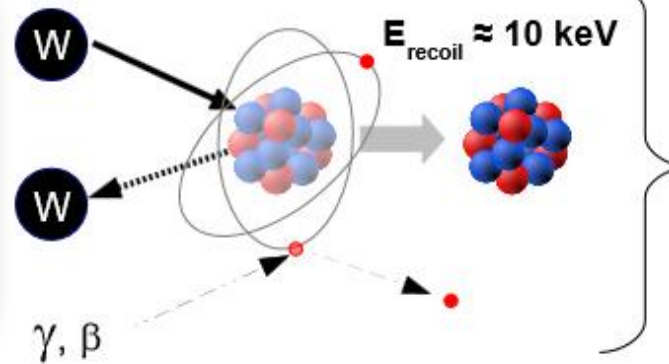
Geertje Heuermann, EKP, Karlsruher Institut für Technologie



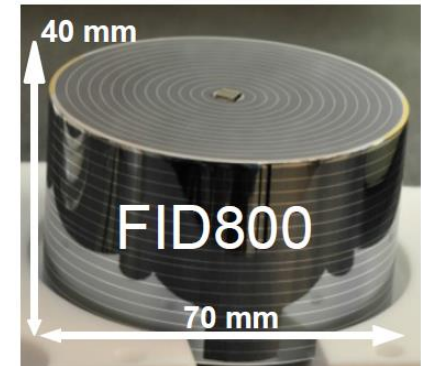
Direct Dark Matter Detection With Heat and Ionisation Ge-Detectors



Rare event search $< 1 \text{ evt/kg/year}$
neutron, W



$T=18\text{mK} \rightarrow \Delta T \approx 0.1 \mu\text{K/keV}$



Two measuring channels

1. Heat (phonons) with NTD (Neutron Transmutation Doped sensor):

$$E_{\text{recoil}} \approx E_{\text{heat}}$$

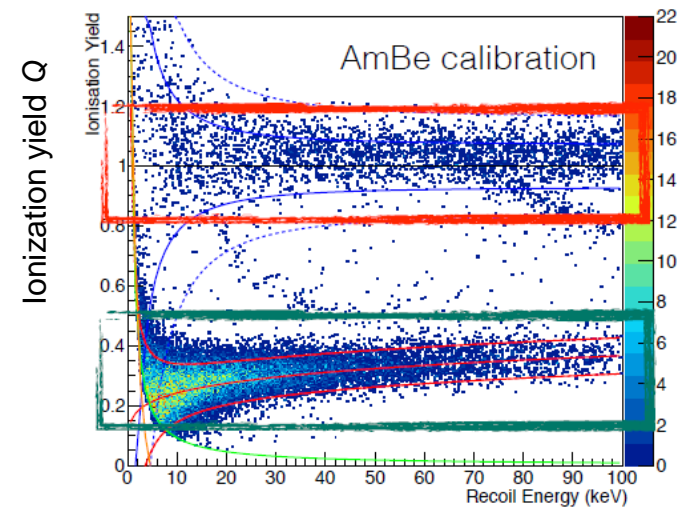
2. Ionization yield for particle identification,

$$Q = E_{\text{ion}}/E_{\text{recoil}} :$$

Q = 1 for electron recoils

Q ≈ 0,3 for nuclear recoils

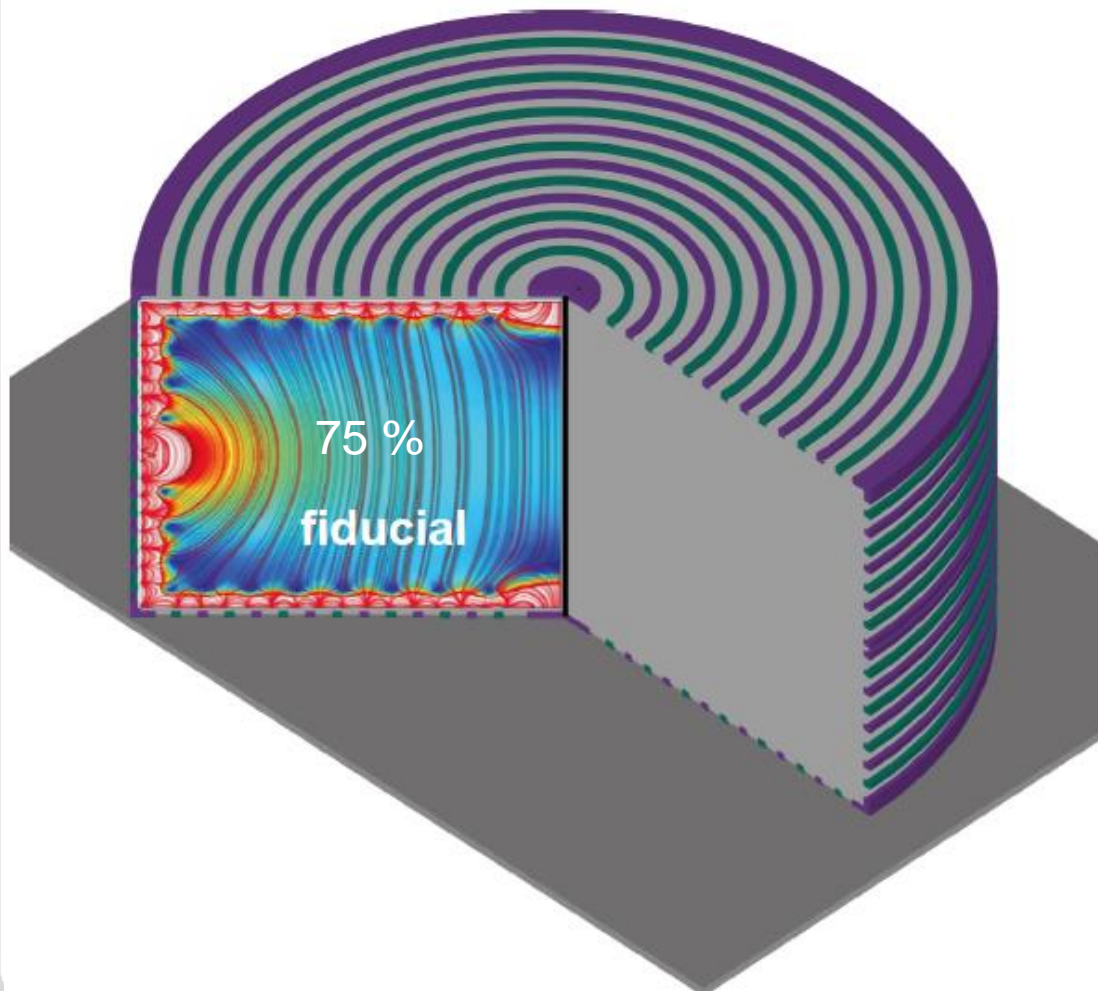
FID800 Fiducial Events



EDELWEISS Heat and Ionisation Ge-Detectors

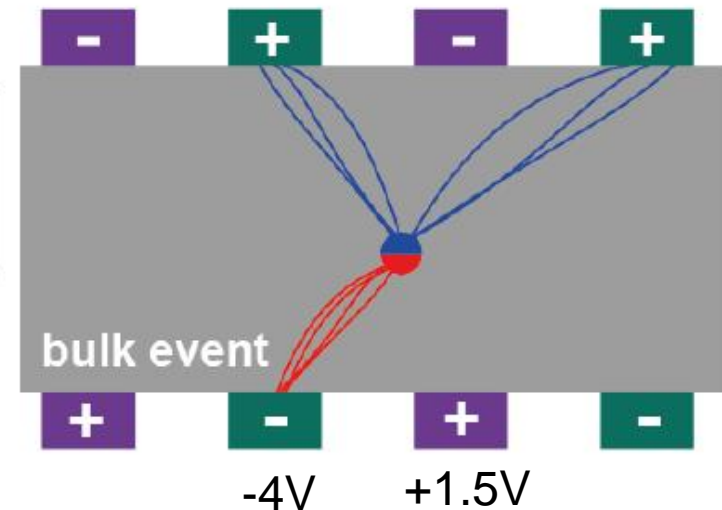
Full Inter-Digitized 800 g HP-Ge Detector

Interleaved structure of collecting and veto Al-electrode ~ 100 nm thick



- allows identification of surface events
- reduces background

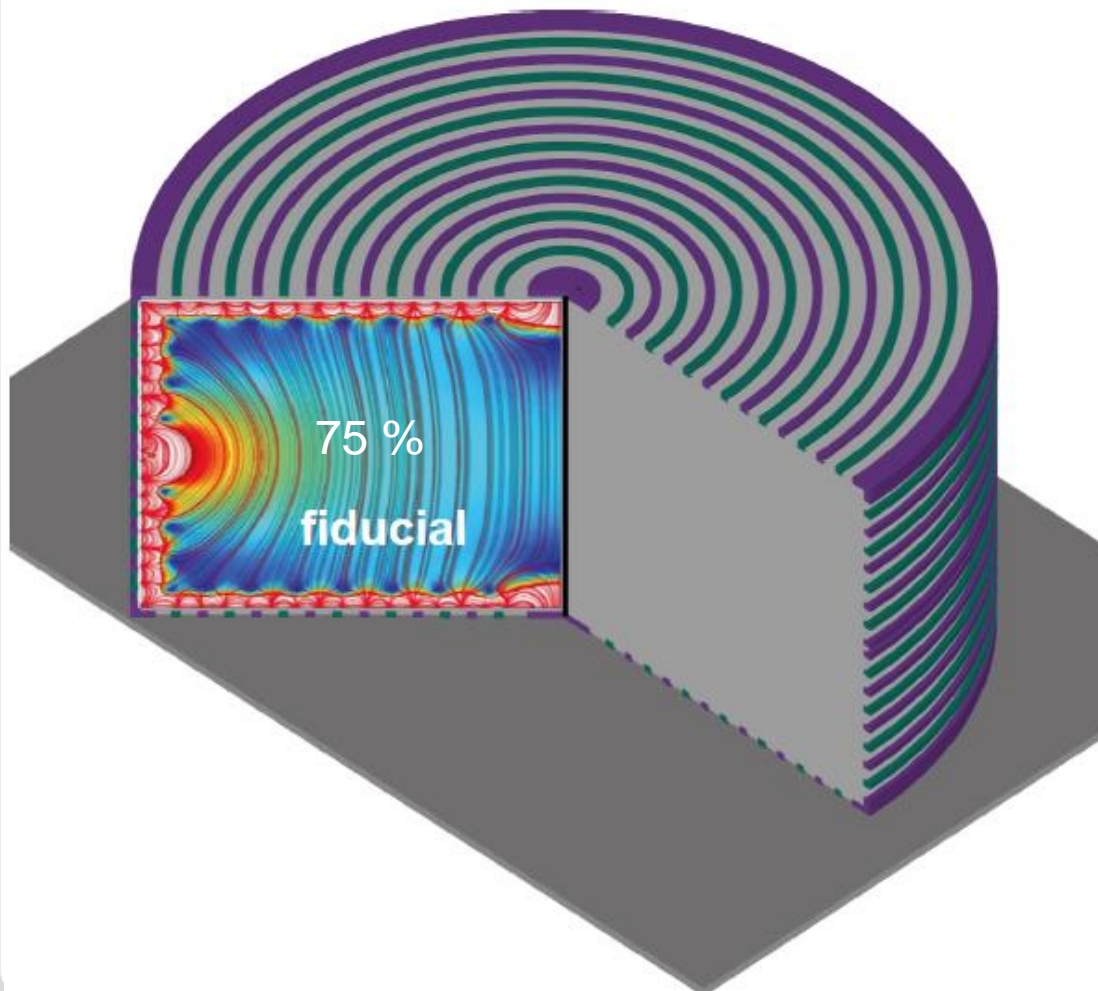
Collecting electrodes
Veto electrodes



EDELWEISS Heat and Ionisation Ge-Detectors

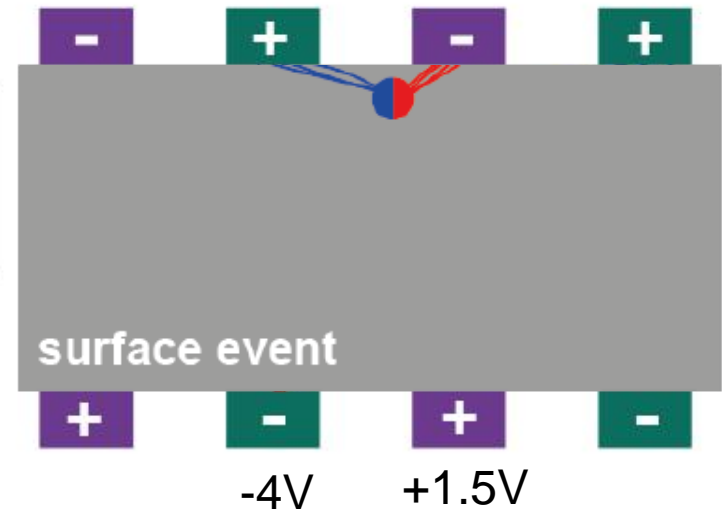
Full Inter-Digitized 800 g HP-Ge Detector

Interleaved structure of collecting and veto Al-electrode ~ 100 nm thick



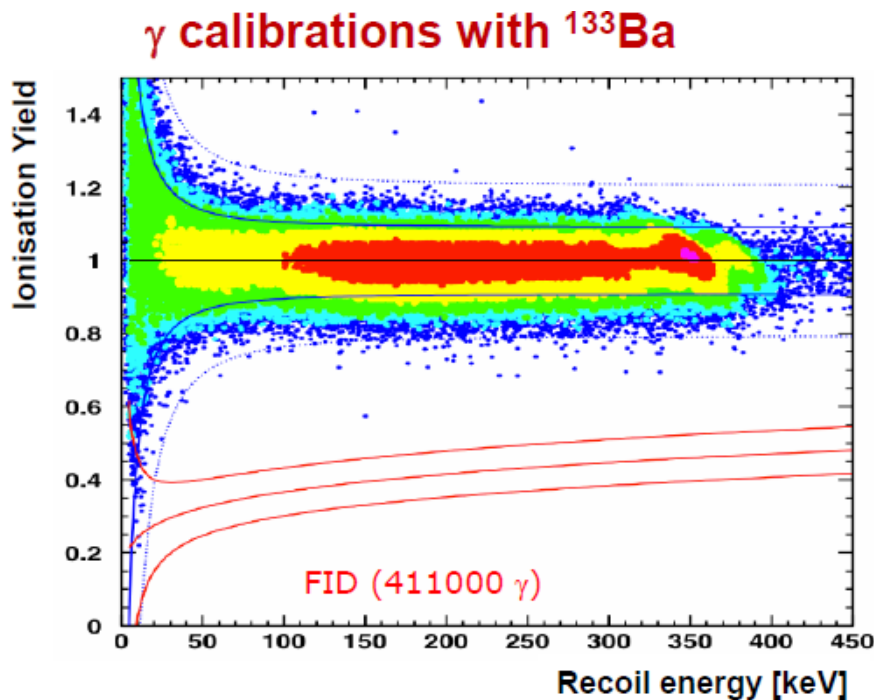
- allows identification of surface events
- reduces background

Collecting electrodes
Veto electrodes



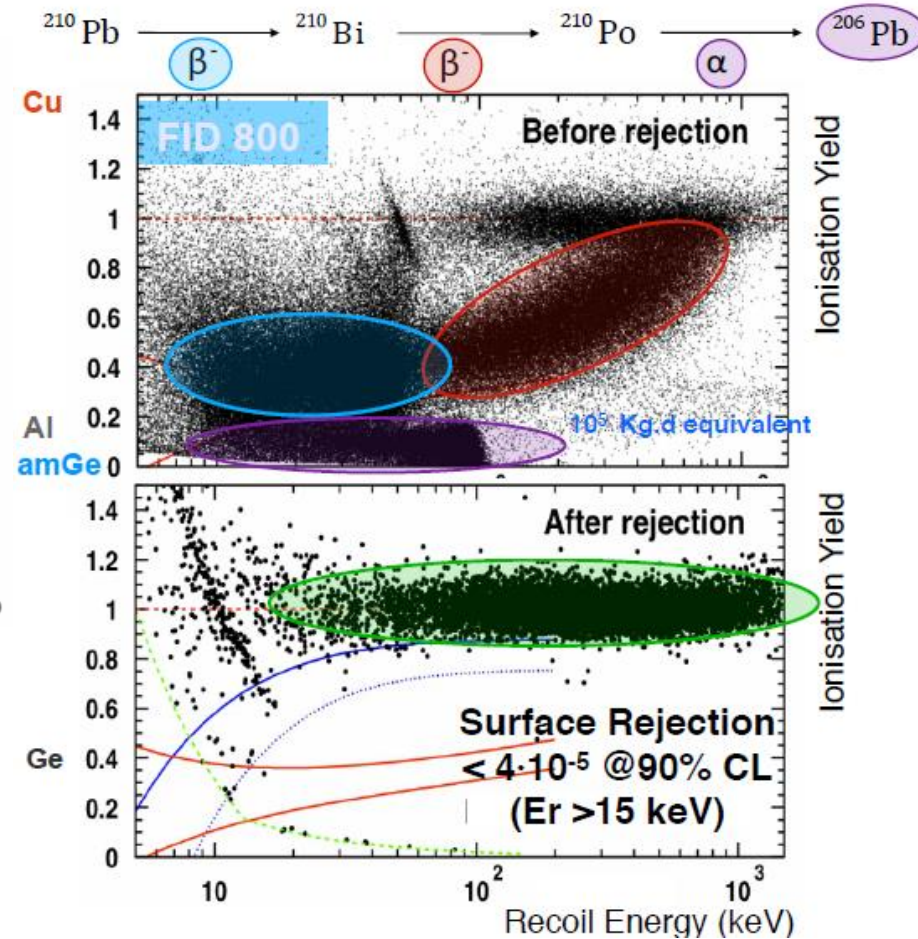
Background Rejection

Gamma rejection

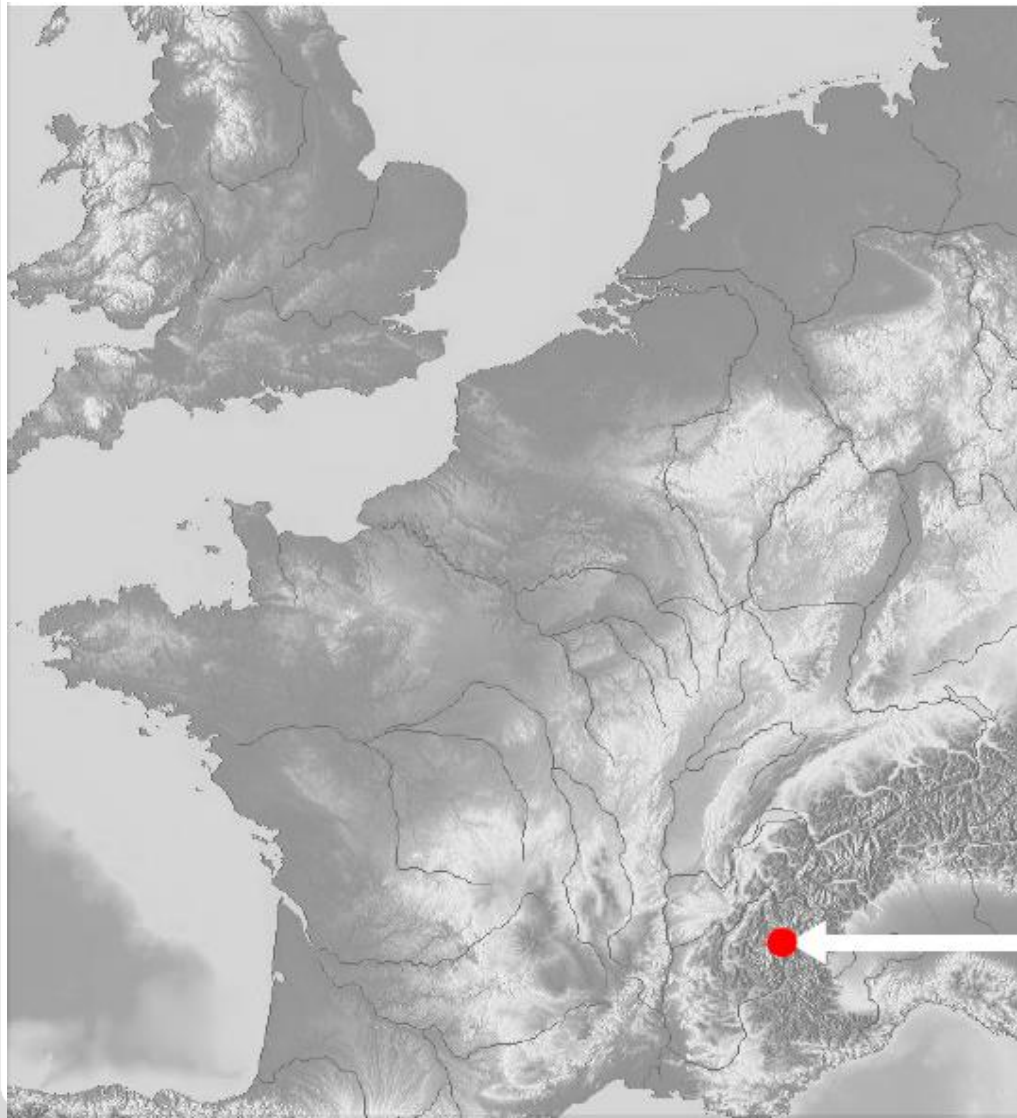


More than 400.000 γ 's
 γ suppression factor $< 6 \times 10^{-6}$
 < 1 „NR“ for every 100k (15-200keV)

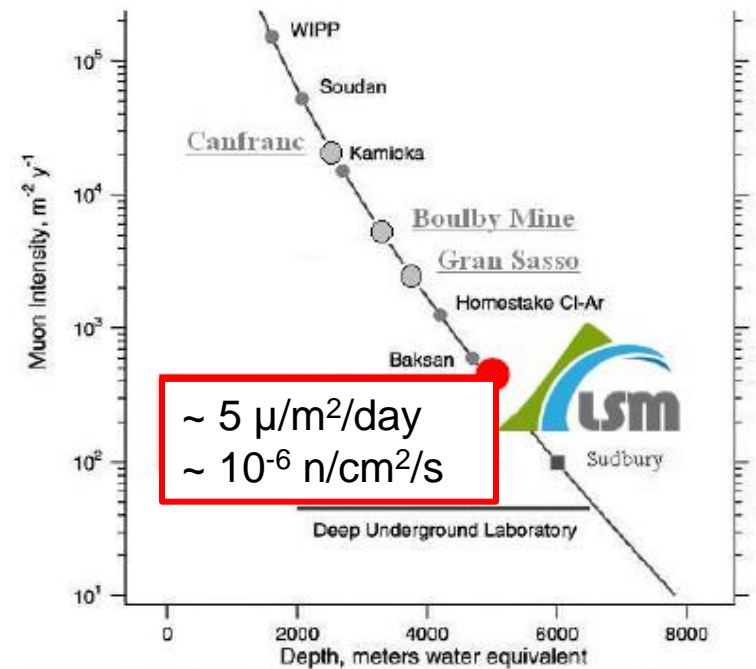
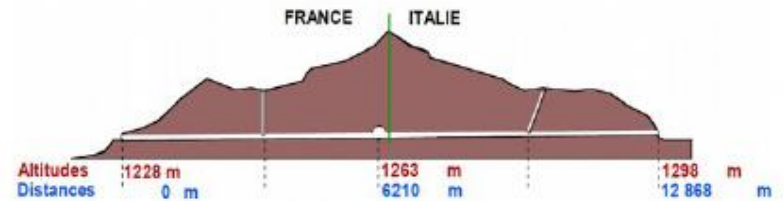
Surface rejection



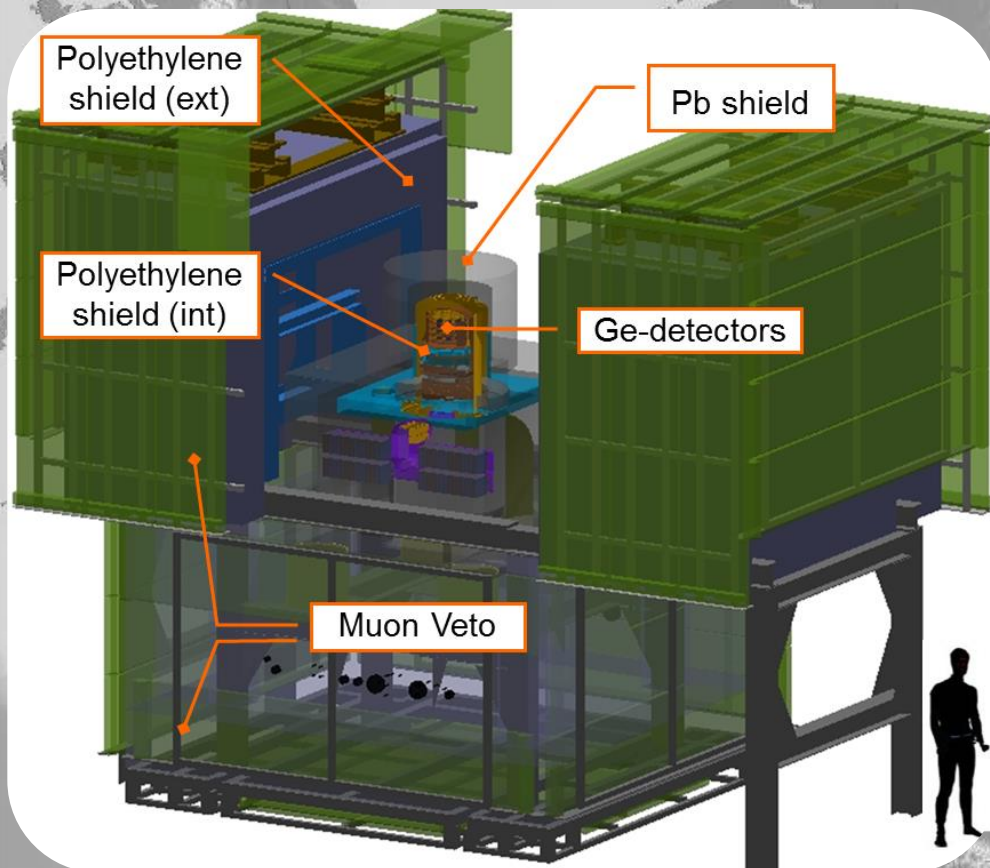
EDELWEISS-III Setup



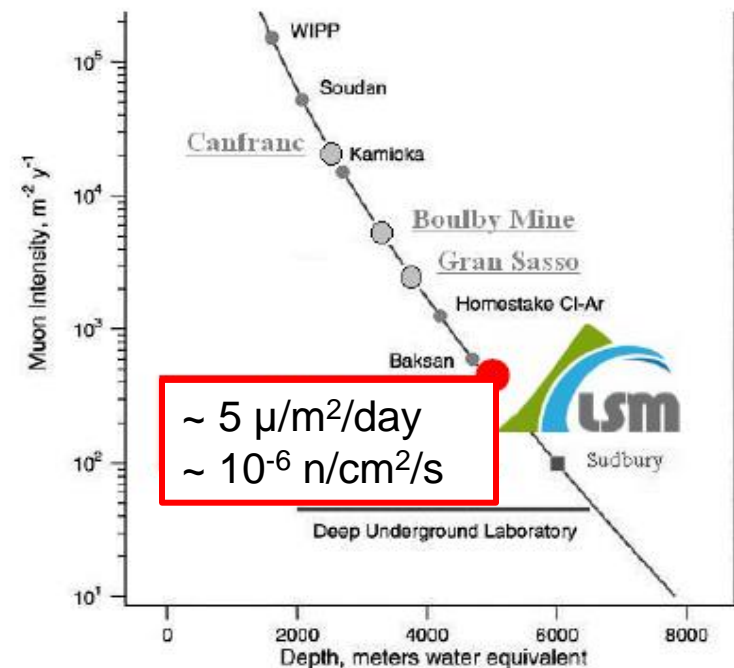
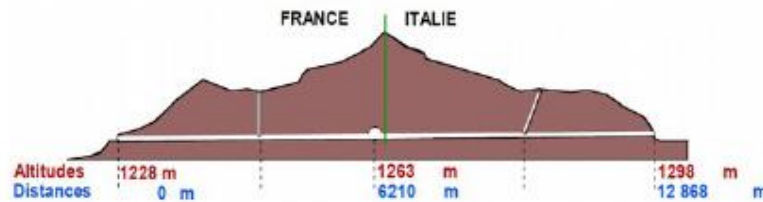
LSM @ Fréjus tunnel



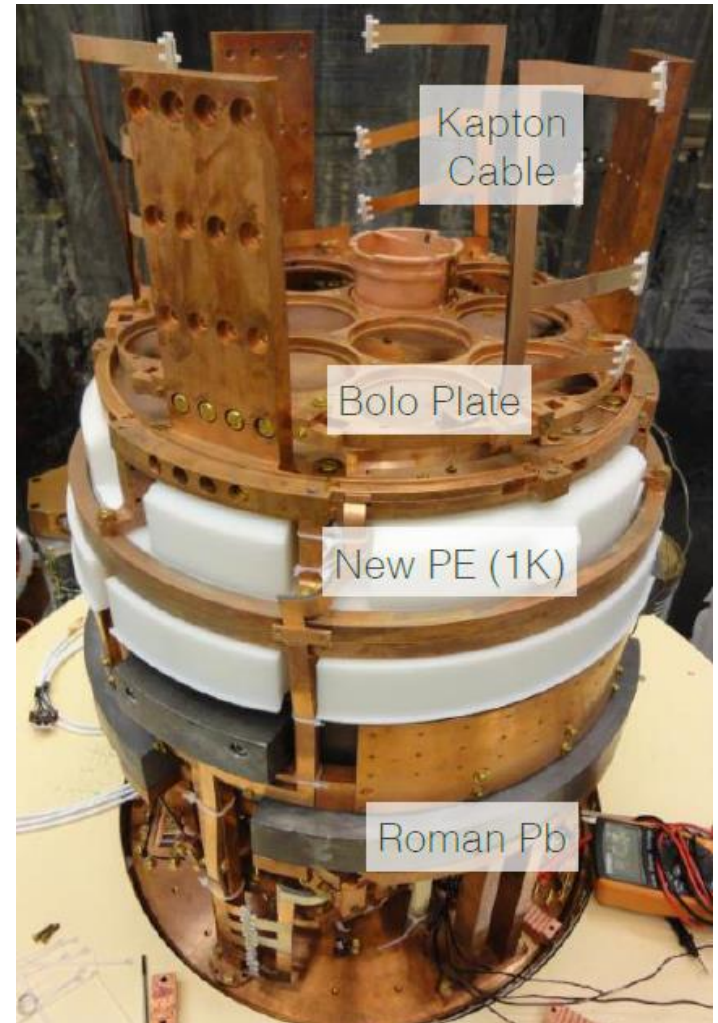
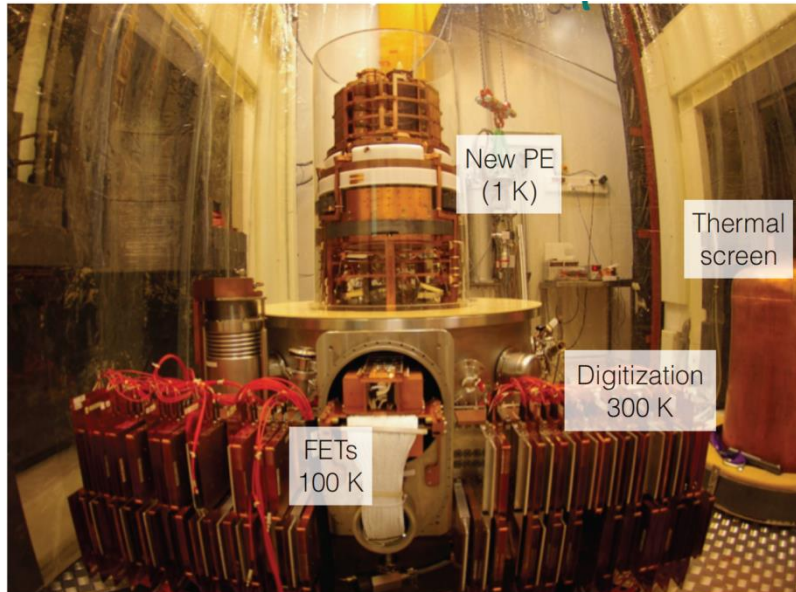
EDELWEISS-III Setup



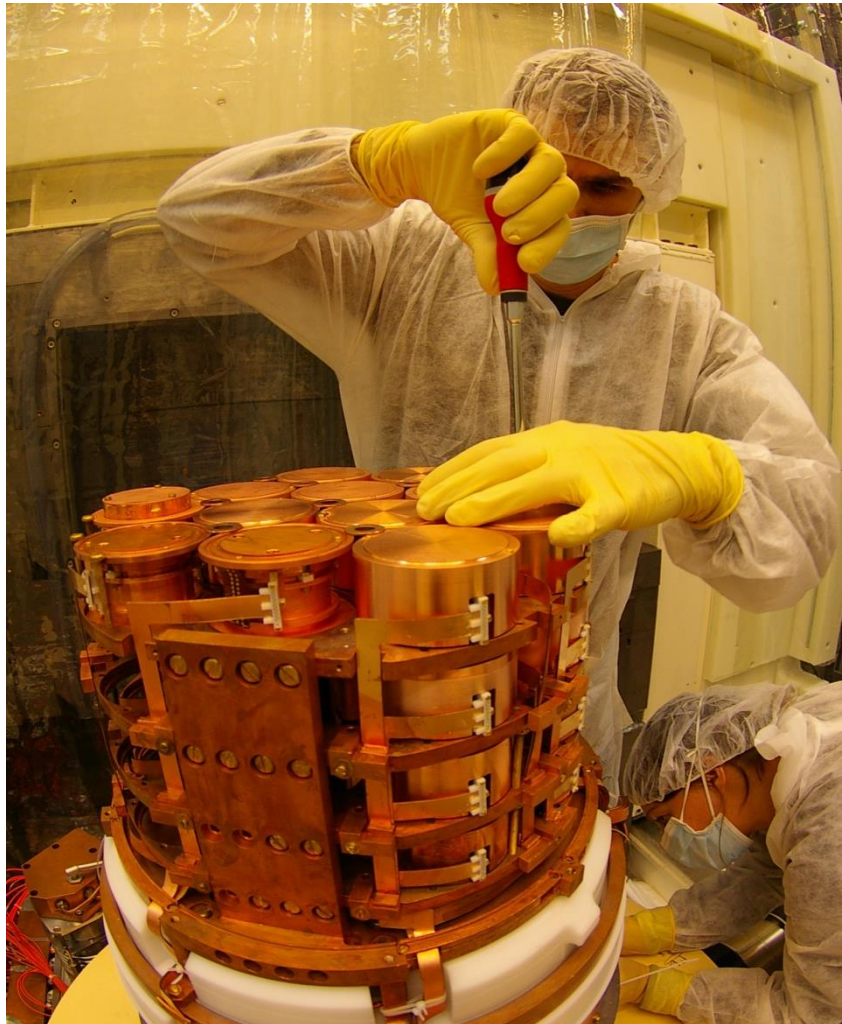
LSM @ Fréjus tunnel



EDELWEISS-III Setup



Current status of EDW-III data taking



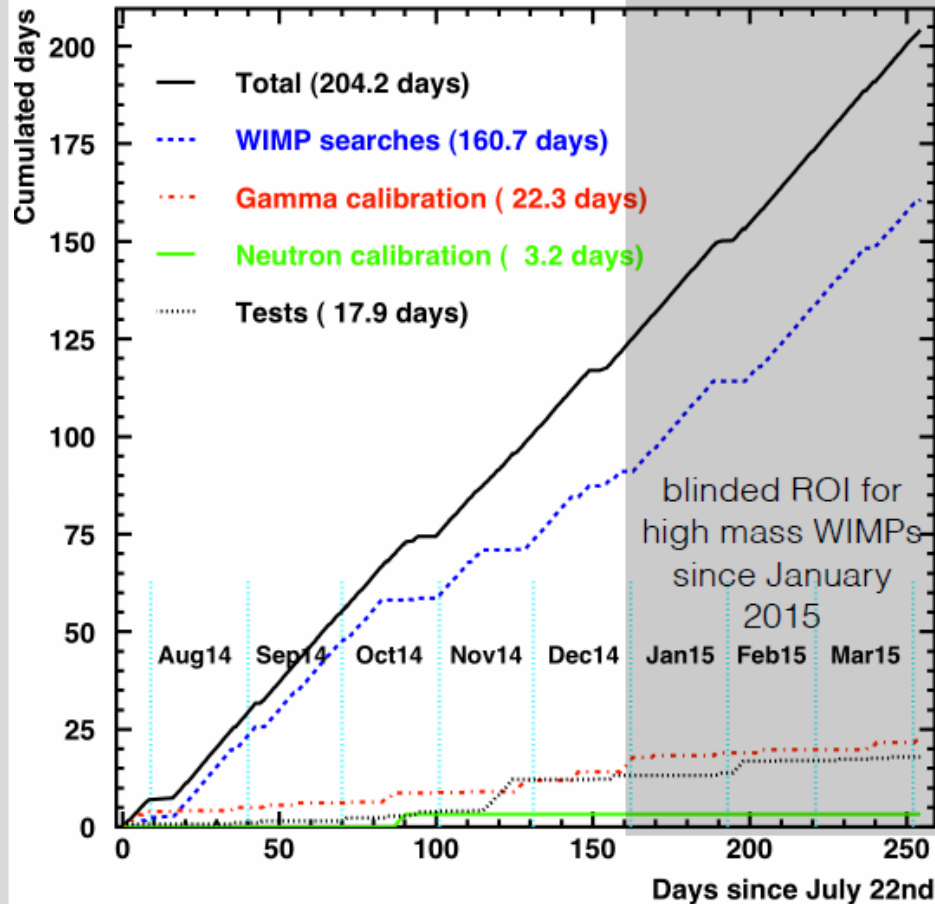
- First physics data taking:
 - July 2014 – April 2015
 - 36 FID 800 g detectors are installed
 - 24 FID 800 g detectors are read out

Standard WIMP search detectors:

Average resolution	Baseline (keV)	356 keV (keV)
FWHM Ion	<0.6	<10
FWHM Heat	<1.0	<15

Current status of EDW-III data taking

EDELWEISS Run308 - Exposure before dead-time correction



■ First physics data taking:

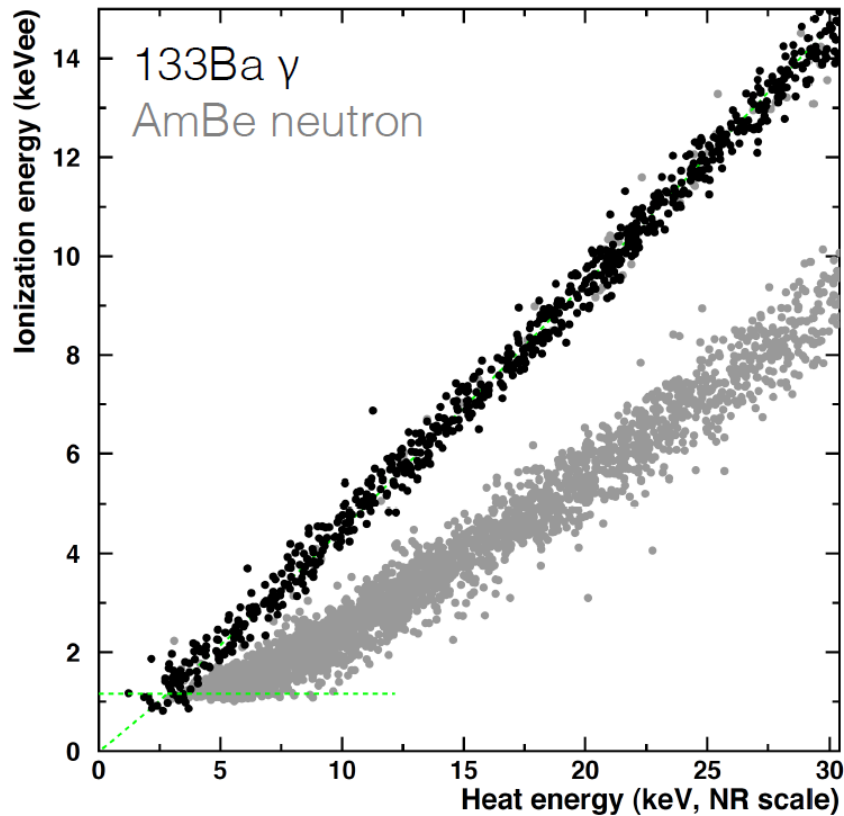
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Standard WIMP search detectors:

Average resolution	Baseline (keV)	356 keV (keV)
FWHM Ion	<0.6	<10
FWHM Heat	<1.0	<15

Improved performance at low energies with FID800 detectors

EDELWEISS-III: (1x) FID800 detector



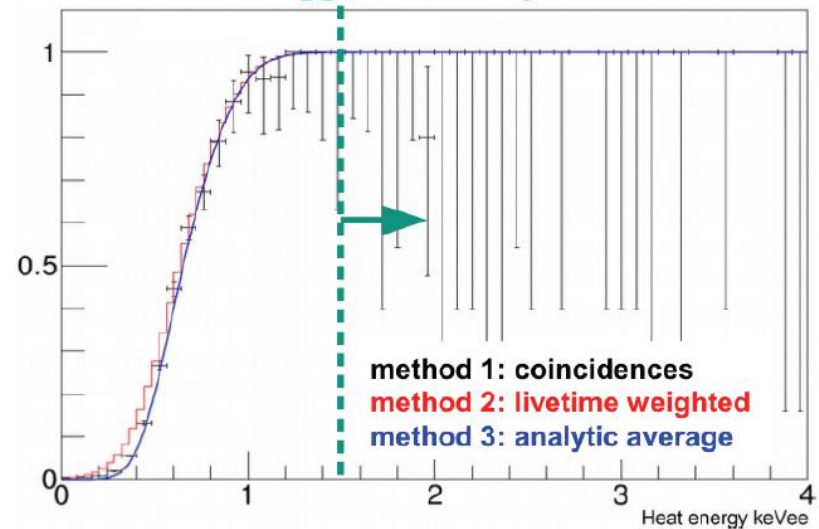
Good performance at low energies

➔ low mass WIMP analysis

	EDW-III subsample (1 x FID800)	EDW-II (4 x ID400)
exposure	35 kg.days	113 kg.days
threshold	3.6 keVnr	≈ 5 keVnr
FWHM ion fid	0.54 keVee	0.72 keVee*
FWHM heat	0.33 keVee	0.82 keVee*

* *best detector*

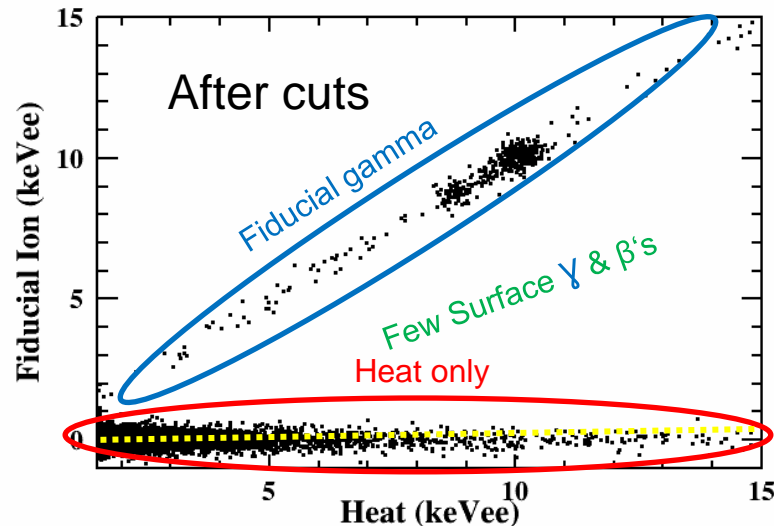
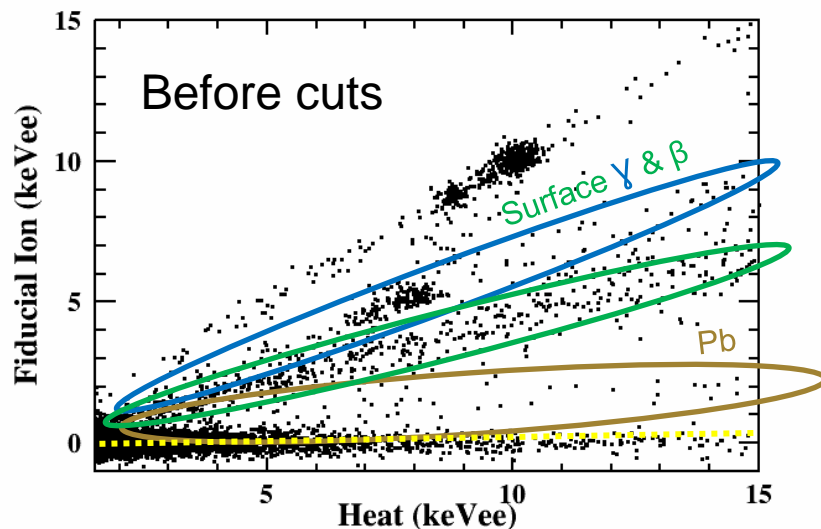
DAQ online trigger efficiency for the detector



Expect ~7 detectors with similar performance

First Low Mass WIMP search with EDW-III Data

1 FID sub-sample: 35 kg days



Loose region of interest (ROI):

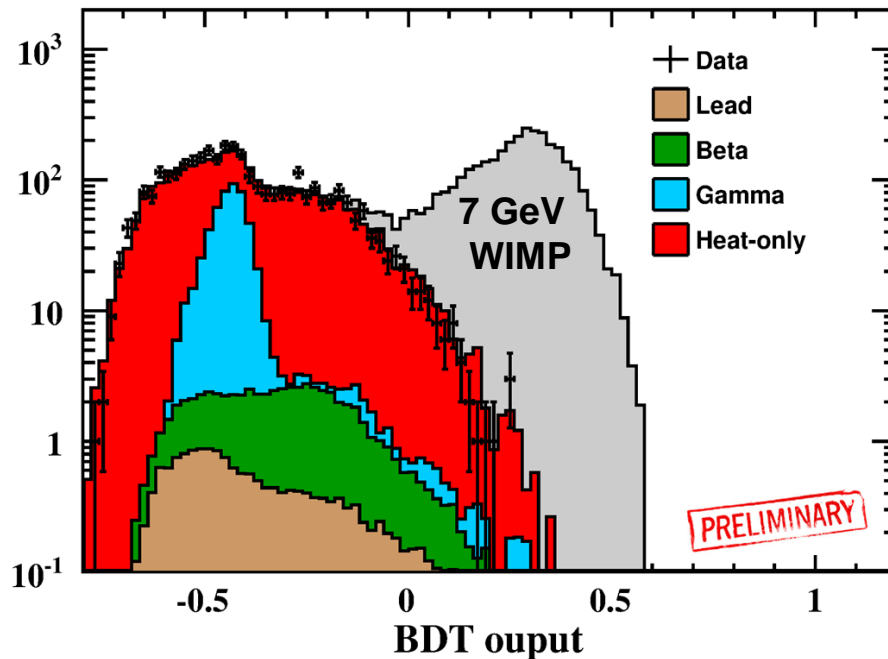
- Single NR only
- $1.5 < E_{\text{heat}} < 15$ keVee
- $0 < E_{\text{ion}} < 15$ keVee
- $E_{\text{veto}} < 5 \sigma$ (fiducial cut)

Low mass analysis ingredients:

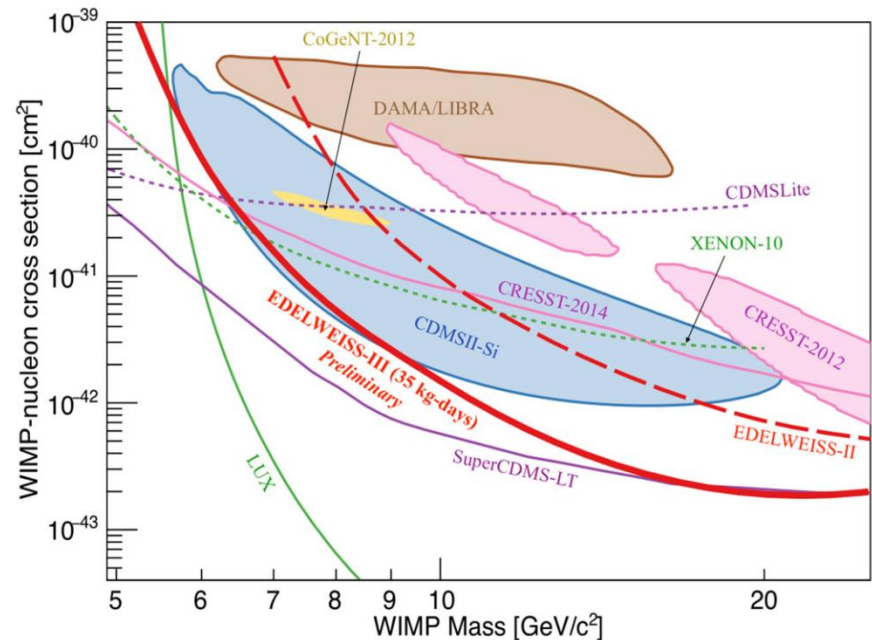
- Boosted decision tree within ROI
- 4 ionization and 2 heat variables for Signal/Background discrimination
- data driven background models

First Low Mass WIMP search with EDW-III Data

1 FID sub-sample: 35 kg days



- one *boosted decision tree* (BDT) per WIMP mass
- conservative limit:
w/o background subtraction



- limits in agreement with previous projections
- already competitive results for small subset of available data
→ **clear room for progress**

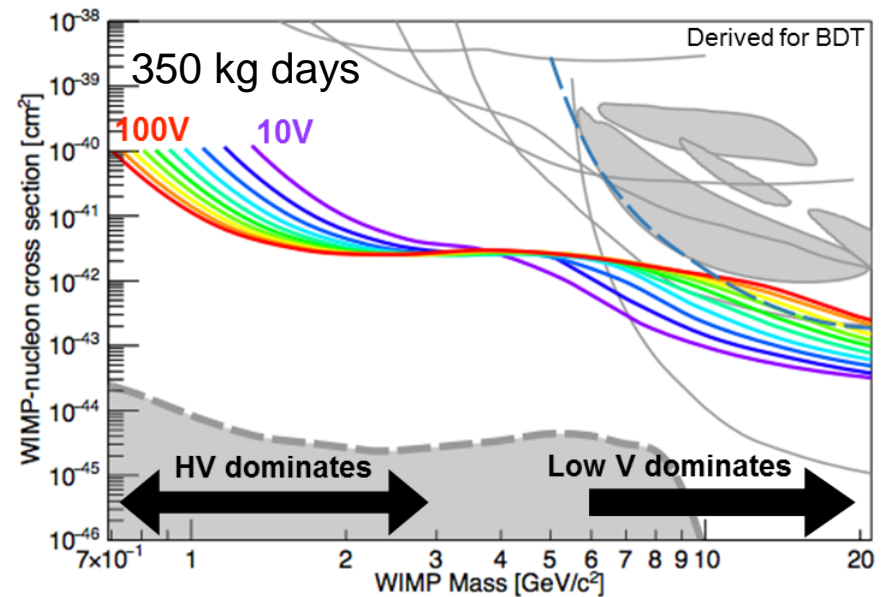
Outlook on EDW-III

- Standard WIMP mass analysis ongoing
- Data taking will resume in June 2015



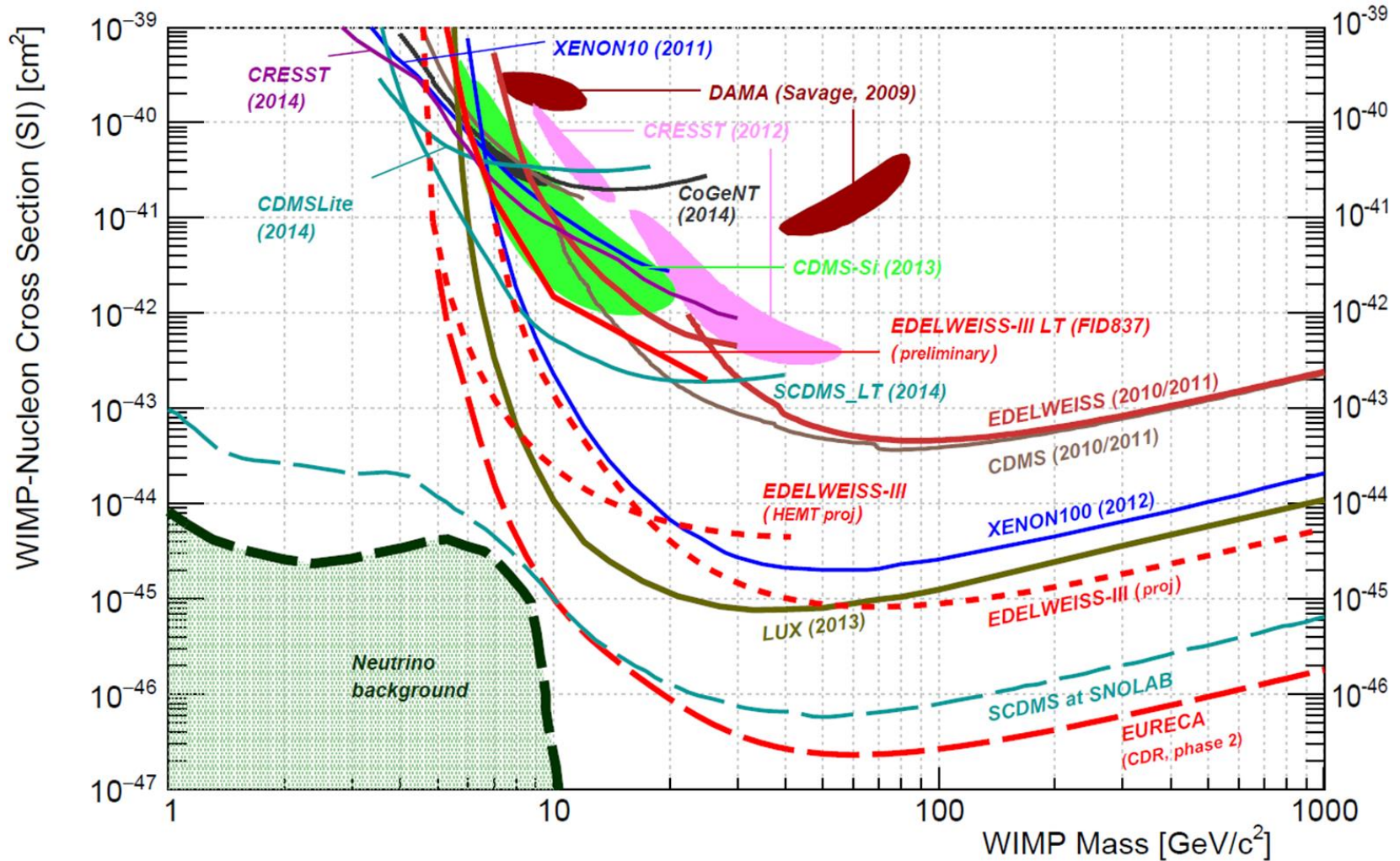
Lower threshold for low mass WIMP search:

- HEMT R&D
- High voltage studies



- reduction of heat only by x 100
- 100 eV (RMS) ion & heat

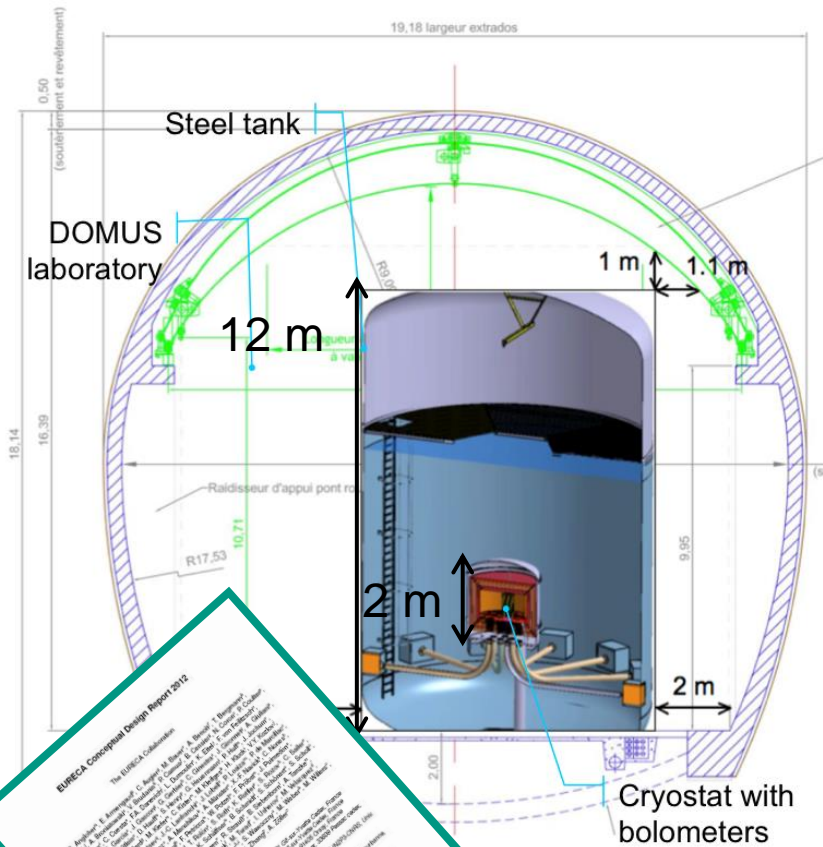
Beyond EDELWEISS-III: EURECA/SuperCDMS



EURECA European Underground Rare Event Calorimeter Array Experiment

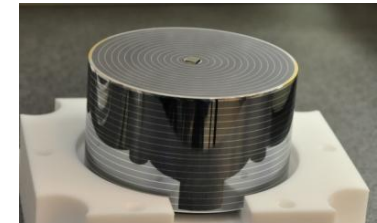
Proposed as 1 tonne cryogenic detector array for the search of WIMPs [CDR]

Cryogenic multi target low-mass WIMP search ($< 15 \text{ GeV}/c^2$)



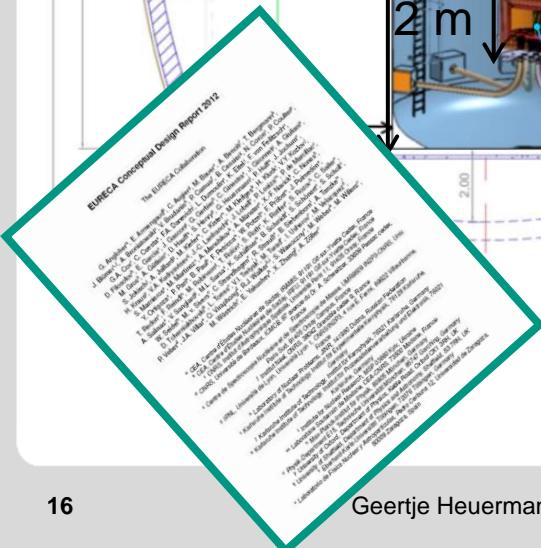
- Low threshold detectors ($1\text{-}2 \text{ keV}_{\text{NR}}$)
- Detector mass $\sim 50 \text{ kg}$
- Ge: Neganov-Luke amplified & low thresh with discrimination

- Cryogenic phonon scintillation detectors (CaWO_4) as used by CRESST



- Cryogenic phonon ionization detectors (Ge crystals) as used by EDELWEISS

@ 10 mK



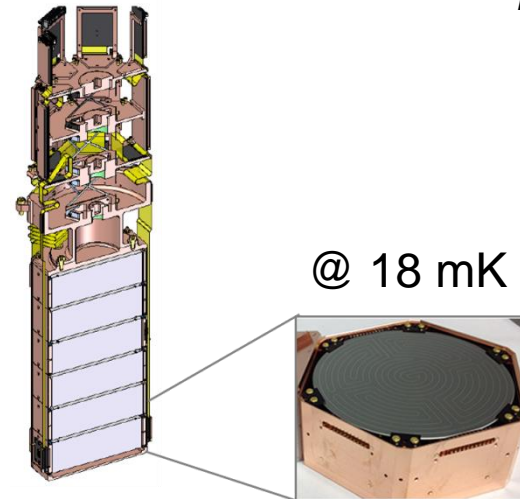
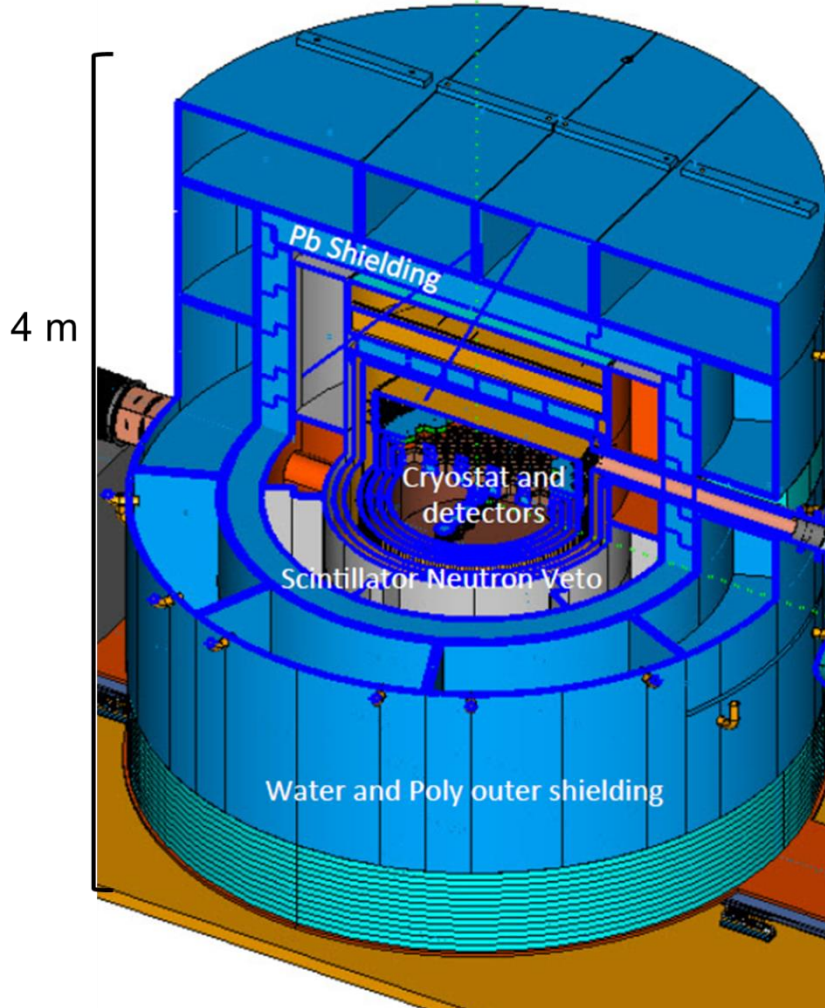
The SuperCDMS SNO⁺ LAB Experiment

MINING FOR KNOWLEDGE
CREUSER POUR TROUVER... L'EXCELLENCE

Cryogenic multi target low-mass WIMP search ($< 10 \text{ GeV}/c^2$)

- Low threshold detectors
- 50 kg of Ge- iZIP detectors for $5 < M_{\text{wimp}} < 10 \text{ GeV}$ search
- Ge- and Si-detectors, CDMS HV for $M_{\text{wimp}} \sim 0.3 - 5 \text{ GeV}$

B.Sadoulet HEPAP 140930



1.38 kg iZIP detector

EURECA and SuperCDMS cooperation

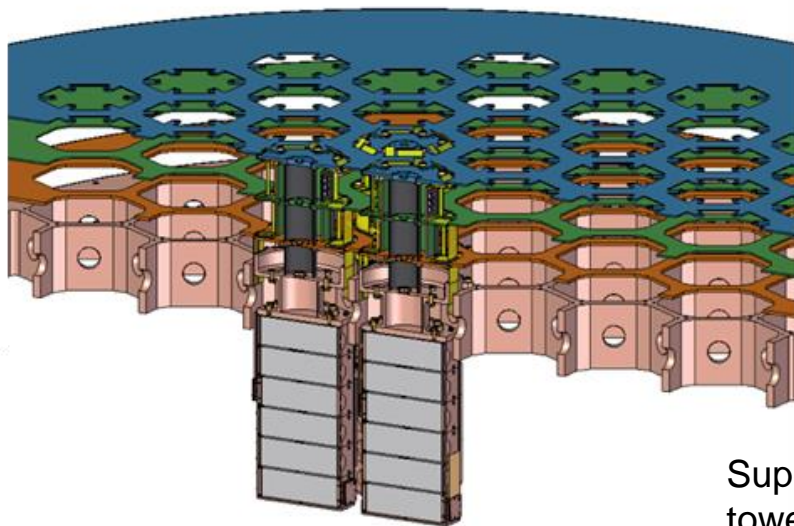
merge into a common next phase bolometer experiment with 2 x 50 kg

Perspective:

- Joined cryogenics, tower structure, warm electronics and DAQ
- Separate detector modules and cold front end electronics

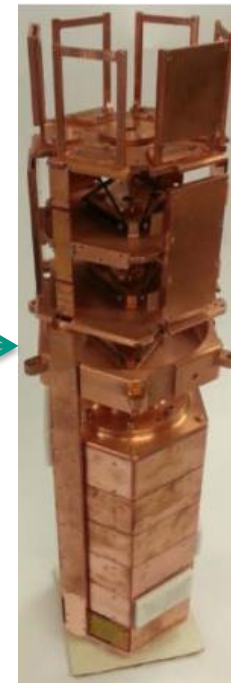
Ongoing studies:

- Design & construction of a compatible towers
- Screening and background simulations

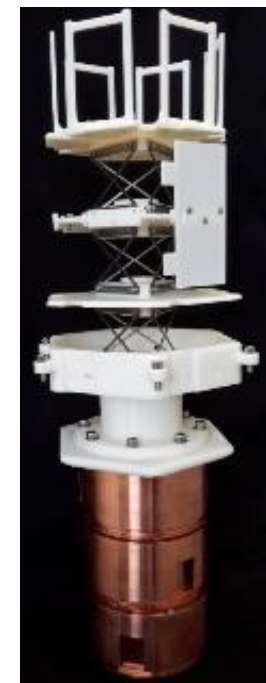


Capacity to hold 400 kg

SuperCDMS detector tower design for SNOlab



EURECA compatible detector tower design for SNOlab



Summary






EDW-III ...

- Low energy WIMP mass analysis shows competitive results for small set of data
- Expect fast improvements in sensitivity:
 - We already have x10 more data of similar quality
 - Will decrease the analysis threshold
- High energy WIMP mass analysis ongoing
- Data taking will resume in June 2015

... and beyond

- EURECA/SCDMS will explore low mass WIMP space with multi-target approach
- R&D to lower threshold ongoing
- R&D to merge into common cryostat at SNOlab ongoing
- 2018 installation of first towers @ SNOlab

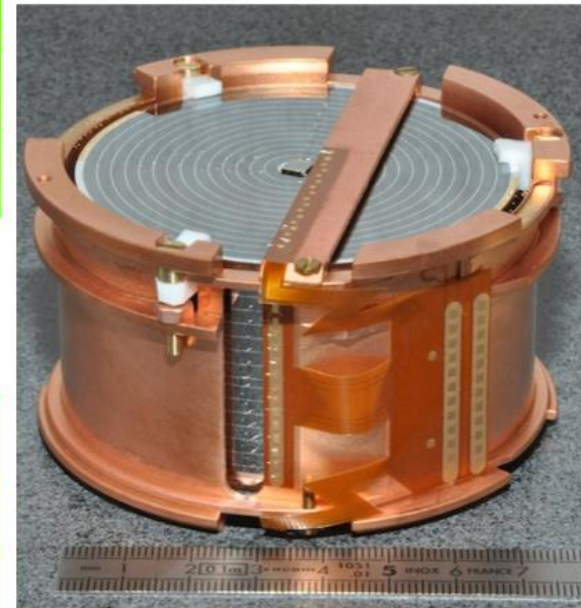
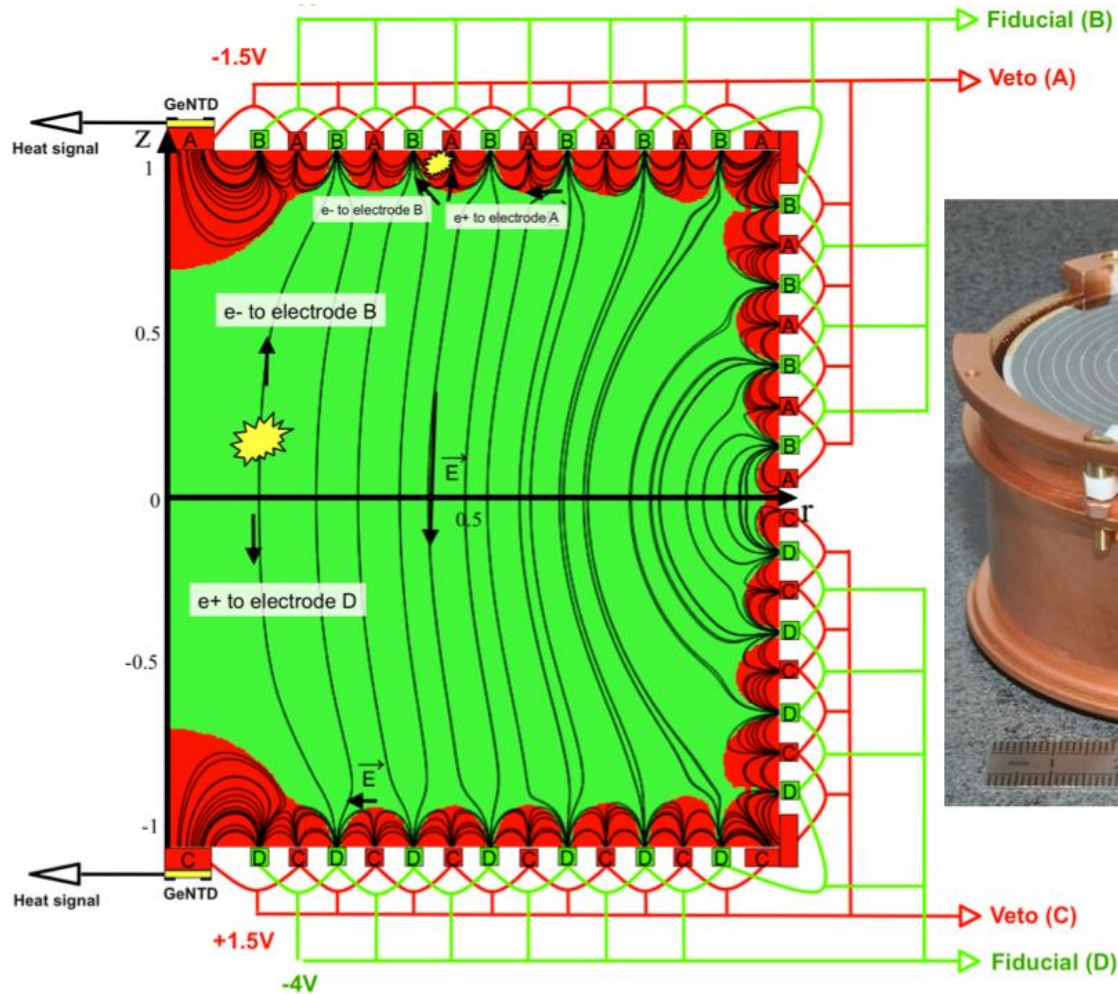
CEA Saclay (IRFU & IRAMIS)
CSNSM Orsay (CNRS/IN2P3 & Paris Sud)
IPNL Lyon (CNRS/IN2P3 & Univ. Lyon 1)
Néel Grenoble (CNRS/INP)
LPN Marcoussis (CNRS)

 KIT Karlsruhe (IKP, EKP, IPE)
 JINR Dubna
 Oxford University
 University of Sheffield


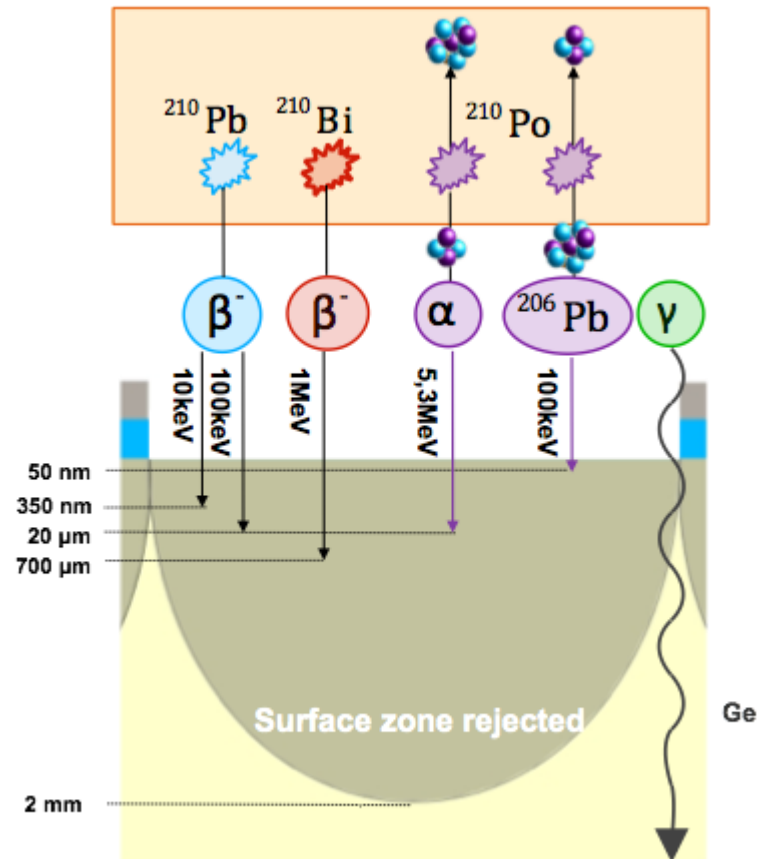


BACKUP SLIDES

FID Detector Scheme



FID Surface Rejection



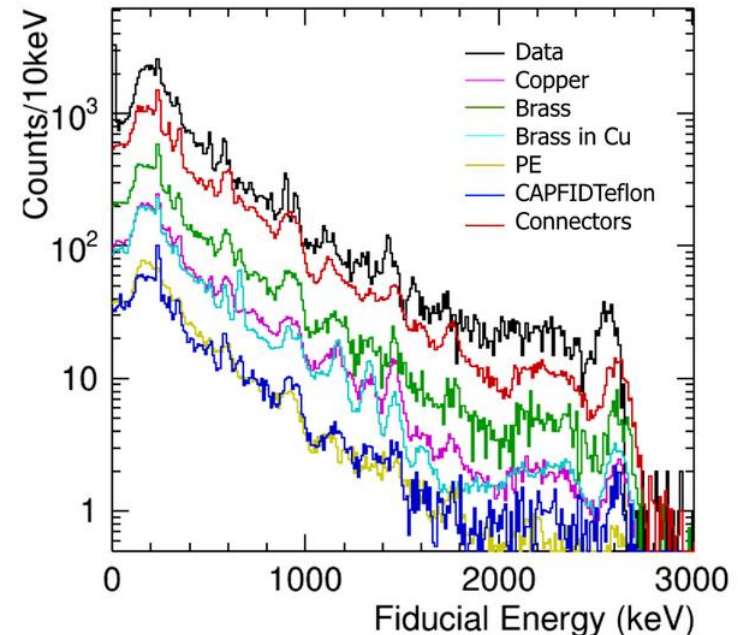
EDW-III background budget

Gamma Background

- In the fiducial volume, the gamma rate in ROI (100keV-4MeV) is 235counts/(kgd), considering a fiducial exposure of about 380kgd
- fiducial volume, the gamma rate in ROI (20-200keV) is 70 counts/(kgd), considering a fiducial exposure of about 380kgd

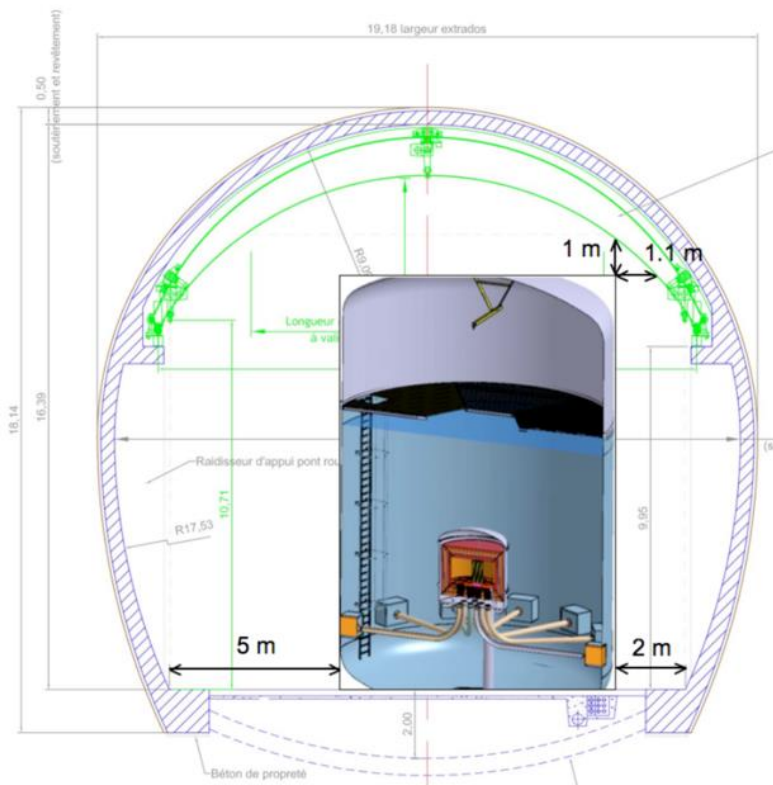
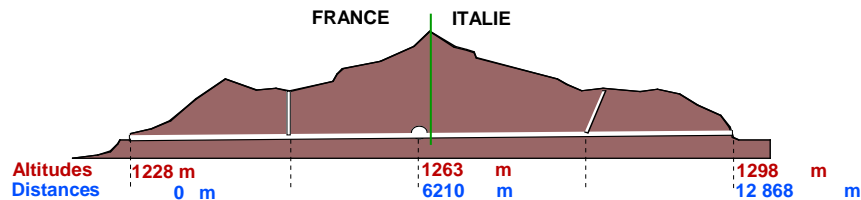
Neutron Background (SOURCES & GEANT4)

Comparison by Material - Fiducial Energy



Number of Ge detectors	kg·d	$E_{th} > 10 \text{ keV}; \text{ Second Hit} > 3 \text{ keV}$		$E_{th} > 20 \text{ keV}; \text{ Second Hit} > 10 \text{ keV}$	
		Total	Single	Total	Single
24	5431	4.8	1.4	3.2	1.1
36	8147	7.9	2.2	5.2	1.7

Provision of Low Background Environment



Passive shielding: α , β , γ , n

- Internal: 15 cm of $\text{Cu}/\text{C}_n\text{H}_{2n}$
- External: 3m of water

Requirements on radiopurity:

- U/Th in Cu of the cryostat < 0.02mBq/kg
- U/Th in inner shielding < 10 mBq/kg

Active shielding: μ -induced neutrons

- Muon Veto: water Cerenkov detector

Expected Background in 550 kg of Ge-Detectors [CDR]

Source	Material	Mass kg	Contaminations U/Th, ppb	Gamma-rays events/kg/year	Neutrons events/year
Screens, Cu parts	Cu	3000	<0.002	<330	<0.07
Support rods	Cu-Ni alloy	100	0.01	20	0.05
Cables, 10 mK	Cu, Kapton	3	0.5	30	0.04
Holdings	Kapton	0.2	1	50	0.01
Holdings	Acrylic	0.5	0.01	2	0.0002
Screws	Cu, Zn	10	0.2	330	0.03
Electrodes	Al	0.0001	200	13	0.05
Connectors	Cu, Delrin	1	1	<5	0.01
Cables	Cu, Kapton	2	0.5	<5	0.01
Neutron shielding	Acrylic	200	0.01	<5	0.04
Neutron shielding	CH ₂	300	0.1	<30	0.03
Electronics	FR4	1	2000	6	0.03
Water shielding	Water	0.4 kt	0.001	60	0.003
Muon-induced	All	–	–	–	<0.15
Total				<900	<0.53

Provision of Low Background in SCDMS

