



Flavourful footprints towards TeV scale Physics

Clara Murgui

In collaboration with Pavel Fileviez Pérez (CWRU), Alexis Plascencia (Frascati),
and Mark B. Wise (Caltech)

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MPIK Heidelberg

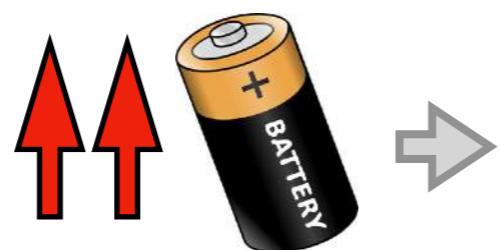
Collaborators



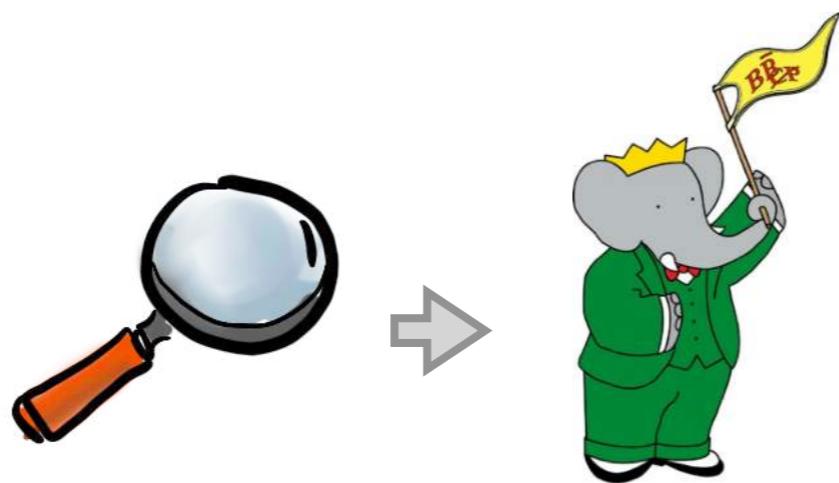
Accessing High Energies

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \mathcal{O} \left(\frac{\text{Energy}}{\Lambda_{\text{NP}}} \right)^n$$

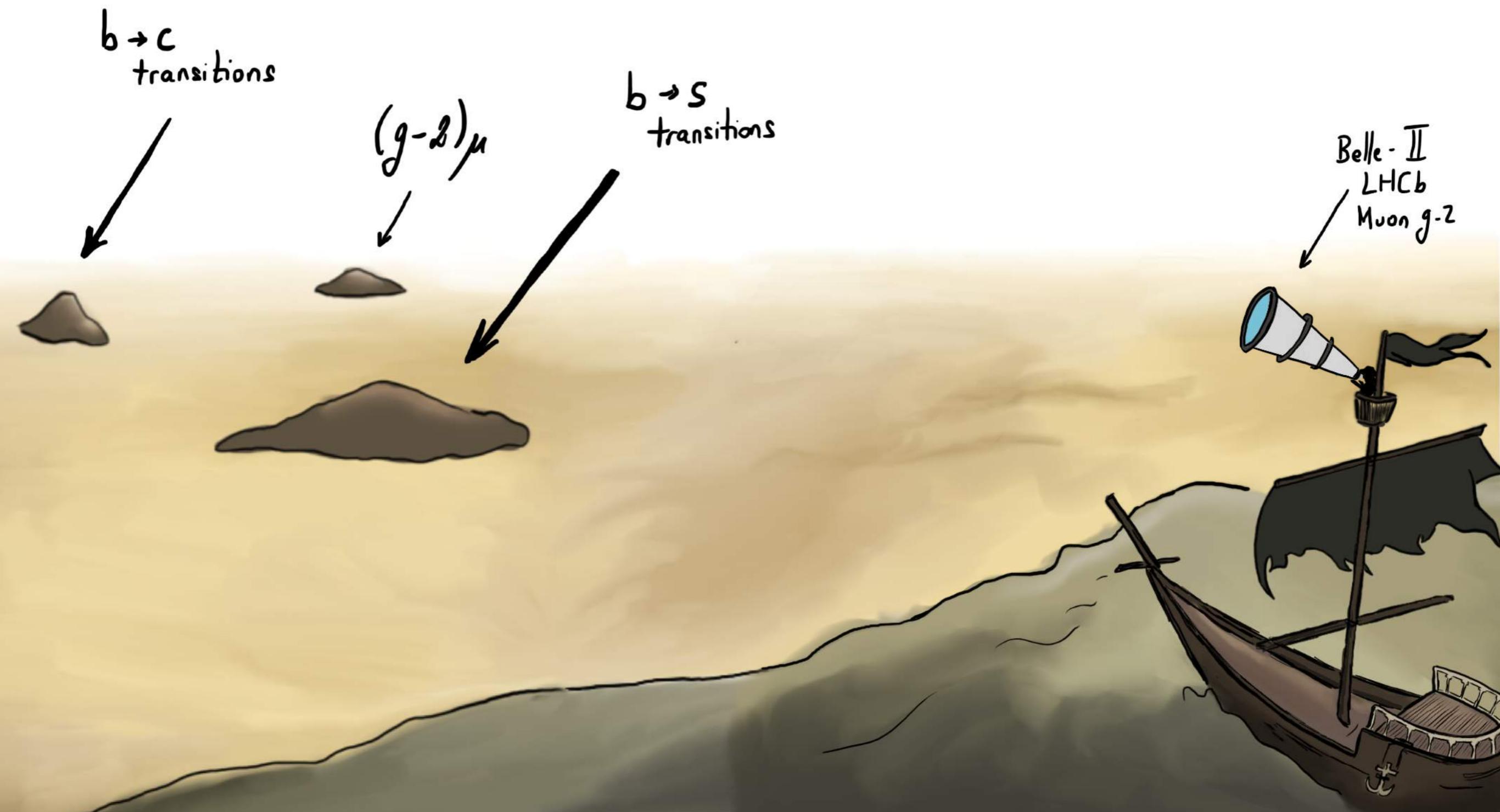
Construction of
Super colliders



Precision
Physics

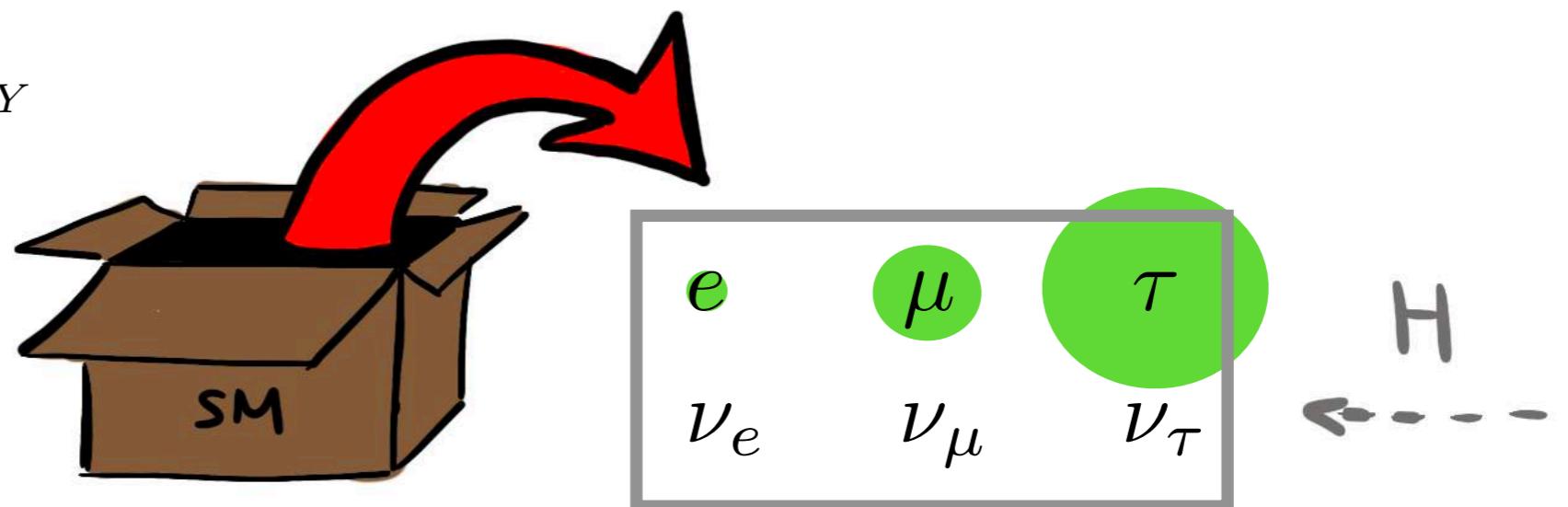


Lepton Flavor Universality **Violation**



Lepton Flavour Universality (Violation)

$$SU(3)_C \otimes SU(2)_L \otimes U(1)_Y$$



γ_μ

e μ τ

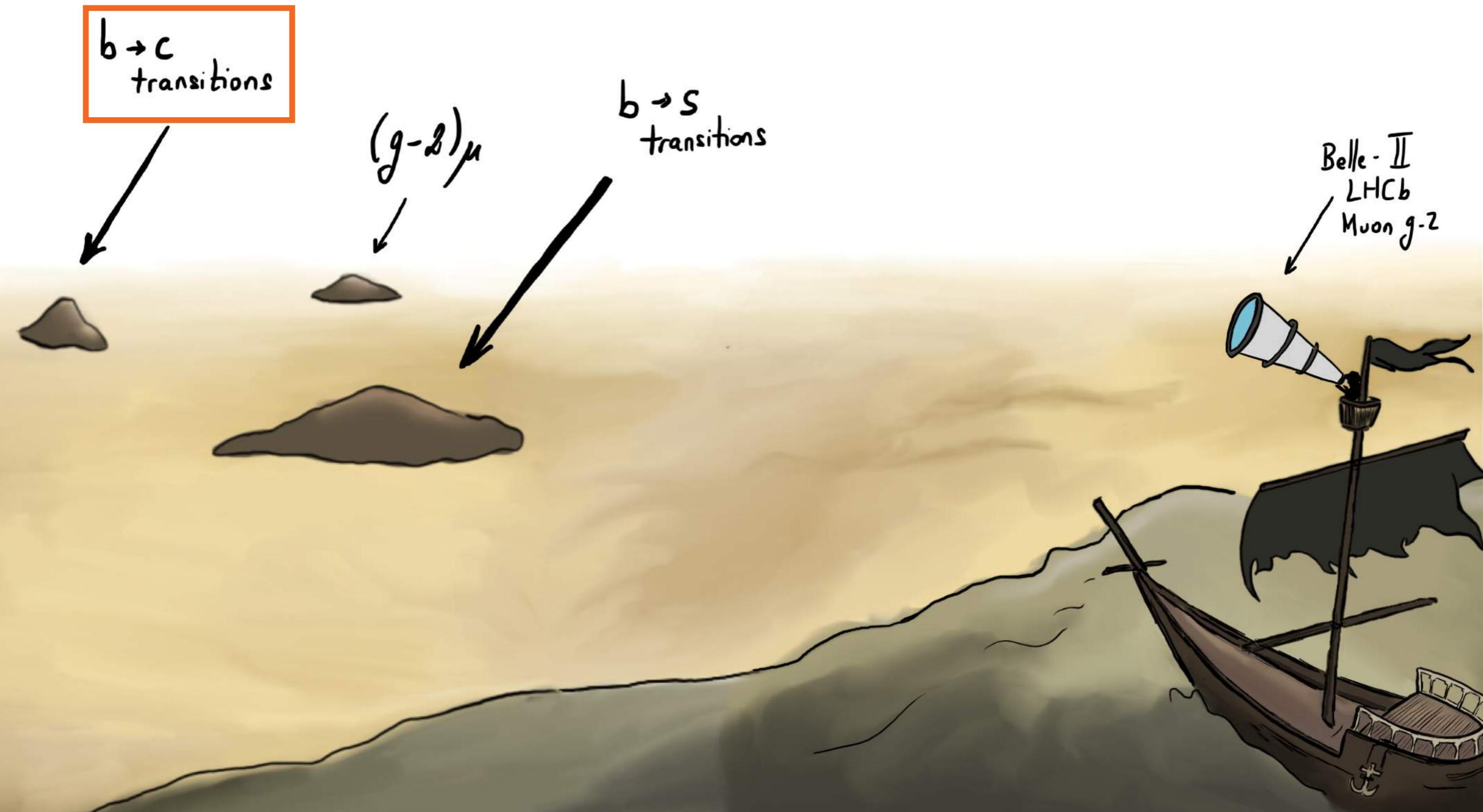
g_μ

e_L μ_L τ_L $(\nu_e)_L$ $(\nu_\mu)_L$ $(\nu_\tau)_L$

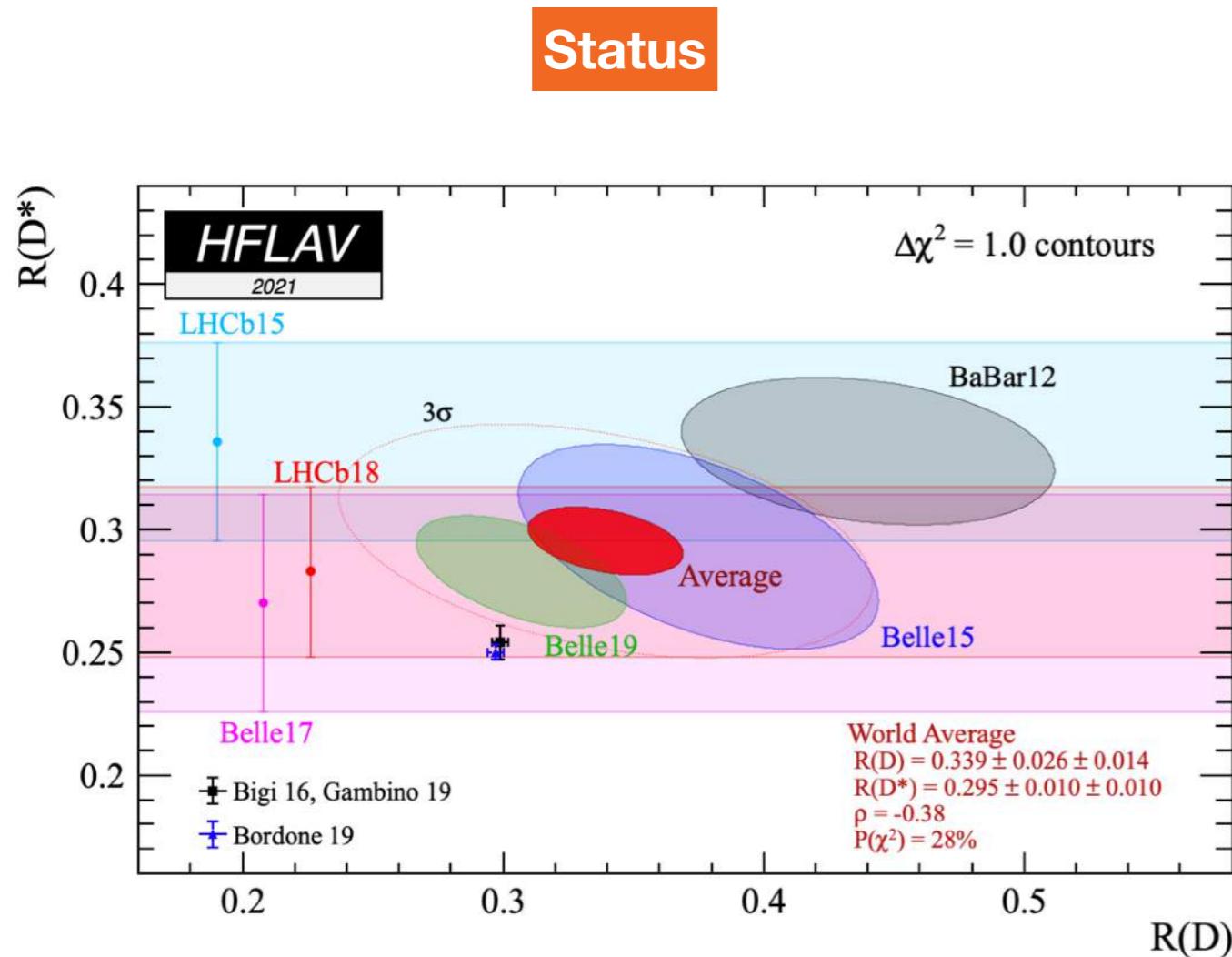
$\tilde{\chi}_\mu$

e μ τ ν_e ν_μ ν_τ

Anomalies in $b \rightarrow c$ transitions

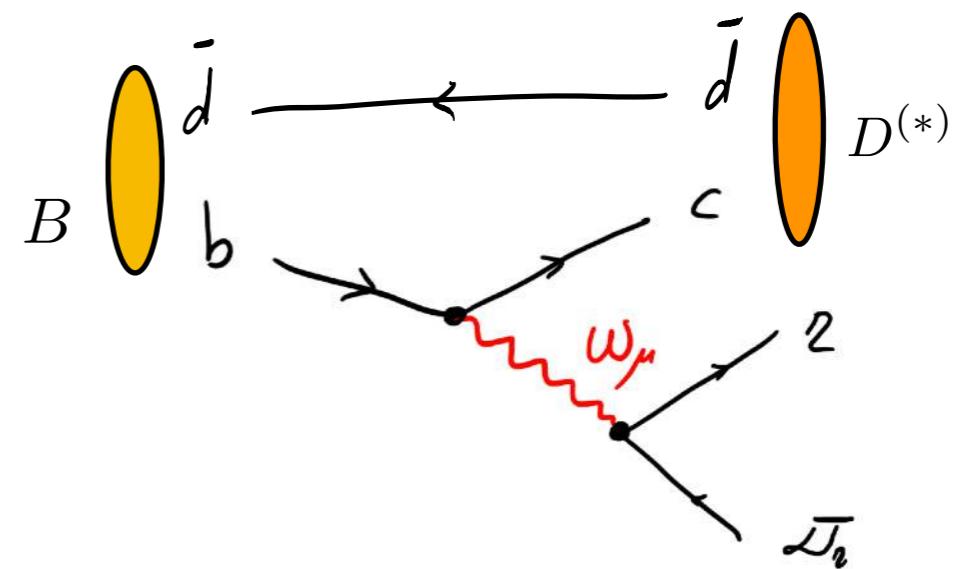


Anomalies in $b \rightarrow c$ transitions



→ $\mathcal{R}_{D^{(*)}} \equiv \frac{\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow D^{(*)}\tau\bar{\nu}_\tau)}{\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow D^{(*)}\ell\bar{\nu}_\ell)}$ **3.4 σ**

HFLAV, up to date

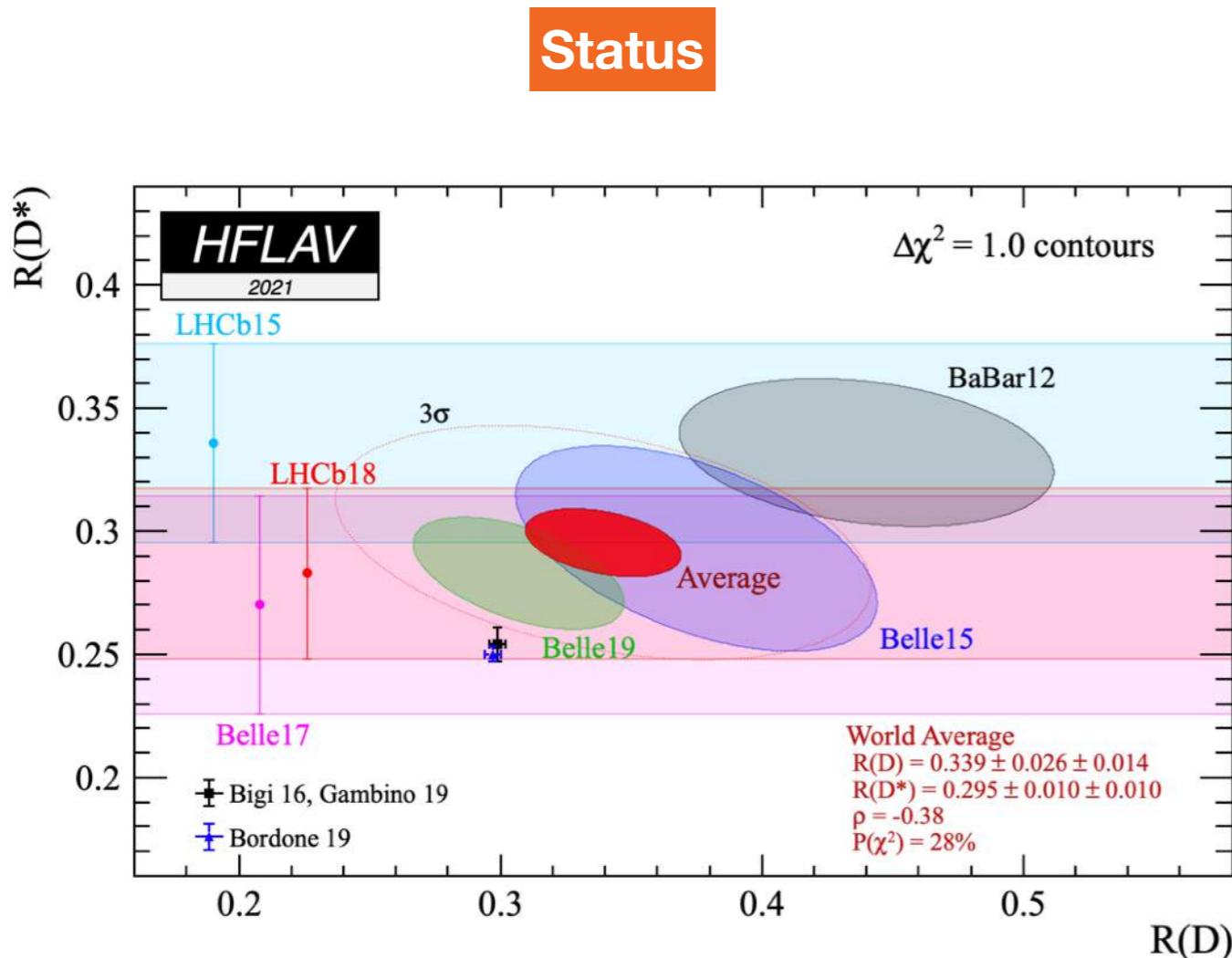


[LHCb, 1506.08614, 1708.08856, 1711.02505]

[Belle, 1507.03233, 1607.07923, 1612.00529, 1709.00129, 1904.02440]

[BaBar, 1205.5442, 1303.0571]

Anomalies in $b \rightarrow c$ transitions



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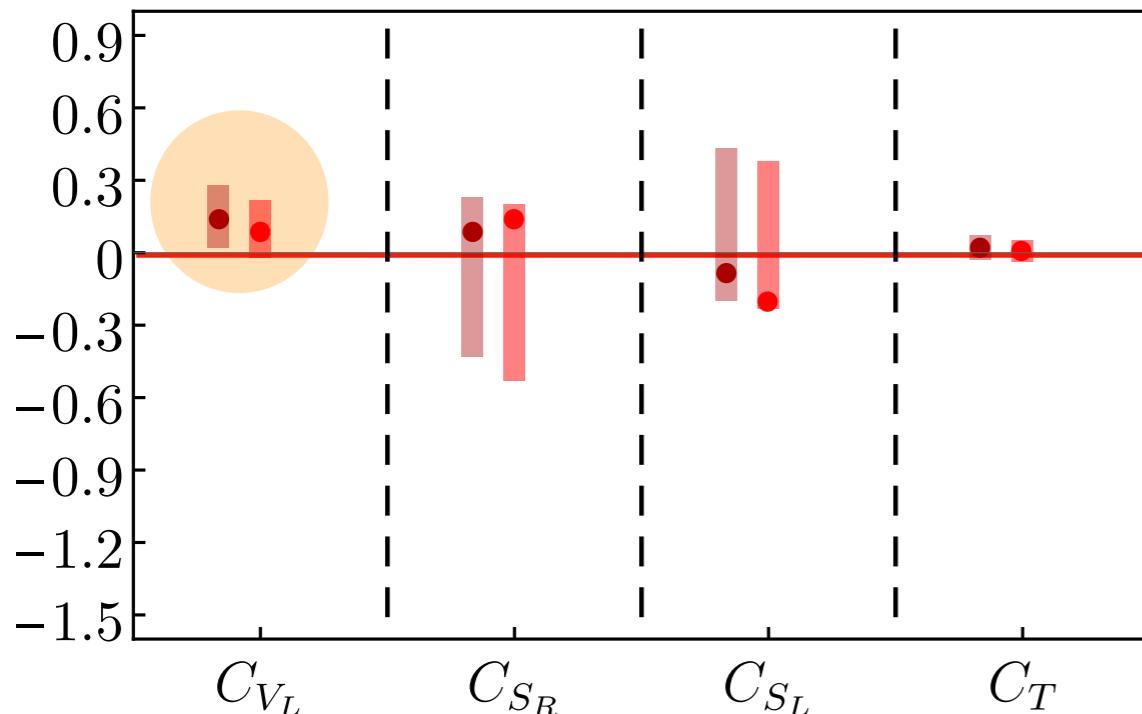
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HFLAV, up to date
- $\mathcal{R}_{J/\Psi} \equiv \frac{\mathcal{B}(B_c \rightarrow J/\Psi\tau\bar{\nu}_\tau)}{\mathcal{B}(B_c \rightarrow J/\Psi\mu\bar{\nu}_\mu)} = 0.71 \pm 0.17 \pm 0.18$
LHCb, 2017 1.7 σ
 $R_{J/\Psi SM} \sim 0.25 - 0.28$
- $\bar{\mathcal{P}}_\tau^{D^*} = -0.38 \pm 0.51^{+0.21}_{-0.16}$
Belle, 2016
 $\mathcal{P}_\tau(D^*)_{SM} = -0.499 \pm 0.003$
- $\bar{F}_L^{D^*} = 0.60 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.04 \quad 1.6 \sigma$
Belle, 2019
- $\mathcal{R}_{\Lambda_c} = 0.242 \pm 0.026 \pm 0.040 \pm 0.059$
LHCb, 2022 1 σ

Anomalies in $b \rightarrow c$ transitions

[1904.0931, C.M., Jung, Peñuelas, Pich]

GLOBAL FIT

- SM: $\chi^2_{SM} = 65.5 / 57$ d.o.f.
- New Physics: $\chi^2_{min1b} = 37.4 / 54$ d.o.f.



- Min 1, Pre-Moriond '19
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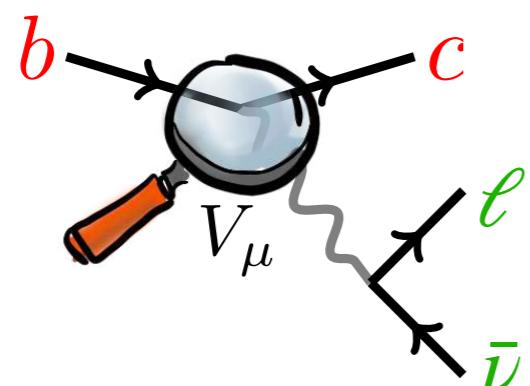
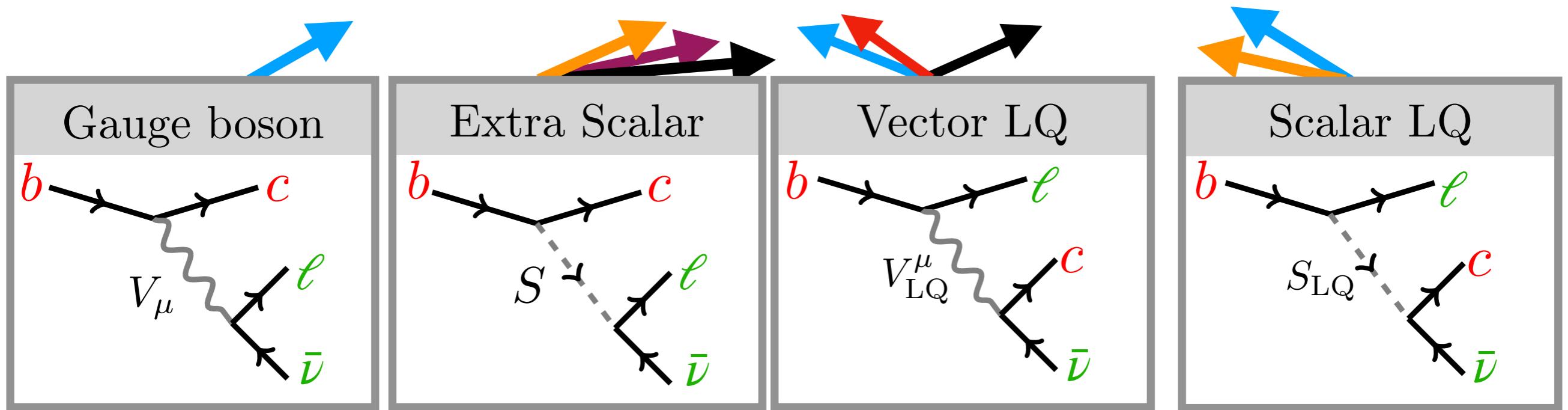
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1 σ

Wilson coefficients

$$\mathcal{H}_{\text{eff}} = \frac{4G_F}{\sqrt{2}} [(1 + C_{V_L}) \mathcal{O}_{V_L} + C_{V_R} \mathcal{O}_{V_R} + C_{S_R} \mathcal{O}_{S_R} + C_{S_L} \mathcal{O}_{S_L} + C_T \mathcal{O}_T] + \text{h.c.}$$

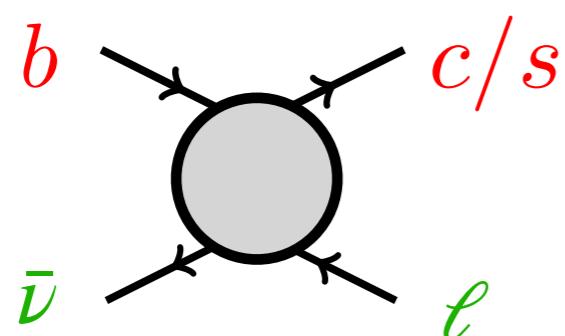
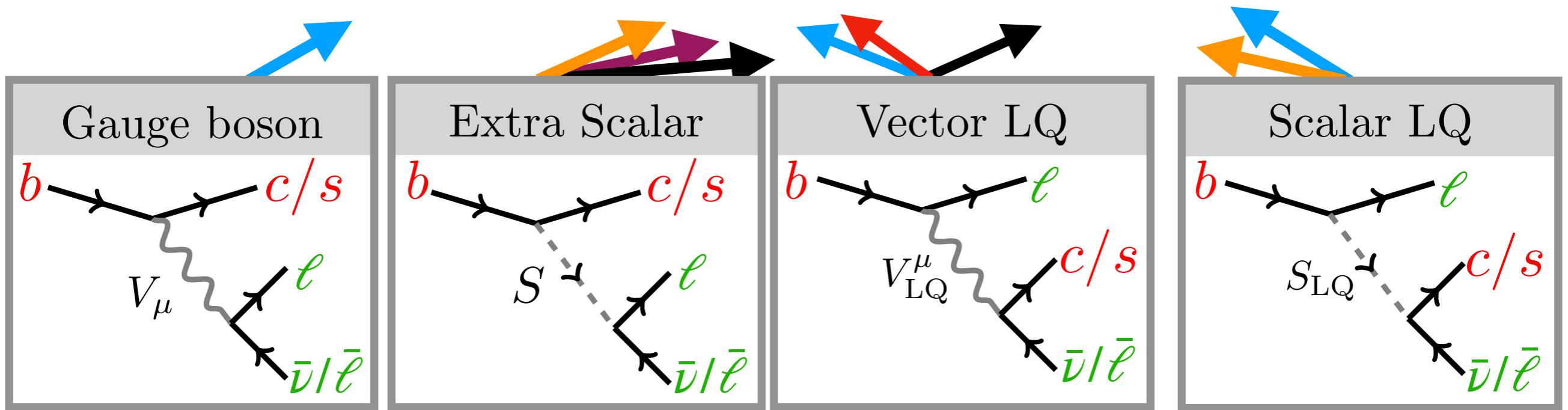


$$\frac{-g_{\mu\nu} + \frac{q_\mu q_\nu}{M_V^2}}{q^2 - M_V^2} \quad q^2 \ll M_V^2$$

Taylor exp. $\frac{1}{1-x} = 1 - x + x^2 - x^3 + \dots$

Wilson coefficients

$$\mathcal{H}_{\text{eff}} = \frac{4G_F}{\sqrt{2}} [(1 + \textcolor{blue}{C}_{V_L}) \mathcal{O}_{V_L} + \textcolor{red}{C}_{V_R} \mathcal{O}_{V_R} + \textcolor{orange}{C}_{S_R} \mathcal{O}_{S_R} + \textcolor{violet}{C}_{S_L} \mathcal{O}_{S_L} + C_T \mathcal{O}_T] + \text{h.c.}$$



$$\frac{-g_{\mu\nu} + \frac{q_\mu q_\nu}{M_V^2}}{q^2 - M_V^2} \quad q^2 \ll M_V^2$$

$$\frac{g_{\mu\nu}}{M_V^2} (1 + \mathcal{O}(M_V^{-2}))$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{V_L} = (\bar{c} \gamma^\mu P_L b)(\bar{\ell} \gamma_\mu P_L \nu_\ell),$$

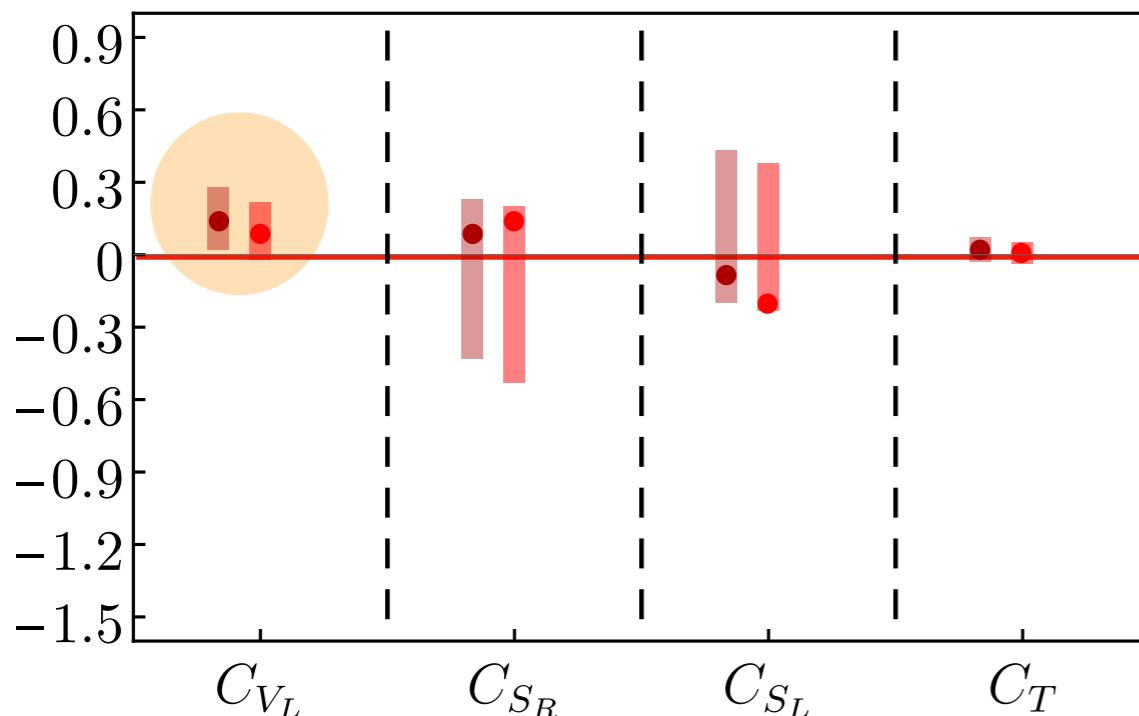
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1 σ

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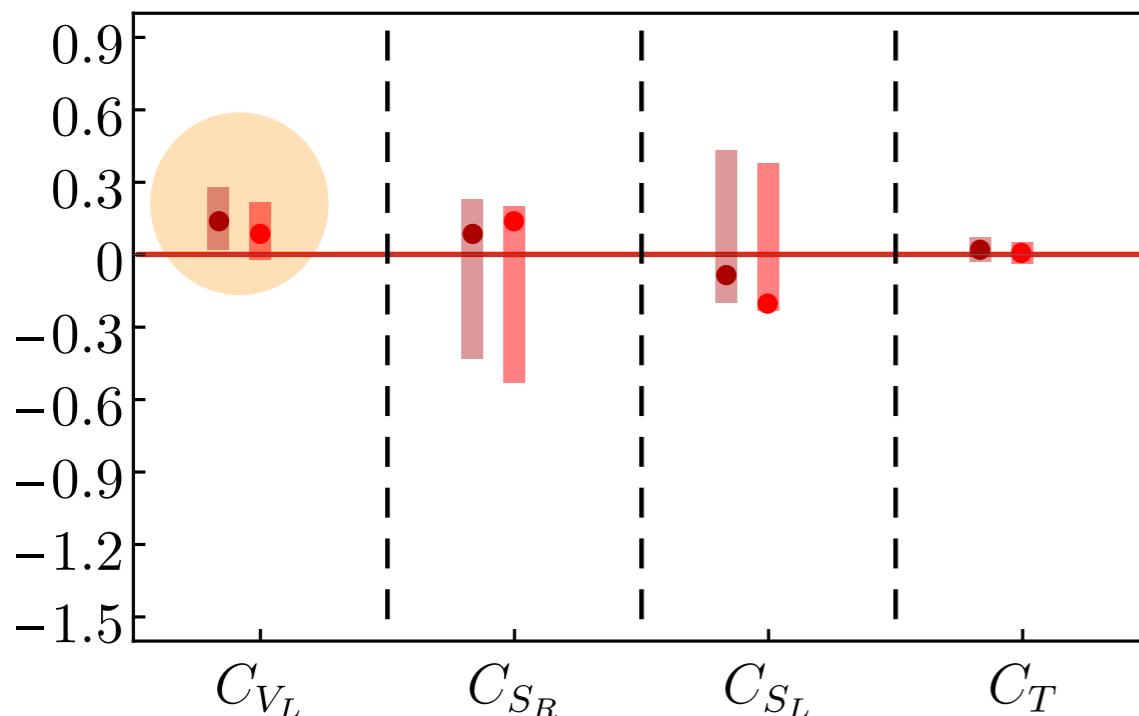
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GLOBAL FIT

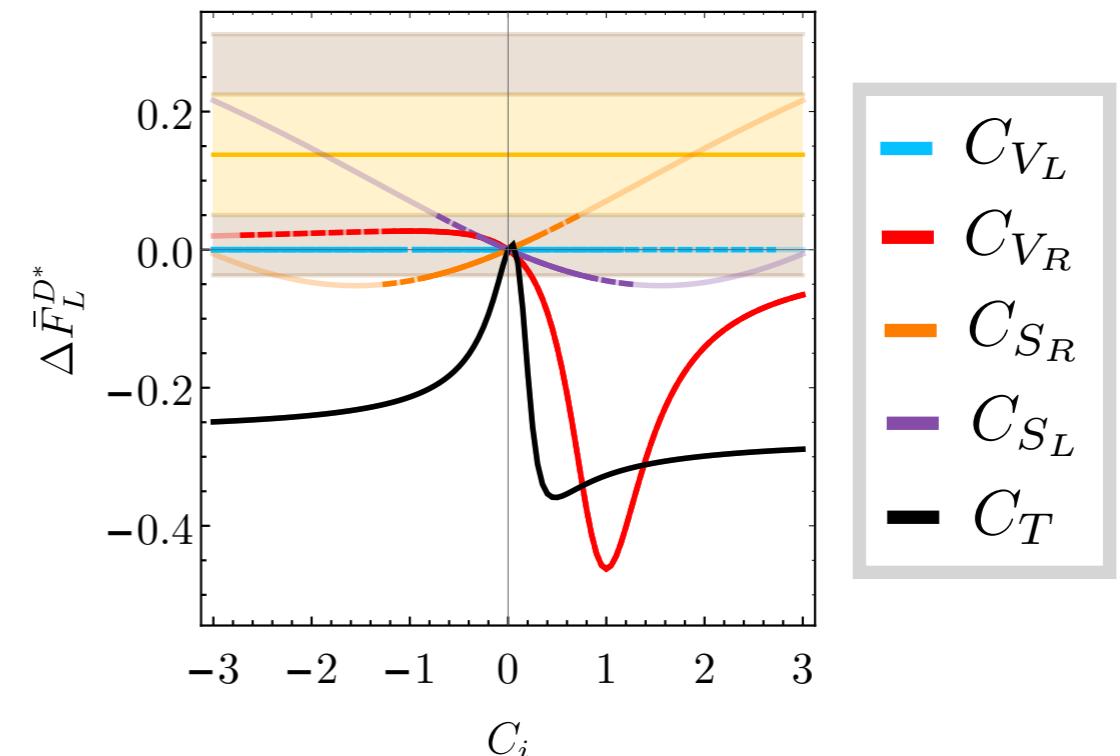
$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{R}_{D^{(*)}} \equiv \frac{\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow D^{(*)}\tau\bar{\nu}_\tau)}{\mathcal{B}(B \rightarrow D^{(*)}\ell\bar{\nu}_\ell)} \quad 3.4 \sigma$$

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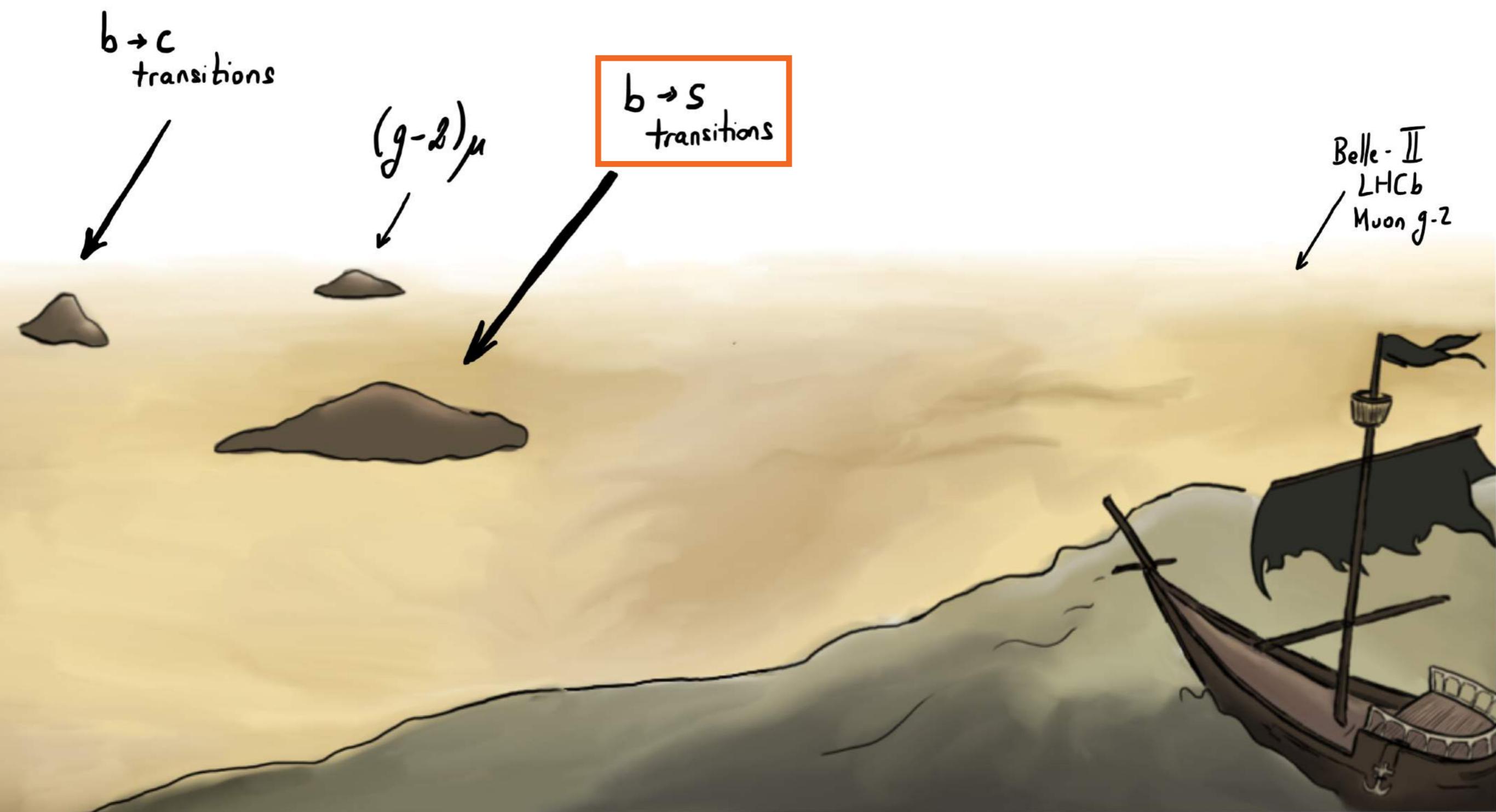
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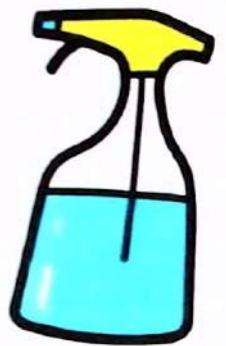
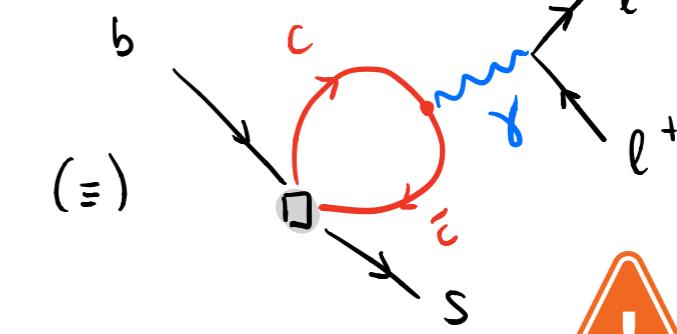
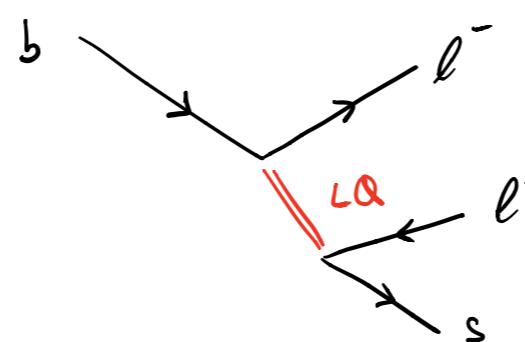
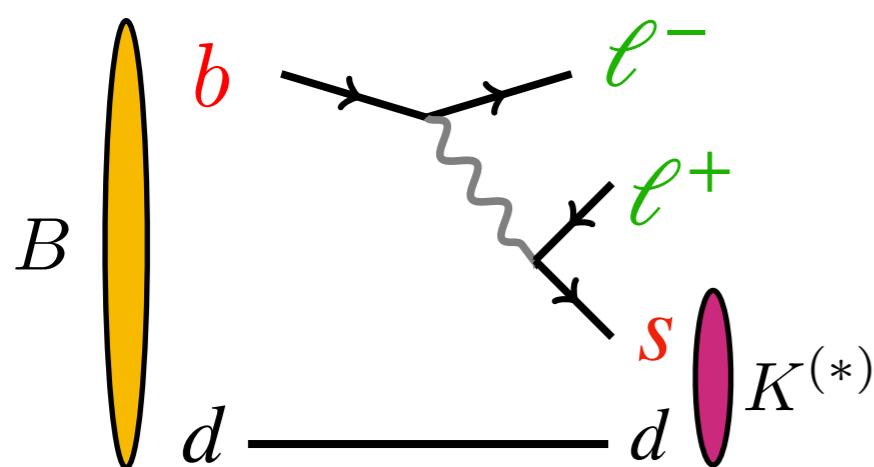
1 σ

Anomalies in $b \rightarrow s$ transitions



Anomalies in $b \rightarrow s$ transitions

$$\mathcal{R}_K = \frac{\int_{1.1 \text{ GeV}^2}^{6.0 \text{ GeV}^2} \frac{d\text{Br}(B \rightarrow K \mu^+ \mu^-)}{dq^2} dq^2}{\int_{1.1 \text{ GeV}^2}^{6.0 \text{ GeV}^2} \frac{d\text{Br}(B \rightarrow K e^+ e^-)}{dq^2} dq^2} \stackrel{\text{SM}}{\simeq} \frac{\Delta_{\text{SM}} + \Delta C_9^{\text{univ}}}{\Delta_{\text{SM}} + \Delta C_9^{\text{univ}}} \simeq 1 \quad \Rightarrow \text{Clean Observables!}$$



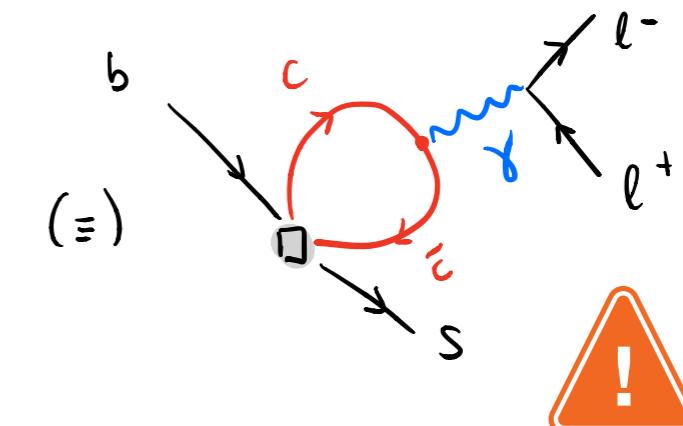
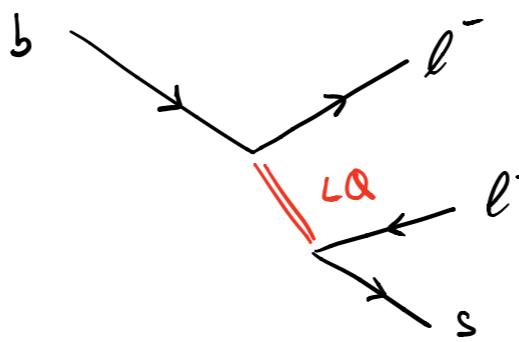
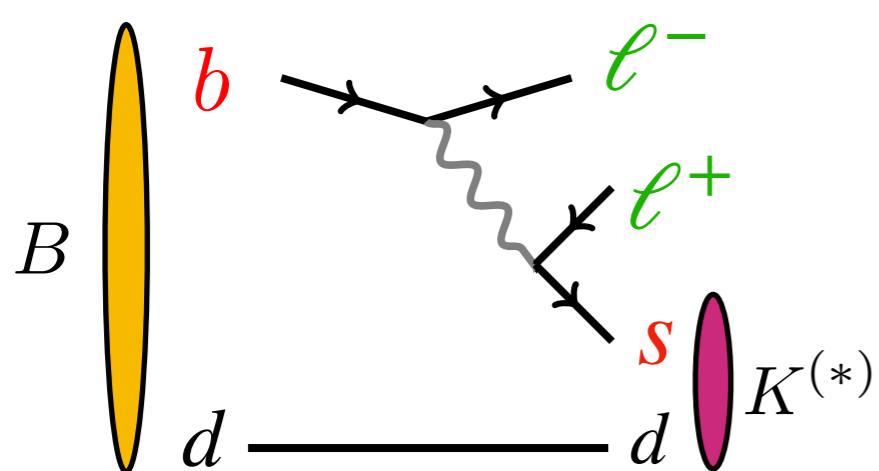
Clean Observables!



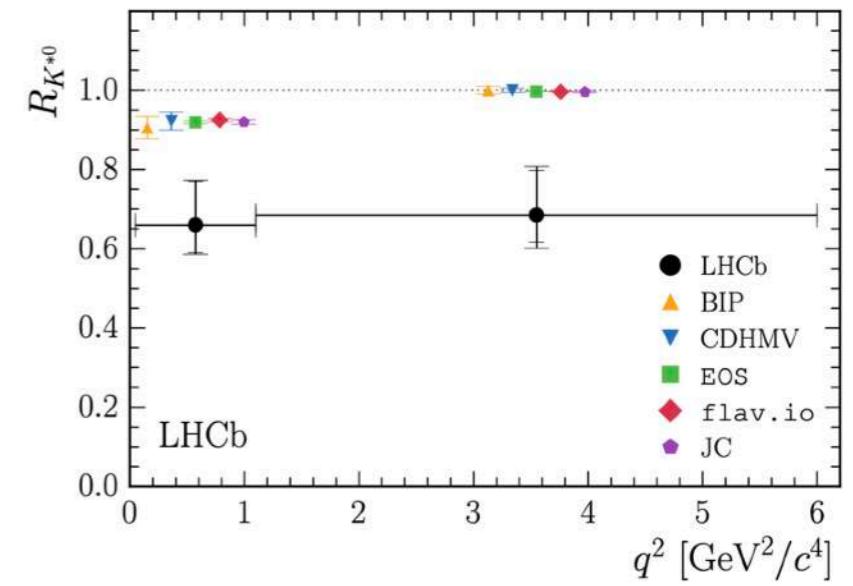
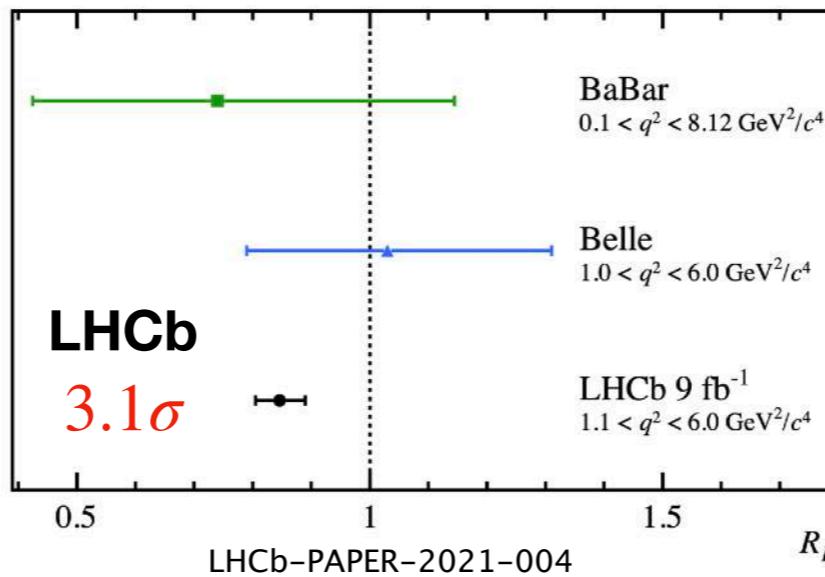
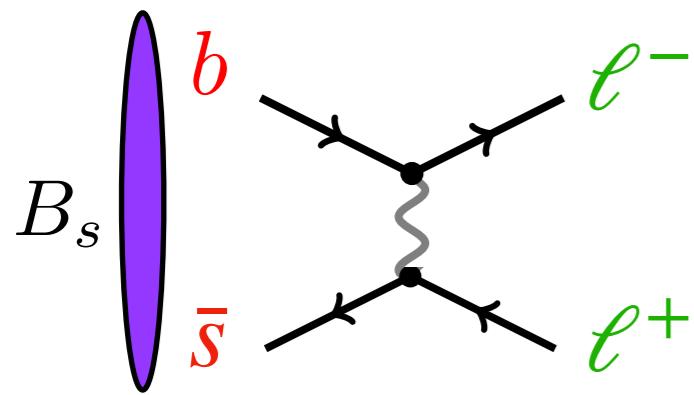
Can mimik NP!

Anomalies in $b \rightarrow s$ transitions

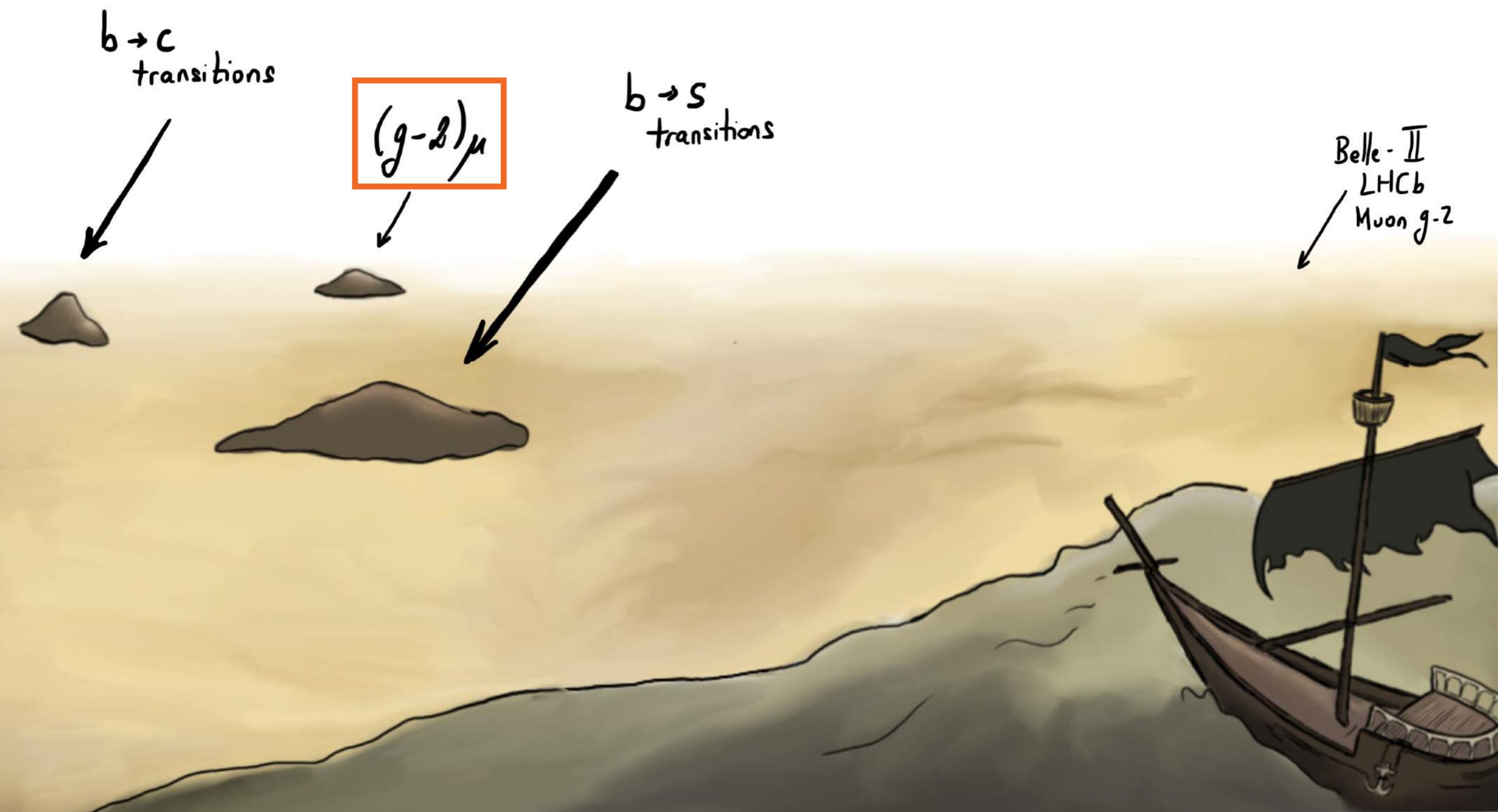
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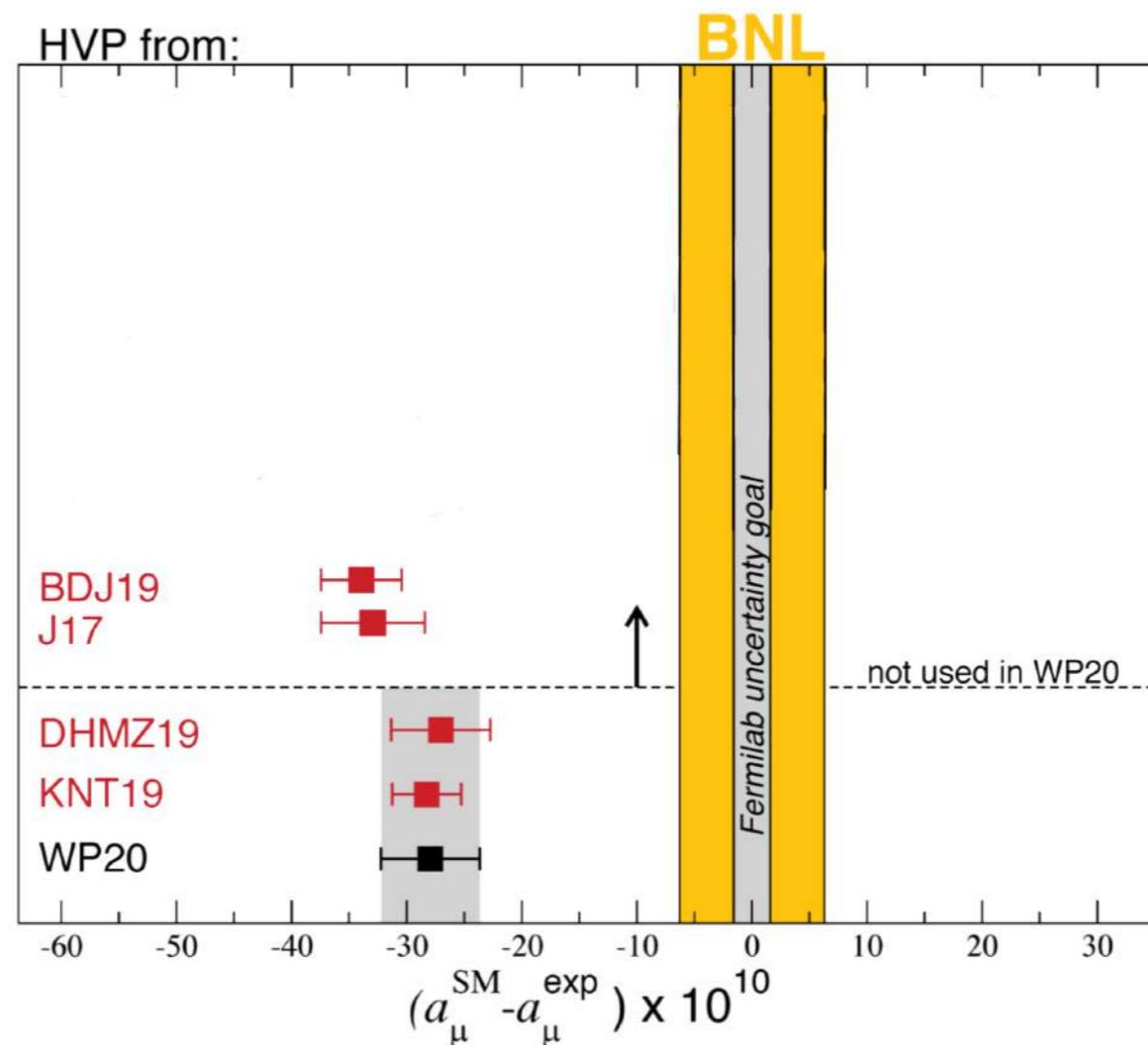
Muon (g-2)



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$$\Delta a_\mu = a_\mu^{\text{exp}} - a_\mu^{\text{SM}} = (251 \pm 59) \times 10^{-11}. \quad (4.2\sigma)$$

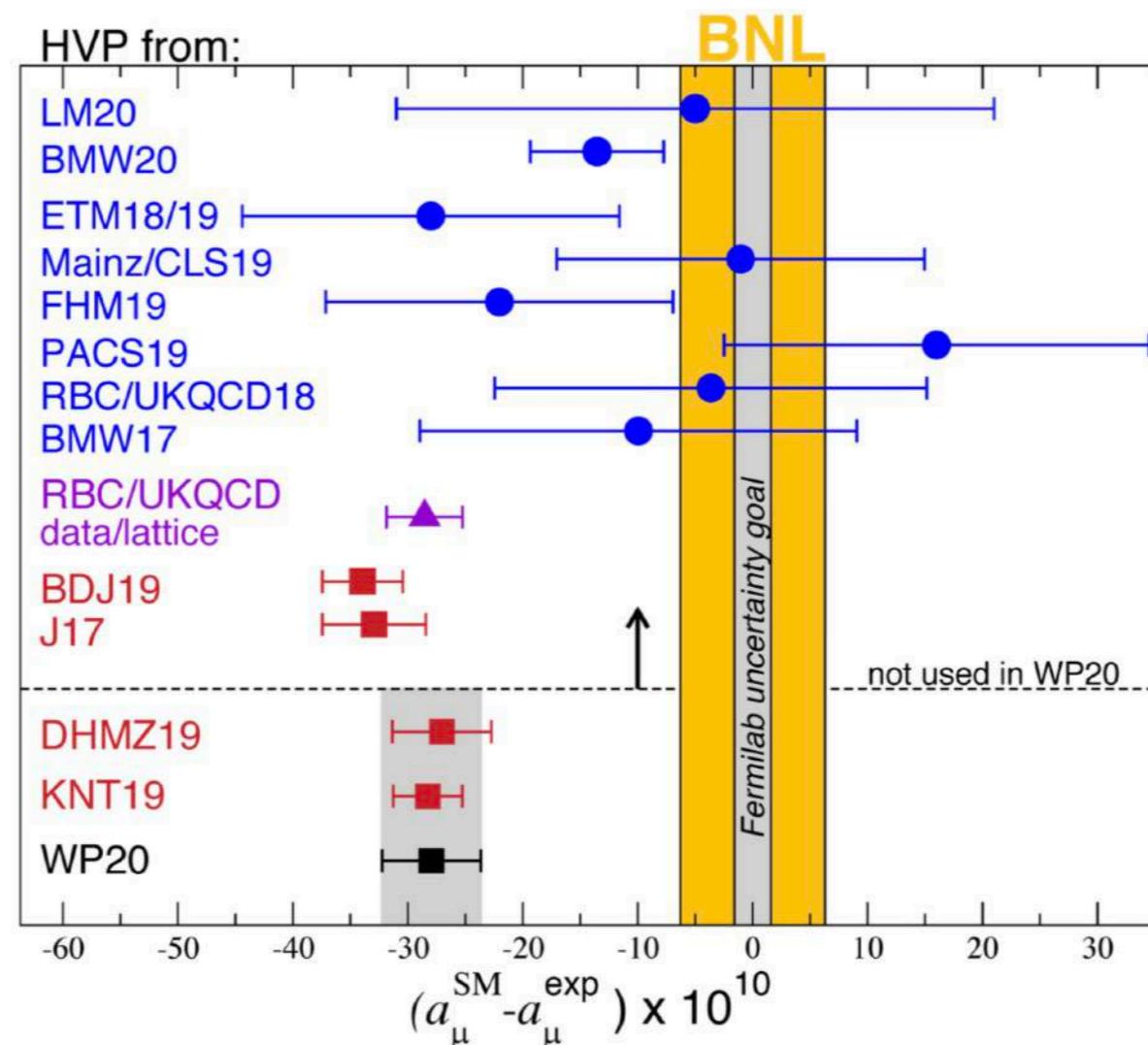
Fermilab Muon g-2, 2021
E821 experiment, BNL, 2006



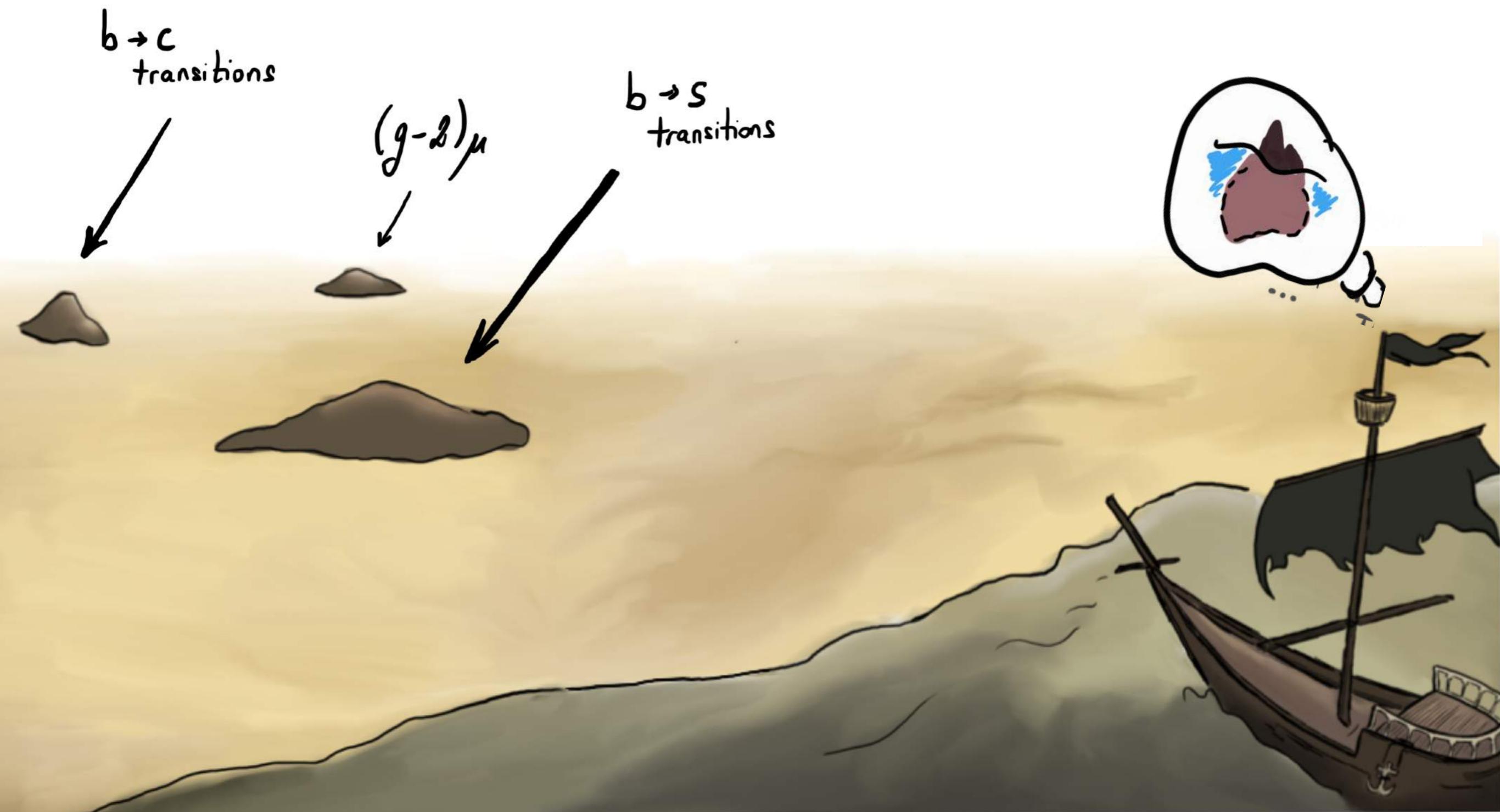
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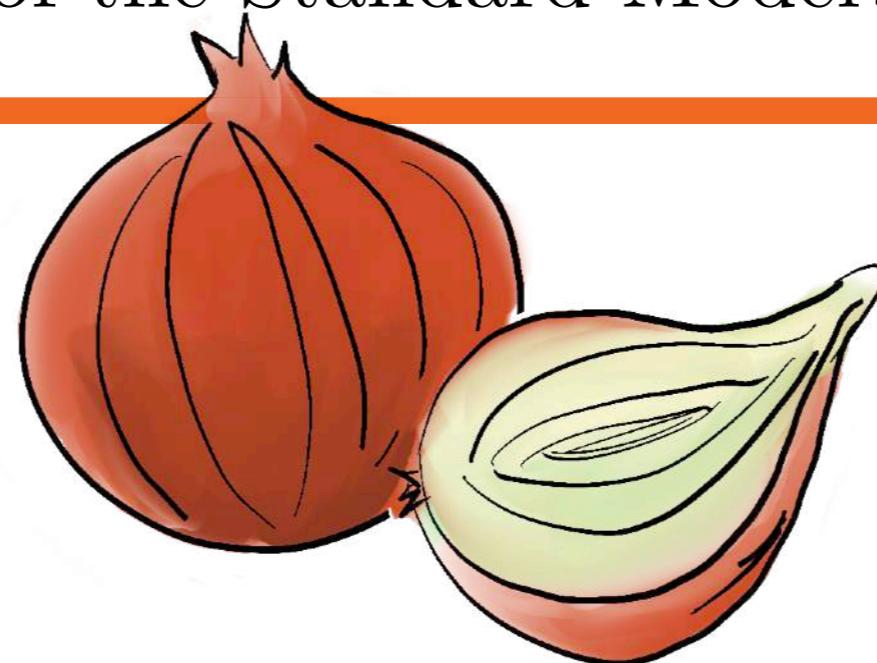
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And now, what?

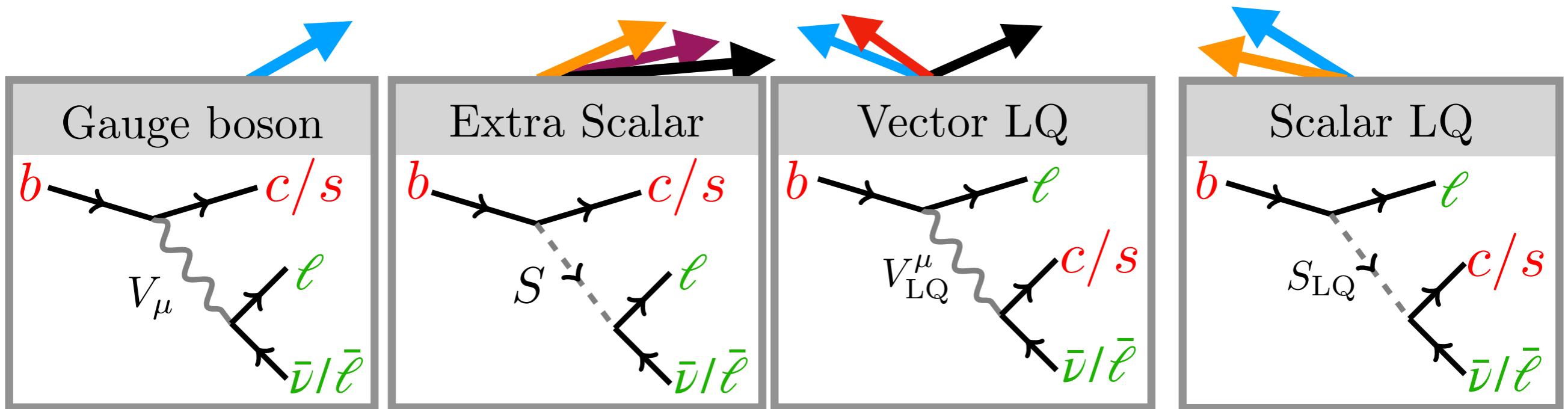


What is the next (TeV scale)
renormalizable completion
of the Standard Model?



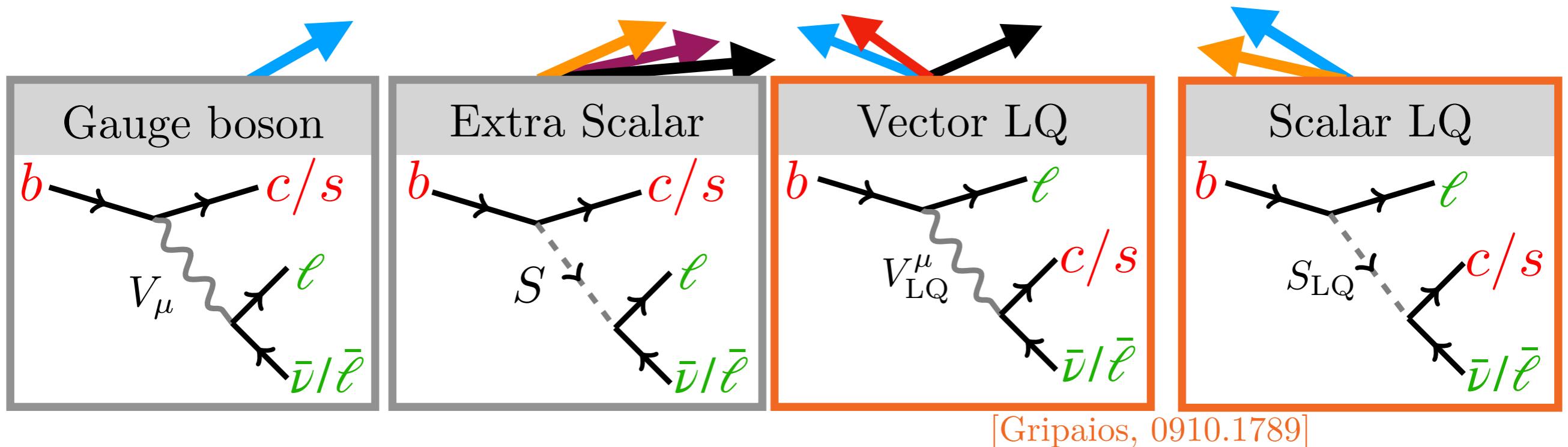
UV candidates at the TeV scale?

$$\mathcal{H}_{\text{eff}} = \frac{4G_F}{\sqrt{2}} [(1 + \mathcal{C}_{V_L}) \mathcal{O}_{V_L} + \mathcal{C}_{V_R} \mathcal{O}_{V_R} + \mathcal{C}_{S_R} \mathcal{O}_{S_R} + \mathcal{C}_{S_L} \mathcal{O}_{S_L} + C_T \mathcal{O}_T] + \text{h.c.}$$



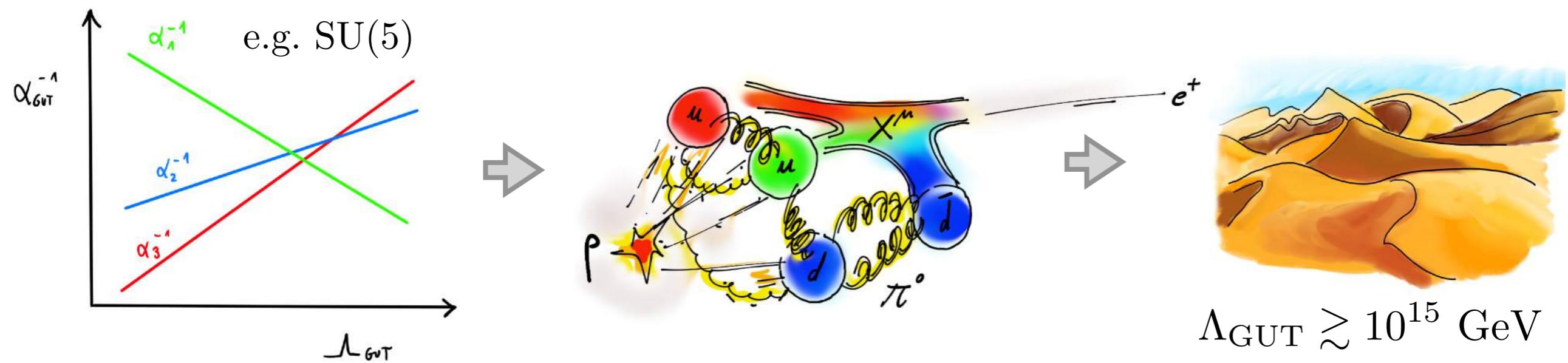
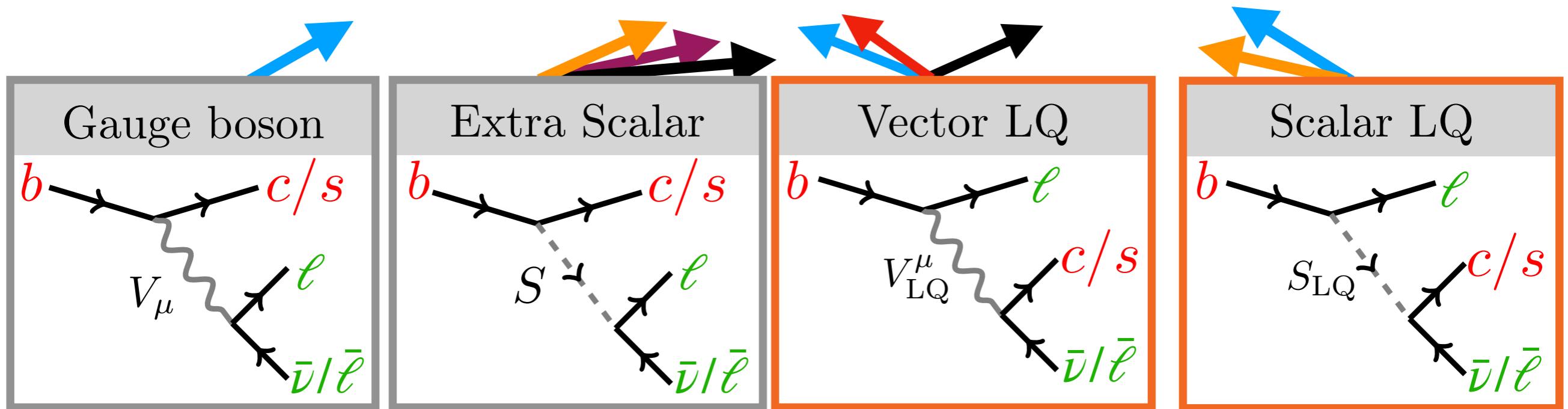
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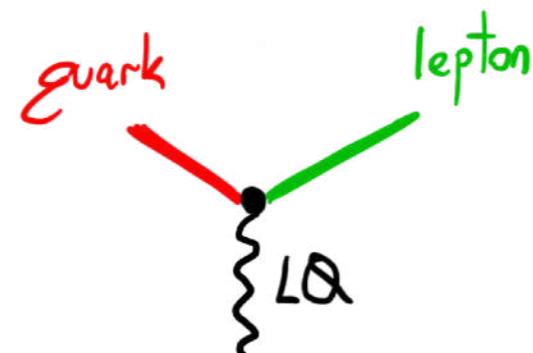
Leptoquarks

$$\mathcal{H}_{\text{eff}} = \frac{4 G_F}{\sqrt{2}} [(1 + C_{V_L}) \mathcal{O}_{V_L} + C_{V_R} \mathcal{O}_{V_R} + C_{S_R} \mathcal{O}_{S_R} + C_{S_L} \mathcal{O}_{S_L} + C_T \mathcal{O}_T] + \text{h.c.}$$



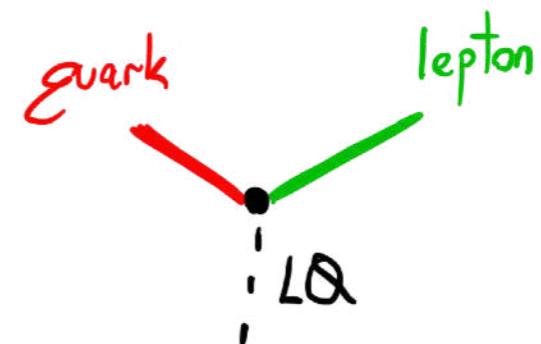
Leptoquarks

[Dorsner, Fajfer, et al. 1603.04993, Mandal, Pich, 1908.11155]



Vector LQs

Symbol	Q.N. (SM)
U_3	(3, 3, 2/3)
V_2	($\bar{3}$, 2, 5/6)
\tilde{V}_2	($\bar{3}$, 2, -1/6)
\tilde{U}_1	(3, 1, 5/3)
U_1	(3, 1, 2/3)
\bar{U}_1	(3, 1, -1/3)



Scalar LQs

Symbol	Q.N. (SM)
S_3	($\bar{3}$, 3, 1/3)
R_2	(3, 2, 7/6)
\tilde{R}_2	(3, 2, 1/6)
\tilde{S}_1	($\bar{3}$, 1, 4/3)
S_1	($\bar{3}$, 1, 1/3)
\bar{S}_1	($\bar{3}$, 1, -2/3)

freedom 😞 ➡ predictability 😊

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Leptoquarks

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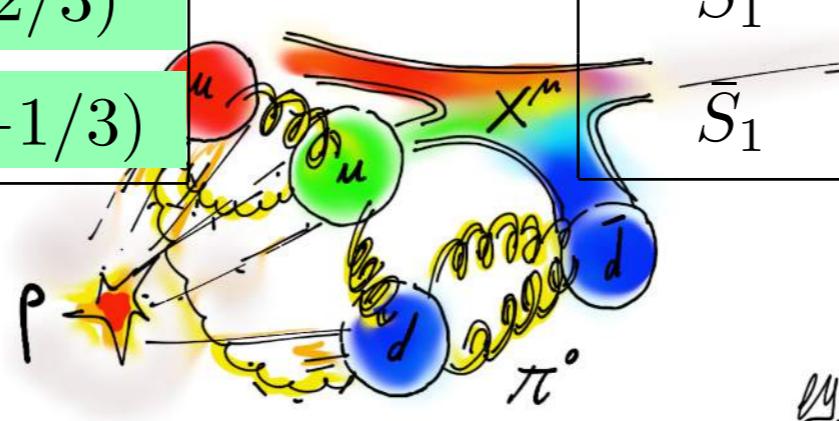
No Baryon Number violation at renormalizable level

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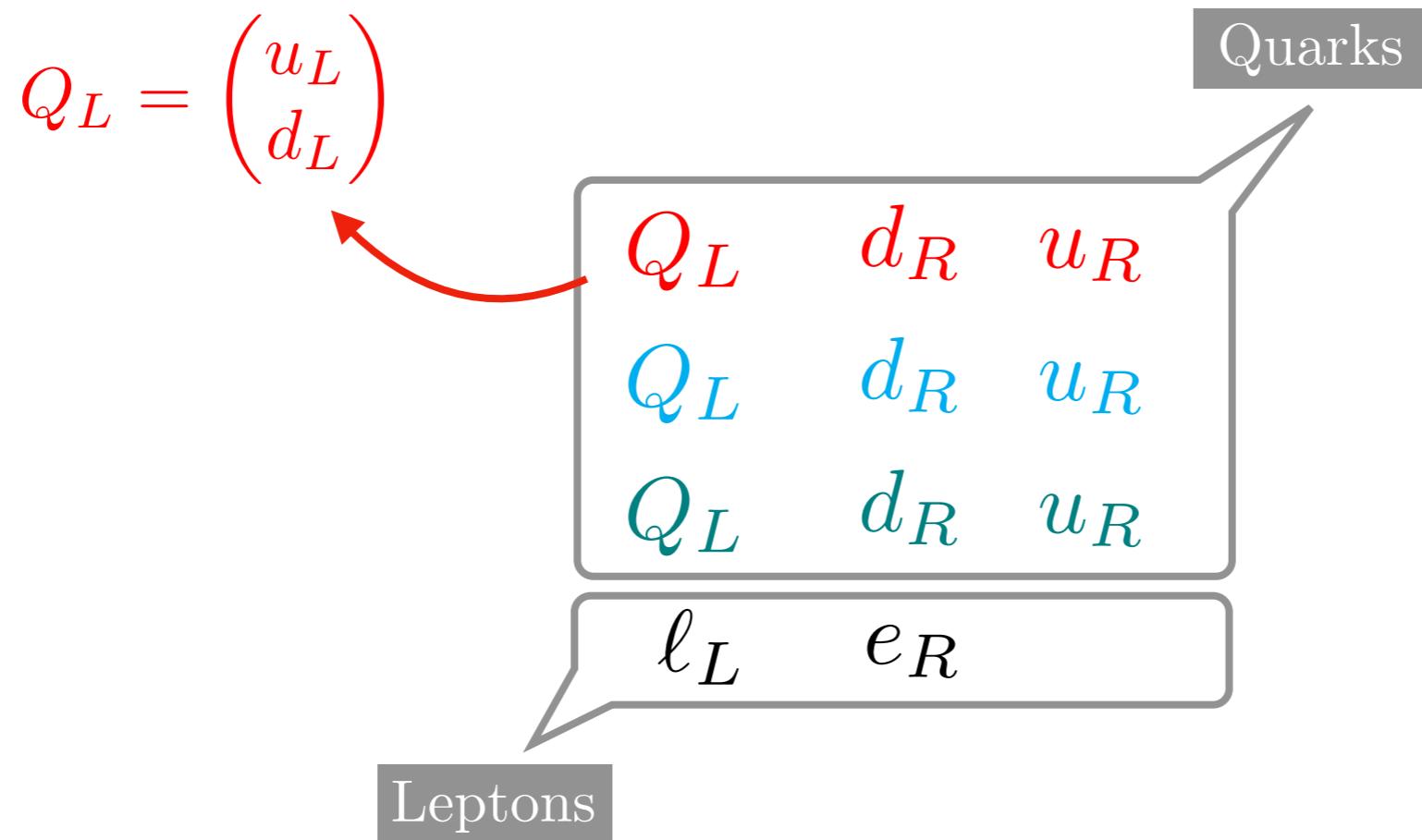
PREDICTED!!

Quark-Lepton Unification at the Low Scale

Quark-Lepton Unification

[Pati-Salam, 1974]

→ A SM matter family

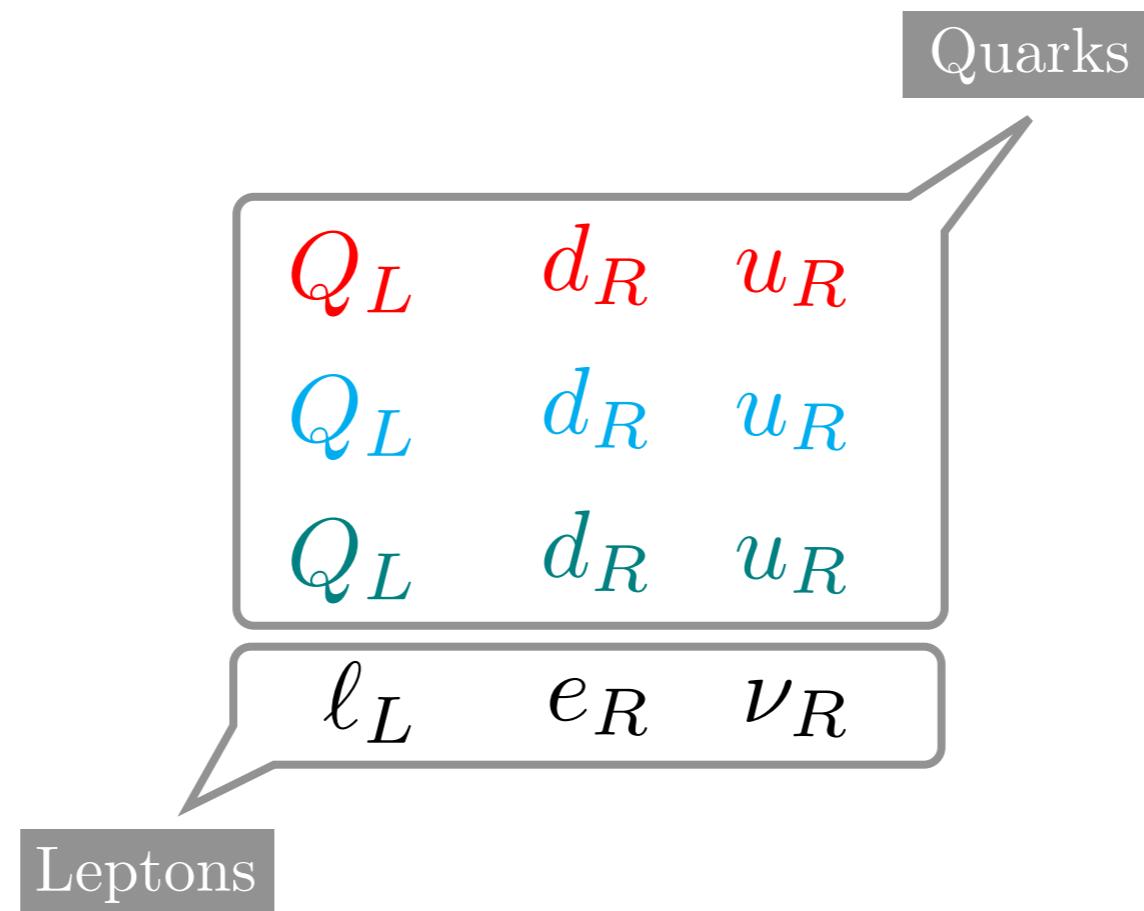


$$\mathrm{SU}(3)_C \otimes \mathrm{SU}(2)_L \otimes \mathrm{U}(1)_Y$$

Quark-Lepton Unification

[Pati-Salam, 1974]

→ An (almost) SM matter family



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Leptons are just the fourth color of the quarks!

Q_L	d_R	u_R
Q_L	d_R	u_R
Q_L	d_R	u_R
ℓ_L	e_R	ν_R

$$\mathrm{SU}(4)_C \otimes \mathrm{SU}(2)_L \otimes \mathrm{U}(1)_R$$

[J. Pati a and A. Salam 1974] [P. Fileviez Perez and M. B. Wise 2013]

Quark-Lepton Unification

[Pati-Salam, 1974]

$$F_{QL} \sim (4, 2, 0) = \begin{pmatrix} u & \nu \\ d & e \end{pmatrix}_L$$

Left-handed fermions

$$F_u = (u^c \quad \nu^c)_L \sim (\bar{4}, 1, -1/2)$$

$$F_d = (d^c \quad e^c)_L \sim (\bar{4}, 1, 1/2)$$

Right-handed fermions

Q_L	d_R	u_R
Q_L	d_R	u_R
Q_L	d_R	u_R
ℓ_L	e_R	ν_R
F_{QL}	F_d	F_u

$$\text{SU}(4)_C \otimes \text{SU}(2)_L \otimes \text{U}(1)_R$$

[J. Pati a and A. Salam 1974] [P. Fileviez Perez and M. B. Wise 2013]

Unification of Matter: Pati-Salam

$$F_{QL} \sim (4,2,0) = \begin{pmatrix} u & \nu \\ d & e \end{pmatrix}_L$$

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$$V_{15}^\mu \sim (15,1,0) \sim \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} G^\mu & U_1^\mu \\ \dagger & 0 \end{pmatrix}}_{\text{SU}(4)_C} + T_4 B'^\mu$$

$$\chi=(\cancel{\chi}_{\textcolor{red}{u}},\cancel{\chi}_{\textcolor{cyan}{u}},\cancel{\chi}_{\textcolor{teal}{u}},\langle\chi_R^0\rangle)$$

$$\cancel{SU(4)_c}\otimes SU(2)_L\otimes \cancel{U(1)_R} \quad \Rightarrow \quad SU(3)_c\otimes SU(2)_L\otimes U(1)_Y$$

$$\text{SU}(4)_C\otimes \text{SU}(2)_L\otimes \text{U}(1)_R$$

$$\text{Vector LQ} \,\,\, U_1^{\mu} \sim (3,1,2/3)$$

$$F_{QL}\sim(4,2,0)=\begin{pmatrix} u&\nu\\d&e\end{pmatrix}_L\qquad\qquad F_u=\begin{pmatrix} u^c&\nu^c\end{pmatrix}_L\sim(\overline{4},1,-1/2)\\[1mm] F_d=\begin{pmatrix} d^c&e^c\end{pmatrix}_L\sim(\overline{4},1,1/2)$$

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$${\cal L}_K \supset {g_4 \over \sqrt{2}} U_1^\mu (\bar Q_L \gamma_\mu \ell_L + \bar u_R \gamma_\mu \nu_R + \bar d_R \gamma_\mu e_R) + {\rm h.c.}$$

$$\chi = (\cancel{\chi_{\textcolor{red}{u}}}, \cancel{\chi_{\textcolor{cyan}{u}}}, \cancel{\chi_{\textcolor{teal}{u}}}, \langle \chi_R^0 \rangle) \quad \rightarrow \quad M_{U_1} \sim g_4 v_\chi \quad ?$$

$$\cancel{SU(4)_c \otimes SU(2)_L \otimes U(1)_R} \quad \rightarrow \quad SU(3)_c \otimes SU(2)_L \otimes U(1)_Y$$

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Vector LQ $U_1^\mu \sim (3,1,2/3)$

$$K_L \quad \begin{array}{c} d \\ \textcolor{purple}{\textbf{\large O}} \\ \bar{s} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} e^- \\ \diagup \quad \diagdown \\ \textcolor{black}{\textbf{\large O}} \quad \textcolor{gray}{\textbf{\large O}} \\ U_1^\mu \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \mu^+ \\ \diagup \quad \diagdown \\ \textcolor{black}{\textbf{\large O}} \quad \textcolor{gray}{\textbf{\large O}} \end{array} \quad \leq 4.7 \times 10^{-12}$$

$$V_{15}^\mu \sim (15,1,0) \sim \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} G^\mu & U_1^\mu \\ \dagger & 0 \end{pmatrix}}_{\mathrm{SU}(4)_C} + T_4 B'^\mu$$

$$\mathcal{L}_K \supset \frac{g_4}{\sqrt{2}} U_1^\mu (\bar{Q}_L \gamma_\mu \ell_L + \bar{u}_R \gamma_\mu \nu_R + \boxed{\bar{d}_R \gamma_\mu e_R}) + \mathrm{h.c.}$$

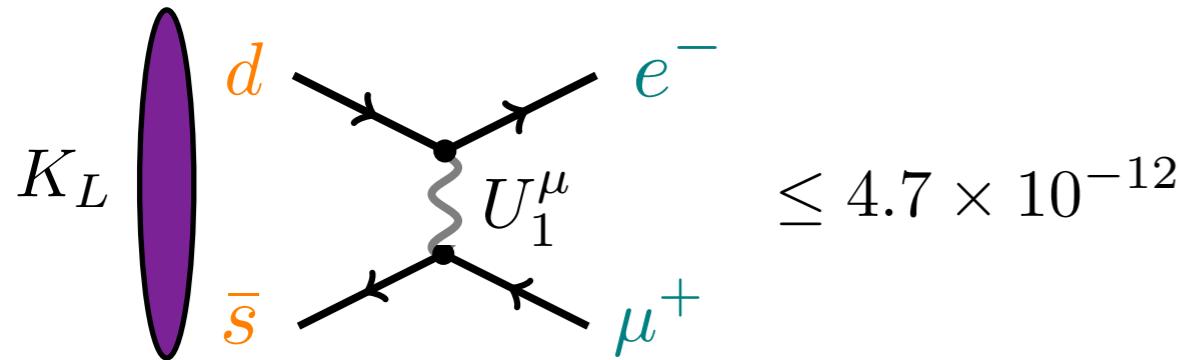
$$\chi = (\cancel{\chi_u}, \cancel{\chi_u}, \cancel{\chi_u}, \langle \chi_R^0 \rangle) \quad \rightarrow \quad M_{U_1} \sim g_4 v_\chi \gtrsim 10^3 \text{ TeV}$$

$$\cancel{SU(4)_c \otimes SU(2)_L \otimes U(1)_R} \quad \rightarrow \quad SU(3)_c \otimes SU(2)_L \otimes U(1)_Y$$

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Vector LQ $U_1^\mu \sim (3,1,2/3)$



$$V_{15}^\mu \sim (15, 1, 0) \sim \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} G^\mu & U_1^\mu \\ \dagger & 0 \end{pmatrix}}_{\text{SU}(4)_C} + T_4 B'^\mu$$

$$\mathcal{L}_K \supset \frac{g_4}{\sqrt{2}} U_1^\mu \left(\dots + \bar{d}_R U_R^\dagger \gamma_\mu E_R e_R \right) + \text{h.c.}$$

Naive bound!

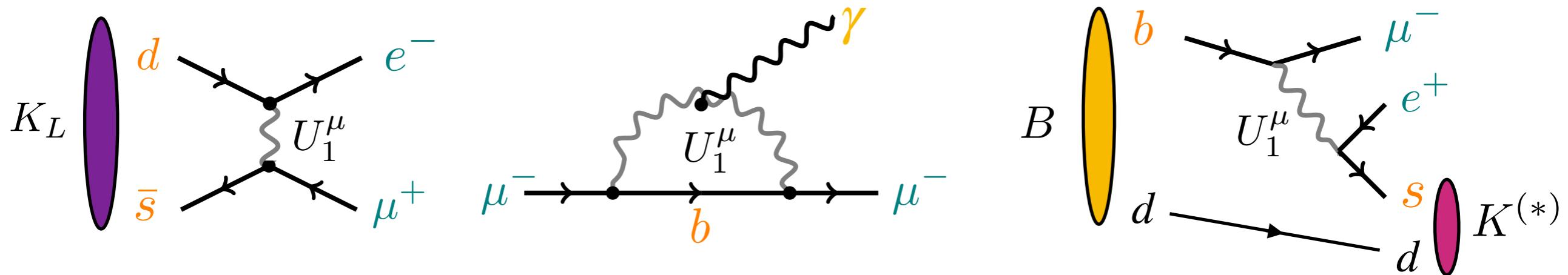
$$\chi = (\chi_u, \chi_u, \chi_u, \langle \chi_R^0 \rangle) \rightarrow M_{U_1} \sim g_4 v_\chi \gtrsim \cancel{10^3 \text{ TeV}}$$

$$\cancel{SU(4)_c \otimes SU(2)_L \otimes U(1)_R} \rightarrow SU(3)_c \otimes SU(2)_L \otimes U(1)_Y$$

$$\text{SU}(4)_C \otimes \cancel{\text{SU}(2)_L} \otimes \text{U}(1)_R$$



Vector LQ $U_1^\mu \sim (3,1,2/3)$



Way outs: extra vector-like fermions / enlarged gauge group

[Capdevilla, Crivellin, et al. 1704.05340, Calibbi, Crivellin, Li, 1709.00692, Luzio, Greijo, Nardecchia, 1708.08450, Assad, Fornal, Grinstein, 1708.06350, Bordone, Cornella et al. 1712.01368, Cornella, Fuentes-Martín, Isidori, 1903.11517, Cornella, Faroughy, et al. 2103.16558], chiral Pati-Salam [Balaji, Schmidt, 1911.08873], ...

Naive bound!

$$\chi = (\chi_u, \chi_u, \chi_u, \langle \chi_R^0 \rangle) \rightarrow M_{U_1} \sim g_4 v_\chi \gtrsim \cancel{10^3 \text{ TeV}}$$

~~$SU(4)_c \otimes SU(2)_L \otimes U(1)_R \rightarrow SU(3)_c \otimes SU(2)_L \otimes U(1)_Y$~~

$SU(4)_C \otimes \cancel{SU(2)_L} \otimes U(1)_R$

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$$F_{QL} \sim (4,2,0) = \begin{pmatrix} u & \nu \\ d & e \end{pmatrix}_L$$

$$F_u = \begin{pmatrix} u^c & \nu^c \end{pmatrix}_L \sim (\bar{4},1,-1/2)$$

$$F_d = \begin{pmatrix} d^c & e^c \end{pmatrix}_L \sim (\bar{4},1,1/2)$$

$$\mathcal{L}_Y = Y_1\, F_{QL} F_u H + Y_3\, H^\dagger F_{QL} F_d$$

$$M_u = Y_1\,\frac{v_1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$M_D = Y_3\,\frac{v_1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$M_\nu^D = Y_1\,\frac{v_1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$M_E = Y_3\,\frac{v_1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$H \sim (1,2,1/2)_\text{SM}$$

$$\cancel{SU(4)_c}\otimes SU(2)_L\otimes \cancel{U(1)_R} \quad \rightarrow \quad SU(3)_c\otimes \cancel{SU(2)_L}\otimes \cancel{U(1)_Y} \quad \rightarrow \quad SU(3)_c\otimes U(1)_Q$$

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$${\cal L}_Y = Y_1 \, F_{QL} F_u H + Y_3 \, H^\dagger F_{QL} F_d + Y_2 \, F_{QL} F_u \Phi + Y_4 \, \Phi^\dagger F_{QL} F_d + {\rm h.c.}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} M_u=Y_1\,\displaystyle\frac{v_1}{\sqrt{2}}+\displaystyle\frac{1}{2\sqrt{6}}\,Y_2\,\displaystyle\frac{v_2}{\sqrt{2}} & M_D\,=Y_3\,\displaystyle\frac{v_1}{\sqrt{2}}+\displaystyle\frac{1}{2\sqrt{6}}\,Y_4\,\displaystyle\frac{v_2}{\sqrt{2}},\\[10pt] M_\nu^D=Y_1\,\displaystyle\frac{v_1}{\sqrt{2}}-\displaystyle\frac{3}{2\sqrt{6}}\,Y_2\,\displaystyle\frac{v_2}{\sqrt{2}} & M_E\,=Y_3\,\displaystyle\frac{v_1}{\sqrt{2}}-\displaystyle\frac{3}{2\sqrt{6}}\,Y_4\,\displaystyle\frac{v_2}{\sqrt{2}}.\end{array}$$

$$\Phi \sim (15,2,1/2)=\begin{pmatrix}\Phi_{\text{MW}} & \Phi_3 \\ \Phi_4 & 0\end{pmatrix}+T_4H_2, \quad H \sim (1,2,1/2)_{\text{SM}}$$

$$\cancel{SU(4)_c \otimes SU(2)_L \otimes U(1)_R} \;\;\; \rightarrow \;\;\; SU(3)_c \otimes \cancel{SU(2)_L} \otimes \cancel{U(1)_Y} \;\;\; \rightarrow \;\;\; SU(3)_c \otimes U(1)_Q$$

$$\mathrm{SU}(4)_C \otimes \mathrm{SU}(2)_L \otimes \mathrm{U}(1)_R$$

Quark-Lepton Unification

Inverse seesaw

$$-\mathcal{L}_{QL}^{\nu} = Y_5 F_u \chi S + \frac{1}{2} \mu S S + \text{h.c..} \rightarrow \langle \chi \rangle M_{\chi}^D = Y_5 v_{\chi} / \sqrt{2}$$

$$(\nu \nu^c S) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \text{EW} & 0 \\ \text{EW} & 0 & \text{LQ} \\ 0 & \text{LQ} & \mu \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \nu \\ \nu^c \\ S \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow M_{\chi}^D \gg M_{\nu}^D \gg \mu$$

$$\rightarrow m_{\nu} \approx \mu / \text{EW} / \text{LQ}$$

$$M_u = Y_1 \frac{v_1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{6}} Y_2 \frac{v_2}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$M_{\nu}^D = Y_1 \frac{v_1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{3}{2\sqrt{6}} Y_2 \frac{v_2}{\sqrt{2}}$$

No need for $\langle \chi \rangle$ to be large!!

[P. Fileviez Perez and M. B. Wise 2013]

$$\Phi \sim (15, 2, 1/2) = \begin{pmatrix} \Phi_{\text{MW}} & \Phi_3 \\ \Phi_4 & 0 \end{pmatrix} + T_4 H_2, \quad H \sim (1, 2, 1/2)_{\text{SM}}$$

$$\cancel{SU(4)_c \otimes SU(2)_L \otimes U(1)_R} \rightarrow SU(3)_c \otimes \cancel{SU(2)_L} \otimes \cancel{U(1)_Y} \rightarrow SU(3)_c \otimes U(1)_Q$$

$$SU(4)_C \otimes SU(2)_L \otimes U(1)_R$$

Quark-Lepton Unification

- The theory predicts scalar LQs:

$$\tilde{R}_2 \equiv \Phi_3 \sim (\bar{3}, 2, -1/6)_{\text{SM}}$$

$$R_2 \equiv \Phi_4 \sim (3, 2, 7/6)_{\text{SM}}$$

$$-\mathcal{L}_Y \supset Y_2 Q_L \Phi_3 (\nu^c)_L + Y_2 \ell_L \Phi_4 (u^c)_L + Y_4 Q_L \Phi_4^\dagger (e^c)_L + \boxed{Y_4} \ell_L \Phi_3^\dagger (d^c)_L + \text{h.c.}$$

$$M_u = Y_1 \frac{v_1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{6}} Y_2 \frac{v_2}{\sqrt{2}}$$

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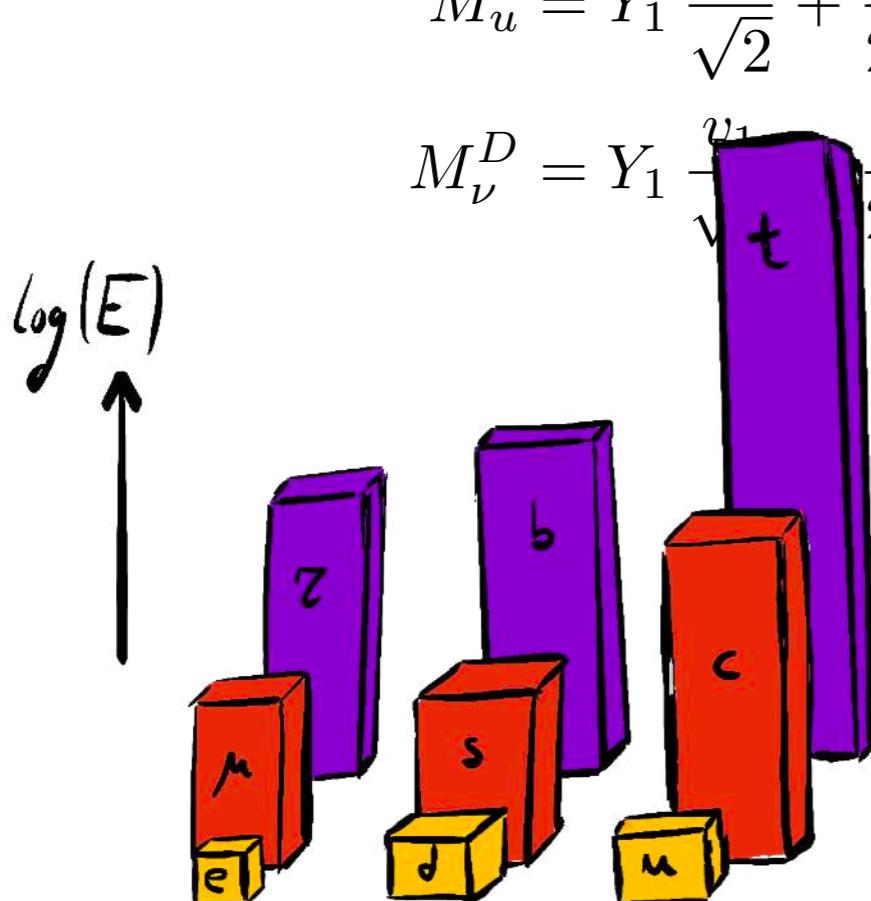
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$$\begin{aligned}
 M_u &= Y_1 \frac{v_1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{6}} Y_2 \frac{v_2}{\sqrt{2}} \\
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 M_E &= Y_3 \frac{v_1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{3}{2\sqrt{6}} Y_4 \frac{v_2}{\sqrt{2}}.
 \end{aligned}$$

$\Phi \sim \begin{pmatrix} \Phi_{\text{MW}} & \Phi_3 \\ \Phi_4 & 0 \end{pmatrix} + T_4 H_2, \quad H \sim (1, 2, 1/2)_{\text{SM}}$

PREDICTED!!

Baryon Number in QL-Unification

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$$Q_B(\Phi_3) = -1/3, \quad Q_L(\Phi_3) = 1, \quad Q_B(\Phi_4) = 1/3, \quad Q_L(\Phi_4) = -1$$

$$V_{\text{scalar}} \supset \epsilon_{\alpha\beta\gamma} \Phi_3^\alpha \Phi_3^\beta \Phi_3^\gamma H$$

[C.M, M. B. Wise, 2105.14029]

Baryon Number in QL-Unification

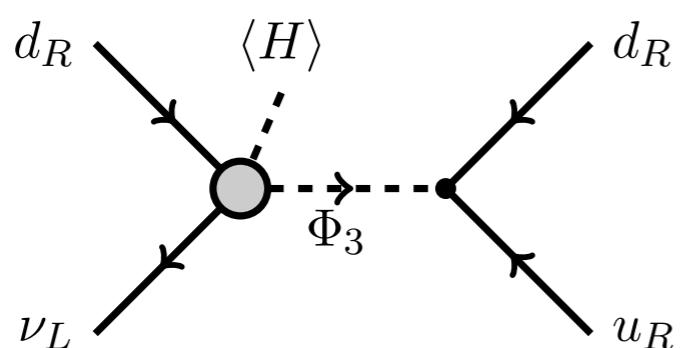
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e.g. $\frac{1}{\Lambda} u_R^\alpha d_R^\beta (\Phi_3^\dagger)^\gamma H^\dagger \epsilon_{\alpha\beta\gamma}$, $\frac{1}{\Lambda} d_R^\alpha d_R^\beta \Phi_4^\gamma H^\dagger \epsilon_{\alpha\beta\gamma}$



[Arnold, Fornal,
Wise, 2013]

if $\Lambda \sim M_{\text{Pl}}$ $\Rightarrow M_{\Phi_{3,4}} > 10^8 \text{ GeV}$

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$$\frac{1}{\Lambda_{\text{PS}}} F_d^A F_u^B (\Phi^\dagger)_B^C H^\dagger \xrightarrow{?} \frac{1}{\Lambda} d_R^\alpha u_R^\beta (\Phi_3^\dagger)^\gamma H^\dagger \epsilon_{\alpha\beta\gamma}$$

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Baryon Number in QL-Unification

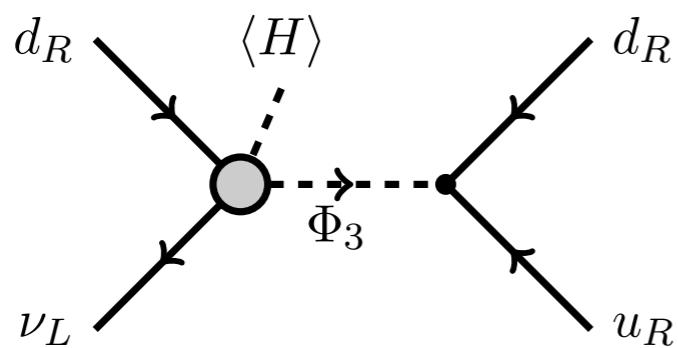
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$$\frac{1}{\Lambda_{\text{PS}}^3} F_d^A F_u^B (\Phi^\dagger)_D^C \chi^D \chi^E H^\dagger \epsilon_{ABC E} \xrightarrow{\langle \chi \rangle} \frac{v_\chi^2}{\Lambda_{\text{PS}}^3} d_R^\alpha u_R^\beta (\Phi_3^\dagger)^\gamma H^\dagger \epsilon_{\alpha\beta\gamma}$$



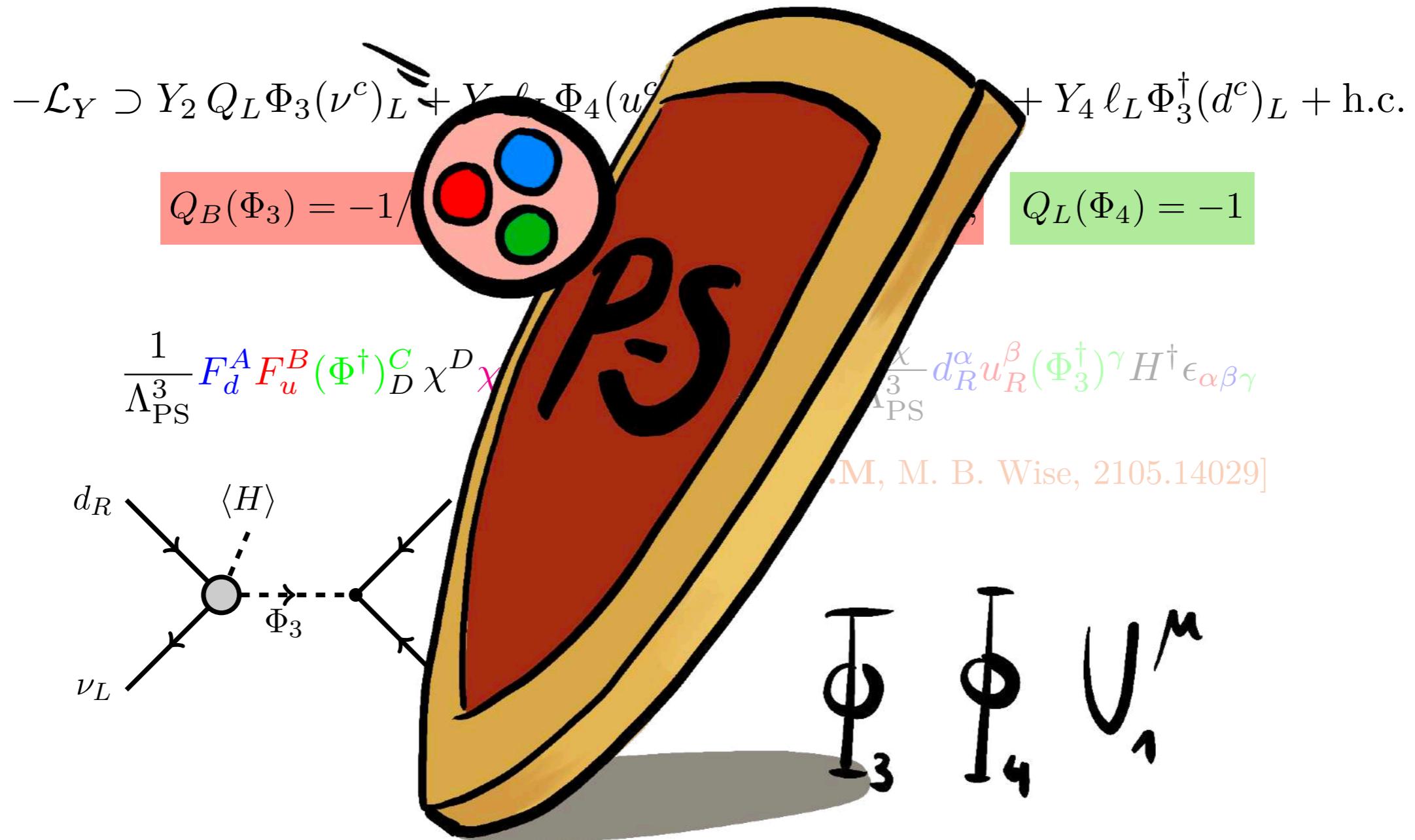
[C.M, M. B. Wise, 2105.14029]

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Quark-Lepton Unification

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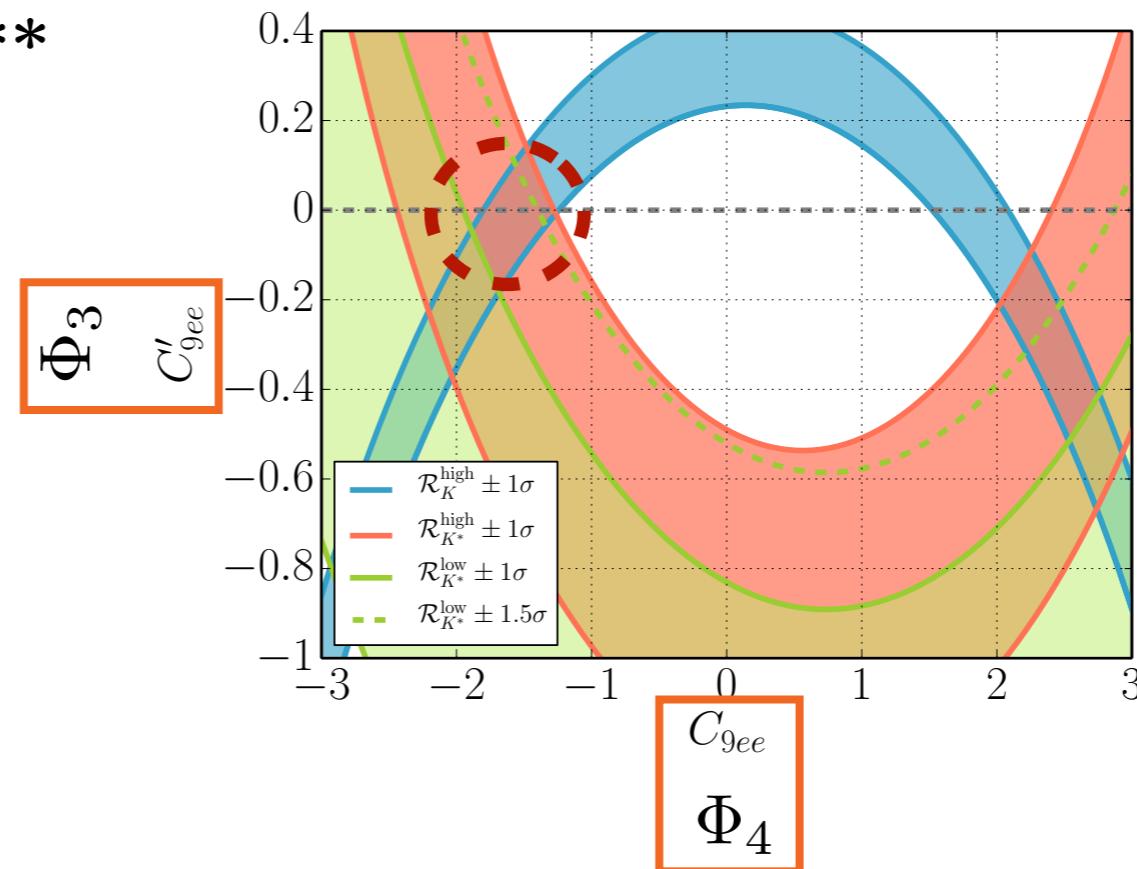
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→ ****Spoilers on****

[O. Popov, M. A. Schimdt, G.
White, 1905.06339]

[P. F. Perez, C.M., A. D.
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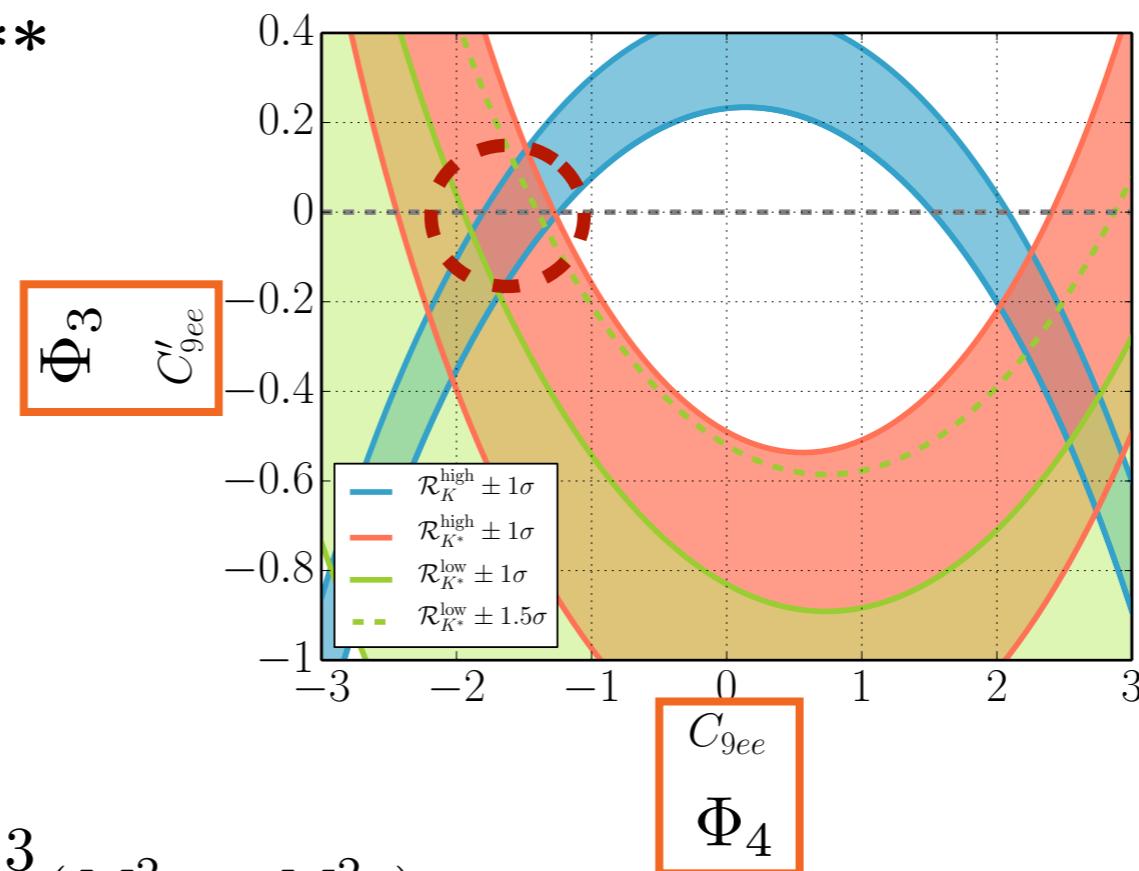
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→ $M_{\Phi_8}^2 + 2M_{H_2}^2 = \frac{3}{2}(M_{\Phi_3}^2 + M_{\Phi_4}^2)$

[T. Faber, M. Hudec, et al, 1808.05511]

Quark-Lepton Unification

[P. Fileviez Perez and C.M. 2022]

$$\Phi_4 \sim (3, 2, 7/6)_{\text{SM}}$$

$$-\mathcal{L}_Y \supset Y_2 Q_L \Phi_3 (\nu^c)_L + Y_2 \ell_L \Phi_4 (u^c)_L + \boxed{Y_4 Q_L \Phi_4^\dagger (e^c)_L} + Y_4 \ell_L \Phi_3^\dagger (d^c)_L + \text{h.c.}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M_D &= Y_3 \frac{v_1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{6}} Y_4 \frac{v_2}{\sqrt{2}}, \\ M_E &= Y_3 \frac{v_1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{3}{2\sqrt{6}} Y_4 \frac{v_2}{\sqrt{2}}. \end{aligned}$$



$$Y_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{M_D - M_E}{v \sin \beta}$$

Quark-Lepton Unification

$$\Phi_4 \sim (3, 2, 7/6)_{\text{SM}} = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_4^{5/3} \\ \phi_4^{2/3} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$-\mathcal{L}_Y \supset Y_2 Q_L \Phi_3 (\nu^c)_L + Y_2 \ell_L \Phi_4 (u^c)_L + \boxed{Y_4} Q_L \Phi_4^\dagger (e^c)_L + \boxed{Y_4} \ell_L \Phi_3^\dagger (d^c)_L + \text{h.c.}$$



$$\supset \bar{d} \left[\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} (M_D^* - M_E^*) \right] P_R e \phi_4^{2/3}$$

$$Y_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{M_D - M_E}{v \sin \beta}$$

Quark-Lepton Unification

$$\Phi_4 \sim (3,2,7/6)_{\rm SM} = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_4^{5/3} \\ \phi_4^{2/3} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$-\mathcal{L}_Y \supset Y_2\, Q_L \Phi_3 (\nu^c)_L + Y_2\, \ell_L \Phi_4 (u^c)_L + \textcolor{brown}{Y_4}\, Q_L \Phi_4^\dagger (e^c)_L + \textcolor{brown}{Y_4}\, \ell_L \Phi_3^\dagger (d^c)_L + \mathrm{h.c.}$$


$$\supset \bar d \,\textcolor{blue}{D}^\dagger \left[\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} (\textcolor{blue}{D} \, M_D^{\rm diag} \, D_c^{\textcolor{blue}{T}} - E \, M_E^{\rm diag} \, E_c^{\textcolor{blue}{T}}) \right] E_c^* \, P_R \, e \, \phi_4^{2/3}$$

Quark-Lepton Unification

$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -m_\mu V^{12} & -m_\tau V^{13} \\ m_s (V_c^*)^{21} & m_s (V_c^*)^{22} - m_\mu V^{22} & m_s (V_c^*)^{23} - m_\tau V^{23} \\ m_b (V_c^*)^{31} & m_b (V_c^*)^{32} - m_\mu V^{32} & m_b (V_c^*)^{33} - m_\tau V^{33} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$-\mathcal{L}_Y \supset Y_2 Q_L \Phi_3 (\nu^c)_L + Y_2 \ell_L \Phi_4 (u^c)_L + [Y_4] Q_L \Phi_4^\dagger (e^c)_L + [Y_4] \ell_L \Phi_3^\dagger (d^c)_L + \text{h.c.}$$

$$\supset \bar{d} \left[\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} (M_D^{\text{diag}} V_c^* - V M_E^{\text{diag}}) \right] P_R e \phi_4^{2/3}$$

$$\begin{aligned} V &= D^\dagger E \\ V_c &= D_c^\dagger E_c \end{aligned}$$

→ $Y = \text{L.C.}[M_f, \text{Unitary matrices}]$

What can we learn from
experiment?

Neutral Anomalies

$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ m_s(V_c^*)^{21} \\ m_b(V_c^*)^{31} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -m_\mu V^{12} \\ m_s(V_c^*)^{22} - m_\mu V^{22} \\ m_b(V_c^*)^{32} - m_\mu V^{32} \\ -m_\tau V^{13} \\ m_s(V_c^*)^{23} - m_\tau V^{23} \\ m_b(V_c^*)^{33} - m_\tau V^{33} \end{pmatrix}.$$

Feynman diagram illustrating the neutral anomalies:

- Top Level:** A b quark (b) splits into an electron (e^-) and a scalar particle ($\phi_4^{2/3}$). The coupling constant is $c_4^{3\ell}$.
- Bottom Level:** The scalar particle ($\phi_4^{2/3}$) decays into an electron (e^+) and another scalar particle ($\phi_4^{2\ell}$). The coupling constant is $c_4^{2\ell}$.
- Annotations:**
 - A blue arrow points from the top equation to the $c_4^{3\ell}$ vertex.
 - A red arrow points from the top equation to the $c_4^{2\ell}$ vertex.
 - The scalar particles ($\phi_4^{2/3}$ and $\phi_4^{2\ell}$) are shown with dashed lines.

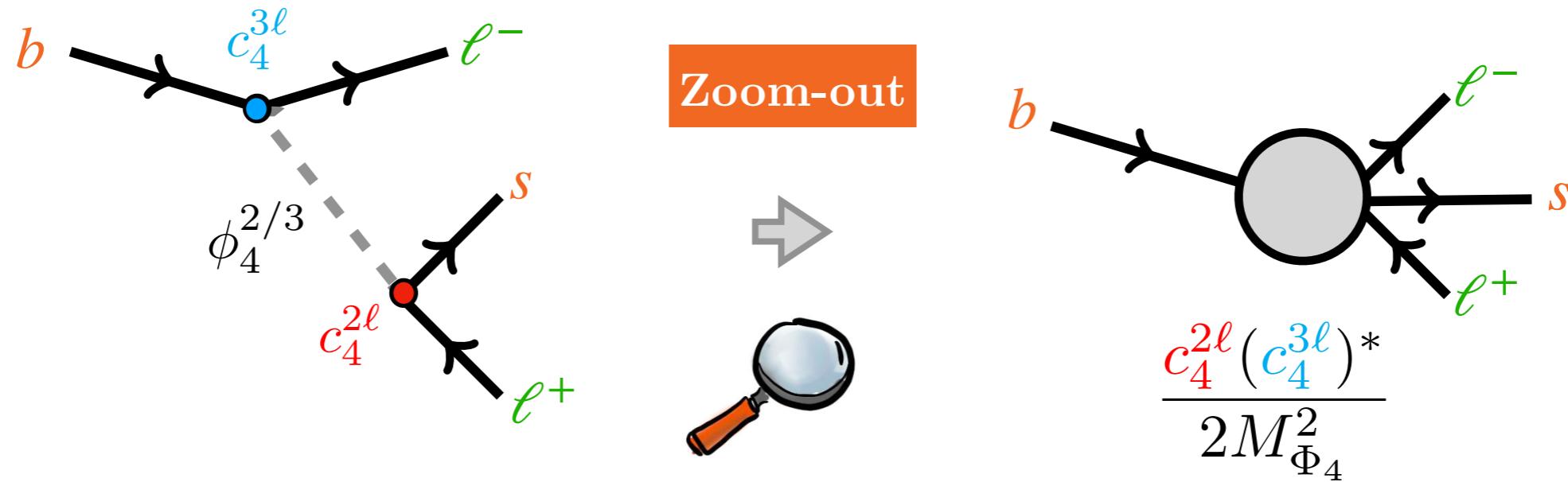
Neutral Anomalies

$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -m_\mu V^{12} & -m_\tau V^{13} \\ m_s(V_c^*)^{21} & m_s(V_c^*)^{22} - m_\mu V^{22} & m_s(V_c^*)^{23} - m_\tau V^{23} \\ m_b(V_c^*)^{31} & m_b(V_c^*)^{32} - m_\mu V^{32} & m_b(V_c^*)^{33} - m_\tau V^{33} \end{pmatrix}.$$

The diagram illustrates a loop process involving a b quark (b), a muon (μ^- and μ^+), and a scalar field ϕ_4 . The loop is composed of three vertices. The top vertex is a blue circle labeled $c_4^{3\ell}$, where a black line representing a b quark enters and a black line representing a muon μ^- exits. The bottom vertex is a red circle labeled $c_4^{2\ell}$, where a black line representing a muon μ^+ enters and a dashed grey line representing the scalar field $\phi_4^{2/3}$ exits. A red arrow points from the bottom vertex towards the top vertex, indicating the flow of the scalar field.

Neutral Anomalies

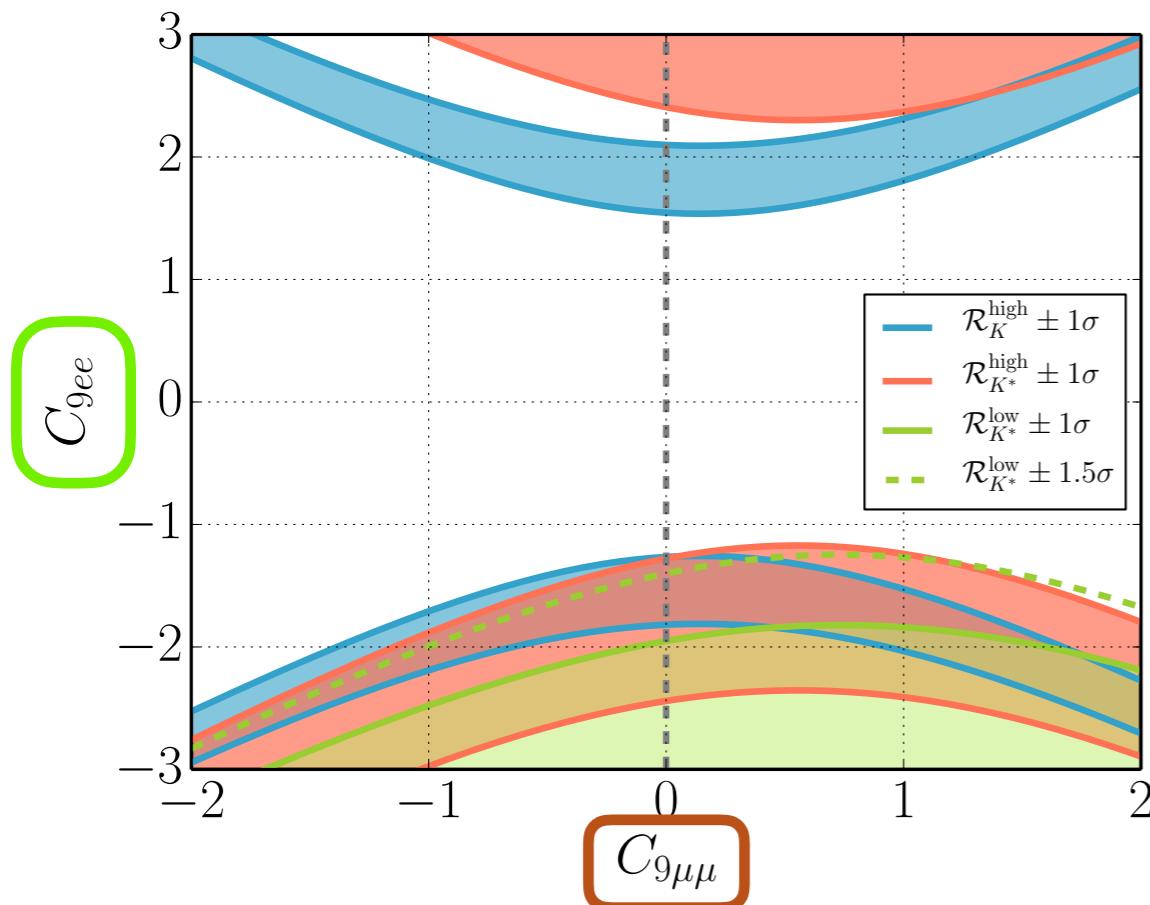
$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ m_s(V_c^*)^{21} \\ m_b(V_c^*)^{31} \\ \\ -m_\mu V^{12} \\ m_s(V_c^*)^{22} - m_\mu V^{22} \\ m_b(V_c^*)^{32} - m_\mu V^{32} \\ \\ -m_\tau V^{13} \\ m_s(V_c^*)^{23} - m_\tau V^{23} \\ m_b(V_c^*)^{33} - m_\tau V^{33} \end{pmatrix}.$$



$$-\mathcal{L}_{\text{eff}}^{b \rightarrow s} \supset \frac{c_4^{2\ell}(c_4^{3\ell})^*}{2M_{\Phi_4}^2} (\bar{s} \gamma^\mu P_L b)(\bar{\ell} \gamma_\mu \ell) \Rightarrow C_{9\ell\ell} = C_{10\ell\ell}$$

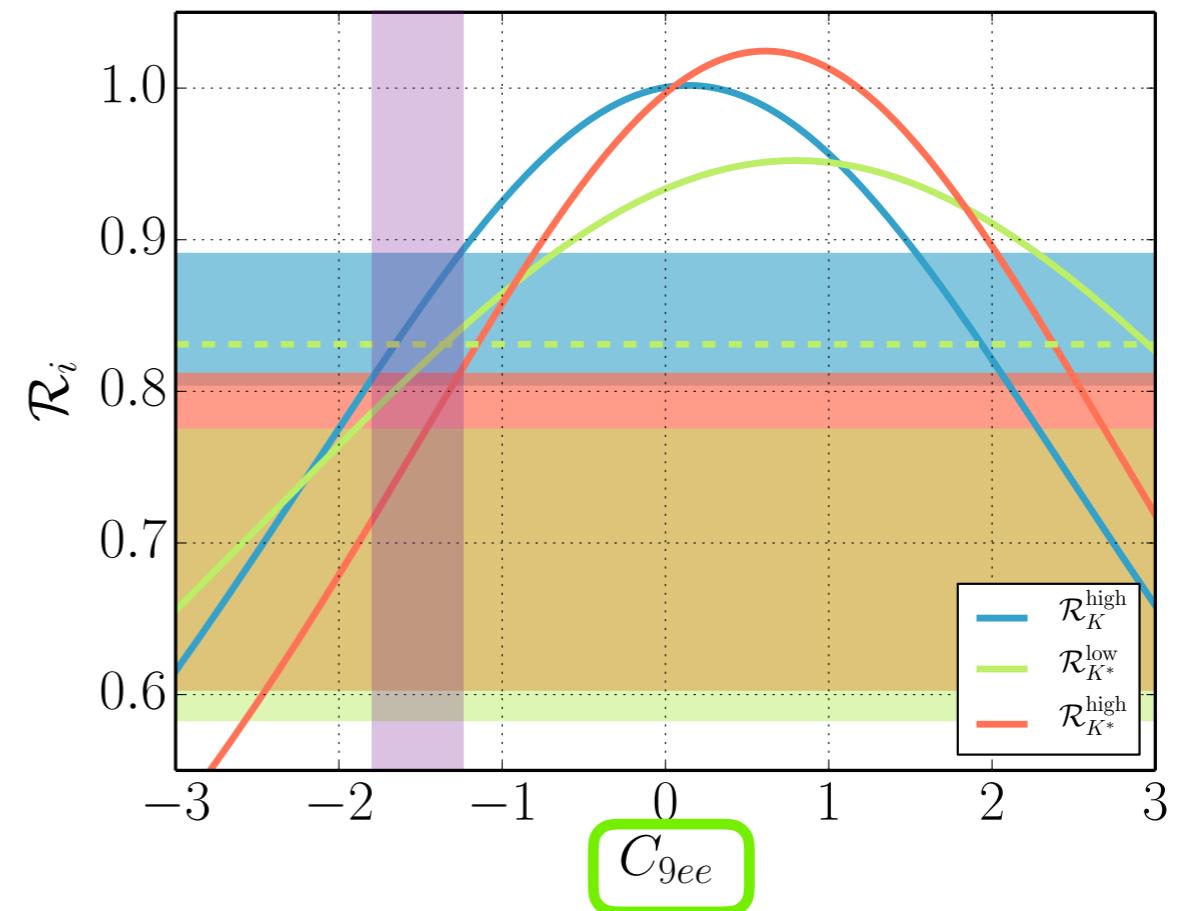
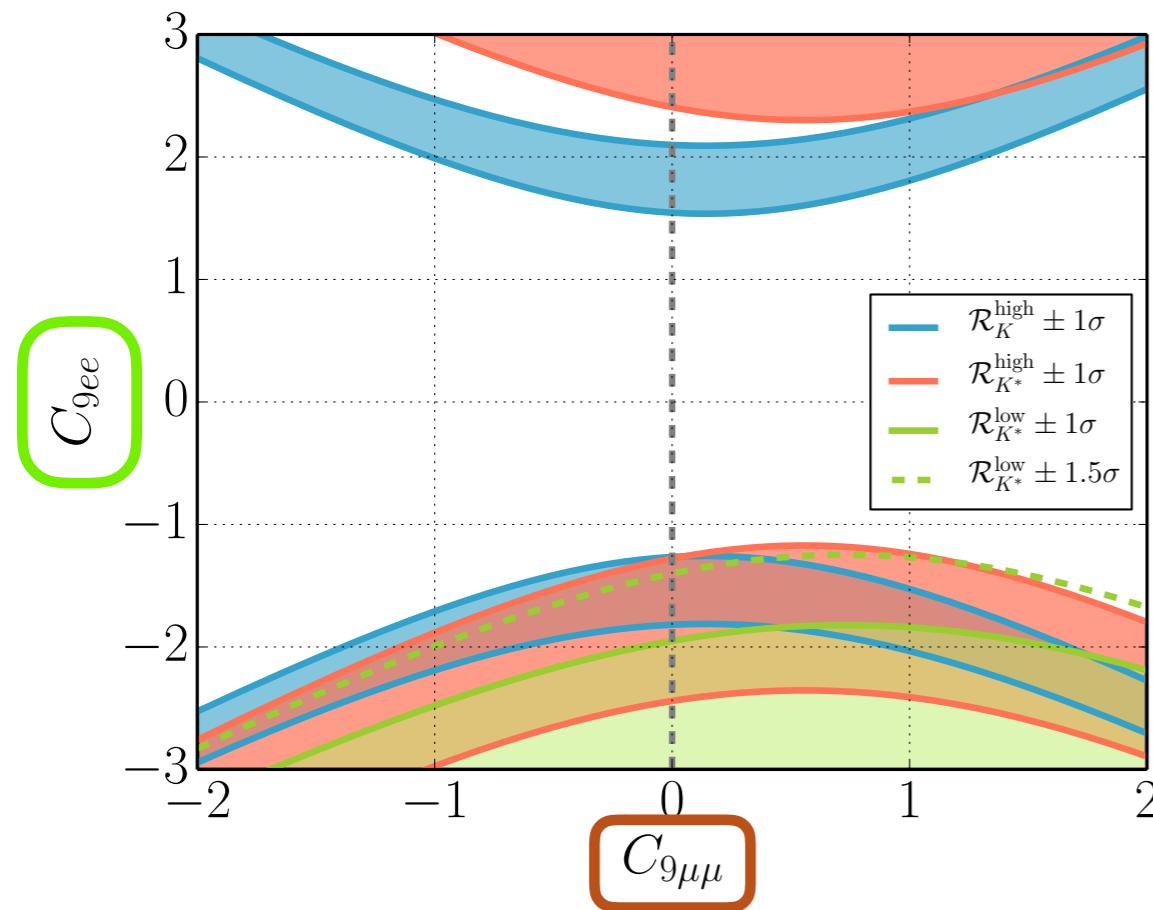
Neutral Anomalies

$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ m_s(V_c^*)^{21} \\ m_b(V_c^*)^{31} \\ -m_\mu V^{12} \\ m_s(V_c^*)^{22} - m_\mu V^{22} \\ m_b(V_c^*)^{32} - m_\mu V^{32} \\ -m_\tau V^{13} \\ m_s(V_c^*)^{23} - m_\tau V^{23} \\ m_b(V_c^*)^{33} - m_\tau V^{33} \end{pmatrix}.$$



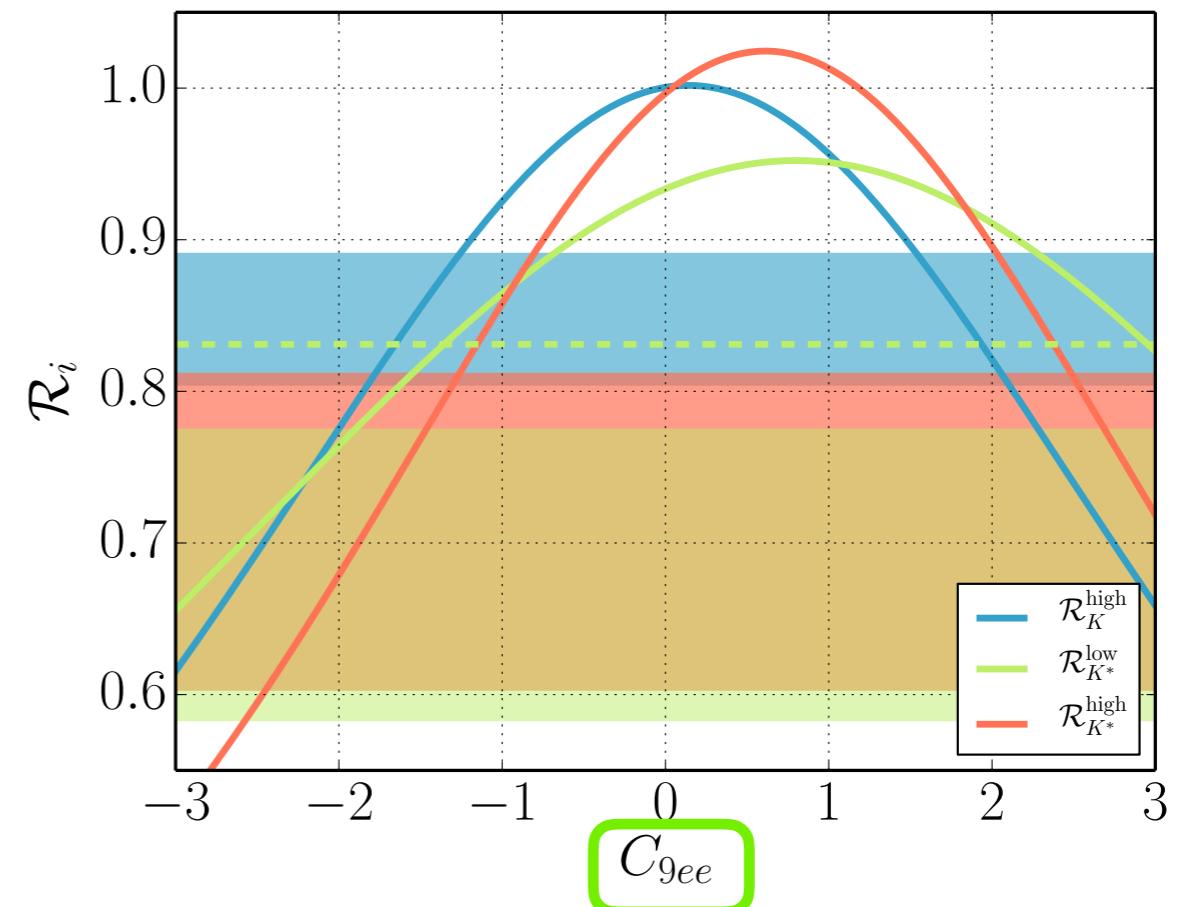
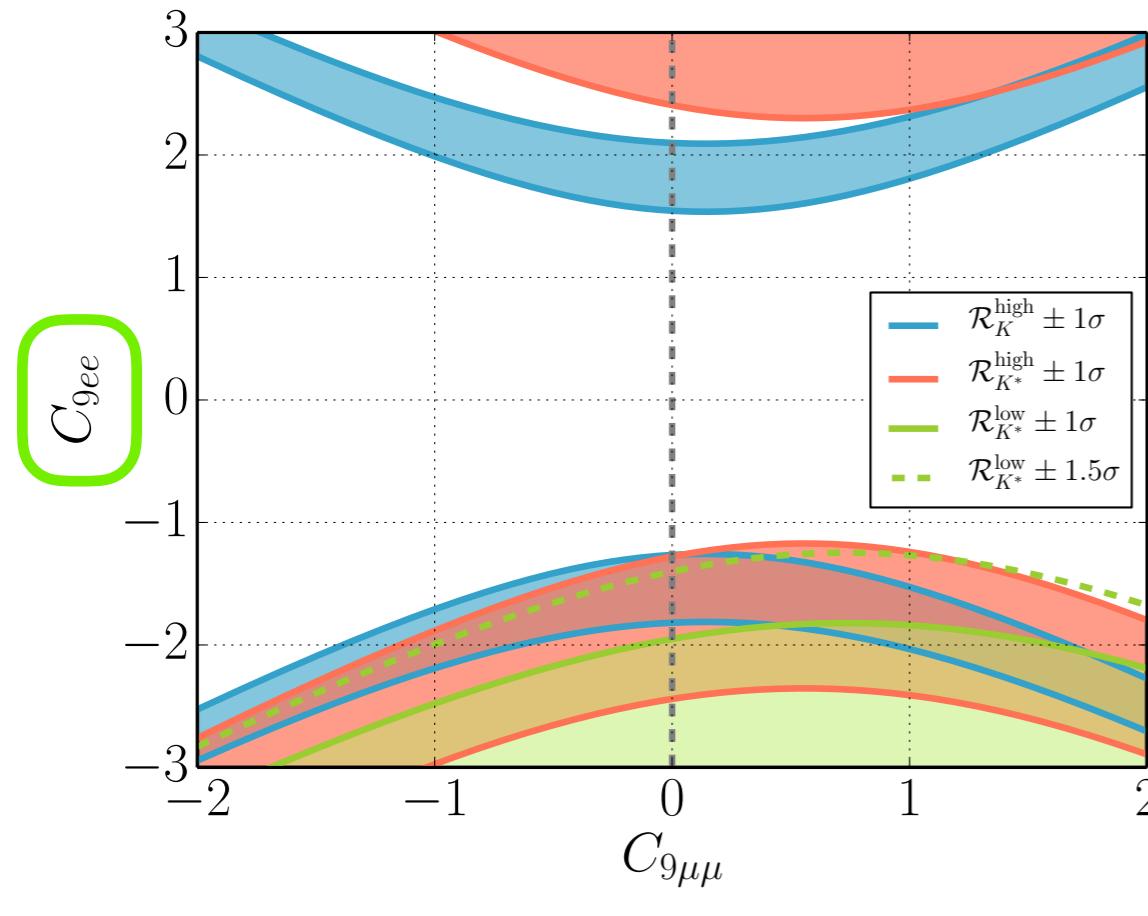
Neutral Anomalies

$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ m_s(V_c^*)^{21} \\ m_b(V_c^*)^{31} \\ -m_\mu V^{12} \\ m_s(V_c^*)^{22} - m_\mu V^{22} \\ m_b(V_c^*)^{32} - m_\mu V^{32} \\ -m_\tau V^{13} \\ m_s(V_c^*)^{23} - m_\tau V^{23} \\ m_b(V_c^*)^{33} - m_\tau V^{33} \end{pmatrix}.$$



Neutral Anomalies

$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -m_\mu V^{12} & -m_\tau V^{13} \\ m_s (V_c^*)^{21} & m_s (V_c^*)^{22} - m_\mu V^{22} & m_s (V_c^*)^{23} - m_\tau V^{23} \\ m_b (V_c^*)^{31} & m_b (V_c^*)^{32} - m_\mu V^{32} & m_b (V_c^*)^{33} - m_\tau V^{33} \end{pmatrix}.$$



$$C_{9ee} (= C_{10ee}) \propto (G_F)^{-1} \frac{m_s m_b}{v^2} \frac{(V_c^*)^{21} V_c^{31}}{M_{\Phi_4}^2 \sin^2 \beta}$$

$$K_L \rightarrow \mu^\pm e^\mp$$

$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ m_s (V_c^*)^{21} \\ m_b (V_c^*)^{31} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -m_\mu V^{12} \\ m_s (V_c^*)^{22} - m_\mu V^{22} \\ m_b (V_c^*)^{32} - m_\mu V^{32} \\ -m_\tau V^{13} \\ m_s (V_c^*)^{23} - m_\tau V^{23} \\ m_b (V_c^*)^{33} - m_\tau V^{33} \end{pmatrix}.$$

→ $\text{Br}(K_L \rightarrow \mu^\pm e^\mp) < 4.7 \times 10^{-12}$

$$K_L \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\begin{array}{c} s \xrightarrow{c_4^{22}} \mu^- \\ \bar{d} \xrightarrow{c_4^{11}} e^+ \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} d \xrightarrow{c_4} \mu^- \\ \bar{s} \xrightarrow{c_4} e^+ \end{array} \right) \right)$$

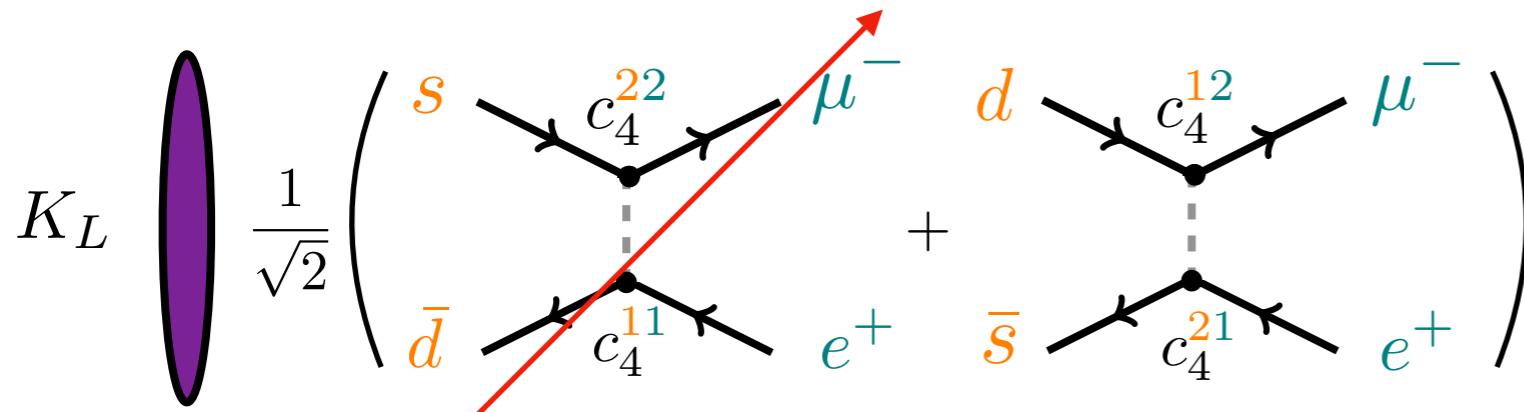
$$V_c = \begin{pmatrix} c_{12}c_{13} & s_{12}c_{13} & s_{13} \\ -s_{12}c_{23} - c_{12}s_{23}s_{13} & c_{12}c_{23} - s_{12}s_{23}s_{13} & s_{23}c_{13} \\ s_{12}s_{23} - c_{12}c_{23}s_{13} & -c_{12}s_{23} - s_{12}c_{23}s_{13} & c_{23}c_{13} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V = \begin{pmatrix} c_{12}c_{13} & s_{12}c_{13} & s_{13} \\ -s_{12}c_{23} - c_{12}s_{23}s_{13} & c_{12}c_{23} - s_{12}s_{23}s_{13} & s_{23}c_{13} \\ s_{12}s_{23} - c_{12}c_{23}s_{13} & -c_{12}s_{23} - s_{12}c_{23}s_{13} & c_{23}c_{13} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$K_L \rightarrow \mu^\pm e^\mp$$

$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ m_s (V_c^*)^{21} \\ m_b (V_c^*)^{31} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -m_\mu V^{12} \\ m_s (V_c^*)^{22} - m_\mu V^{22} \\ m_b (V_c^*)^{32} - m_\mu V^{32} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -m_\tau V^{13} \\ m_s (V_c^*)^{23} - m_\tau V^{23} \\ m_b (V_c^*)^{33} - m_\tau V^{33} \end{pmatrix}.$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Br}(K_L \rightarrow \mu^\pm e^\mp) < 4.7 \times 10^{-12}$$



$$\sqrt{|V^{12}V_c^{21}|} \left(\frac{10 \text{ GeV}}{M_{\Phi_4} \sin \beta} \right) < 0.10$$

$$s_{12} \rightarrow 0$$

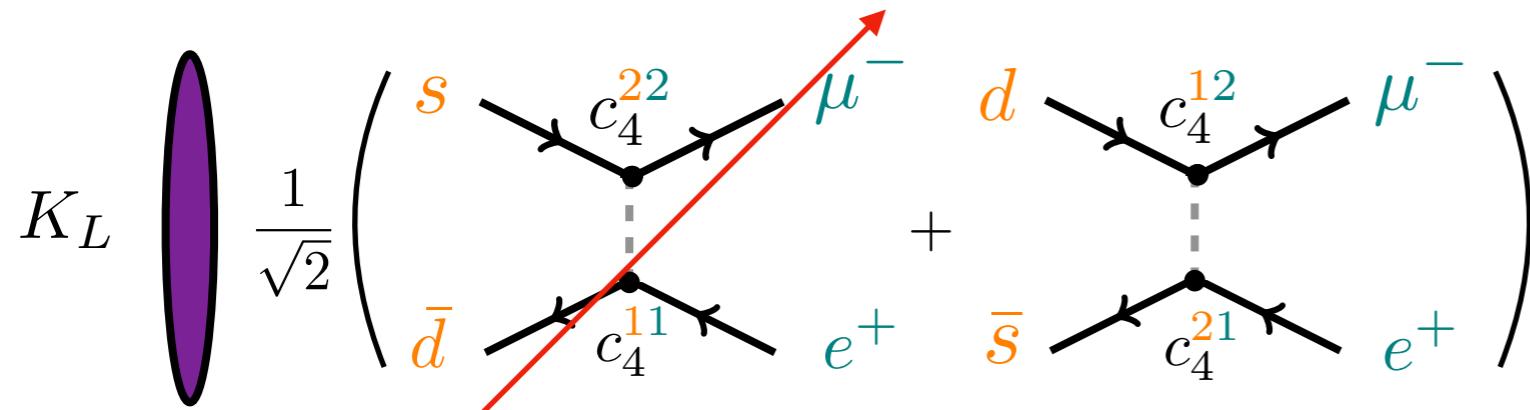
$$V_c = \begin{pmatrix} c_{12}c_{13} & s_{12}c_{13} & s_{13} \\ -s_{12}c_{23} - c_{12}s_{23}s_{13} & c_{12}c_{23} - s_{12}s_{23}s_{13} & s_{23}c_{13} \\ s_{12}s_{23} - c_{12}c_{23}s_{13} & -c_{12}s_{23} - s_{12}c_{23}s_{13} & c_{23}c_{13} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V = \begin{pmatrix} c_{12}c_{13} & s_{12}c_{13} & s_{13} \\ -s_{12}c_{23} - c_{12}s_{23}s_{13} & c_{12}c_{23} - s_{12}s_{23}s_{13} & s_{23}c_{13} \\ s_{12}s_{23} - c_{12}c_{23}s_{13} & -c_{12}s_{23} - s_{12}c_{23}s_{13} & c_{23}c_{13} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$K_L \rightarrow \mu^\pm e^\mp$$

$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ m_s (V_c^*)^{21} \\ m_b (V_c^*)^{31} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ m_s (V_c^*)^{22} - m_\mu V^{22} \\ m_b (V_c^*)^{32} - m_\mu V^{32} \\ -m_\tau V^{13} \\ m_s (V_c^*)^{23} - m_\tau V^{23} \\ m_b (V_c^*)^{33} - m_\tau V^{33} \end{pmatrix}.$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Br}(K_L \rightarrow \mu^\pm e^\mp) < 4.7 \times 10^{-12}$$



$$\sqrt{|V^{12}V_c^{21}|} \left(\frac{10 \text{ GeV}}{M_{\Phi_4} \sin \beta} \right) < 0.10$$

$$V_c = \begin{pmatrix} c_{12}c_{13} & s_{12}c_{13} & s_{13} \\ -s_{12}c_{23} - c_{12}s_{23}s_{13} & c_{12}c_{23} - s_{12}s_{23}s_{13} & s_{23}c_{13} \\ s_{12}s_{23} - c_{12}c_{23}s_{13} & -c_{12}s_{23} - s_{12}c_{23}s_{13} & c_{23}c_{13} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V = \begin{pmatrix} c_{13} & 0 & s_{13} \\ -s_{23}s_{13} & c_{23} & s_{23}c_{13} \\ -c_{23}s_{13} & -s_{23} & c_{23}c_{13} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mu \rightarrow e\gamma$$

$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & -m_\tau V^{13} \\ m_s (V_c^*)^{21} & m_s (V_c^*)^{22} - m_\mu V^{22} & m_s (V_c^*)^{23} - m_\tau V^{23} \\ m_b (V_c^*)^{31} & m_b (V_c^*)^{32} - m_\mu V^{32} & m_b (V_c^*)^{33} - m_\tau V^{33} \end{pmatrix}.$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Br}(\mu \rightarrow e\gamma) < 4.2 \times 10^{-13}$$

$$V_c = \begin{pmatrix} c_{12}c_{13} & s_{12}c_{13} & s_{13} \\ -s_{12}c_{23} - c_{12}s_{23}s_{13} & c_{12}c_{23} - s_{12}s_{23}s_{13} & s_{23}c_{13} \\ s_{12}s_{23} - c_{12}c_{23}s_{13} & -c_{12}s_{23} - s_{12}c_{23}s_{13} & c_{23}c_{13} \end{pmatrix}$$

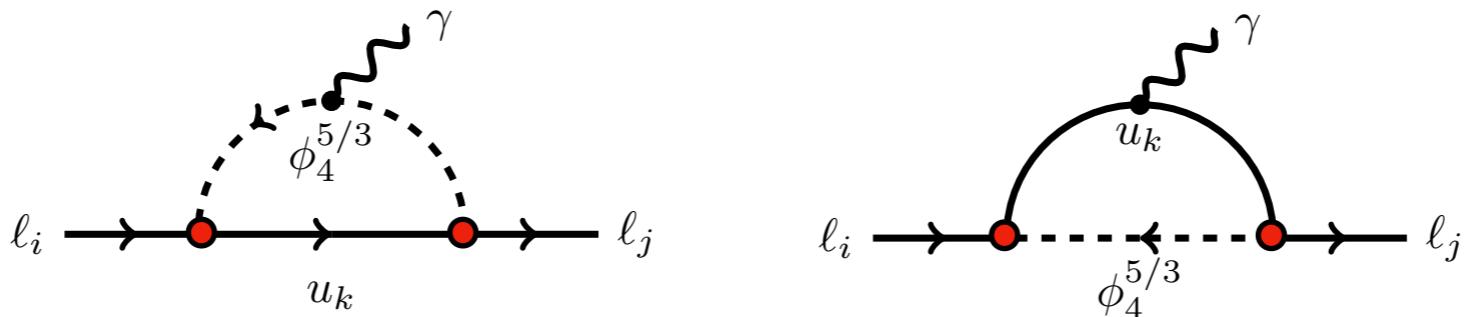
$$V = \begin{pmatrix} c_{13} & 0 & s_{13} \\ -s_{23}s_{13} & c_{23} & s_{23}c_{13} \\ -c_{23}s_{13} & -s_{23} & c_{23}c_{13} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mu \rightarrow e\gamma$$

$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & -m_\tau V^{13} \\ m_s (V_c^*)^{21} & m_s (V_c^*)^{22} - m_\mu V^{22} & m_s (V_c^*)^{23} - m_\tau V^{23} \\ m_b (V_c^*)^{31} & m_b (V_c^*)^{32} - m_\mu V^{32} & m_b (V_c^*)^{33} - m_\tau V^{33} \end{pmatrix}.$$

$\Rightarrow \text{Br}(\mu \rightarrow e\gamma) < 4.2 \times 10^{-13}$

$$\Phi_4 = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_4^{5/3} \\ \phi_4^{2/3} \end{pmatrix}$$



$$V_c =$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} c_{12}c_{13} & s_{12}c_{13} & s_{13} \\ -s_{12}c_{23} - c_{12}s_{23}s_{13} & c_{12}c_{23} - s_{12}s_{23}s_{13} & s_{23}c_{13} \\ s_{12}s_{23} - c_{12}c_{23}s_{13} & -c_{12}s_{23} - s_{12}c_{23}s_{13} & c_{23}c_{13} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V =$$

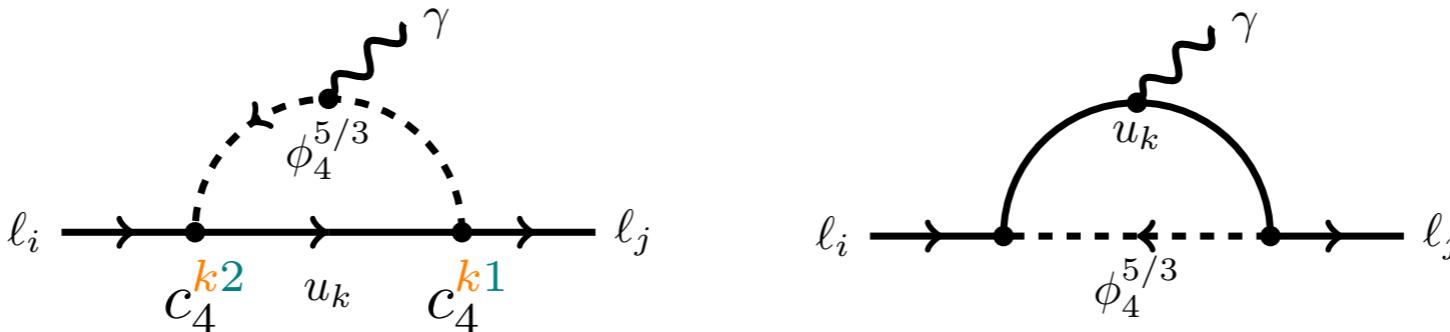
$$\begin{pmatrix} c_{13} & 0 & s_{13} \\ -s_{23}s_{13} & c_{23} & s_{23}c_{13} \\ -c_{23}s_{13} & -s_{23} & c_{23}c_{13} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mu \rightarrow e\gamma$$

$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & -m_\tau V^{13} \\ m_s (V_c^*)^{21} & m_s (V_c^*)^{22} - m_\mu V^{22} & m_s (V_c^*)^{23} - m_\tau V^{23} \\ m_b (V_c^*)^{31} & m_b (V_c^*)^{32} - m_\mu V^{32} & m_b (V_c^*)^{33} - m_\tau V^{33} \end{pmatrix}.$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Br}(\mu \rightarrow e\gamma) < 4.2 \times 10^{-13}$$

$$\Phi_4=\begin{pmatrix}\phi_4^{5/3}\\ \phi_4^{2/3}\end{pmatrix}$$



$$\begin{aligned} c_{12} &\rightarrow \epsilon \\ s_{13} &\rightarrow \epsilon' \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{\left| (V_c^*)^{31} \left[V_c^{32} - \frac{m_\mu}{m_b} (V^*)^{32} \right] \right|} < 0.011 \left(\frac{M_{\Phi_4} |\sin \beta|}{10 \text{ GeV}} \right)$$

$$V_c =$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} c_{12}c_{13} & s_{12}c_{13} & s_{13} \\ -s_{12}c_{23}-c_{12}s_{23}s_{13} & c_{12}c_{23}-s_{12}s_{23}s_{13} & s_{23}c_{13} \\ s_{12}s_{23}-c_{12}c_{23}s_{13} & -c_{12}s_{23}-s_{12}c_{23}s_{13} & c_{23}c_{13} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V =$$

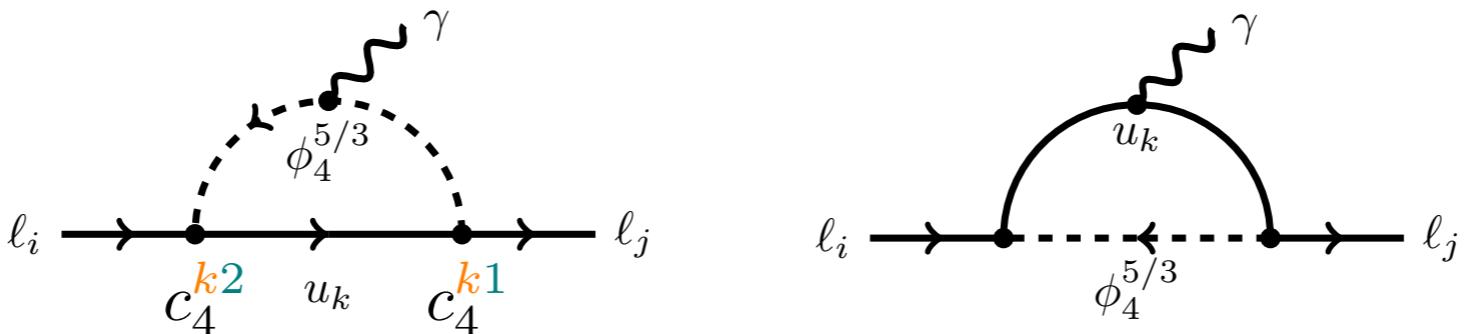
$$\begin{pmatrix} c_{13} & 0 & s_{13} \\ -s_{23}s_{13} & c_{23} & s_{23}c_{13} \\ -c_{23}s_{13} & -s_{23} & c_{23}c_{13} \end{pmatrix}$$

Fixing the textures: $\mu \rightarrow e\gamma$

$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & & -m_\tau V^{13} \\ -m_s \cos \theta_c & -m_\mu V^{22} & m_s \sin \theta_c - m_\tau V^{23} \\ m_b \sin \theta_c & 0 & m_b \cos \theta_c - m_\tau V^{33} \end{pmatrix}.$$

$\Rightarrow \text{Br}(\mu \rightarrow e\gamma) < 4.2 \times 10^{-13}$

$$\Phi_4 = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_4^{5/3} \\ \phi_4^{2/3} \end{pmatrix}$$



$$\sqrt{\left| (V_c^*)^{31} \left[V_c^{32} - \frac{m_\mu}{m_b} (V^*)^{32} \right] \right|} < 0.011 \left(\frac{M_{\Phi_4} |\sin \beta|}{10 \text{ GeV}} \right)$$

$$V_c = \begin{pmatrix} \epsilon & 1 & \epsilon' \\ -\cos \theta_c & \epsilon \cos \theta_c - \epsilon' \sin \theta_c & \sin \theta_c \\ \sin \theta_c & -\epsilon \sin \theta_c + \epsilon' \cos \theta_c & \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}$$

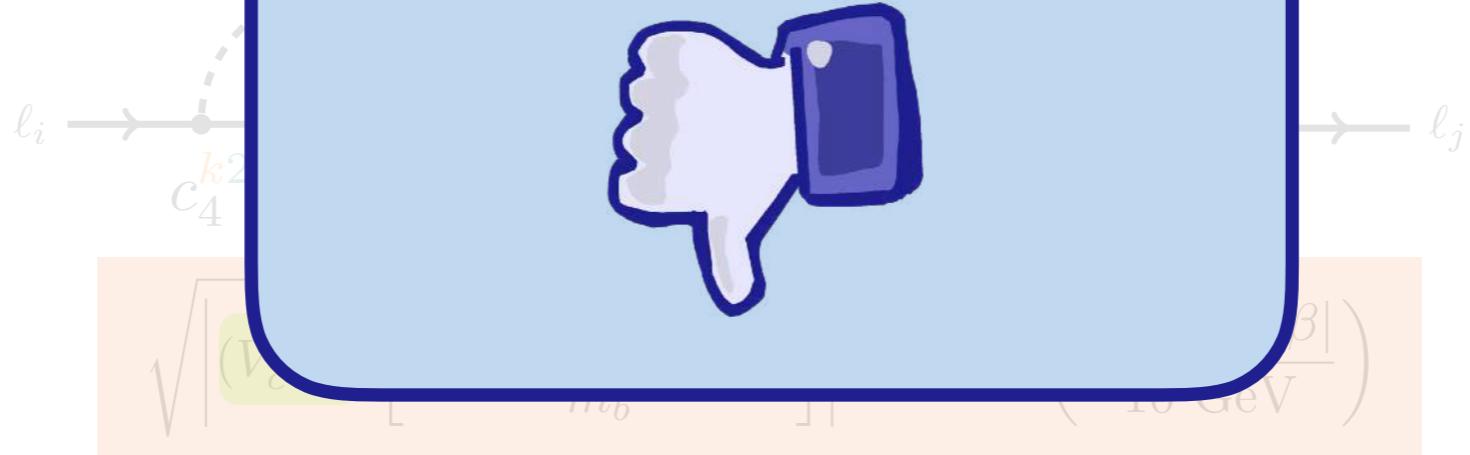
$$V = \begin{pmatrix} c_{13} & 0 & s_{13} \\ -s_{23}s_{13} & c_{23} & s_{23}c_{13} \\ -c_{23}s_{13} & -s_{23} & c_{23}c_{13} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mu \rightarrow e\gamma$$

$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -m_s \cos \theta_c \\ m_b \sin \theta_c \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -m_\tau \sin \theta \\ m_s \sin \theta_c - m_\tau \cos \theta \\ m_b \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}.$$

$\rightarrow \text{Br}($

Unpopular Opinion



$$\Phi_4 = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_4^{5/3} \\ \phi_4^{2/3} \end{pmatrix}$$

$V_c =$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \epsilon & 1 & \epsilon' \\ -\cos \theta_c & \epsilon \cos \theta_c - \epsilon' \sin \theta_c & \sin \theta_c \\ \sin \theta_c & -\epsilon \sin \theta_c + \epsilon' \cos \theta_c & \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}$$

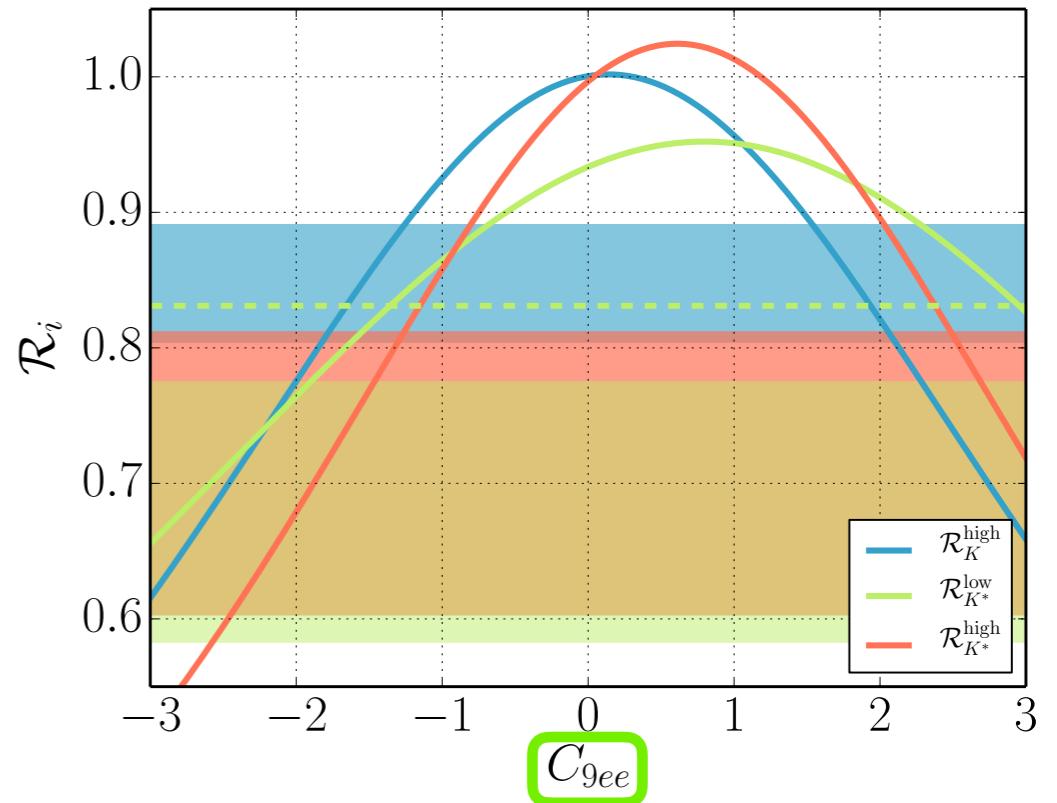
$V =$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \cdot & \cos \theta & 0 & \sin \theta \\ \cdot & -\sin \theta & 0 & \cos \theta \\ \cdot & 0 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Fixing the textures

$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -m_s \cos \theta_c \\ m_b \sin \theta_c \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ -m_\tau \sin \theta \\ m_s \sin \theta_c - m_\tau \cos \theta \\ m_b \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}.$$

$$C_{9ee} (= C_{10ee}) \propto (G_F)^{-1} \frac{m_s m_b}{v^2} \frac{(V_c^*)^{21} V_c^{31}}{M_{\Phi_4}^2 \sin^2 \beta} \sim -1.4$$



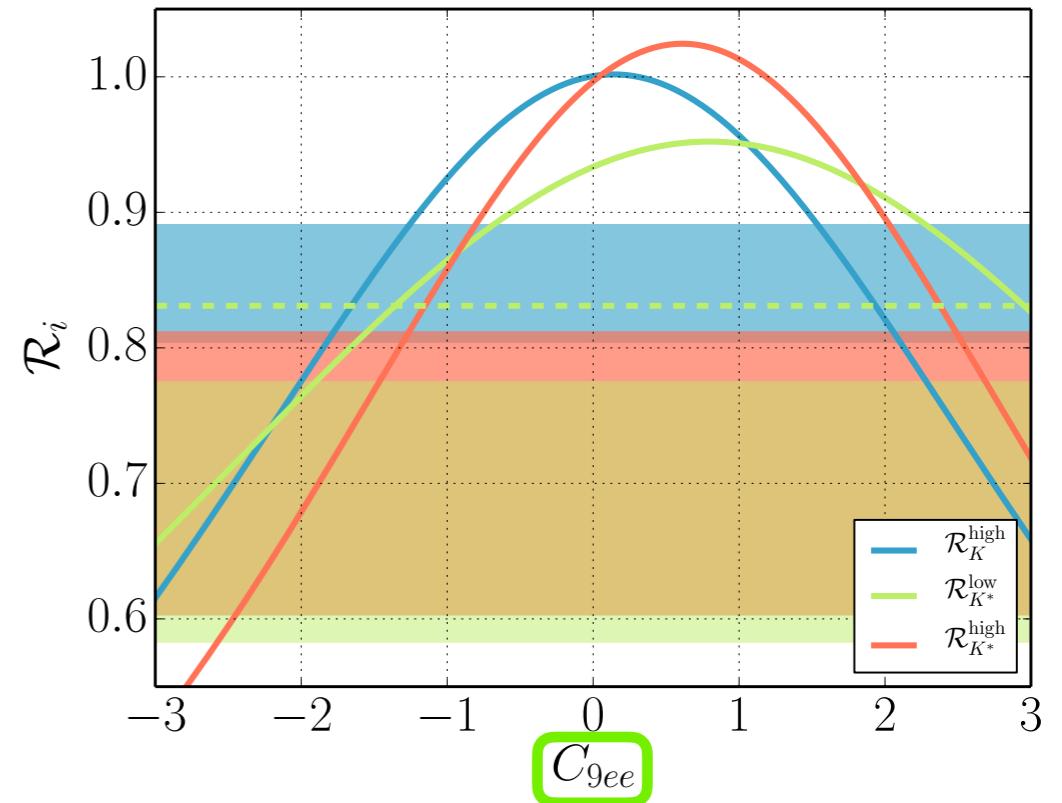
$$V_c = \begin{pmatrix} \epsilon & 1 & \epsilon' \\ -\cos \theta_c & \epsilon \cos \theta_c - \epsilon' \sin \theta_c & \sin \theta_c \\ \sin \theta_c & -\epsilon \sin \theta_c + \epsilon' \cos \theta_c & \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V = \begin{pmatrix} \cdot & \cos \theta & 0 & \sin \theta \\ \cdot & -\sin \theta & 0 & \cos \theta \\ \cdot & 0 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Fixing the textures

$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -m_s \cos \theta_c \\ m_b \sin \theta_c \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -m_\tau \sin \theta \\ m_s \sin \theta_c - m_\tau \cos \theta \\ m_b \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}.$$

$$C_{9ee} (= C_{10ee}) \propto (G_F)^{-1} \frac{m_s m_b}{v^2} \frac{\sin 2\theta_c}{M_{\Phi_4}^2 \sin^2 \beta} \sim 1.4$$



$$V_c = \begin{pmatrix} \epsilon & 1 & \epsilon' \\ -\cos \theta_c & \epsilon \cos \theta_c - \epsilon' \sin \theta_c & \sin \theta_c \\ \sin \theta_c & -\epsilon \sin \theta_c + \epsilon' \cos \theta_c & \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V = \begin{pmatrix} \cdot & \cos \theta & 0 & \sin \theta \\ \cdot & -\sin \theta & 0 & \cos \theta \\ \cdot & 0 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

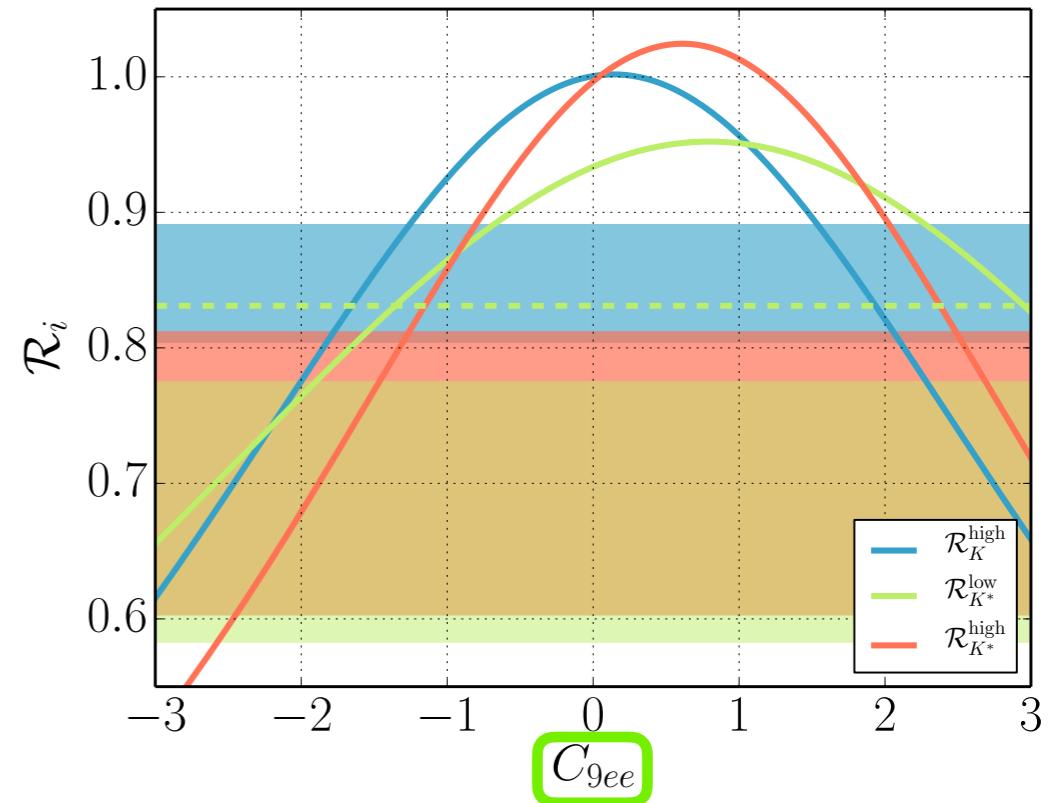
Fixing the textures

$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -m_s \cos \theta_c \\ m_b \sin \theta_c \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -m_\tau \sin \theta \\ m_s \sin \theta_c - m_\tau \cos \theta \\ m_b \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}.$$

$$C_{9ee} (= C_{10ee}) \propto (G_F)^{-1} \frac{m_s m_b}{v^2} \frac{\sin 2\theta_c}{M_{\Phi_4}^2 \sin^2 \beta} \sim 1.4$$



$$\frac{\sin 2\theta_c}{\sin^2 \beta M_{\Phi_4}^2} \simeq \frac{1}{1174 \text{ GeV}^2}$$



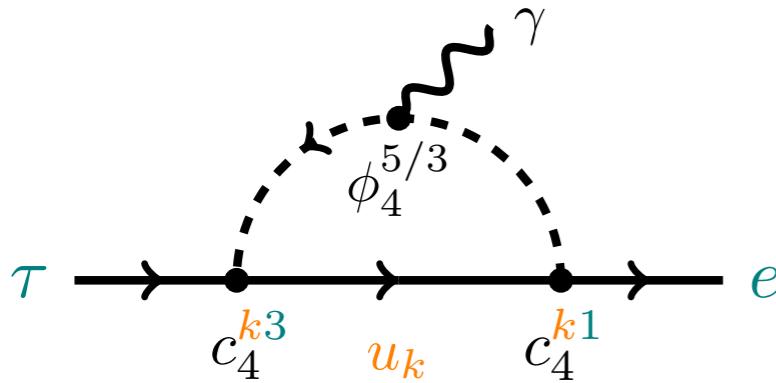
$$V_c = \begin{pmatrix} \epsilon & 1 & \epsilon' \\ -\cos \theta_c & \epsilon \cos \theta_c - \epsilon' \sin \theta_c & \sin \theta_c \\ \sin \theta_c & -\epsilon \sin \theta_c + \epsilon' \cos \theta_c & \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V = \begin{pmatrix} \cdot & \cos \theta & 0 & \sin \theta \\ \cdot & -\sin \theta & 0 & \cos \theta \\ \cdot & 0 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

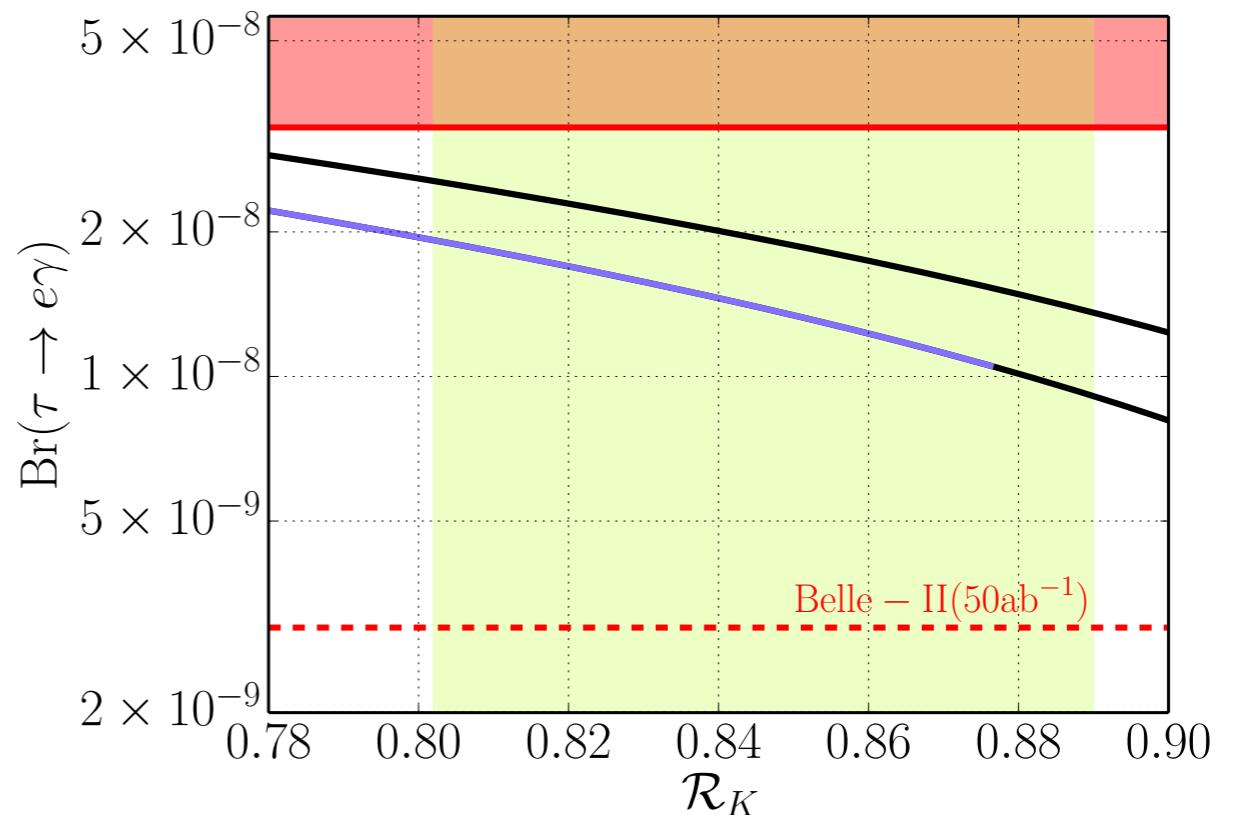
PREDICTIONS

$$\tau \rightarrow e\gamma$$

$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -m_s \cos \theta_c \\ m_b \sin \theta_c \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} -m_\tau \sin \theta \\ m_s \sin \theta_c - m_\tau \cos \theta \\ m_b \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}.$$



$$\boxed{\frac{\sin 2\theta_c}{\sin^2 \beta M_{\Phi_4}^2} \approx \frac{1}{1174 \text{ GeV}^2}}$$

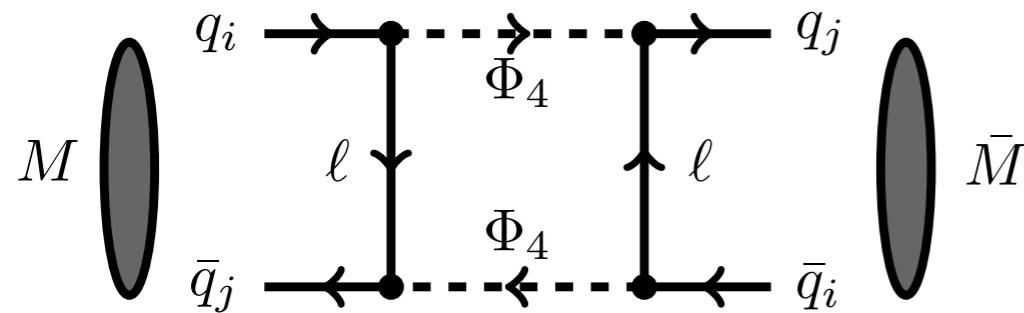


$$\text{Br}(\tau \rightarrow e\gamma)_{\text{exp}} < 3.3 \times 10^{-8} \quad [\text{BaBar, 2009}]$$

$$\text{Br}(\tau \rightarrow e\gamma) \simeq \tau_\tau \frac{\alpha}{4} m_\tau^5 \left(\frac{3}{64\pi^2} \right)^2 \left(\frac{3}{2} \right)^2 \frac{m_b^4}{4v^4} \left| \frac{\sin 2\theta_c}{M_{\Phi_4}^2 \sin^2 \beta} \right|^2 \simeq 1.1 \times 10^{-8}$$

Meson mixing

$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -m_\tau \sin \theta \\ -m_s \cos \theta_c & m_s \sin \theta_c - m_\tau \cos \theta \\ m_b \sin \theta_c & m_b \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}.$$



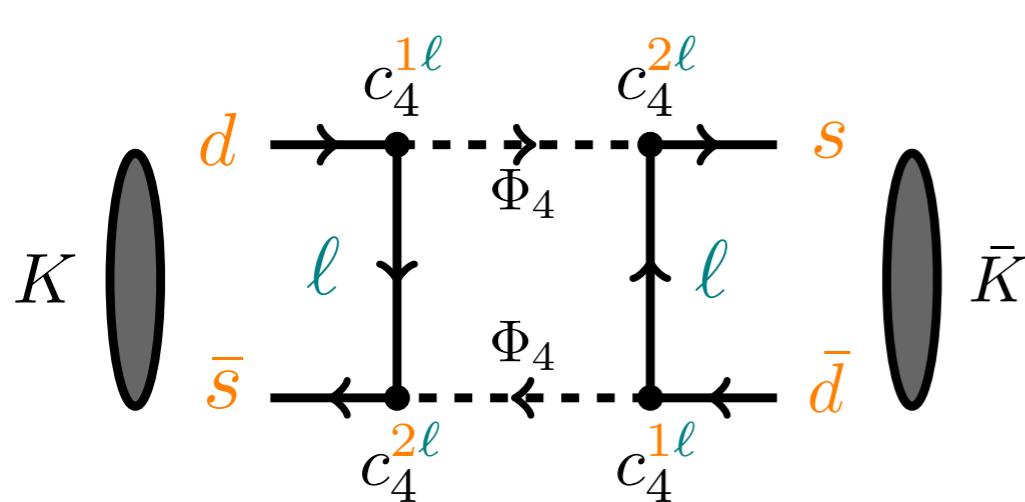
$$H_{\Delta F=2}^{\Phi_4} \simeq \frac{\left(\sum_\ell (c_4^{q_i \ell})^* c_4^{q_j \ell} \right)^2}{128 \pi^2 M_{\Phi_4}^2} (\bar{q}_i \gamma_\mu P_R q_j) (\bar{q}_i \gamma^\mu P_R q_j)$$

$$V_c = \begin{pmatrix} \epsilon & 1 & \epsilon' \\ -\cos \theta_c & \epsilon \cos \theta_c - \epsilon' \sin \theta_c & \sin \theta_c \\ \sin \theta_c & -\epsilon \sin \theta_c + \epsilon' \cos \theta_c & \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V = \begin{pmatrix} \cdot & \cos \theta & 0 & \sin \theta \\ \cdot & -\sin \theta & 0 & \cos \theta \\ \cdot & 0 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Meson mixing

$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -m_s \cos \theta_c \\ m_b \sin \theta_c \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -m_\tau \sin \theta \\ 0 & m_s \sin \theta_c - m_\tau \cos \theta \\ 0 & m_b \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}.$$



$$K - \bar{K} \propto (c_4^{23}(c_4^{13})^*)^2 \Rightarrow M_{\Phi_4} \lesssim 0.81 \text{ TeV} \left| \frac{\sin 2\theta_c}{\sin 2\theta} \right|$$

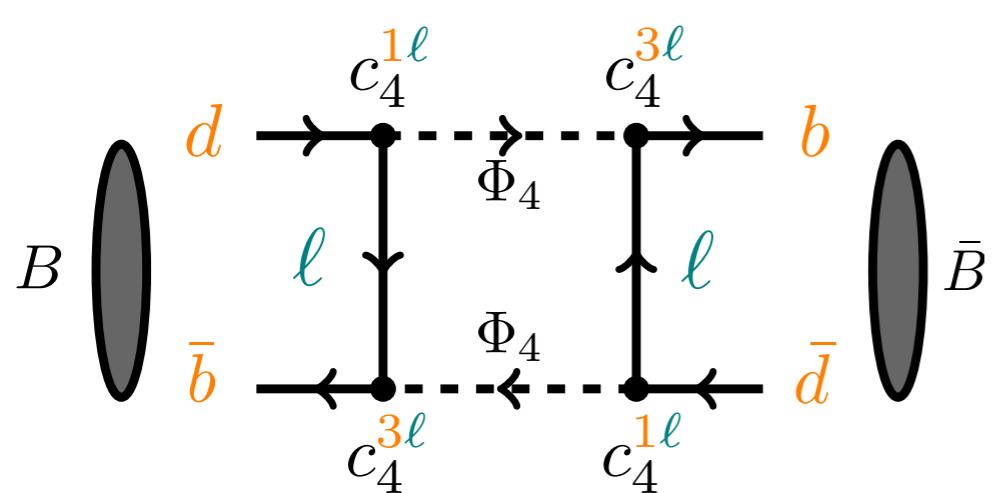
$$H_{\Delta F=2}^{\Phi_4} \simeq \frac{\left(\sum_{\ell} (c_4^{q_i \ell})^* c_4^{q_j \ell} \right)^2}{128 \pi^2 M_{\Phi_4}^2} (\bar{q}_i \gamma_{\mu} P_R q_j) (\bar{q}_i \gamma^{\mu} P_R q_j)$$

$$V_c = \begin{pmatrix} \epsilon & 1 & \epsilon' \\ -\cos \theta_c & \epsilon \cos \theta_c - \epsilon' \sin \theta_c & \sin \theta_c \\ \sin \theta_c & -\epsilon \sin \theta_c + \epsilon' \cos \theta_c & \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V = \begin{pmatrix} \cdot & \cos \theta & 0 & \sin \theta \\ \cdot & -\sin \theta & 0 & \cos \theta \\ \cdot & 0 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Meson mixing

$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -m_s \cos \theta_c \\ m_b \sin \theta_c \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -m_\tau \sin \theta \\ 0 & m_s \sin \theta_c - m_\tau \cos \theta \\ 0 & m_b \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}.$$



$$K - \bar{K} \propto (c_4^{23}(c_4^{13})^*)^2 \Rightarrow M_{\Phi_4} \lesssim 0.81 \text{ TeV} \left| \frac{\sin 2\theta_c}{\sin 2\theta} \right|$$

$$B - \bar{B} \propto (c_4^{33}(c_4^{13})^*)^2 \Rightarrow M_{\Phi_4} \lesssim 0.62 \text{ TeV} \left| \frac{\sin \theta_c}{\sin \theta} \right|$$

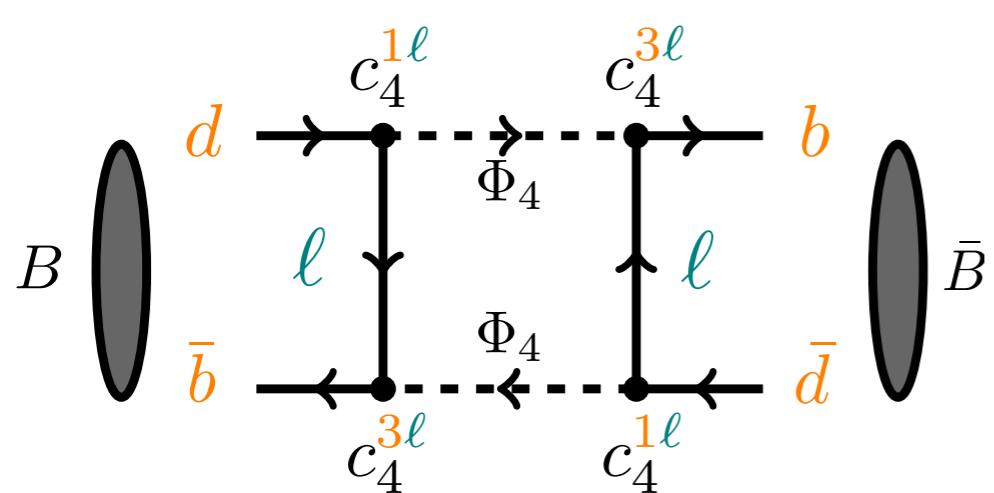
$$H_{\Delta F=2}^{\Phi_4} \simeq \frac{\left(\sum_{\ell} (c_4^{q_i \ell})^* c_4^{q_j \ell} \right)^2}{128 \pi^2 M_{\Phi_4}^2} (\bar{q}_i \gamma_{\mu} P_R q_j) (\bar{q}_i \gamma^{\mu} P_R q_j)$$

$$V_c = \begin{pmatrix} \epsilon & 1 & \epsilon' \\ -\cos \theta_c & \epsilon \cos \theta_c - \epsilon' \sin \theta_c & \sin \theta_c \\ \sin \theta_c & -\epsilon \sin \theta_c + \epsilon' \cos \theta_c & \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V = \begin{pmatrix} \cdot & \cos \theta & 0 & \sin \theta \\ \cdot & -\sin \theta & 0 & \cos \theta \\ \cdot & 0 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Meson mixing

$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -m_s \cos \theta_c \\ m_b \sin \theta_c \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ m_s \sin \theta_c - m_\tau \\ m_b \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}.$$



$$K - \bar{K} \propto (c_4^{23}(c_4^{13})^*)^2 \Rightarrow M_{\Phi_4} \lesssim 0.81 \text{ TeV} \left| \frac{\sin 2\theta_c}{\sin 2\theta} \right|$$

$$B - \bar{B} \propto (c_4^{33}(c_4^{13})^*)^2 \Rightarrow M_{\Phi_4} \lesssim 0.62 \text{ TeV} \left| \frac{\sin \theta_c}{\sin \theta} \right|$$

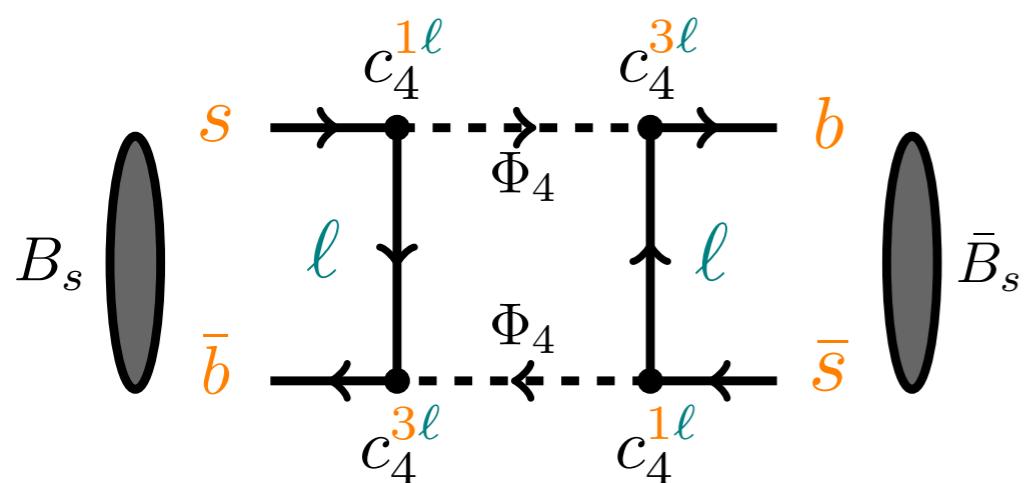
$$H_{\Delta F=2}^{\Phi_4} \simeq \frac{\left(\sum_{\ell} (c_4^{q_i \ell})^* c_4^{q_j \ell} \right)^2}{128 \pi^2 M_{\Phi_4}^2} (\bar{q}_i \gamma_{\mu} P_R q_j) (\bar{q}_i \gamma^{\mu} P_R q_j)$$

$$V_c = \begin{pmatrix} \epsilon & 1 & \epsilon' \\ -\cos \theta_c & \epsilon \cos \theta_c - \epsilon' \sin \theta_c & \sin \theta_c \\ \sin \theta_c & -\epsilon \sin \theta_c + \epsilon' \cos \theta_c & \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Meson mixing

$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -m_s \cos \theta_c \\ m_b \sin \theta_c \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & m_s \sin \theta_c - m_\tau & m_b \cos \theta_c \\ 0 & m_b \cos \theta_c & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$



$$H_{\Delta F=2}^{\Phi_4} \simeq \frac{\left(\sum_{\ell} (c_4^{q_i \ell})^* c_4^{q_j \ell} \right)^2}{128 \pi^2 M_{\Phi_4}^2} (\bar{q}_i \gamma_{\mu} P_R q_j) (\bar{q}_i \gamma^{\mu} P_R q_j)$$

$$V_c =$$

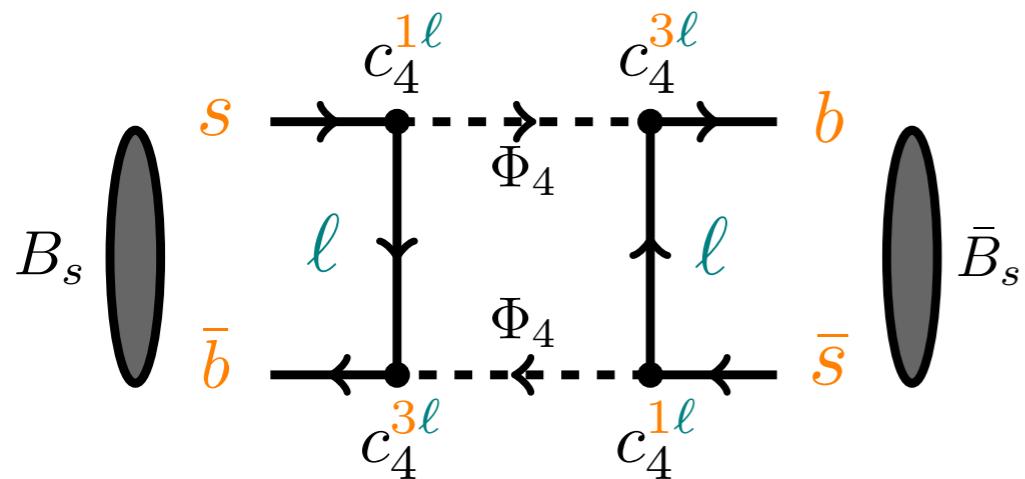
$$\begin{pmatrix} \epsilon & 1 & \epsilon' \\ -\cos \theta_c & \epsilon \cos \theta_c - \epsilon' \sin \theta_c & \sin \theta_c \\ \sin \theta_c & -\epsilon \sin \theta_c + \epsilon' \cos \theta_c & \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V =$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Meson mixing

$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -m_s \cos \theta_c \\ m_b \sin \theta_c \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ m_s \sin \theta_c - m_\tau \\ m_b \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}.$$



$$H_{\Delta F=2}^{\Phi_4} \simeq \frac{\left(\sum_{\ell} (c_4^{q_i \ell})^* c_4^{q_j \ell} \right)^2}{128 \pi^2 M_{\Phi_4}^2} (\bar{q}_i \gamma_{\mu} P_R q_j) (\bar{q}_i \gamma^{\mu} P_R q_j)$$

$$K - \bar{K} \propto (c_4^{23} (c_4^{13})^*)^2 \Rightarrow M_{\Phi_4} \lesssim 0.81 \text{ TeV} \left| \frac{\sin 2\theta_c}{\sin 2\theta} \right|$$

$$B - \bar{B} \propto (c_4^{33} (c_4^{13})^*)^2 \Rightarrow M_{\Phi_4} \lesssim 0.62 \text{ TeV} \left| \frac{\sin \theta_c}{\sin \theta} \right|$$

$$B_s - \bar{B}_s \propto (c_4^{31} (c_4^{21})^* + c_4^{33} (c_4^{23})^*)^2 \Rightarrow M_{\Phi_4} \lesssim 3.0 \text{ TeV} \left| \frac{\sin \theta_c}{\cos \theta} \right|$$

$$V_c = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{m_\mu}{m_b \sin \theta_c} & 1 & 0 \\ -\cos \theta_c & 0 & \sin \theta_c \\ \sin \theta_c & m_\mu/m_b & \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

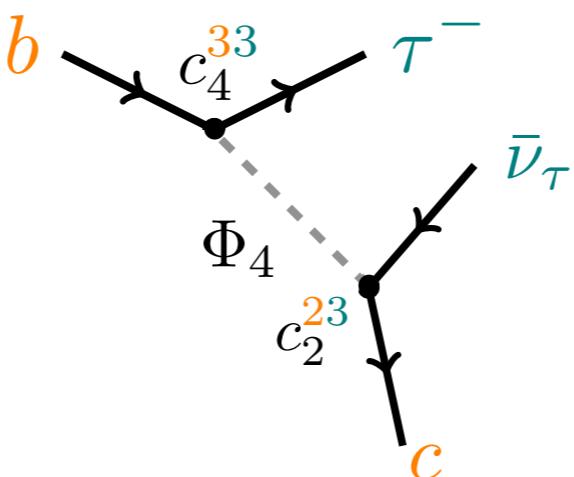
Extra: Charged Anomalies

$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -m_s \cos \theta_c & 0 & m_s \sin \theta_c - m_\tau \\ m_b \sin \theta_c & 0 & m_b \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}.$$

$$\mathcal{H}_{\text{eff}}^{b \rightarrow c} \supset \frac{c_2^{il}(c_4^*)^{jk}}{2M_{\Phi_4}^2} \left[(\bar{u}_R^i d_L^j)(\bar{e}_R^k \nu_L^l) + \frac{1}{4} (\bar{u}_R^i \sigma^{\mu\nu} d_L^j)(\bar{e}_R^k \sigma_{\mu\nu} \nu_L^l) \right] + \text{h.c.}$$

$$c_2 = U_C^T Y_2^T N$$

$$C_{LL}^S = 4 r C_{LL}^T \propto (G_F)^{-1} \frac{c_2^{23} (c_4^{33})^*}{2 M_{\Phi_4}^2}$$



Extra: Charged Anomalies

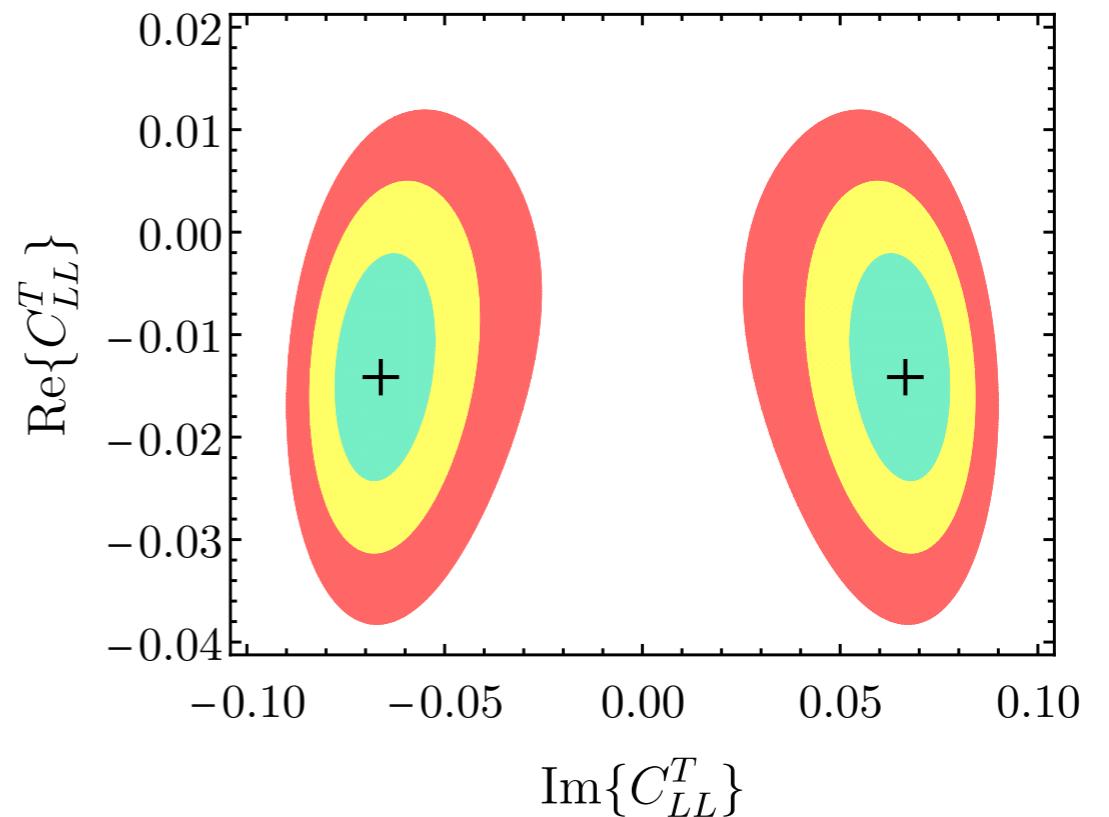
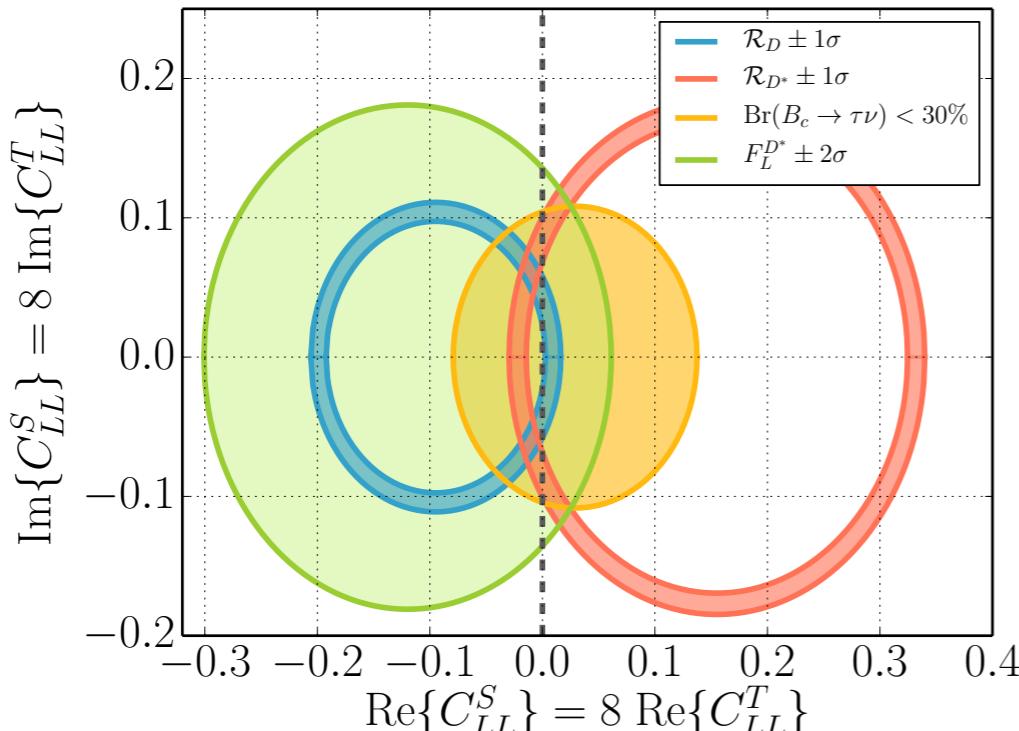
$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -m_s \cos \theta_c & 0 & m_s \sin \theta_c - m_\tau \\ m_b \sin \theta_c & 0 & m_b \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}.$$

$$\mathcal{H}_{\text{eff}}^{b \rightarrow c} \supset \frac{c_2^{il}(c_4^*)^{jk}}{2M_{\Phi_4}^2} \left[(\bar{u}_R^i d_L^j)(\bar{e}_R^k \nu_L^l) + \frac{1}{4} (\bar{u}_R^i \sigma^{\mu\nu} d_L^j)(\bar{e}_R^k \sigma_{\mu\nu} \nu_L^l) \right] + \text{h.c.}$$

$$c_2 = U_C^T Y_2^T N$$

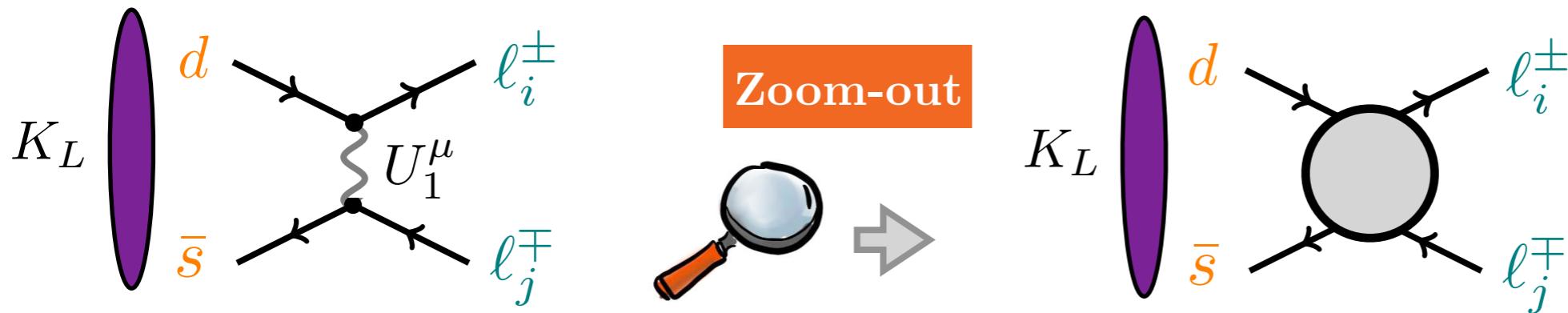
$$C_{LL}^S = 4 r C_{LL}^T \propto (G_F)^{-1} \frac{c_2^{23} (c_4^{33})^*}{2M_{\Phi_4}^2}$$

$$C_{LL}^S = 8 C_{LL}^T$$



Quark-Lepton Unification Scale

$$\bar{d}_i e_j U_1^\mu : \quad i \frac{g_4}{\sqrt{2}} [V^{ij} P_R + (V_c^*)^{ij} P_L] \gamma^\mu$$



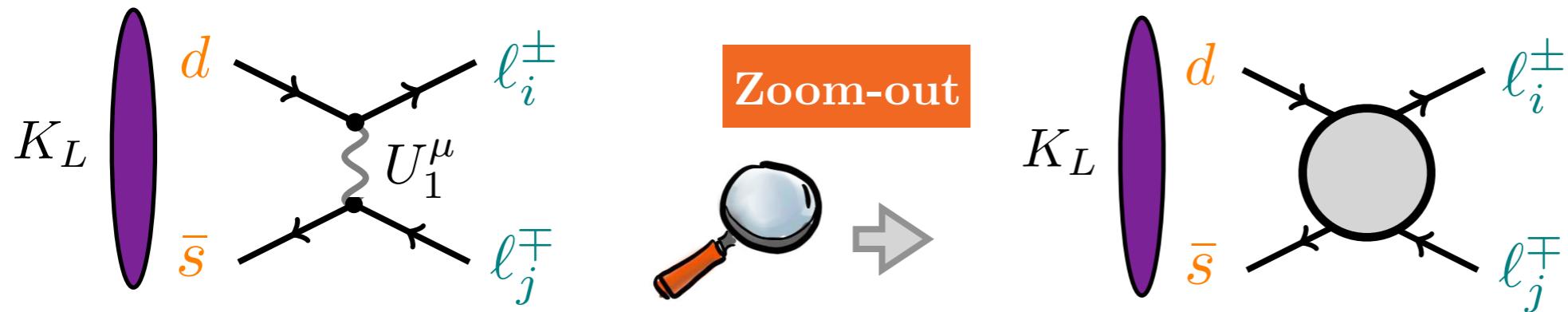
$$\begin{aligned} \text{Br}(K_L \rightarrow \mu^\pm e^\mp) \propto & \left(\left| (C_9 - C'_9)^{\bar{\ell}_i \ell_j \bar{d}_k d_\ell} (m_{\ell_1} - m_{\ell_2}) + (C_S - C'_S)^{\bar{\ell}_i \ell_j \bar{d}_k d_\ell} \frac{m_M^2}{m_{d_k} + m_{d_l}} \right|^2 \right. \\ & \left. + \left| (C_{10} - C'_{10})^{\bar{\ell}_i \ell_j \bar{d}_k d_\ell} (m_{\ell_1} + m_{\ell_2}) + (C_P - C'_P)^{\bar{\ell}_i \ell_j \bar{d}_k d_\ell} \frac{m_M^2}{m_{d_k} + m_{d_l}} \right|^2 \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$V_c = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{m_\mu}{m_b \sin \theta_c} & 1 & 0 \\ -\cos \theta_c & 0 & \sin \theta_c \\ \sin \theta_c & m_\mu/m_b & \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Quark-Lepton Unification Scale

$$\bar{d}_i e_j U_1^\mu : \quad i \frac{g_4}{\sqrt{2}} [V^{ij} P_R + (V_c^*)^{ij} P_L] \gamma^\mu$$



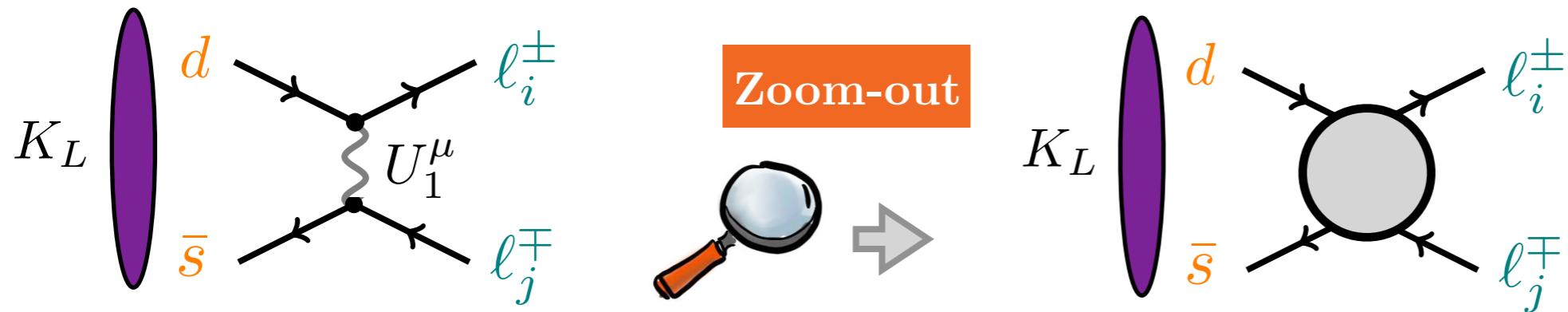
$$\begin{aligned} \text{Br}(K_L \rightarrow \mu^\pm e^\mp) \propto & \left(\left| (C_9 - C'_9)^{\bar{\ell}_i \ell_j \bar{d}_k d_\ell} (m_{\ell_1} - m_{\ell_2}) + (C_S - C'_S)^{\bar{\ell}_i \ell_j \bar{d}_k d_\ell} \frac{m_M^2}{m_{d_k} + m_{d_l}} \right|^2 \right. \\ & \left. + \left| (C_{10} - C'_{10})^{\bar{\ell}_i \ell_j \bar{d}_k d_\ell} (m_{\ell_1} + m_{\ell_2}) + (C_P - C'_P)^{\bar{\ell}_i \ell_j \bar{d}_k d_\ell} \frac{m_M^2}{m_{d_k} + m_{d_l}} \right|^2 \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$V_c = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{m_\mu}{m_b \sin \theta_c} & 1 & 0 \\ -\cos \theta_c & 0 & \sin \theta_c \\ \sin \theta_c & m_\mu/m_b & \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}$$

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Quark-Lepton Unification Scale

$$\bar{d}_i e_j U_1^\mu : \quad i \frac{g_4}{\sqrt{2}} [V^{ij} P_R + (V_c^*)^{ij} P_L] \gamma^\mu$$



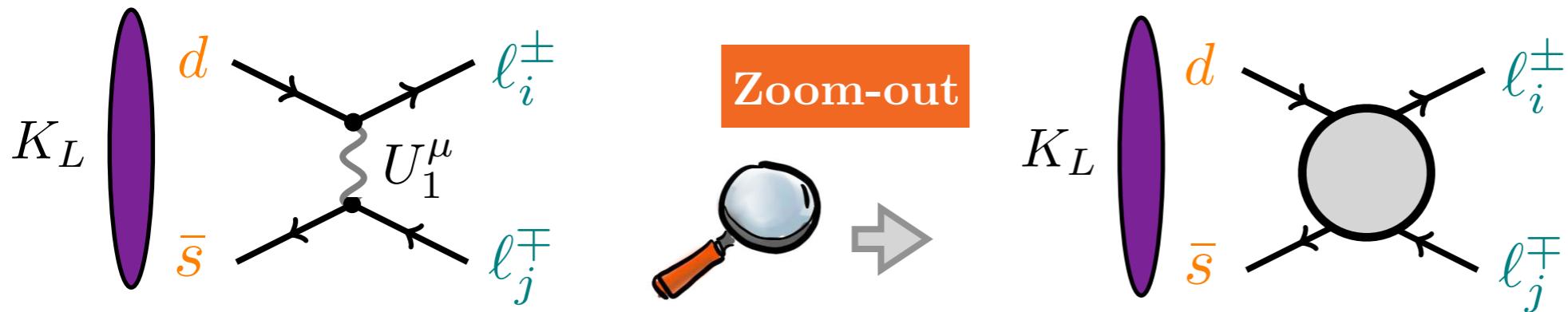
$$\begin{aligned} \text{Br}(K_L \rightarrow \mu^\pm e^\mp) \propto & \left(\left| (C_9 - C'_9)^{\bar{\ell}_i \ell_j \bar{d}_k d_\ell} (m_{\ell_1} - m_{\ell_2}) + (C_S - C'_S)^{\bar{\ell}_i \ell_j \bar{d}_k d_\ell} \frac{m_M^2}{m_{d_k} + m_{d_l}} \right|^2 \right. \\ & \left. + \left| (C_{10} - C'_{10})^{\bar{\ell}_i \ell_j \bar{d}_k d_\ell} (m_{\ell_1} + m_{\ell_2}) + (C_P - C'_P)^{\bar{\ell}_i \ell_j \bar{d}_k d_\ell} \frac{m_M^2}{m_{d_k} + m_{d_l}} \right|^2 \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$V_c = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{m_\mu}{m_b \sin \theta_c} & 1 & 0 \\ -\cos \theta_c & 0 & \sin \theta_c \\ \sin \theta_c & m_\mu/m_b & \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}$$

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Quark-Lepton Unification Scale

$$\bar{d}_i e_j U_1^\mu : \quad i \frac{g_4}{\sqrt{2}} [V^{ij} P_R + (V_c^*)^{ij} P_L] \gamma^\mu$$



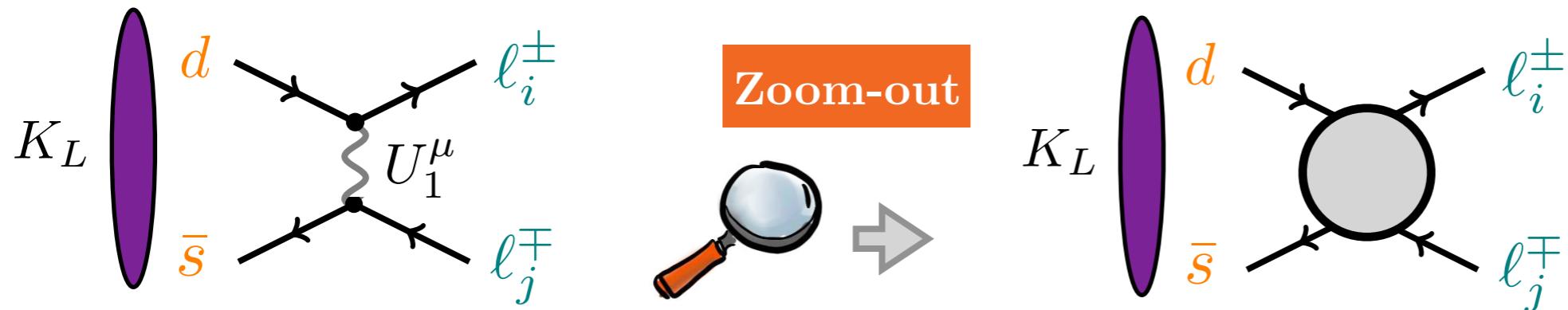
$$\begin{aligned} \text{Br}(K_L \rightarrow \mu^\pm e^\mp) \propto & \left(\left| (C_9 - C'_9)^{\bar{\ell}_i \ell_j \bar{d}_k d_\ell} (m_{\ell_1} - m_{\ell_2}) + (C_S - C'_S)^{\bar{\ell}_i \ell_j \bar{d}_k d_\ell} \frac{m_M^2}{m_{d_k} + m_{d_l}} \right|^2 \right. \\ & \left. + \left| (C_{10} - C'_{10})^{\bar{\ell}_i \ell_j \bar{d}_k d_\ell} (m_{\ell_1} + m_{\ell_2}) + (C_P - C'_P)^{\bar{\ell}_i \ell_j \bar{d}_k d_\ell} \frac{m_M^2}{m_{d_k} + m_{d_l}} \right|^2 \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$V_c = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{m_\mu}{m_b \sin \theta_c} & 1 & 0 \\ -\cos \theta_c & 0 & \sin \theta_c \\ \sin \theta_c & m_\mu/m_b & \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}$$

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Quark-Lepton Unification Scale

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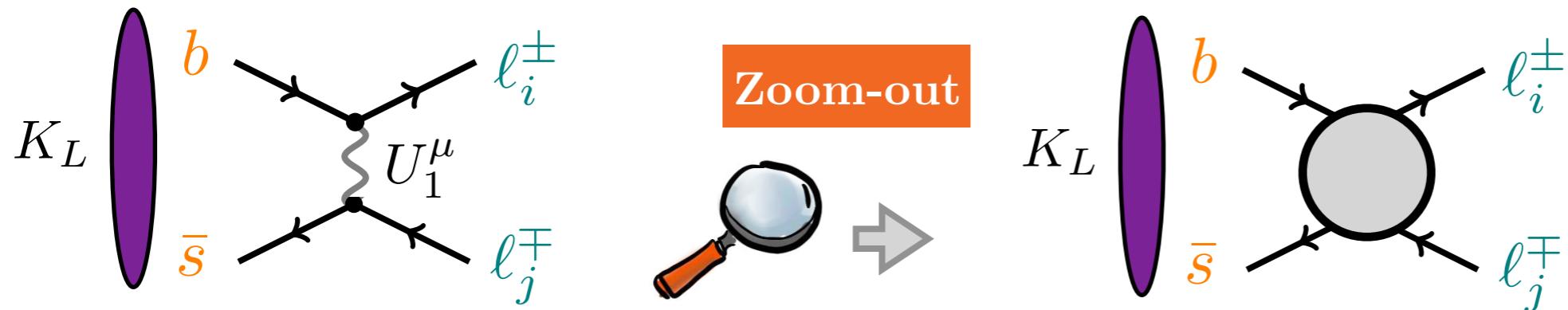
$$\begin{aligned} \text{Br}(K_L \rightarrow \mu^\pm e^\mp) \propto & \left(\left| (C_9 - C'_9)^{\bar{\ell}_i \ell_j \bar{d}_k d_\ell} (m_{\ell_1} - m_{\ell_2}) + (C_S - C'_S)^{\bar{\ell}_i \ell_j \bar{d}_k d_\ell} \frac{m_M^2}{m_{d_k} + m_{d_l}} \right|^2 \right. \\ & \left. + \left| (C_{10} - C'_{10})^{\bar{\ell}_i \ell_j \bar{d}_k d_\ell} (m_{\ell_1} + m_{\ell_2}) + (C_P - C'_P)^{\bar{\ell}_i \ell_j \bar{d}_k d_\ell} \frac{m_M^2}{m_{d_k} + m_{d_l}} \right|^2 \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$V_c = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{m_\mu}{m_b \sin \theta_c} & \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} & \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \sin \theta_c \\ \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix} \\ -\cos \theta_c & m_\mu/m_b & \\ \sin \theta_c & & \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Quark-Lepton Unification Scale

$$\bar{d}_i e_j U_1^\mu : \quad i \frac{g_4}{\sqrt{2}} [V^{ij} P_R + (V_c^*)^{ij} P_L] \gamma^\mu$$



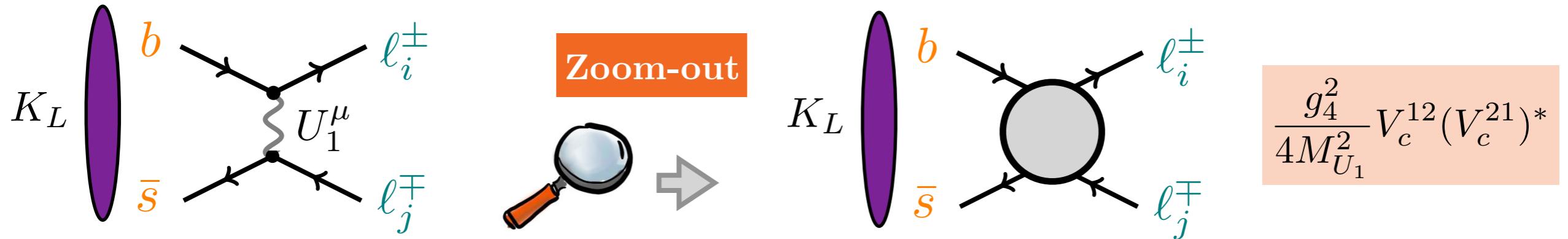
$$\text{Br}(K_L \rightarrow \mu^\pm e^\mp) \propto \left(\left| (C_9 - C'_9)^{\bar{\ell}_i \ell_j \bar{d}_k d_\ell} (m_{\ell_1} - m_{\ell_2}) + (C_S - C'_S)^{\bar{\ell}_i \ell_j \bar{d}_k d_\ell} \frac{m_M^2}{m_{d_k} + m_{d_l}} \right|^2 + \left| (C_{10} - C'_{10})^{\bar{\ell}_i \ell_j \bar{d}_k d_\ell} (m_{\ell_1} + m_{\ell_2}) + (C_P - C'_P)^{\bar{\ell}_i \ell_j \bar{d}_k d_\ell} \frac{m_M^2}{m_{d_k} + m_{d_l}} \right|^2 \right)$$

$$V_c = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{m_\mu}{m_b \sin \theta_c} & 1 & 0 \\ -\cos \theta_c & 0 & \sin \theta_c \\ \sin \theta_c & m_\mu/m_b & \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Quark-Lepton Unification Scale

$$\bar{d}_i e_j U_1^\mu : \quad i \frac{g_4}{\sqrt{2}} [V^{ij} P_R + (V_c^*)^{ij} P_L] \gamma^\mu$$



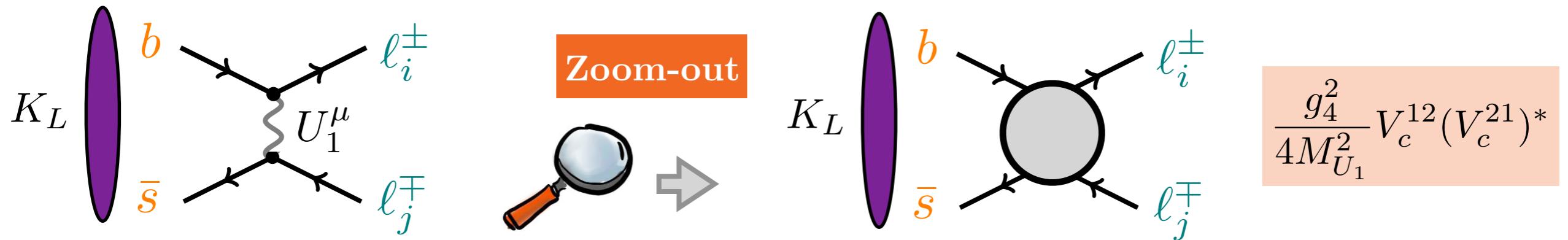
$$\text{Br}(K_L \rightarrow \mu^\pm e^\mp) \propto \left(\left| (C_9 - C'_9) \bar{\ell}_i \ell_j \bar{d}_k d_\ell (m_{\ell_1} - m_{\ell_2}) + (C_S - C'_S) \bar{\ell}_i \ell_j \bar{d}_k d_\ell \frac{m_M^2}{m_{d_k} + m_{d_l}} \right|^2 + \left| (C_{10} - C'_{10}) \bar{\ell}_i \ell_j \bar{d}_k d_\ell (m_{\ell_1} + m_{\ell_2}) + (C_P - C'_P) \bar{\ell}_i \ell_j d_k d_\ell \frac{m_M^2}{m_{d_k} + m_{d_l}} \right|^2 \right)$$

$$V_c = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{m_\mu}{m_b \sin \theta_c} & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -\cos \theta_c & 0 & \sin \theta_c & \sin \theta_c \\ \sin \theta_c & m_\mu/m_b & 0 & \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Quark-Lepton Unification Scale

$$\bar{d}_i e_j U_1^\mu : \quad i \frac{g_4}{\sqrt{2}} [V^{ij} P_R + (V_c^*)^{ij} P_L] \gamma^\mu$$



$$\text{Br}_{K_L \rightarrow \mu^\pm e^\mp}^{U_1} \simeq \frac{\tau_{K_L} \pi}{32} \frac{f_K^2}{m_K^3} (m_K^2 - m_\mu^2)^2 m_\mu^2 \left(\frac{\alpha_4}{M_{U_1}^2} \right)^2 \cos^2 \theta_c$$

$$B_s - \bar{B}_s \propto (c_4^{31}(c_4^{21})^* + c_4^{33}(c_4^{23})^*)^2$$

Reminder

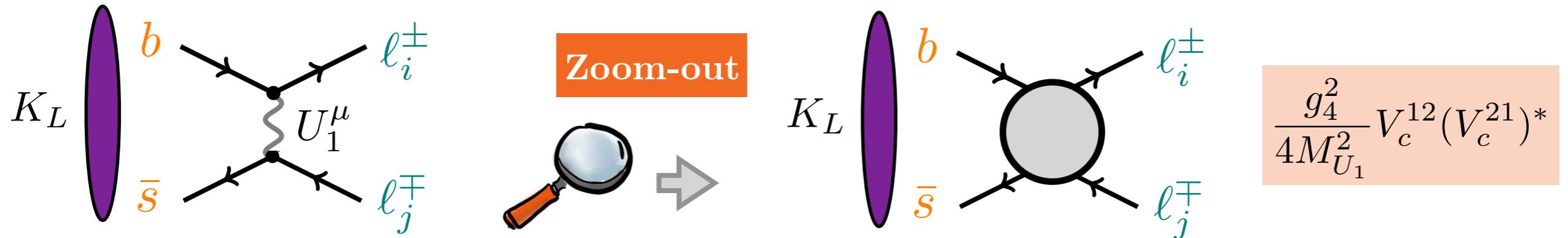
$$\Rightarrow M_{\Phi_4} \lesssim 3.0 \text{ TeV} \left| \frac{\sin \theta_c}{\cos \theta} \right|$$

$$V_c = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{m_\mu}{m_b \sin \theta_c} & 1 & 0 \\ -\cos \theta_c & 0 & \sin \theta_c \\ \sin \theta_c & m_\mu/m_b & \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}$$

$$V = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Quark-Lepton Unification Scale

$$\bar{d}_i e_j U_1^\mu : \quad i \frac{g_4}{\sqrt{2}} [V^{ij} P_R + (V_c^*)^{ij} P_L] \gamma^\mu$$



$$\text{Br}_{K_L \rightarrow \mu^\pm e^\mp}^{U_1} \simeq \frac{\tau_{K_L} \pi}{32} \frac{f_K^2}{m_K^3} (m_K^2 - m_\mu^2)^2 m_\mu^2 \left(\frac{\alpha_4}{M_{U_1}^2} \right)^2 \cos^2 \theta_c$$

$$\Rightarrow M_{U_1} \gtrsim 74 \text{ TeV} \left(\frac{\alpha_4}{0.118} \right)^{1/2} \left| \frac{\cos \theta_c}{0.1} \right|^{1/2}$$

$$V_c = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{m_\mu}{m_b \sin \theta_c} & 1 & 0 \\ -\cos \theta_c & 0 & m_\mu/m_b \\ \sin \theta_c & & \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \sin \theta_c \\ & \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix} \end{pmatrix}$$

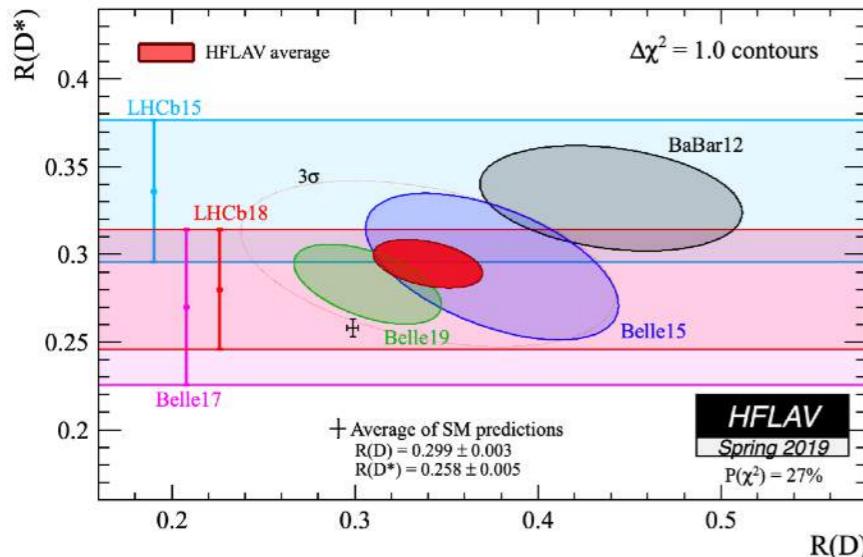
$$V = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Summary

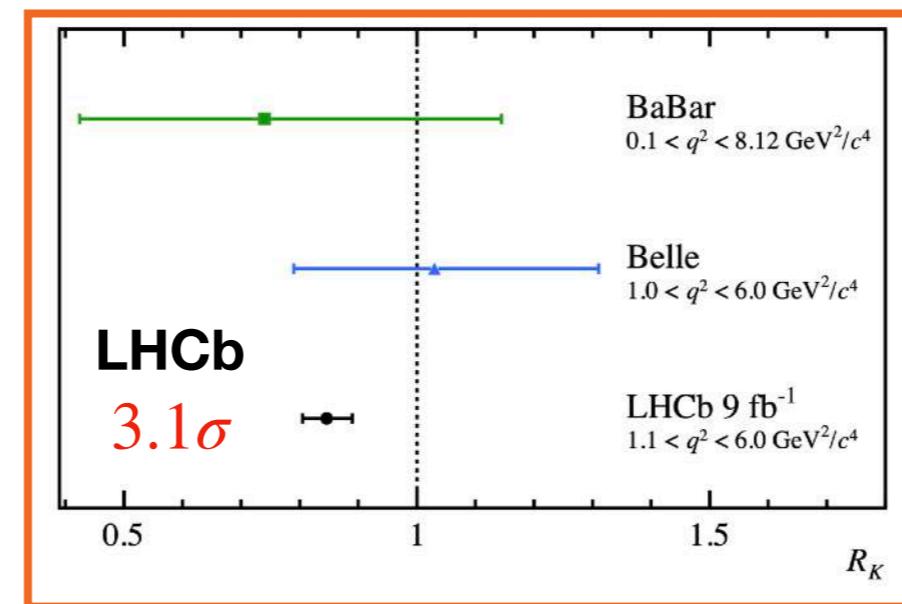
→ Different experiments (LHCb, B-factories) have reported deviations of LFU



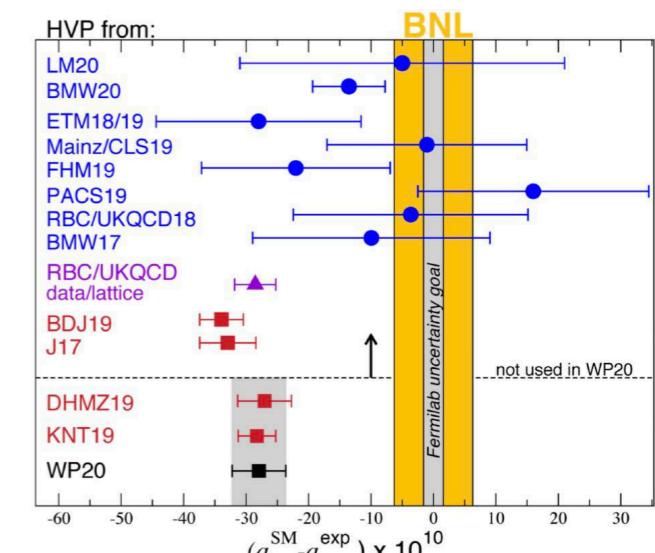
→ Different experiments (LHCb, B-factories) have reported deviations of LFU



Charged anomalies



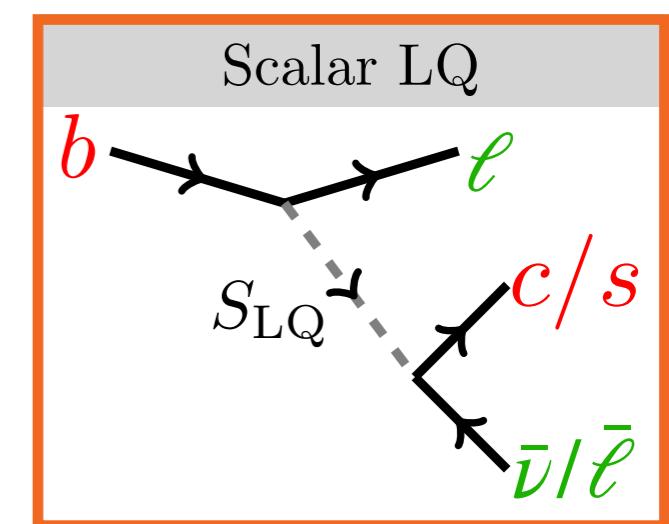
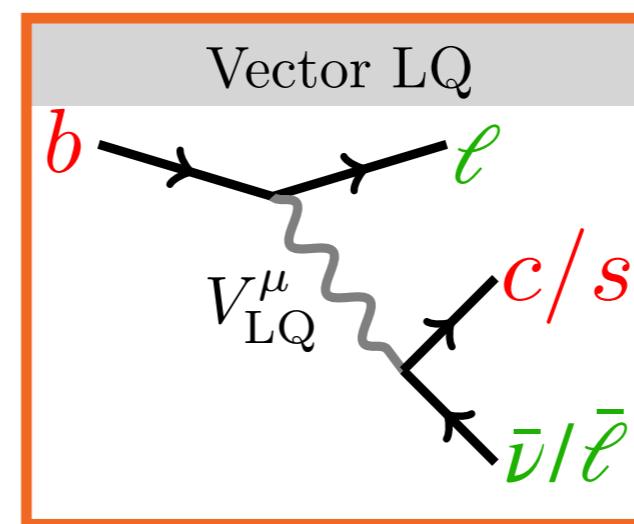
Neutral anomalies

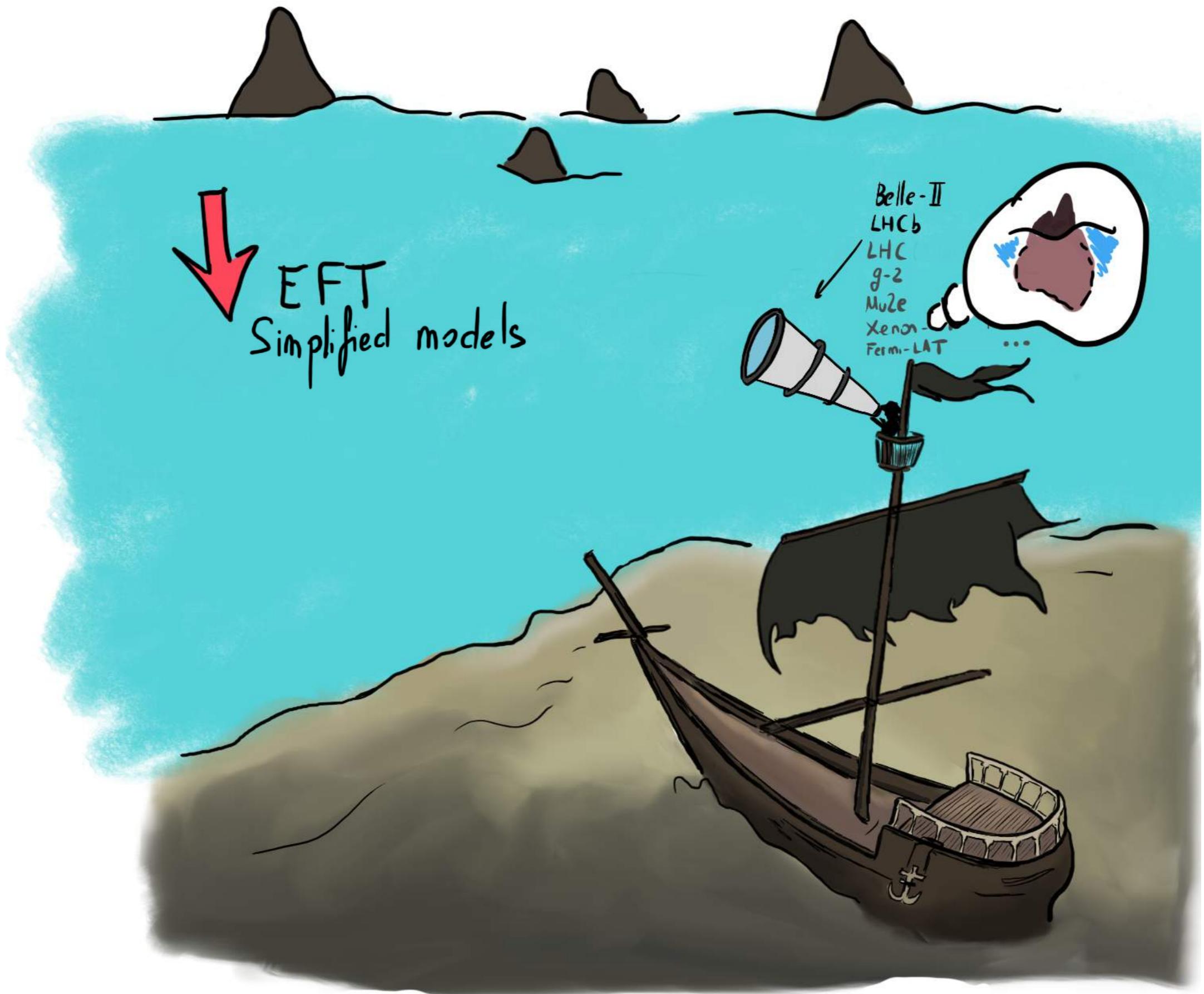


(g-2) ????

→ Leptoquarks are kind of nice

→ Hints of TeV scale physics!



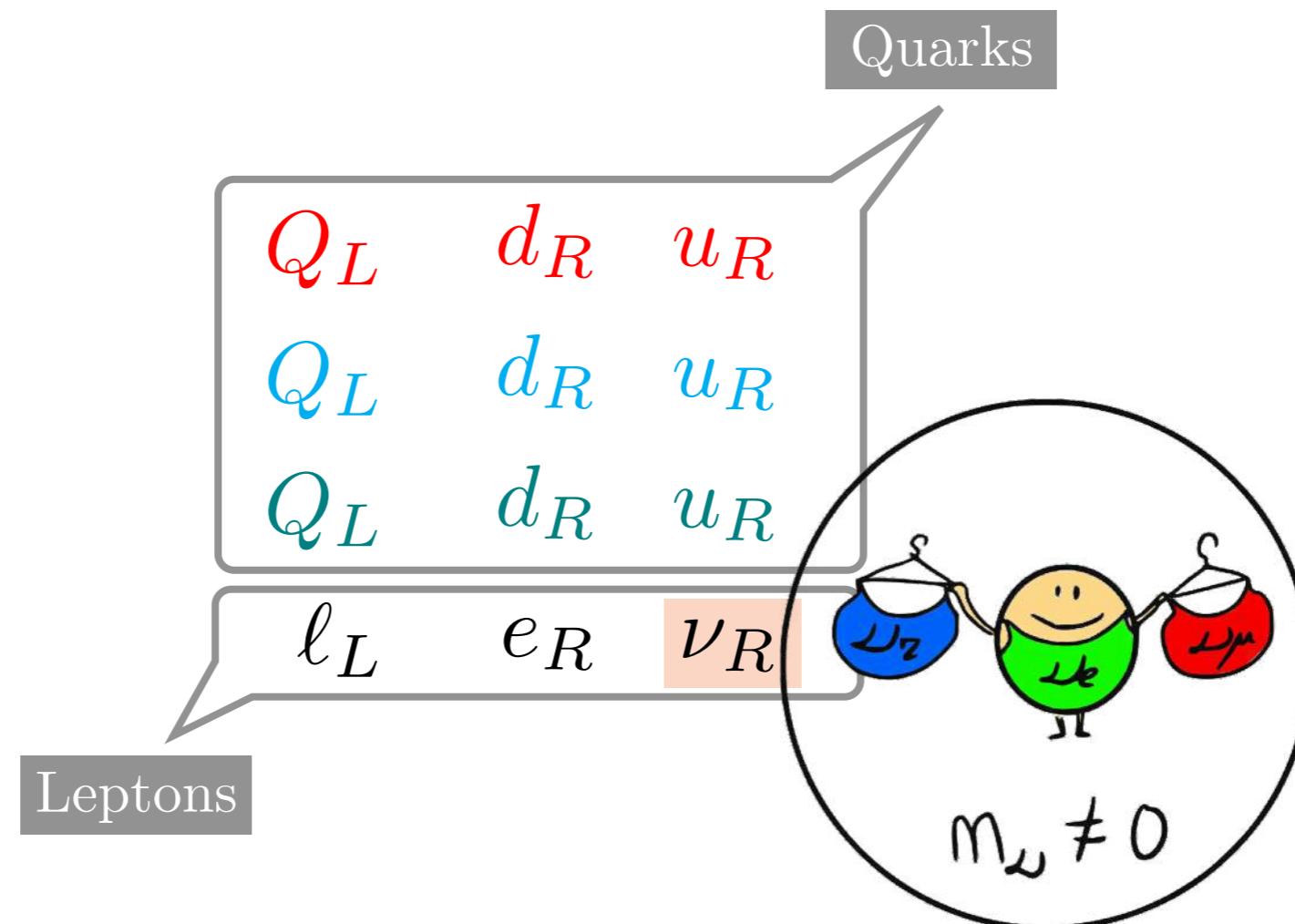




Quark-Lepton Unification

$$\mathrm{SU}(4) \otimes \mathrm{SU}(2) \otimes \mathrm{U}(1)_R$$

→ Very economical fermion content [Pati, Salam, 1974]



Quark-Lepton Unification

$$\mathrm{SU}(4) \otimes \mathrm{SU}(2) \otimes \mathrm{U}(1)_R$$

- Very economical fermion content
- Quarks and leptons are treated under the same footing

[Pati, Salam, 1974]

Q_L	d_R	u_R
Q_L	d_R	u_R
Q_L	d_R	u_R
ℓ_L	e_R	ν_R
F_{QL}	F_d	F_u

Quark-Lepton Unification

$$\mathrm{SU}(4) \otimes \mathrm{SU}(2) \otimes \mathrm{U}(1)_R$$

- Very economical fermion content
- Quarks and leptons are treated under the same footing
- **Only one step away from the SM**

[Smirnov, 1995], [Fileviez-Perez, Wise, 2013]

$$\chi = (\chi_u, \chi_u, \chi_u, \langle \chi_R^0 \rangle)$$

$$\cancel{\mathrm{SU}(4)_c \otimes \mathrm{SU}(2)_L \otimes \mathrm{U}(1)_R} \Rightarrow \mathrm{SU}(3)_c \otimes \mathrm{SU}(2)_L \otimes \mathrm{U}(1)_Y$$

Quark-Lepton Unification

$$\mathrm{SU}(4) \otimes \mathrm{SU}(2) \otimes \mathrm{U}(1)_R$$

- Very economical fermion content
- Quarks and leptons are treated under the same footing
- Only one step away from the SM
- **Allows for a unification framework** [Pati, Salam, 1974]

$$\mathrm{SO}(10) \supset \mathrm{SU}(4) \otimes \mathrm{SU}(2) \otimes \mathrm{U}(1)_R$$

Quark-Lepton Unification

$$\mathrm{SU}(4) \otimes \mathrm{SU}(2) \otimes \mathrm{U}(1)_R$$

- Very economical fermion content
- Quarks and leptons are treated under the same footing
- Only one step away from the SM
- Allows for a unification framework
- **Predicts fermion flavor violation**

[Smirnov, 1995], [Fileviez-Perez, Wise, 2013]

$$\Phi \sim (15, 2, 1/2) = \begin{pmatrix} \Phi_{\text{MW}} & \Phi_3 \\ \Phi_4 & 0 \end{pmatrix} + T_4 H_2,$$

$$Y_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{M_D - M_E}{v \sin \beta}$$

Quark-Lepton Unification

$$\mathrm{SU}(4) \otimes \mathrm{SU}(2) \otimes \mathrm{U}(1)_R$$

- Very economical fermion content
- Quarks and leptons are treated under the same footing
- Only one step away from the SM
- Allows for a unification framework
- Predicts fermion flavor violation
- **Baryon number is preserved at the renormalizable level**

$$-\mathcal{L}_Y \supset Y_2 Q_L \Phi_3 (\nu^c)_L + Y_2 \ell_L \Phi_4 (u^c)_L + Y_4 Q_L \Phi_4^\dagger (e^c)_L + Y_4 \ell_L \Phi_3^\dagger (d^c)_L + \text{h.c.}$$

$$Q_B(\Phi_3) = -1/3,$$

$$Q_L(\Phi_3) = 1,$$

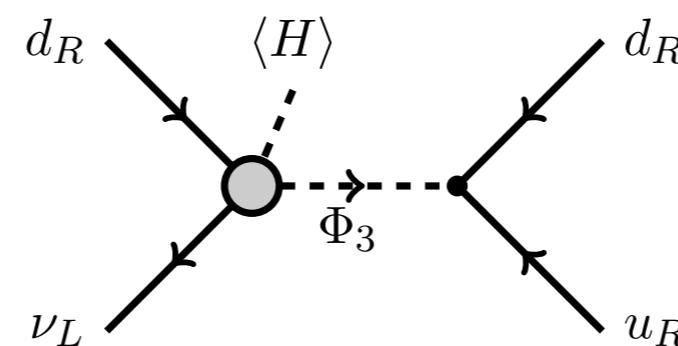
$$Q_B(\Phi_4) = 1/3,$$

$$Q_L(\Phi_4) = -1$$

Quark-Lepton Unification

- Very economical fermion content
- Quarks and leptons on the same footing
- Only one step away from $SU(5)$
- Allows for a unified theory
- Predicts fermion mass relation
- Baryon number protected at the renormalizable level
- **PS-symmetry protects baryon number at the non-renormalizable too!**

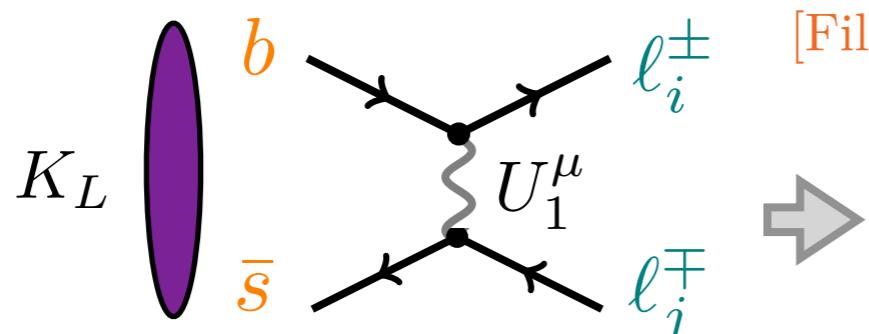
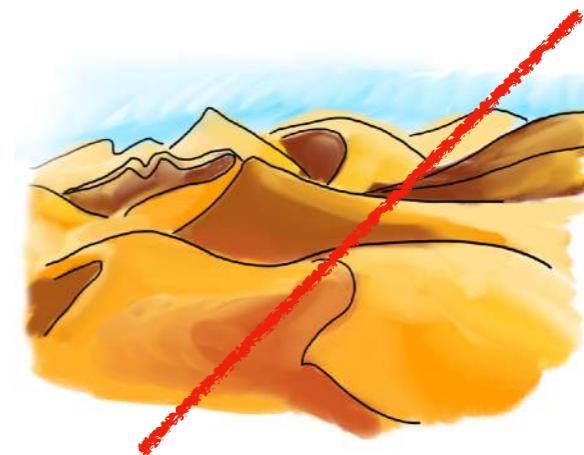
[C.M, Wise, 2021]



Quark-Lepton Unification

$$\mathrm{SU}(4) \otimes \mathrm{SU}(2) \otimes \mathrm{U}(1)_R$$

- Very economical fermion content
- Quarks and leptons are treated under the same footing
- Only one step away from the SM
- Allows for a unification framework
- Predicts fermion flavor violation
- Baryon number is preserved at the renormalizable level
- PS-symmetry protects baryon number at the non-renormalizable too!
- **Can be realized at the low scale**



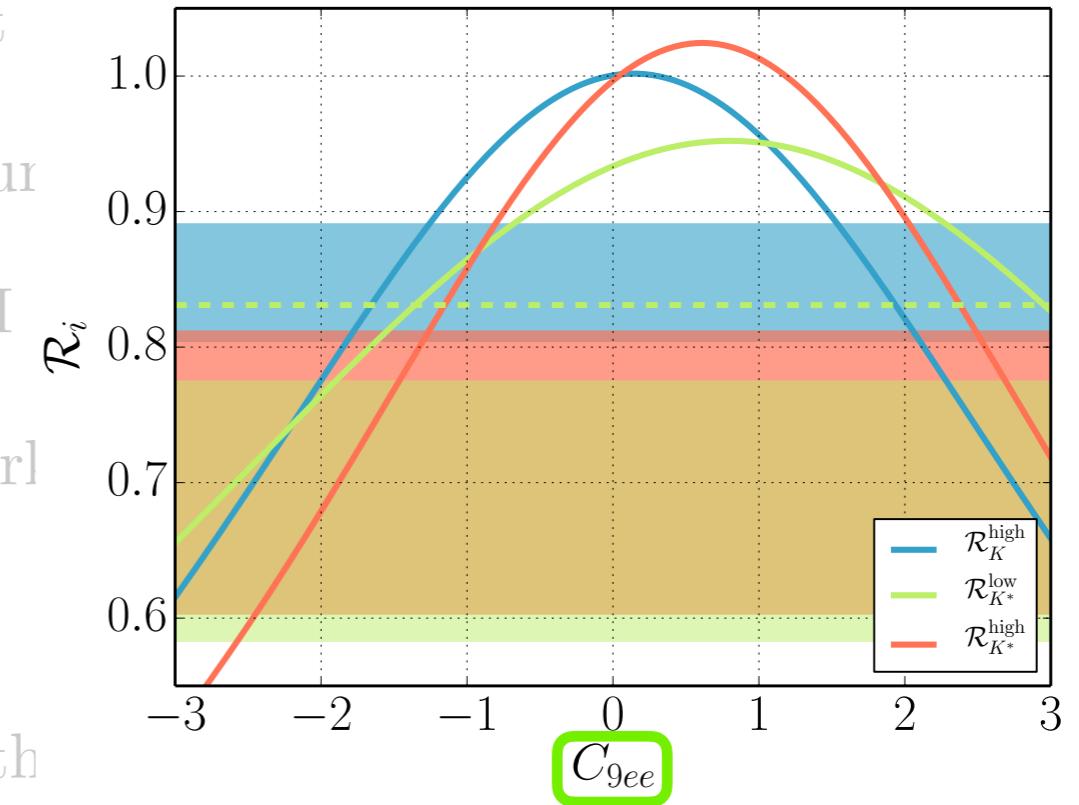
[Fileviez-Perez, Wise, 2013], [Fileviez-Perez, C.M., 2022]

$$M_{U_1} \gtrsim 74 \text{ TeV} \left(\frac{\alpha_4}{0.118} \right)^{1/2} \left| \frac{\cos \theta_c}{0.1} \right|^{1/2}$$

Quark-Lepton Unification

$$\mathrm{SU}(4) \otimes \mathrm{SU}(2) \otimes \mathrm{U}(1)_R$$

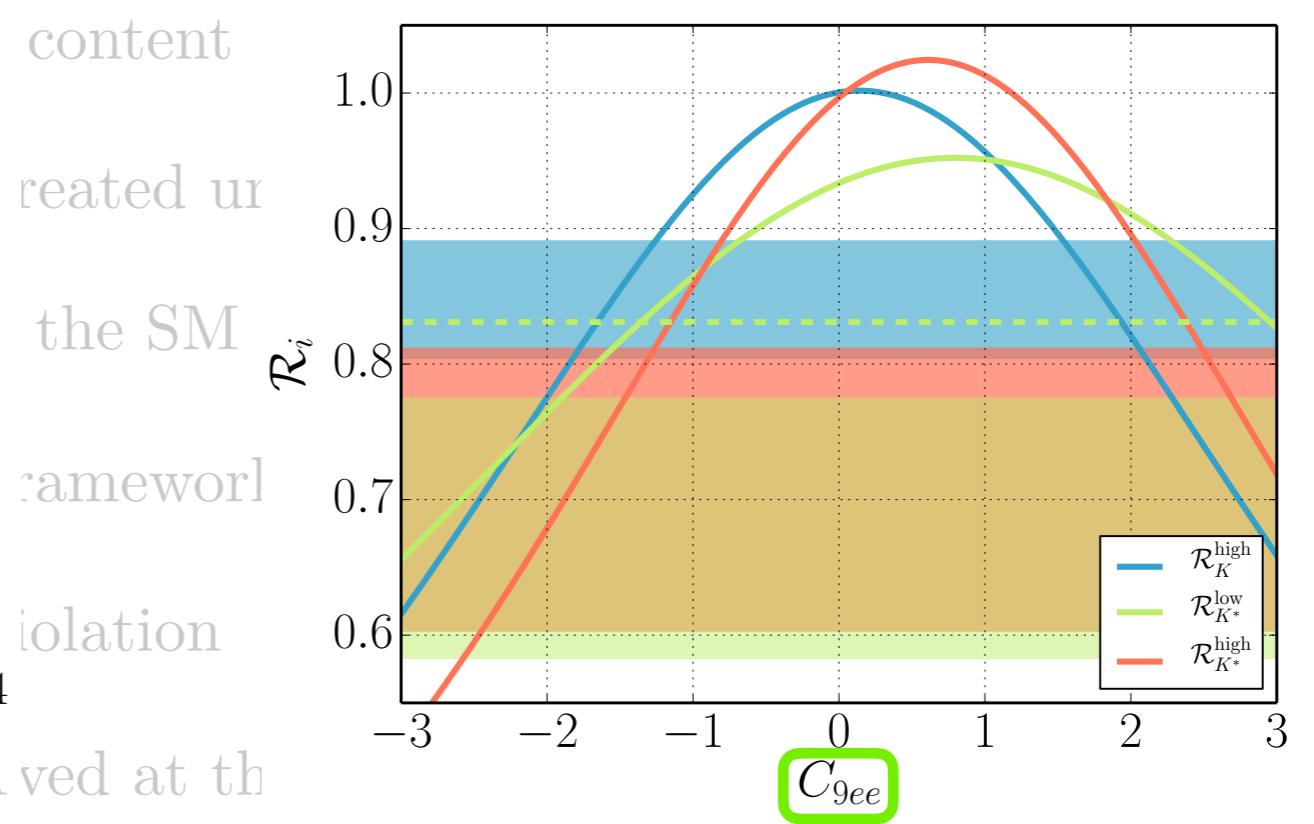
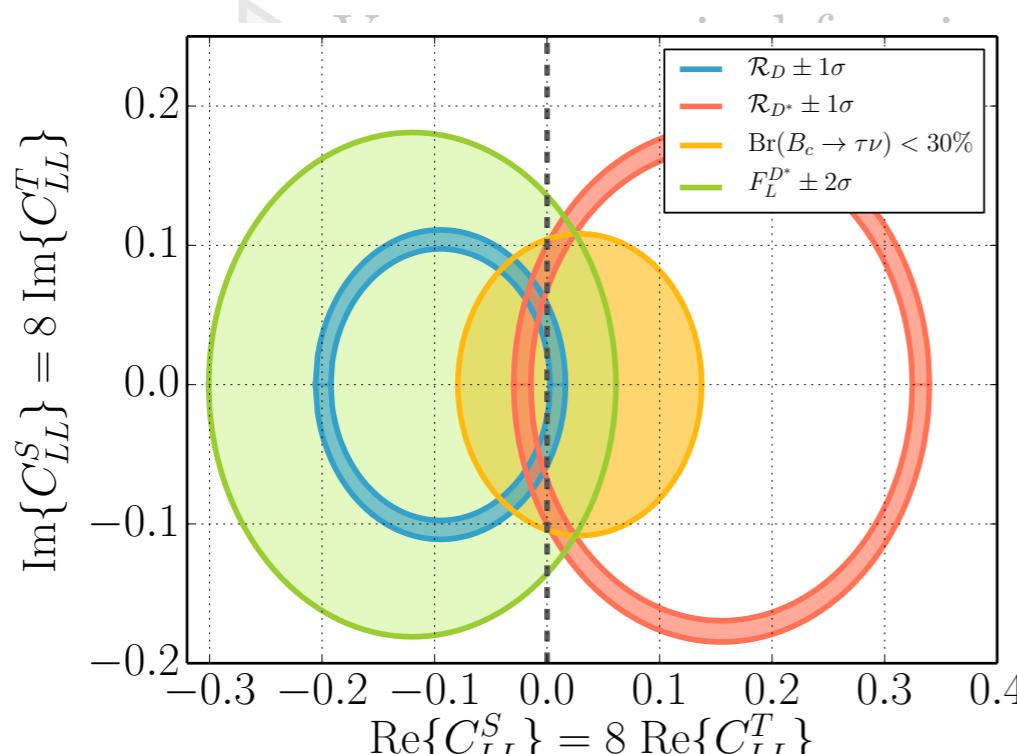
- Very economical fermion content
- Quarks and leptons are treated uniformly
- Only one step away from the SM
- Allows for a unification framework
- Predicts fermion flavor violation
- Baryon number is preserved at the low scale
- PS-symmetry protects baryon number at the non-renormalizable too!
- Can be realized at the low scale
- **Can address the ratios $\mathcal{R}_{K^{(*)}}$**



[Fileviez-Perez, C.M., Plascencia, 2021], [Fileviez-Perez, C.M., 2022]

Quark-Lepton Unification

$$\mathrm{SU}(4) \otimes \mathrm{SU}(2) \otimes \mathrm{U}(1)_R$$

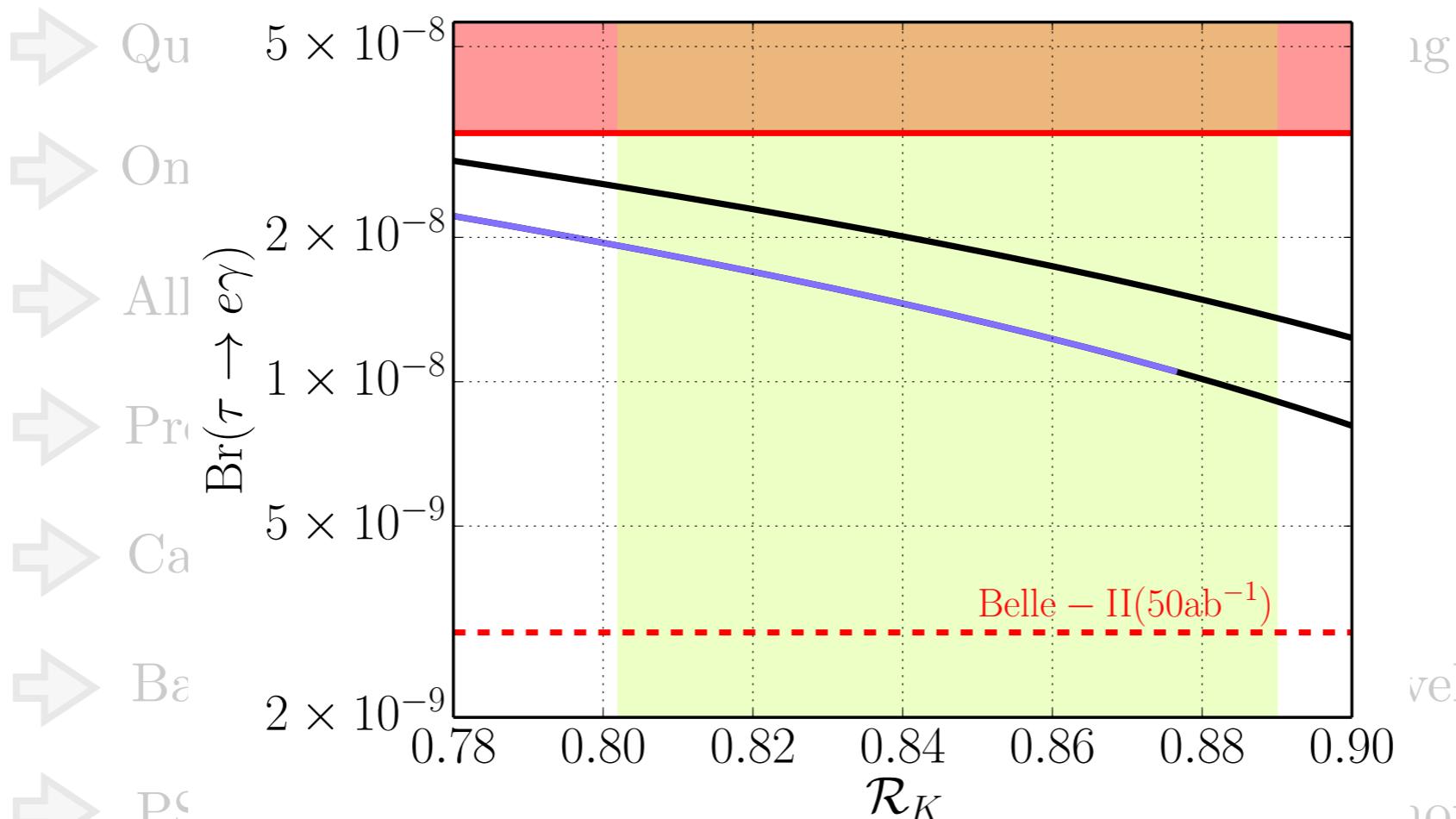


- PS-symmetry protects baryon number at the non-renormalizable too!
 - Can be realized at the low scale
 - Can address the ratios $\mathcal{R}_{K^{(*)}}$ and $\mathcal{R}_{D^{(*)}}$ [Fileviez-Perez, C.M., 2022]

Quark-Lepton Unification

$$\mathrm{SU}(4) \otimes \mathrm{SU}(2) \otimes \mathrm{U}(1)_R$$

→ Very economical fermion content



→ Qu

→ On

→ All

→ Pr

→ Ca

→ Ba

→ PS

→

→

→

5×10^{-8}

2×10^{-8}

1×10^{-8}

5×10^{-9}

2×10^{-9}

Belle – II($50 \mathrm{ab}^{-1}$)

1g

vel

normalizable too!

\mathcal{R}_K

→ Can address the ratios $\mathcal{R}_{K^{(*)}}$ and $\mathcal{R}_{D^{(*)}}$

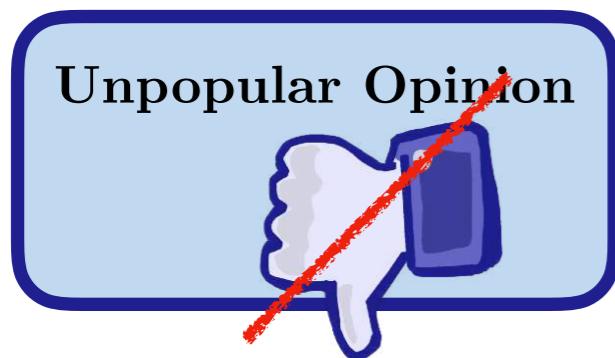
→ And we'll be able to test that soon! 😊 [Fileviez-Perez, C.M., 2022]

Thank you!

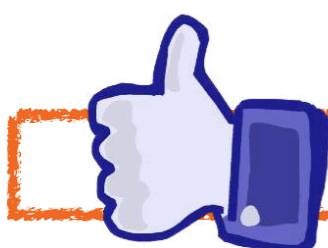
Back-up slides

New Physics ❤️ electrons

[Altmannshofer, Stangl 2103.13370]



U_1^μ



Φ_4

Wilson coefficient	$b \rightarrow s\mu\mu$		LFU, $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$		all rare B decays		
	best fit	pull	best fit	pull	best fit	pull	
$C_9^{bs\mu\mu}$	$-0.75^{+0.22}_{-0.23}$	3.4σ	$-0.74^{+0.20}_{-0.21}$	4.1σ	$-0.73^{+0.15}_{-0.15}$	5.2σ	
$C_{10}^{bs\mu\mu}$	$+0.42^{+0.23}_{-0.24}$	1.7σ	$+0.60^{+0.14}_{-0.14}$	4.7σ	$+0.54^{+0.12}_{-0.12}$	4.7σ	
$C_9^{\prime bs\mu\mu}$	$+0.24^{+0.27}_{-0.26}$	0.9σ	$-0.32^{+0.16}_{-0.17}$	2.0σ	$-0.18^{+0.13}_{-0.14}$	1.4σ	
$C_{10}^{\prime bs\mu\mu}$	$-0.16^{+0.16}_{-0.16}$	1.0σ	$+0.06^{+0.12}_{-0.12}$	0.5σ	$+0.02^{+0.10}_{-0.10}$	0.2σ	
$C_9^{bs\mu\mu} = C_{10}^{bs\mu\mu}$	$-0.20^{+0.15}_{-0.15}$	1.3σ	$+0.43^{+0.18}_{-0.18}$	2.4σ	$+0.05^{+0.12}_{-0.12}$	0.4σ	
U_1^μ	$C_9^{bs\mu\mu} = -C_{10}^{bs\mu\mu}$	$-0.53^{+0.13}_{-0.13}$	3.7σ	$-0.35^{+0.08}_{-0.08}$	4.6σ	$-0.39^{+0.07}_{-0.07}$	
C_9^{bsee}				$+0.74^{+0.20}_{-0.19}$	4.1σ	$+0.75^{+0.20}_{-0.19}$	4.1σ
C_{10}^{bsee}				$-0.67^{+0.17}_{-0.18}$	4.2σ	$-0.66^{+0.17}_{-0.17}$	4.3σ
$C_9^{\prime bsee}$				$+0.36^{+0.18}_{-0.17}$	2.1σ	$+0.40^{+0.19}_{-0.18}$	2.3σ
$C_{10}^{\prime bsee}$				$-0.31^{+0.16}_{-0.16}$	2.1σ	$-0.30^{+0.15}_{-0.16}$	2.0σ
Φ_4	$C_9^{bsee} = C_{10}^{bsee}$			$-1.39^{+0.26}_{-0.26}$	4.0σ	$-1.28^{+0.24}_{-0.23}$	4.1σ
	$C_9^{bsee} = -C_{10}^{bsee}$			$+0.37^{+0.10}_{-0.10}$	4.2σ	$+0.37^{+0.10}_{-0.10}$	4.3σ
$(C_S^{bs\mu\mu} = -C_P^{bs\mu\mu}) \times \text{GeV}$				$-0.004^{+0.002}_{-0.002}$	2.1σ	$-0.003^{+0.002}_{-0.002}$	1.4σ
$(C_S^{\prime bs\mu\mu} = C_P^{\prime bs\mu\mu}) \times \text{GeV}$				$-0.004^{+0.002}_{-0.002}$	2.1σ	$-0.003^{+0.002}_{-0.002}$	1.4σ

Extra: Charged Anomalies

$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -m_s \cos \theta_c & 0 & m_s \sin \theta_c - m_\tau \\ m_b \sin \theta_c & 0 & m_b \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}.$$

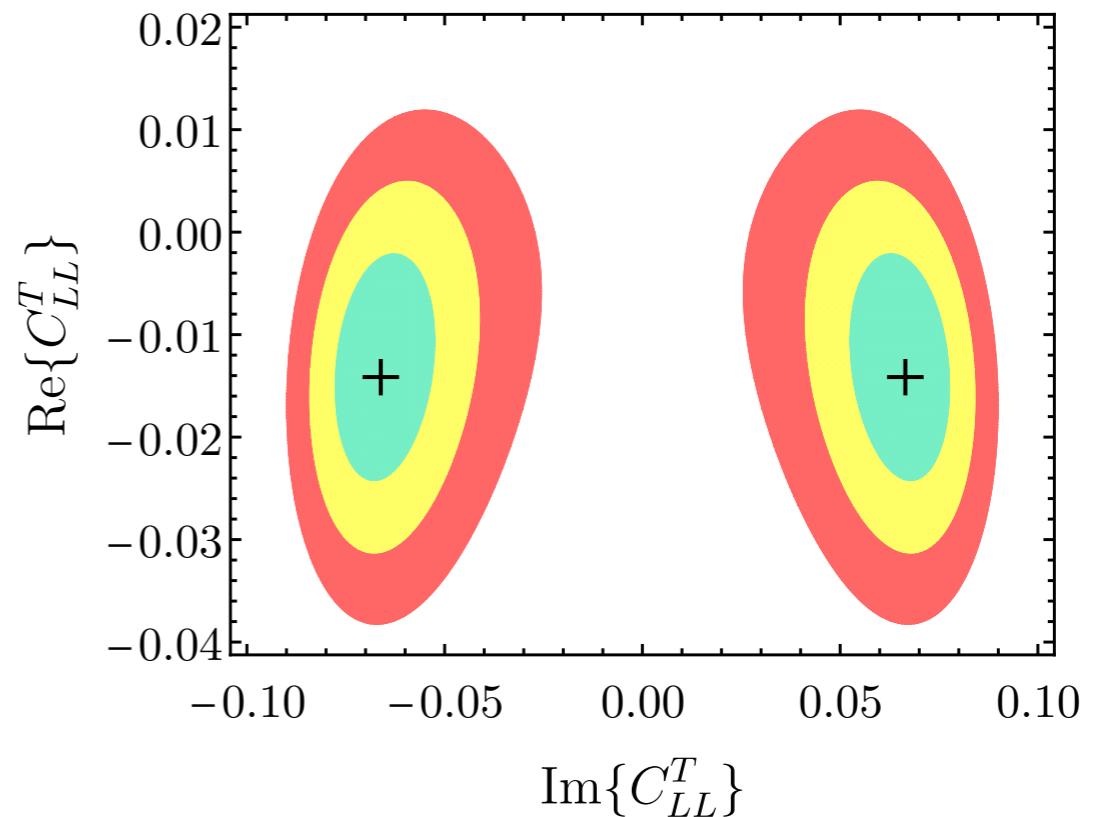
$$\mathcal{H}_{\text{eff}}^{b \rightarrow c} \supset \frac{c_2^{il} (c_4^*)^{jk}}{2M_{\Phi_4}^2} \left[(\bar{u}_R^i d_L^j) (\bar{e}_R^k \nu_L^l) + \frac{1}{4} (\bar{u}_R^i \sigma^{\mu\nu} d_L^j) (\bar{e}_R^k \sigma_{\mu\nu} \nu_L^l) \right] + \text{h.c.}$$

$$c_2 = U_C^T Y_2^T N$$

$$C_{LL}^S = 4 r C_{LL}^T \propto (G_F)^{-1} \frac{c_2^{23} (c_4^{33})^*}{2M_{\Phi_4}^2}$$

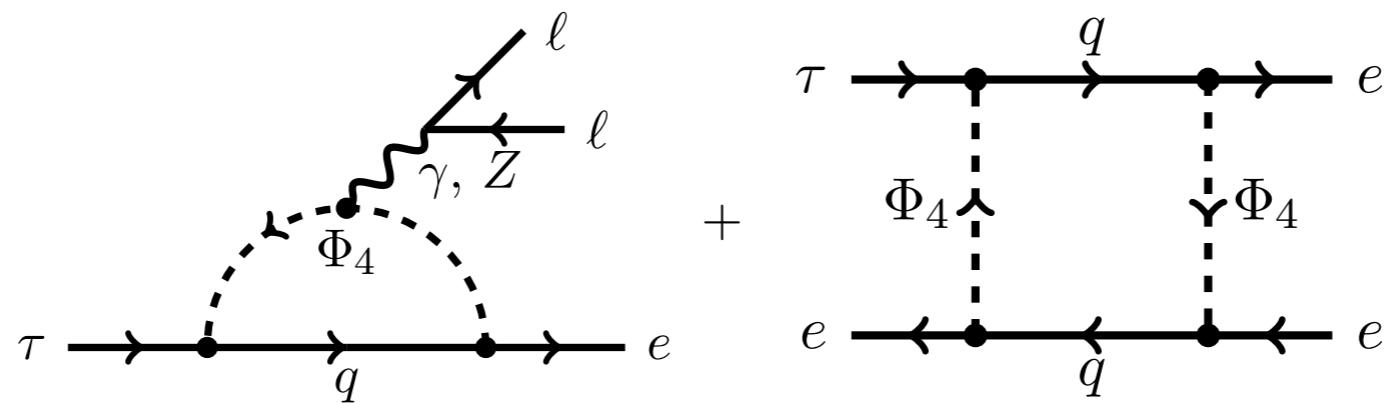
$$C_{LL}^S = 8C_{LL}^T$$

→ $\text{Im}\{C_{LL}^S\} \sim 6.75 \frac{\sin \beta}{\sin \theta_c} c_2^{23} \sim 0.5$



$$\tau \rightarrow \ell_i \bar{\ell}_j \ell_k$$

$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & & & \\ -m_s \cos \theta_c & & & \\ m_b \sin \theta_c & & & \\ & & 0 & \\ & & 0 & \\ & & 0 & \\ & & & m_s \sin \theta_c - m_\tau \\ & & & m_b \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}.$$



$$\text{Br}(\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^- \mu^+ \mu^-)$$

$$\text{Br}(\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^- e^+ e^-)$$

$$\text{Br}(\tau^- \rightarrow e^+ \mu^+ \mu^-)$$

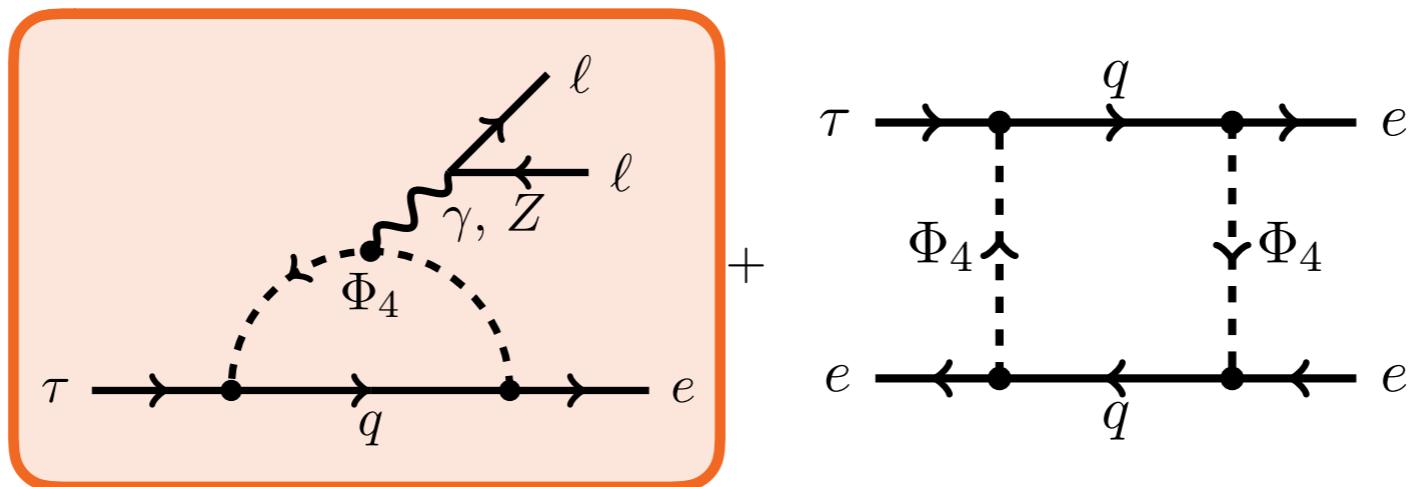
$$\text{Br}(\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^+ e^+ e^-)$$

$$\text{Br}(\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \mu^+ \mu^-)$$

$$\text{Br}(\tau^- \rightarrow e^- e^+ e^-)$$

$$\tau \rightarrow \ell_i \bar{\ell}_j \ell_k$$

$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -m_s \cos \theta_c \\ m_b \sin \theta_c \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ m_s \sin \theta_c - m_\tau \\ m_b \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}.$$

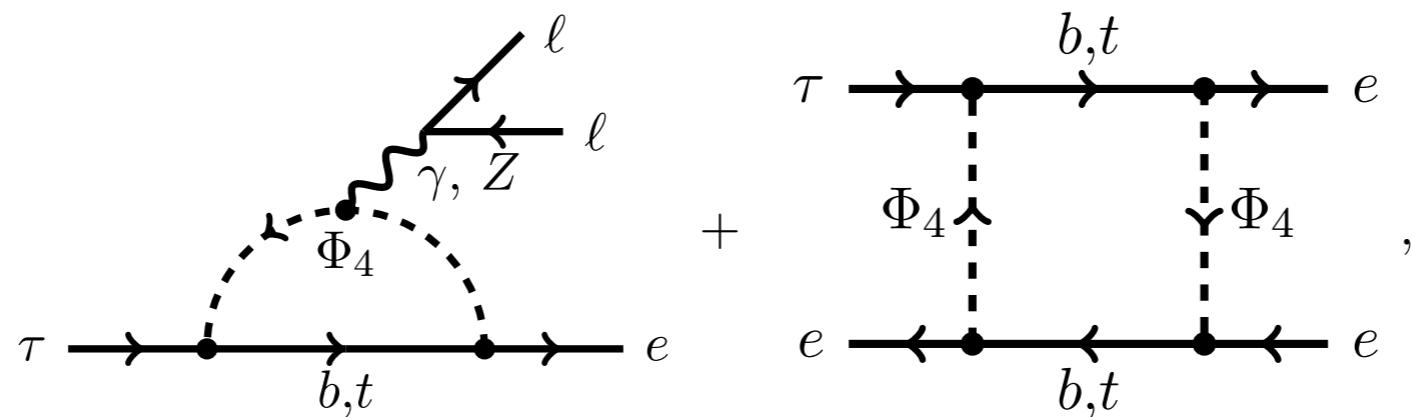


$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Br}(\tau^- \rightarrow \cancel{\mu^+ \mu^-}) \\ & \text{Br}(\tau^- \rightarrow \cancel{\mu^- e^+ e^-}) \\ & \text{Br}(\tau^- \rightarrow \cancel{e^+ \mu^+ \mu^-}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Br}(\tau^- \rightarrow \cancel{\mu^+ e^+ e^-}) \\ & \text{Br}(\tau^- \rightarrow \boxed{e^- \mu^+ \mu^-}) \\ & \text{Br}(\tau^- \rightarrow e^- e^+ e^-) \end{aligned}$$

$$\tau \rightarrow \ell_i \bar{\ell}_j \ell_k$$

$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -m_s \cos \theta_c & 0 & m_s \sin \theta_c - m_\tau \\ m_b \sin \theta_c & 0 & m_b \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}.$$

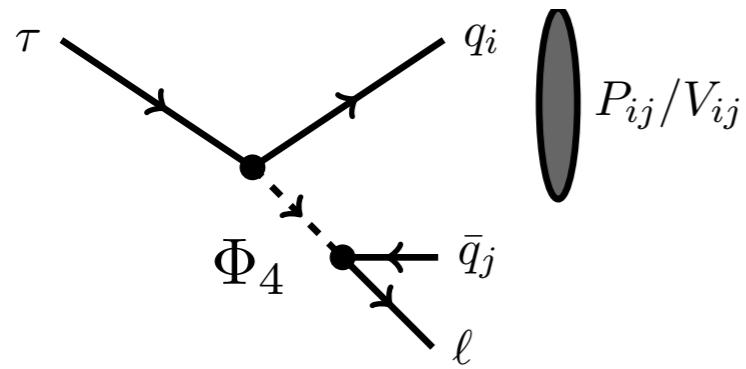


$$\begin{aligned} \text{Br}(\tau^- \rightarrow \cancel{\mu^-\mu^+\mu^-}) \\ \text{Br}(\tau^- \rightarrow \cancel{\mu^-\epsilon^+\epsilon^-}) \\ \text{Br}(\tau^- \rightarrow \cancel{e^+\mu^+\mu^-}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Br}(\tau^- \rightarrow \cancel{\mu^+e^+e^-}) \\ \text{Br}(\tau^- \rightarrow e^-\mu^+\mu^-) \\ \text{Br}(\tau^- \rightarrow e^-e^+e^-) \end{aligned} \sim \mathcal{O}(10^{-10})$$

Hadronic τ decays

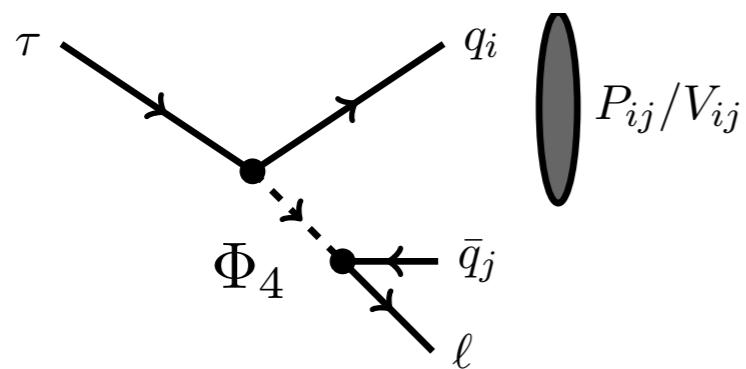
$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & & & \\ -m_s \cos \theta_c & 0 & & \\ m_b \sin \theta_c & 0 & 0 & \\ & & m_s \sin \theta_c - m_\tau & \\ & & & m_b \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}.$$



$$\text{Br}(\tau \rightarrow P_{ij} \ell_k) \simeq \tau_\tau \frac{f_P^2}{128\pi} \frac{(m_\tau^2 - m_P^2)^2}{m_\tau} \left| \frac{c_4^{i3} (c_4^{jk})^*}{M_{\Phi_4}^2} \right|^2$$

Hadronic τ decays

$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & & & \\ -m_s \cos \theta_c & 0 & & \\ m_b \sin \theta_c & 0 & 0 & \\ & & m_s \sin \theta_c - m_\tau & \\ & & & m_b \cos \theta_c \end{pmatrix}.$$



$$\text{Br}(\tau \rightarrow P_{\bar{i}j} \ell_k) \simeq \tau_\tau \frac{f_P^2}{128\pi} \frac{(m_\tau^2 - m_P^2)^2}{m_\tau} \left| \frac{c_4^{i3} (c_4^{jk})^*}{M_{\Phi_4}^2} \right|^2$$

Channel	Non-zero contributions	Exp. bound	Prediction / Constraint
$\text{Br}(\tau \rightarrow \eta e)$	$\propto c_4^{23} (c_4^{21})^* ^2$	$< 9.2 \times 10^{-8}$	$ \sin \theta_c \gtrsim 0.042$
$\text{Br}(\tau \rightarrow \eta' e)$	$\propto c_4^{23} (c_4^{21})^* ^2$	$< 1.6 \times 10^{-7}$	$\simeq 6.7 \times 10^{-11} (\sin \theta_c)^{-2}$
$\text{Br}(\tau \rightarrow \phi e)$	$\propto c_4^{23} (c_4^{21})^* ^2$	$< 3.1 \times 10^{-8}$	$ \sin \theta_c \gtrsim 0.16$

Meson leptonic decays

$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -m_s \cos \theta_c & m_s \sin \theta_c - m_\tau & m_b \cos \theta_c \\ m_b \sin \theta_c & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

$$\text{Br}(M[q_j \bar{q}_i] \rightarrow \ell_1^- \ell_2^+) = \frac{\tau_M}{256\pi} \frac{f_M^2}{m_M^3} \lambda^{1/2}(m_M^2, m_{\ell_1}^2, m_{\ell_2}^2) \left| \frac{c_4^{i\ell_2} (c_4^{j\ell_1})^*}{M_{\Phi_4}^2} \right|^2 \times \\ (m_M^2(m_{\ell_1}^2 + m_{\ell_2}^2) - (m_{\ell_1}^2 - m_{\ell_2}^2)^2),$$

Channel	Non-zero contributions	Exp. bound [?]	Prediction / Constraint
$\text{Br}(B_s \rightarrow e^+ e^-)$	$\propto c_4^{21} (c_4^{31})^* ^2$	$< 2.8 \times 10^{-7}$	$\simeq 1.2 \times 10^{-13}$
$\text{Br}(B_s \rightarrow e^+ \tau^-)$	$\propto c_4^{31} (c_4^{23})^* ^2$	—	$\simeq 1.3 \times 10^{-5} (\cos \theta_c)^{-2}$
$\text{Br}(B_s \rightarrow \tau^+ e^-)$	$\propto c_4^{33} (c_4^{21})^* ^2$	—	$\simeq 3.7 \times 10^{-8} (\tan \theta_c)^{-2}$
$\text{Br}(B_s \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-)$	$\propto c_4^{33} (c_4^{23})^* ^2$	$< 6.8 \times 10^{-3}$	$ \sin \theta_c \gtrsim 0.06$

Charged semileptonic decays of mesons

$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & & & \\ -m_s \cos \theta_c & 0 & & \\ m_b \sin \theta_c & 0 & m_s \sin \theta_c - m_\tau & \\ & 0 & m_b \cos \theta_c & \end{pmatrix}.$$

$$\text{Br}(B_{(s)} \rightarrow M^{(*)} \ell_1^+ \ell_2^-) = a + b \operatorname{Re}\{C_9\} + c |C_9|^2$$



$$C_9 = C_{10} = \frac{\sqrt{2}\pi}{\alpha G_F V_{\text{CKM}}^{tb} (V_{\text{CKM}}^{ts})^*} \frac{c_4^{q_i \ell_1} (c_4^{q_j \ell_2})^*}{4M_{\Phi_4}^2}$$

$$\text{Br}(B \rightarrow K e^+ e^-) \simeq \quad \quad 1.15 \times \text{Br}(B \rightarrow K e^+ e^-)_{\text{SM}}, \quad \quad \text{for } q^2 \supset [1.1, 6] \text{ GeV}^2$$

$$\text{Br}(B \rightarrow K^* e^+ e^-) \simeq \quad 1.23 \times \text{Br}(B \rightarrow K^* e^+ e^-)_{\text{SM}}, \quad \text{for } q^2 \supset [0.045, 6] \text{ GeV}^2$$

$$\text{Br}(B_s \rightarrow \phi e^+ e^-) \simeq \quad 1.27 \times \text{Br}(B_s \rightarrow \phi e^+ e^-)_{\text{SM}}, \quad \text{for } q^2 \supset [1.1, 6] \text{ GeV}^2.$$

Charged semileptonic decays of mesons

$$c_4 = \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \frac{1}{v \sin \beta} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -m_s \cos \theta_c & m_s \sin \theta_c - m_\tau & m_b \cos \theta_c \\ m_b \sin \theta_c & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Coefficient	$e^+ e^- [c_4^{21}(c_4^{31})^*]$	$e^+ \tau^- [c_4^{31}(c_4^{23})^*]$ and $\tau^+ e^- [c_4^{33}(c_4^{21})^*]$	$\tau^+ \tau^- [c_4^{33}(c_4^{23})^*]$	
	$q^2 \subset [1.1, 6]$	full q^2 range	$q^2 \subset [(m_e + m_\tau)^2, 6]$	full q^2 range
$a_{B \rightarrow K \ell_1 \ell_2}$	1.43×10^{-7}	0	0	1.29×10^{-7}
$b_{B \rightarrow K \ell_1 \ell_2}$	-2.56×10^{-9}	0	0	-2.47×10^{-8}
$c_{B \rightarrow K \ell_1 \ell_2}$	9.13×10^{-9}	1.96×10^{-8}	1.22×10^{-9}	8.10×10^{-9}
$a_{B \rightarrow K^* \ell_1 \ell_2}$	4.74×10^{-6}	0	0	2.43×10^{-6}
$b_{B \rightarrow K^* \ell_1 \ell_2}$	-4.21×10^{-7}	0	0	5.96×10^{-7}
$c_{B \rightarrow K^* \ell_1 \ell_2}$	3.44×10^{-7}	7.65×10^{-7}	4.19×10^{-8}	1.79×10^{-7}
$a_{B_s \rightarrow \phi \ell_1 \ell_2}$	5.11×10^{-6}	0	0	2.27×10^{-6}
$b_{B_s \rightarrow \phi \ell_1 \ell_2}$	-4.67×10^{-7}	0	0	5.98×10^{-7}
$c_{B_s \rightarrow \phi \ell_1 \ell_2}$	3.73×10^{-7}	7.74×10^{-7}	4.44×10^{-8}	1.70×10^{-7}

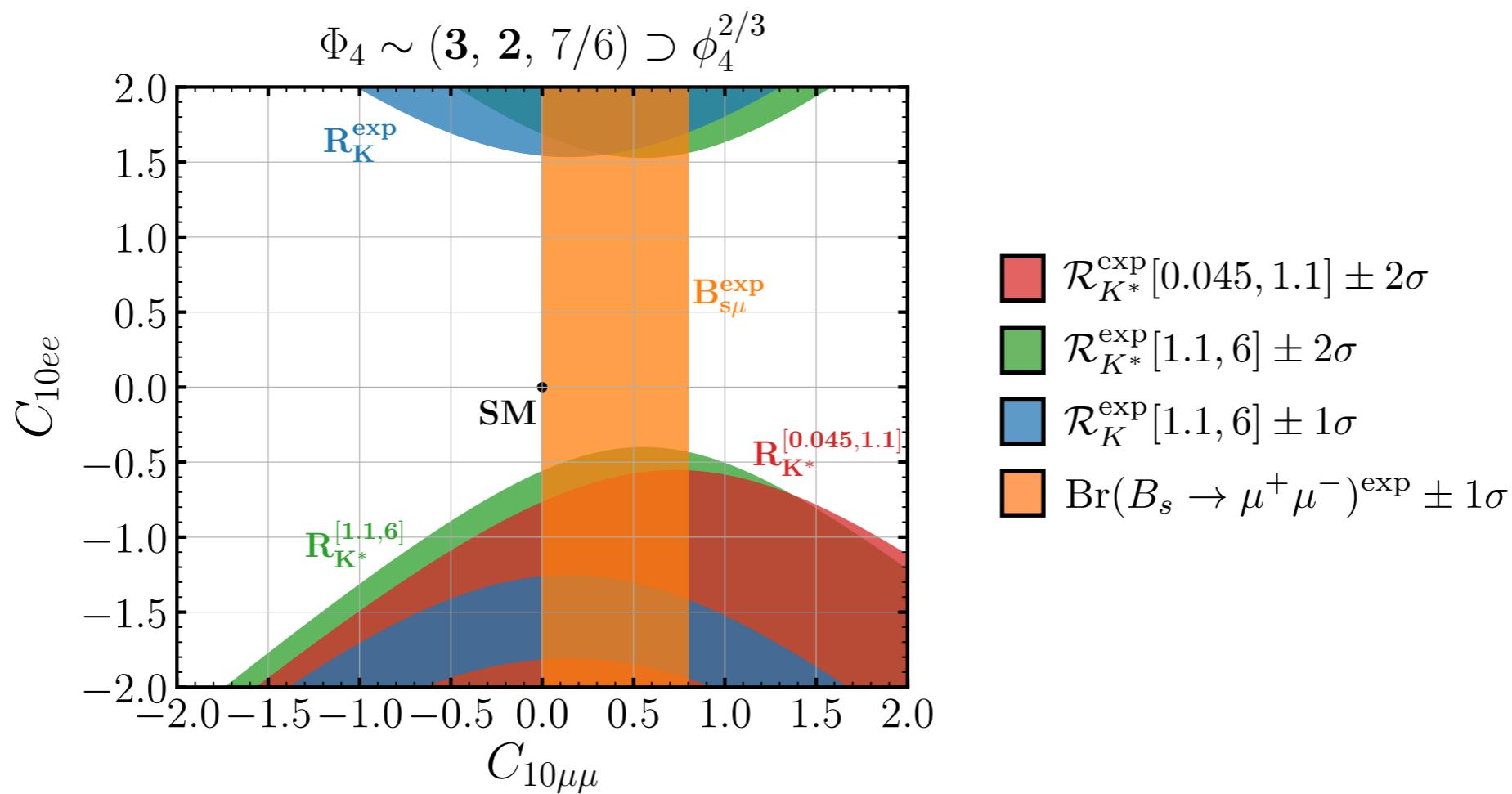
From empirical point of view

[Fileviez Perez, C.M, Plascencia, 2104.11229]

$$\Phi_4 = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_4^{5/3} \\ \phi_4^{2/3} \\ \phi_4 \end{pmatrix} \quad -\mathcal{L}_Y^{\Phi_4} \supset Y_4^{ab} \bar{e}_R^b (\phi_4^{5/3})^* u_L^a + Y_4^{ab} \bar{e}_R^b (\phi_4^{2/3})^* d_L^a + \text{h.c.}$$

$\curvearrowright C_{10\ell\ell} = C_{9\ell\ell}$

- $\phi_4^{2/3}$ contributes to $b \rightarrow s$ transitions!



From empirical point of view

[Fileviez Perez, C.M, Plascencia, 2104.11229]

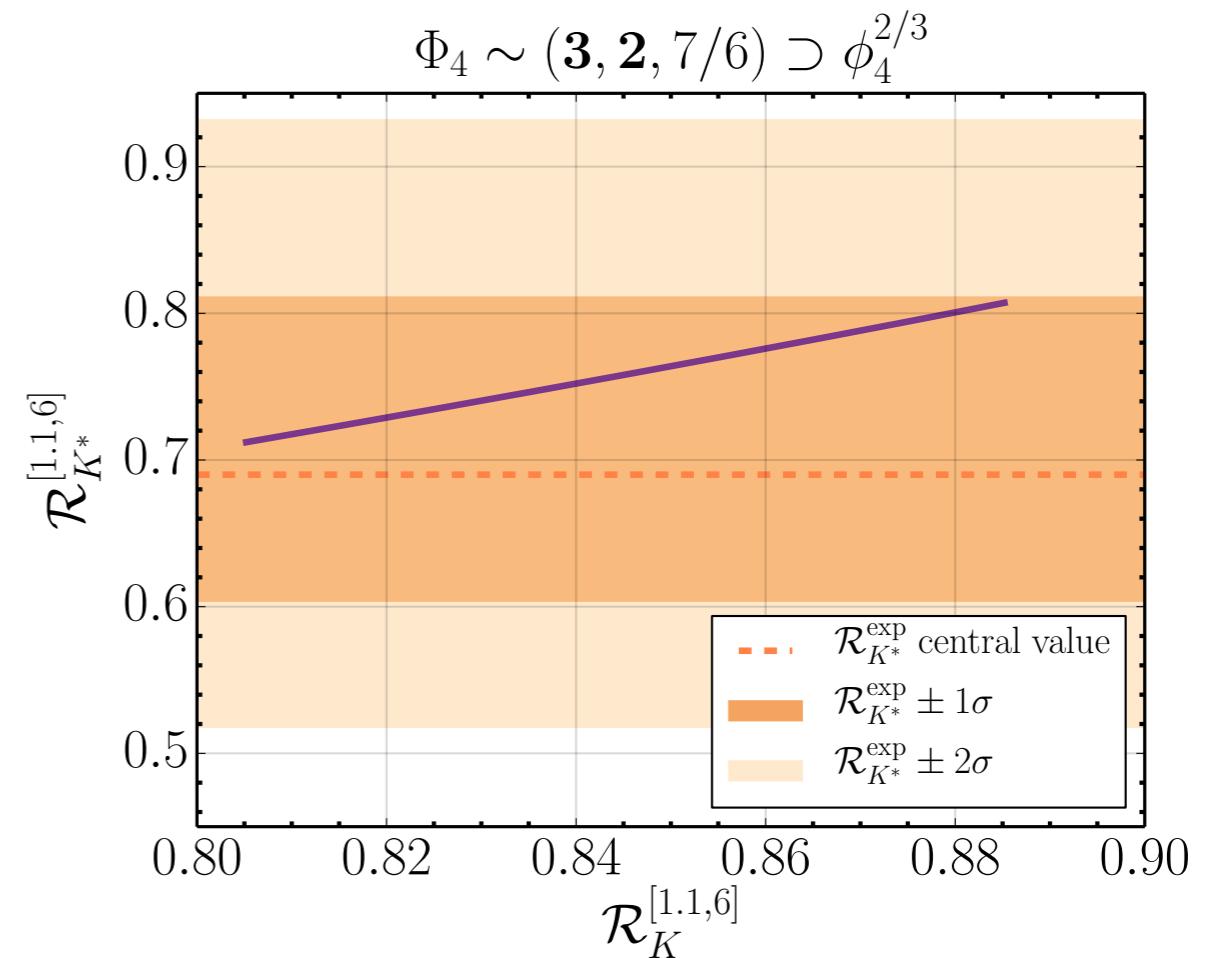
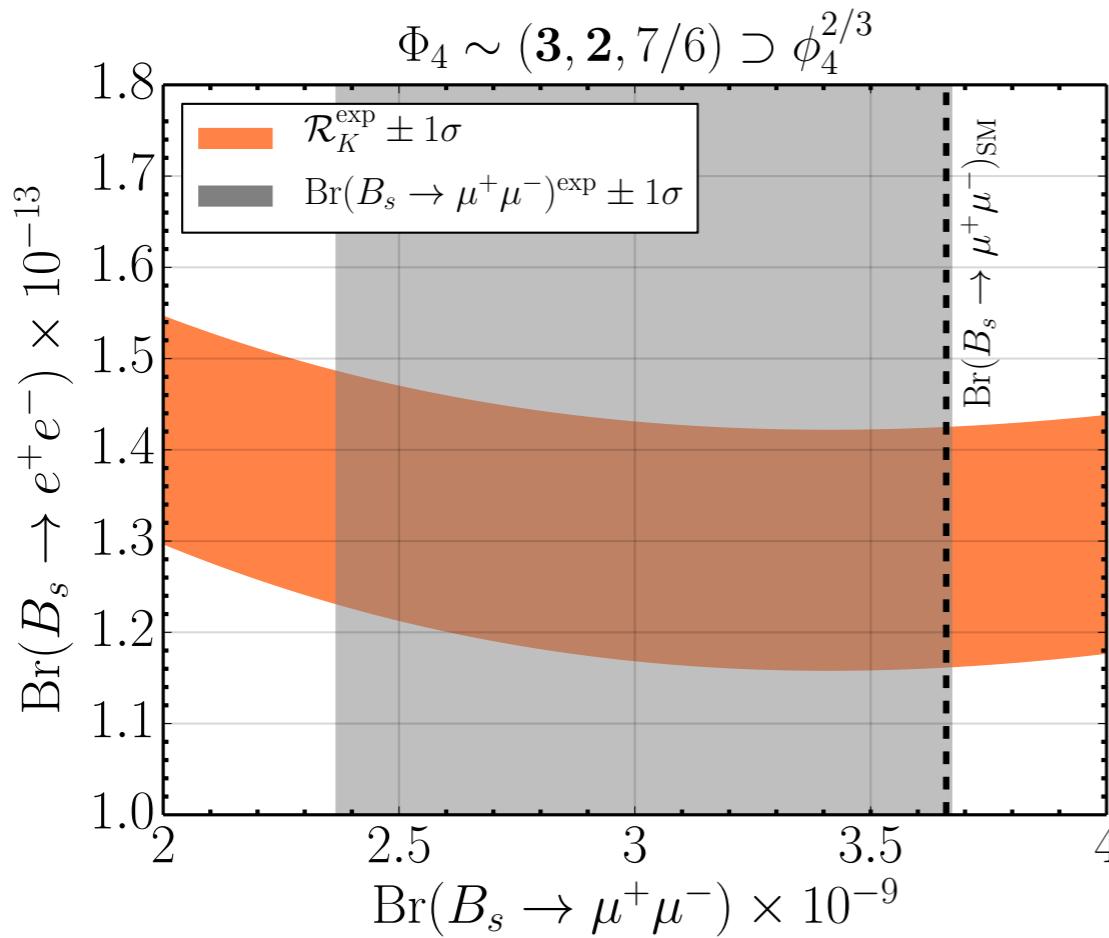
$$\Phi_4 = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_4^{5/3} \\ \phi_4^{2/3} \\ \phi_4 \end{pmatrix} \quad -\mathcal{L}_Y^{\Phi_4} \supset Y_4^{ab} \bar{e}_R^b (\phi_4^{5/3})^* u_L^a + Y_4^{ab} \bar{e}_R^b (\phi_4^{2/3})^* d_L^a + \text{h.c.}$$

$$C_{10\ell\ell} = C_{9\ell\ell}$$

- $\phi_4^{2/3}$ contributes to $b \rightarrow s$ transitions!

$$\text{Br}(B_s \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^-) = f_2(\mathcal{C}_{10\ell\ell})$$

$$\mathcal{R}_{K^{(*)}} = \frac{f_2(\mathcal{C}_{10\mu\mu})}{f_2(\mathcal{C}_{10ee})}$$



From empirical point of view

[Fileviez Perez, C.M, Plascencia, 2104.11229]

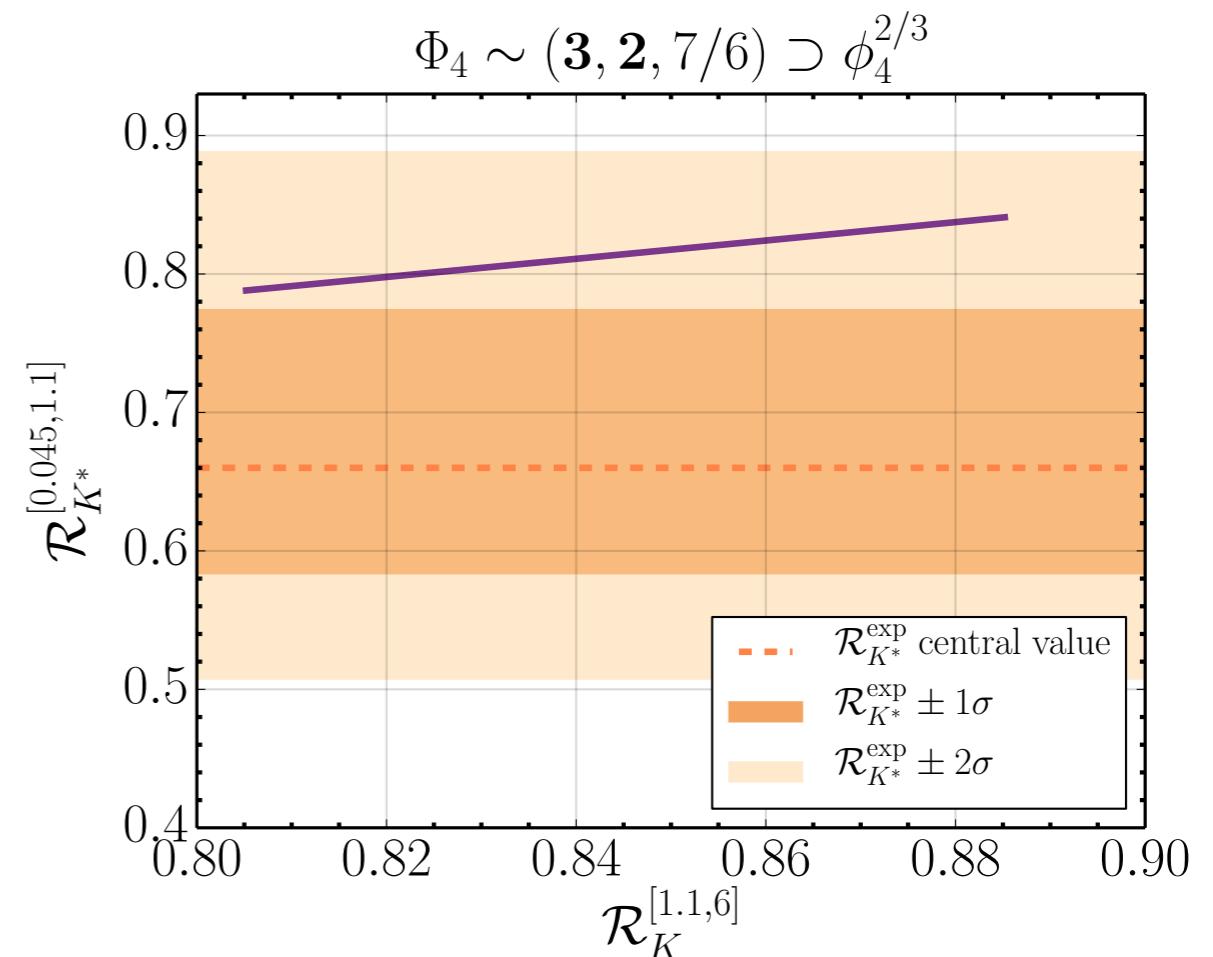
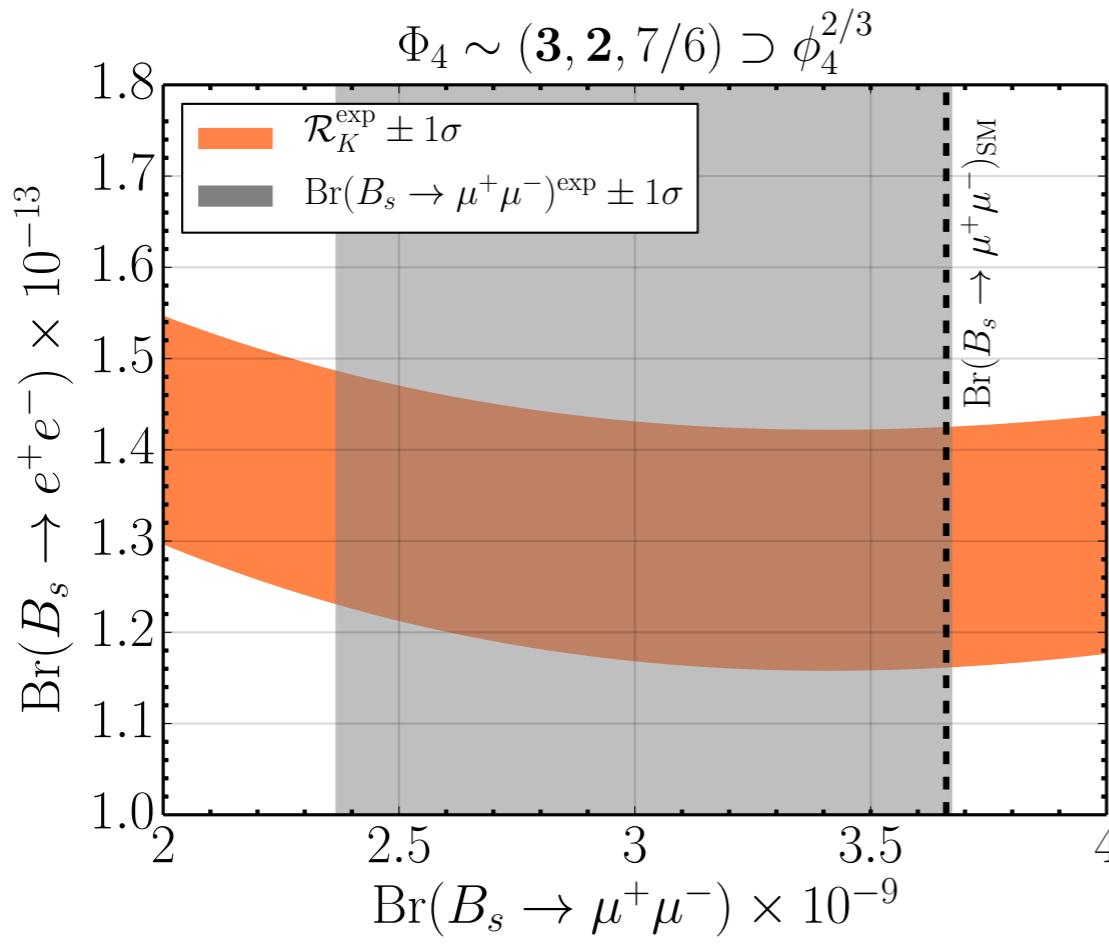
$$\Phi_4 = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_4^{5/3} \\ \phi_4^{2/3} \\ \phi_4 \end{pmatrix} \quad -\mathcal{L}_Y^{\Phi_4} \supset Y_4^{ab} \bar{e}_R^b (\phi_4^{5/3})^* u_L^a + Y_4^{ab} \bar{e}_R^b (\phi_4^{2/3})^* d_L^a + \text{h.c.}$$

$$C_{10\ell\ell} = C_{9\ell\ell}$$

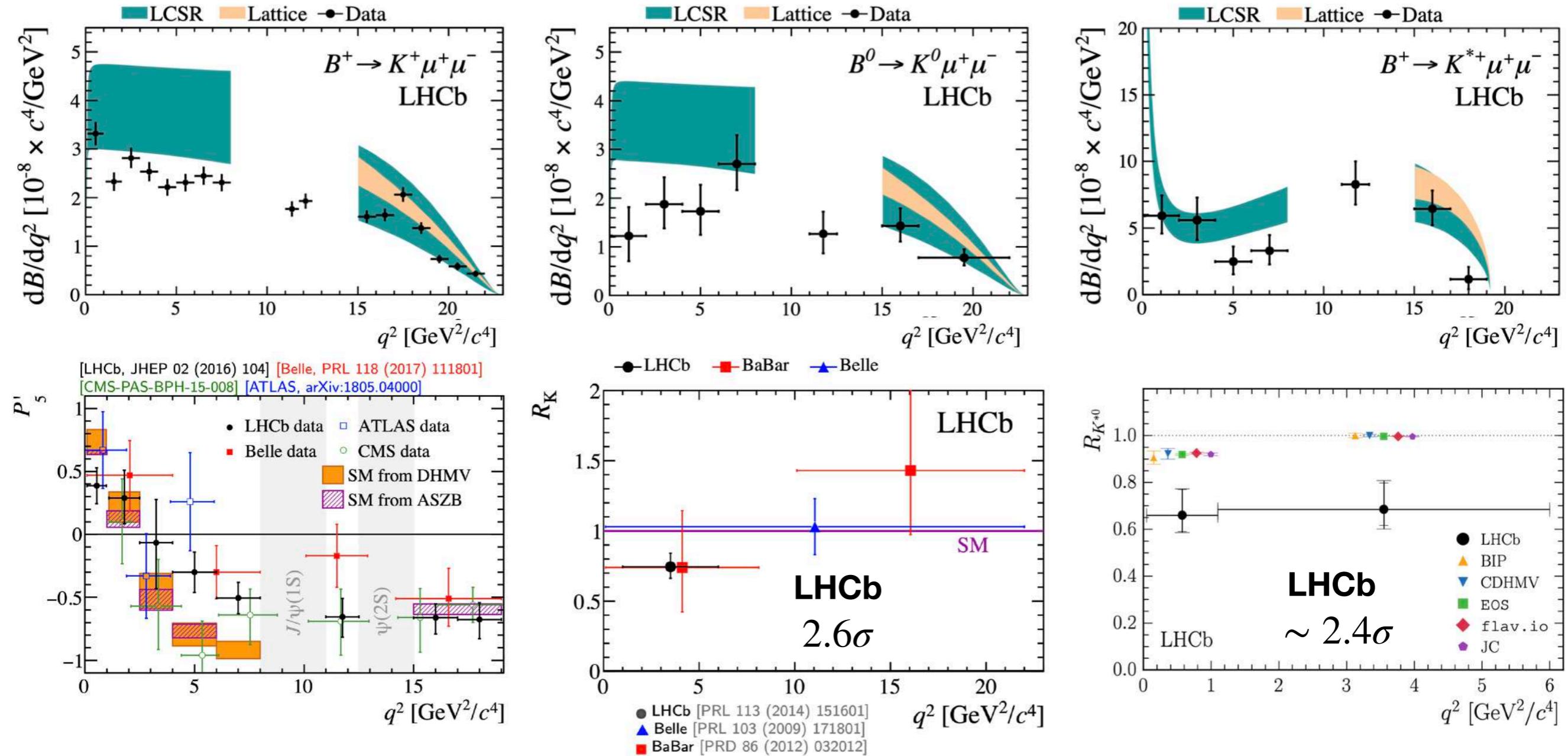
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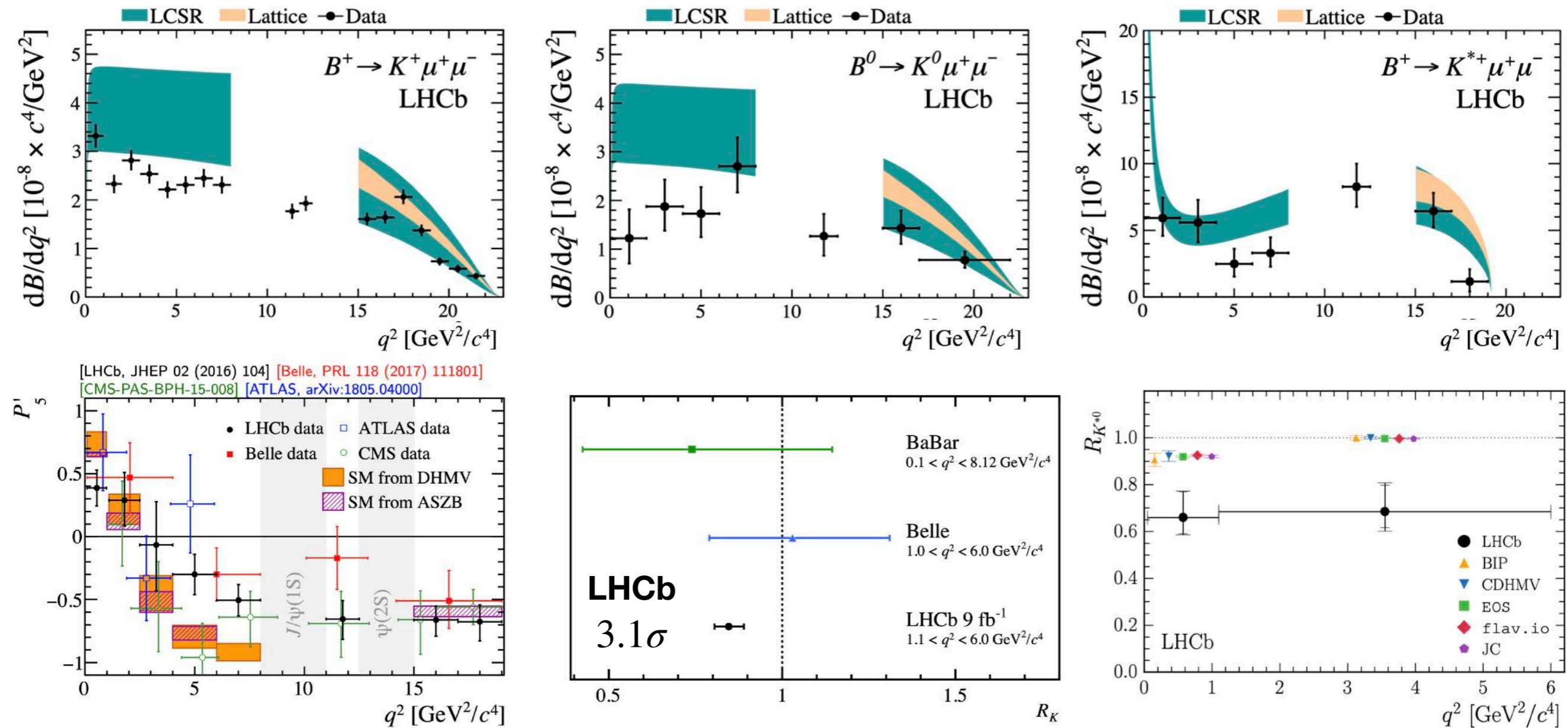


Anomalies in $b \rightarrow s$ transitions



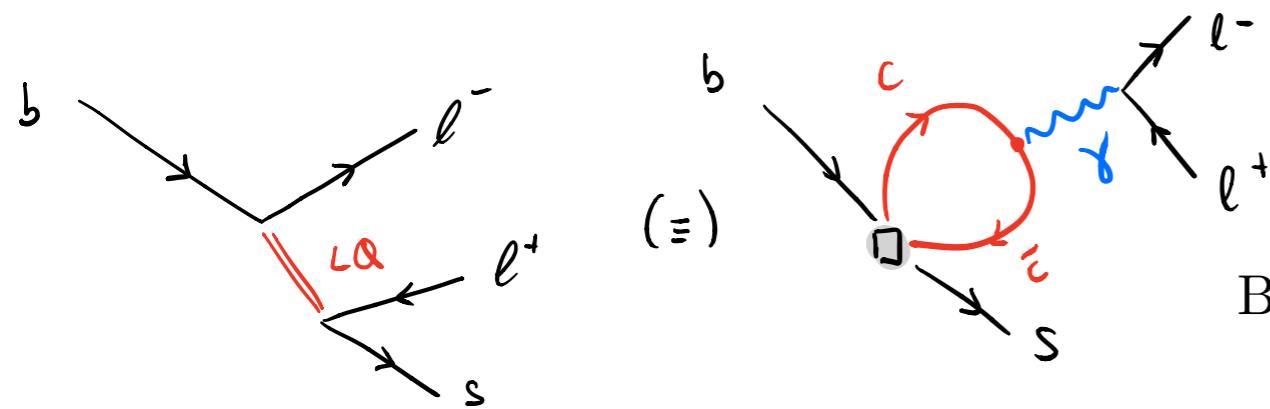
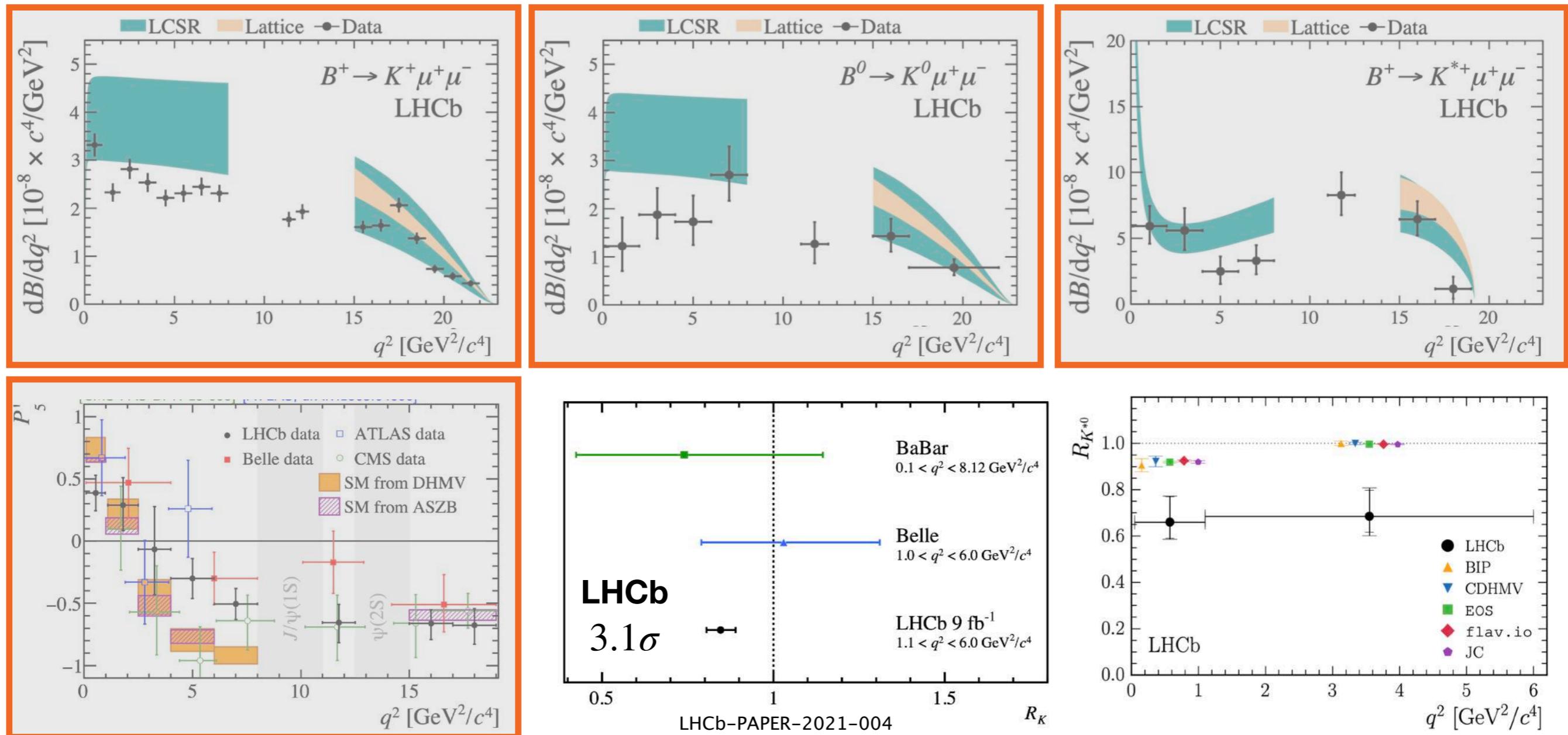
Status 2017

Anomalies in $b \rightarrow s$ transitions



Status NOW

Anomalies in $b \rightarrow s$ transitions



It could mimic NP!!!

$$\text{Br}(B \rightarrow K^{(*)} \ell^+ \ell^-)^{\text{exp}} = \text{Br}(B \rightarrow K^{(*)} \ell^+ \ell^-)^{\text{SM}} + \Delta C_9^{\text{univ}}$$