



INTERNATIONAL
MAX PLANCK
RESEARCH SCHOOL



FOR PRECISION TESTS
OF FUNDAMENTAL
SYMMETRIES

Aspects of Classical Scale Invariance and Electroweak Symmetry Breaking

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Heidelberg
27.11.2014

Based on [hep-ph/1310.4423](#), JHEP 1312 (2013) 076 by M. Holthausen, J. Kubo, KSL and M. Lindner
[Hep-ph/1403.4262](#), PRL 113 (2014) 091604 by J.Kubo, KSL and M.Lindner
[Hep-ph/1405.1052](#), JHEP 1409 (2014) 016 by J.Kubo, KSL, M.Lindner

We know Higgs boson exist!



The Nobel Prize in Physics 2013
François Englert, Peter Higgs

The Nobel Prize in Physics 2013



Photo: Pnicolet via Wikimedia Commons

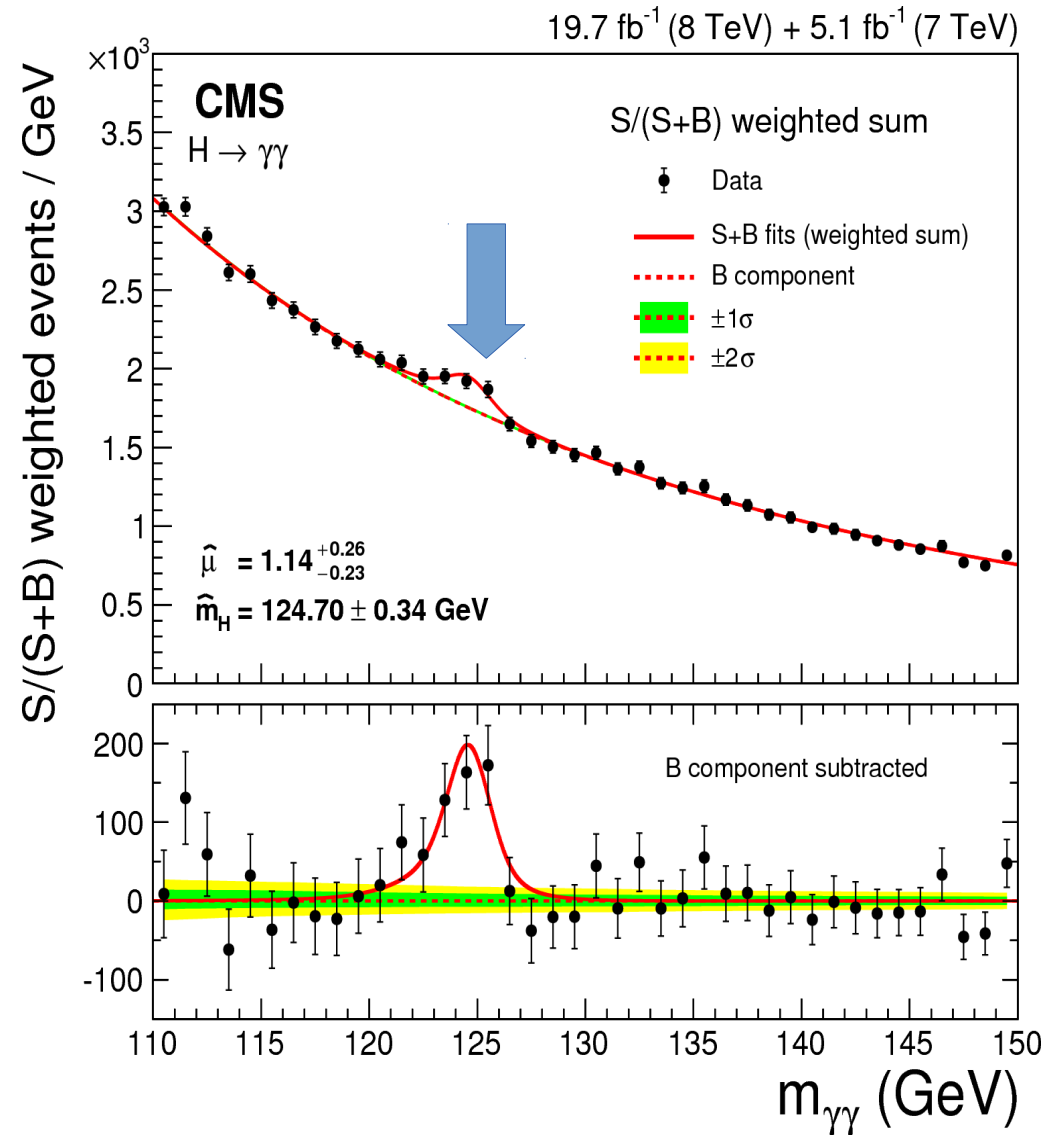
François Englert



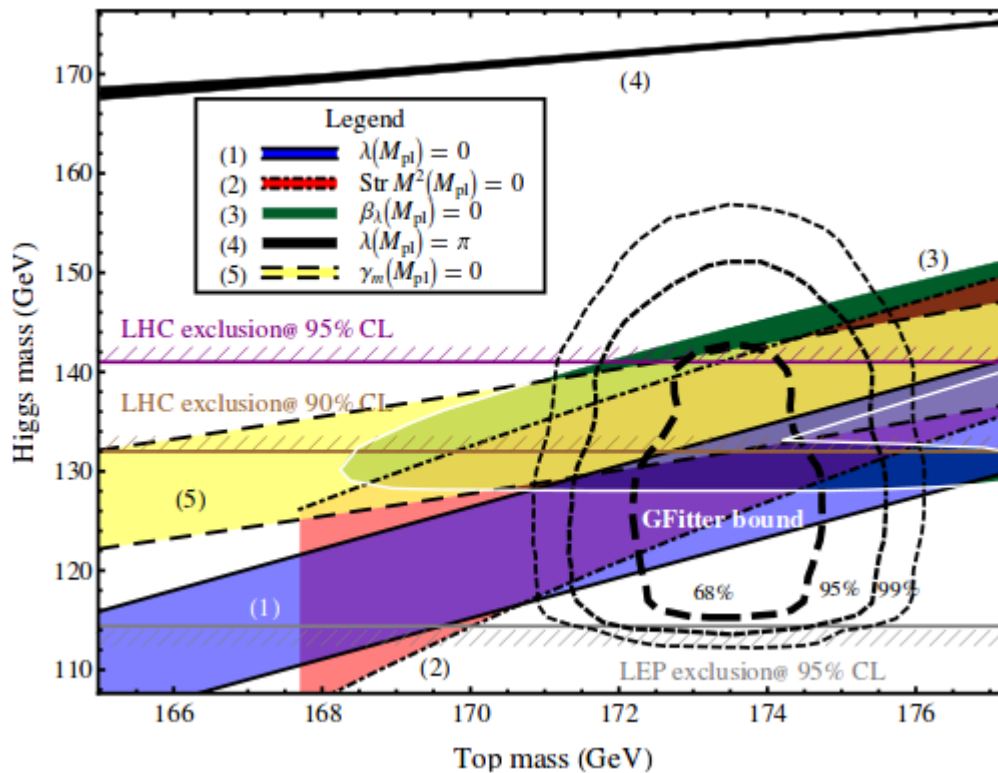
Photo: G-M Greuel via Wikimedia Commons

Peter W. Higgs

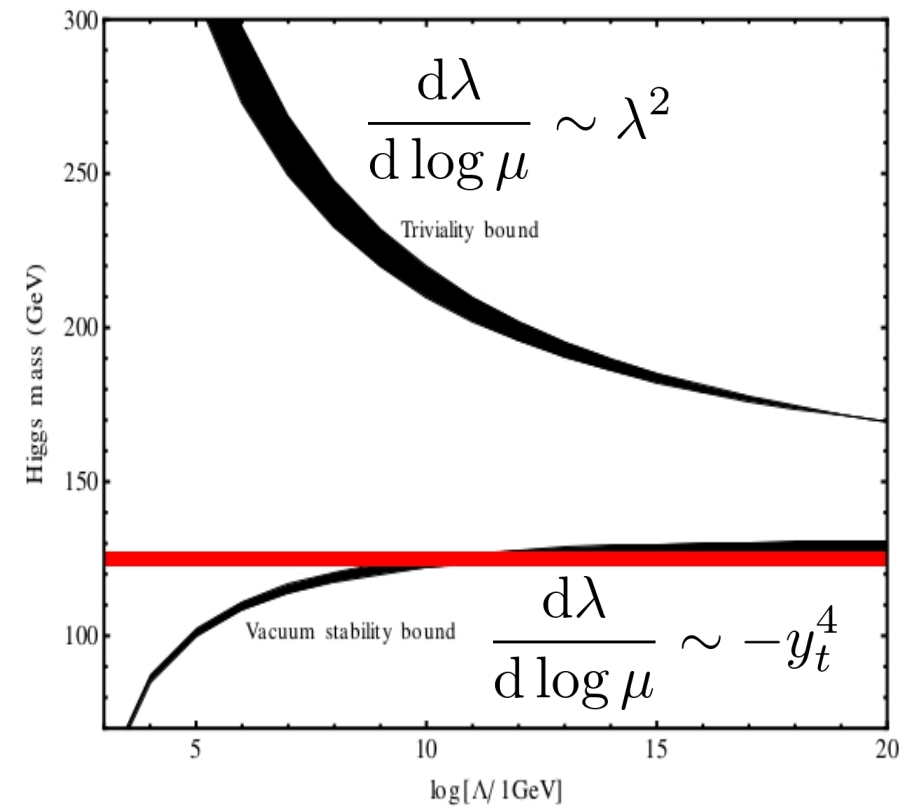
The Nobel Prize in Physics 2013 was awarded jointly to François Englert and Peter W. Higgs "for the theoretical discovery of a mechanism that contributes to our understanding of the origin of mass of subatomic particles, and which recently was confirmed through the discovery of the predicted fundamental particle, by the ATLAS and CMS experiments at CERN's Large Hadron Collider"



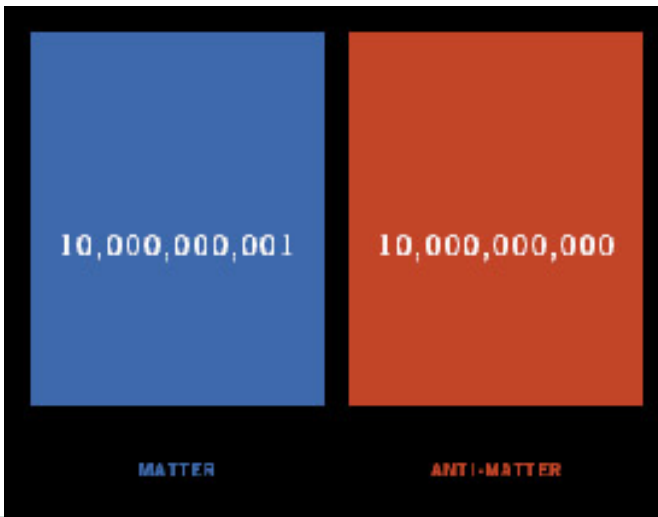
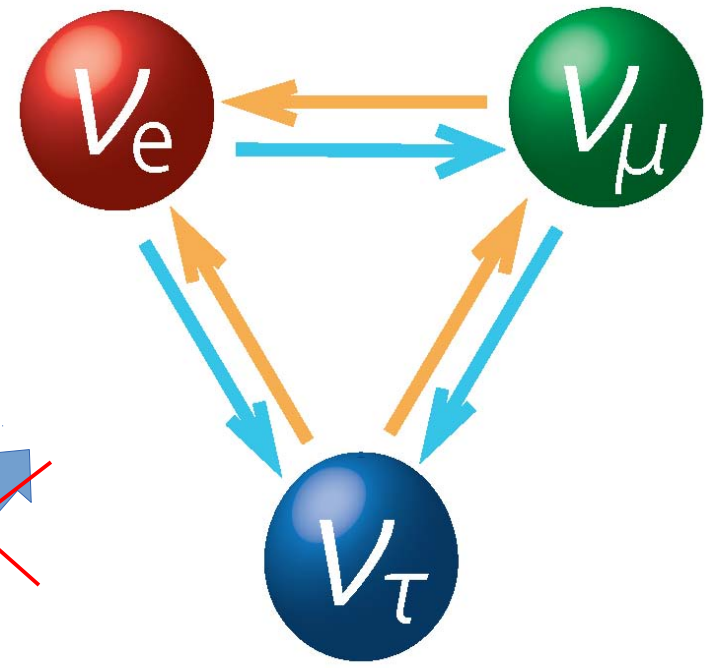
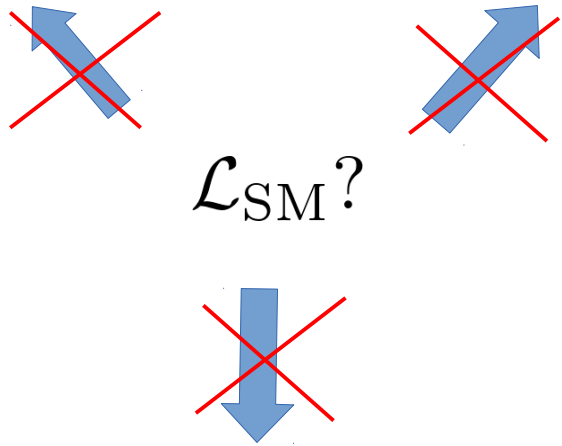
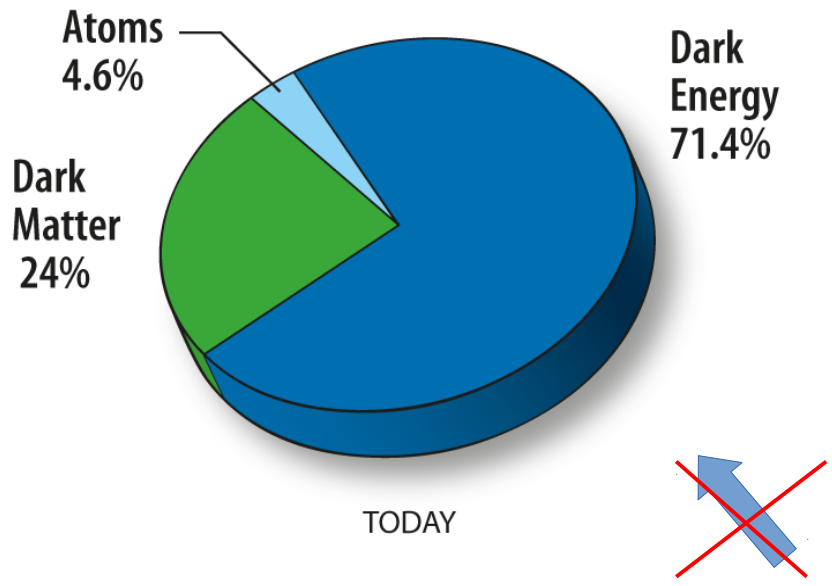
SM may survive up to Planck scale...

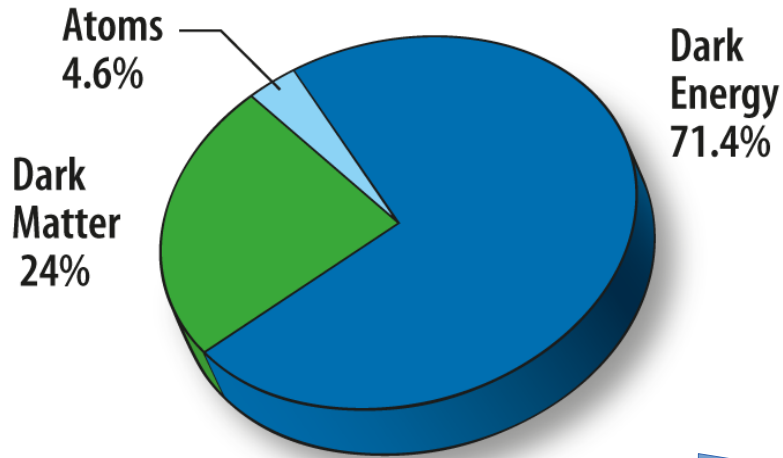


Holthausen, KSL, Lindner '12
Shaposhnikov, Wetterich' 10
Froggatt, Nielsen, Takanishi' 95



Holthausen, KSL, Lindner '12
Degrassi et al. '12
Buttazzo et al. '13
Bezrukov et al. '12
Lindner' 86

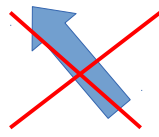




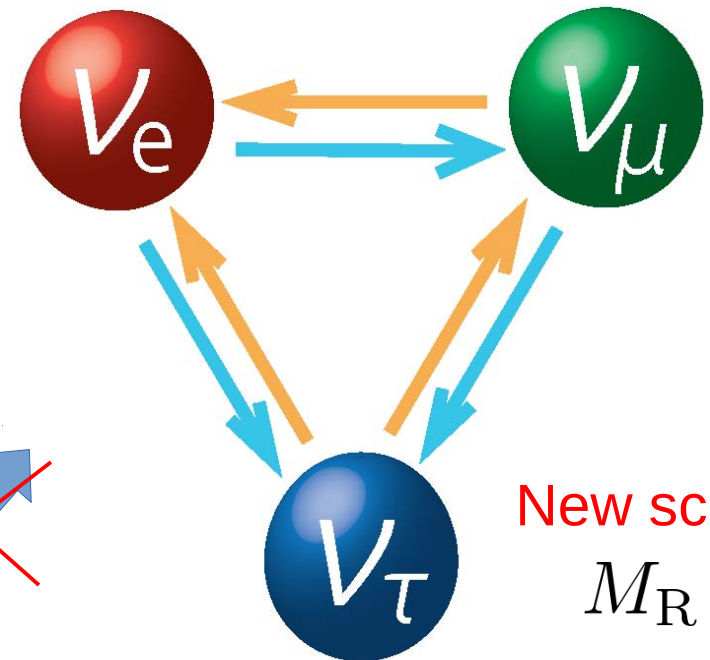
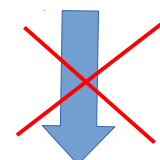
New scale?

TODAY

M_{DM} ρ_{DE}

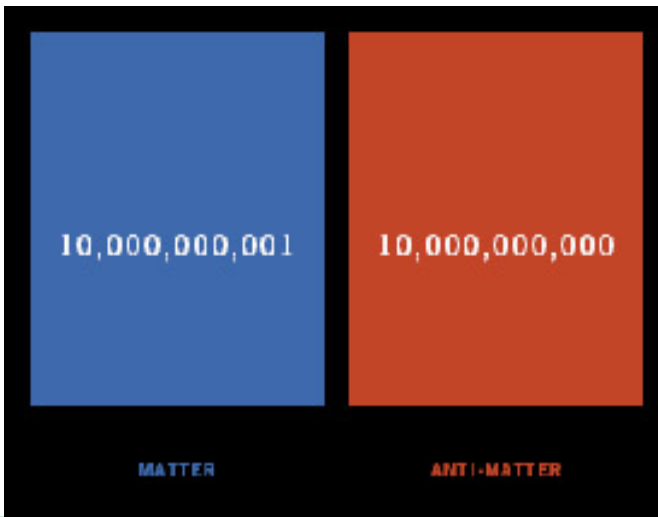


$\mathcal{L}_{SM}?$



New scale?

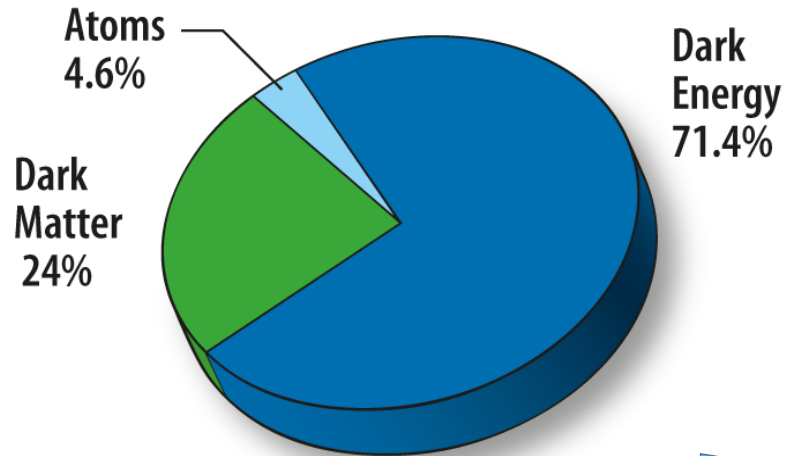
M_R



M_R

New scale?

M_{GUT}



New scale?

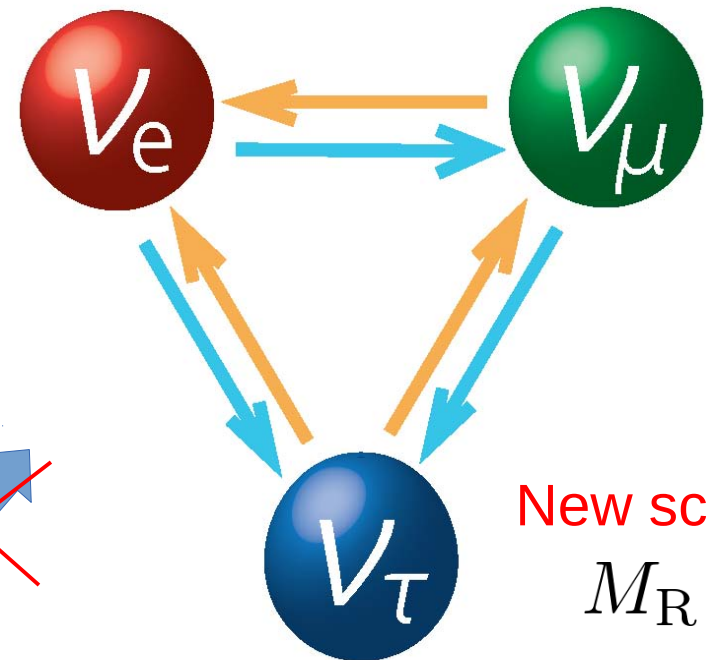
TODAY

M_{DM}

ρ_{DE}

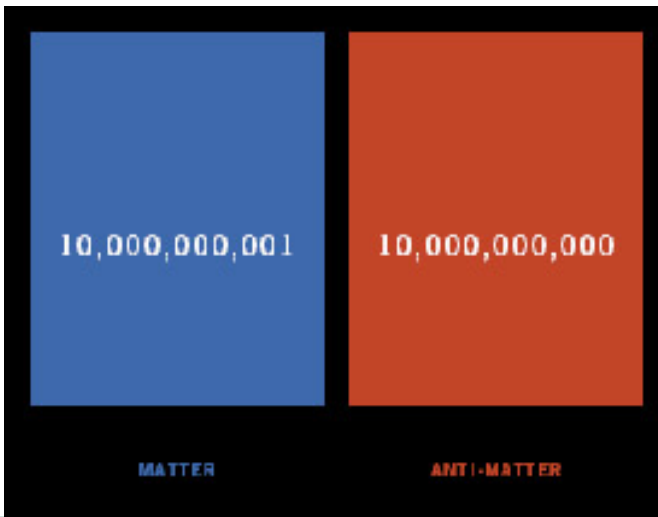
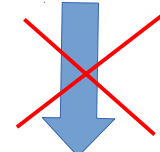
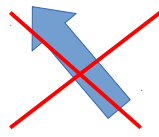
$\mathcal{L}_{SM}?$

ORIGIN OF ELECTROWEAK SCALE?



New scale?

M_R



M_R
New scale?

M_{GUT}

BSM?

Dark energy

Strong CP problem

ORIGIN OF ELECTROWEAK SCALE?

Inflation

Dark matter

Neutrino mass

Baryogenesis

$$\Lambda_{\text{QCD}} \sim v \ll M_{\text{pl}}$$

BSM?

Dark energy

Strong CP problem

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Dark matter

Neutrino mass

Baryogenesis

$$\Lambda_{\text{QCD}} \sim v \ll M_{\text{pl}}$$



QCD scale is pure quantum phenomena

$$\Lambda_{\text{QCD}} = M_{\text{pl}} e^{-8\pi^2 / b g_s^2(M_{\text{pl}})}$$

BSM?

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Dimension Transmutation

$$g_s \rightarrow \Lambda_{\text{QCD}}$$

BSM?

Dark energy

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ORIGIN OF ELECTROWEAK SCALE?

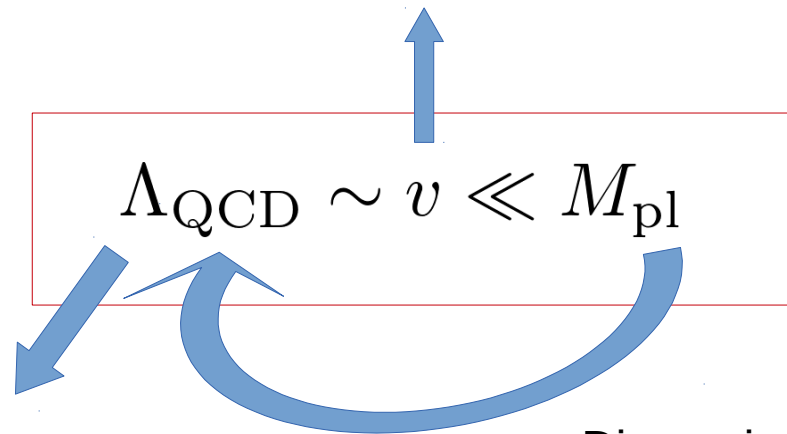
Inflation

Dark matter

Neutrino mass

Baryogenesis

$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} \supset m^2 H^\dagger H$ The only dimensionful parameter in SM
 $m \rightarrow v$ Put in by hand?



QCD scale is pure quantum phenomena

Dimension Transmutation

$$g_s \rightarrow \Lambda_{\text{QCD}}$$

$$\Lambda_{\text{QCD}} = M_{\text{pl}} e^{-8\pi^2 / b g_s^2(M_{\text{pl}})}$$

THE HIERARCHY PROBLEM

WHAT YOU BROUGHT TO SEMINAR AND WHAT IT SAYS ABOUT YOU:

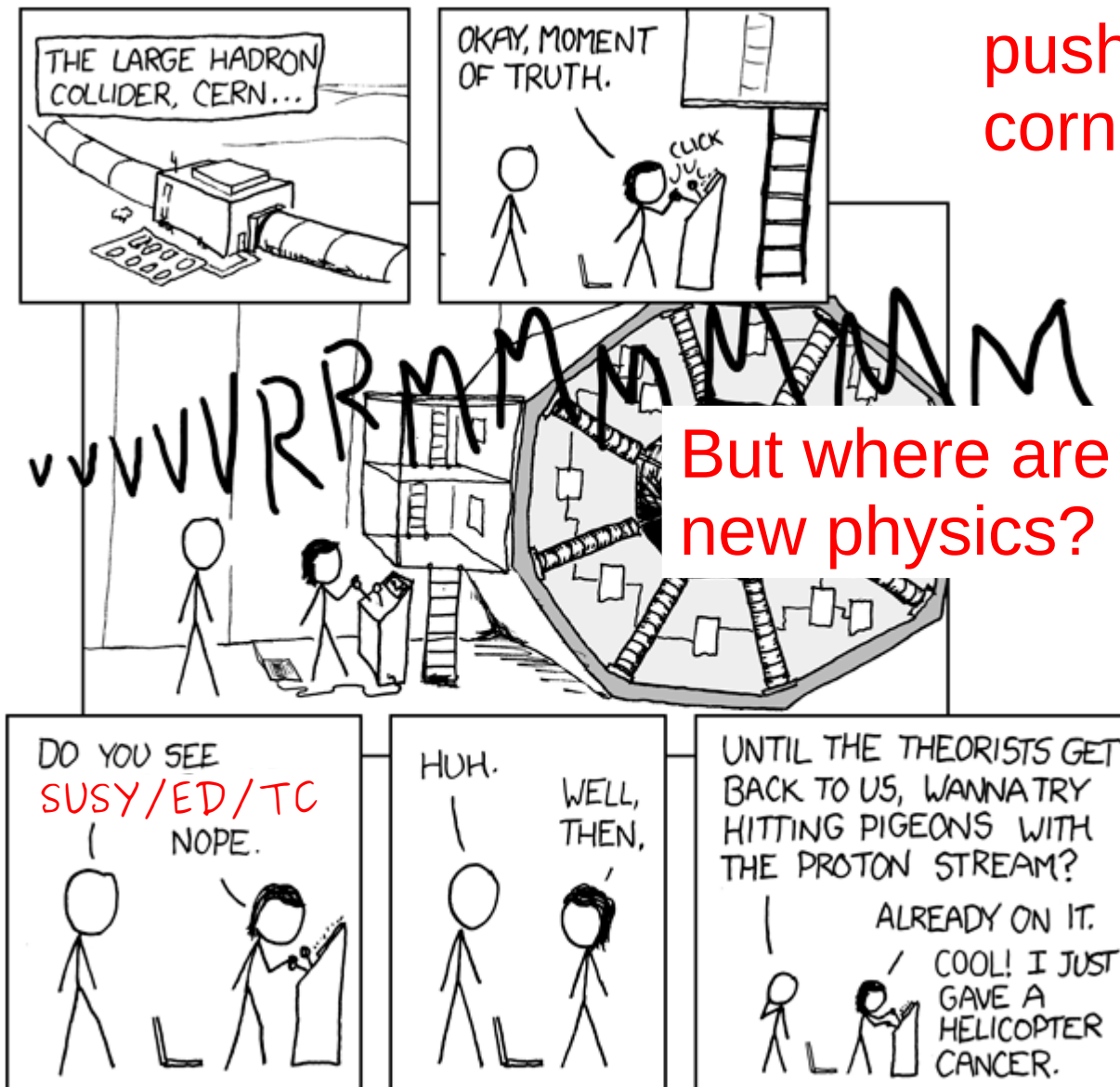


$$m^2(v) = m^2(M_{\text{heavy}}) + f(\lambda, g_i \dots) M_{\text{heavy}}^2 \log\left(\frac{M_{\text{heavy}}}{v}\right)$$

- Ad hoc cancellation?
→ Boundary condition?

Supersymmetry?

Extra Dimension?
Compositeness?



Solutions getting pushed into special corner!

Long-held belief on naturalness must be critically reexamined!

GENERATING ELECTROWEAK SCALE

$$m^2(v) = m^2(M_{\text{heavy}}) + f(\lambda, g_i \dots) M_{\text{heavy}}^2 \log\left(\frac{M_{\text{heavy}}}{v}\right)$$



Small in the SM as

$$\frac{dm^2}{d \log(\mu)} \sim m^2$$

$$\frac{m}{M_{\text{pl}}} \ll 1$$

Classical Scale Invariance!

GENERATING ELECTROWEAK SCALE

$$m^2(v) = m^2(M_{\text{heavy}}) + f(\lambda, g_i \dots) M_{\text{heavy}}^2 \log\left(\frac{M_{\text{heavy}}}{v}\right)$$



Small in the SM as

$$\frac{dm^2}{d \log(\mu)} \sim m^2$$

$$\frac{m}{M_{\text{pl}}} \ll 1$$



Might create a large hierarchy if new physics is still in the framework of QFT with large scale separation. But Wilsonian picture might not apply to Planck scale physics!

Classical Scale Invariance!

GENERATING ELECTROWEAK SCALE DYNAMICALLY

$$m^2(v) = \cancel{m^2(M_{\text{heavy}})} + f(\lambda, g_i \dots) M_{\text{heavy}}^2 \log\left(\frac{M_{\text{heavy}}}{v}\right)$$

Impose Classical scale Invariance

Want to generate EW scale dynamically

$$m^2(v) \sim M_{\text{heavy}}^2 \sim M_{\text{pl}}^2 e^{-8\pi^2/bg^2(M_{\text{pl}})}$$



Order TeV to avoid Hierarchy problem

GENERATING ELECTROWEAK SCALE DYNAMICALLY

$$m^2(v) = \cancel{m^2(M_{\text{heavy}})} + f(\lambda, g_i \dots) M_{\text{heavy}}^2 \log\left(\frac{M_{\text{heavy}}}{v}\right)$$

Impose Classical scale Invariance

Want to generate EW scale dynamically

$$m^2(v) \sim M_{\text{heavy}}^2 \sim M_{\text{pl}}^2 e^{-8\pi^2/bg^2(M_{\text{pl}})}$$



Order TeV to avoid Hierarchy problem

Minor detail: Imposing classical scale invariance also forbids the use of cutoff.
Otherwise explicit violation of scale invariance.

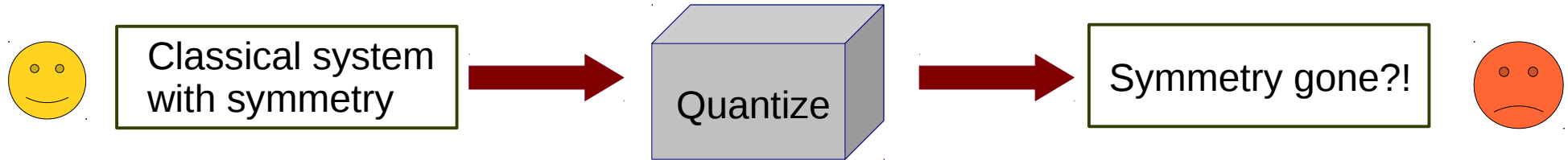
Scale Current is Anomalous

$$\Delta\phi(x) = (x_\mu\partial^\mu + d)\phi(x) \longrightarrow \partial_\mu J^\mu = T^\mu{}_\mu \sim m^2\phi^2$$

Scale Current is Anomalous

$$\Delta\phi(x) = (x_\mu\partial^\mu + d)\phi(x) \longrightarrow \partial_\mu J^\mu = T^\mu_\mu \sim \cancel{m^2\phi^2}$$

But dilatation current is anomalous!



$$\partial_\mu J^\mu = T^\mu_\mu \sim \beta\mathcal{O}_4$$

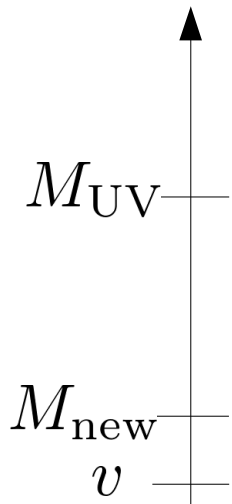

 Quantum custodial symmetry

$$\hbar \rightarrow 0, T^\mu_\mu \rightarrow 0$$

But this is what we want!

$$\beta \neq 0 \rightarrow T^\mu_\mu \neq 0 \rightarrow m \neq 0$$

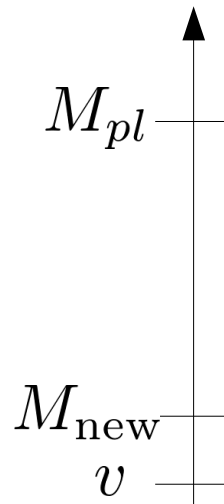
Naturalness?



Just want to generate
scale radiatively

$$v \sim M_{new} \sim M_{UV} e^{-1/bg^2}$$

Still need a UV theory
to tell whether theory is
fine-tuned or not



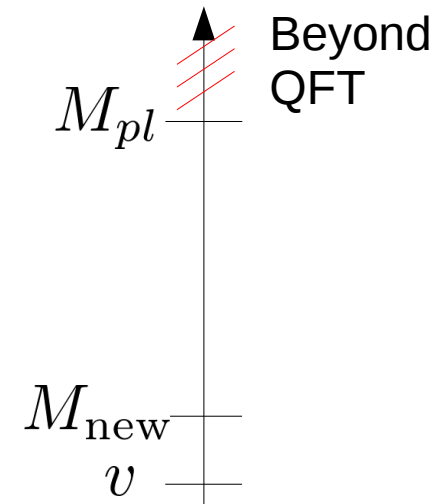
Gravity is QFT

$$\lambda_{hs} |H|^2 S^2 + \xi S^2 R$$

$$\rightarrow \xi \langle S \rangle^2 R = M_{pl}^2 R$$

Fine-tuned but is
technically nature

$$\frac{d\lambda}{d \log \mu} \sim \lambda$$

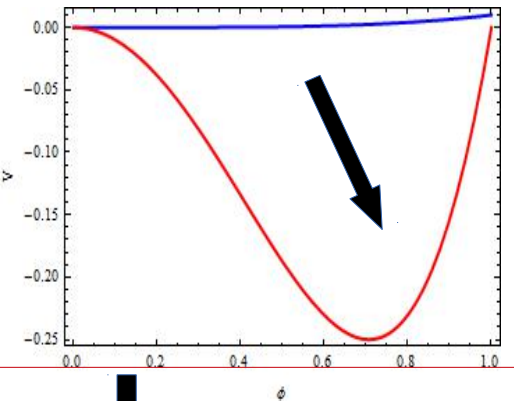


Want to have a
chance to have
technical natural
theory without fine-
tuning.

Unclear whether
such scenario can
be realized

EW scale from CSI breaking

Through RG evolution, the scalar potential develop flat direction, quantum correction shift the vev to non-vanishing value: **Coleman-Weinberg**



Weakly

Start with classical scale invariant (CSI) lagrangian

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} \rightarrow \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}, m^2 \rightarrow 0}$$

EW scale is radiatively generated

$$\text{Crucial: } \lambda_{hs} H^\dagger H S^\dagger S$$

(Additional) gauge interaction grows strong and dynamically sets a condensation scale

$$\langle \bar{\phi}\phi \rangle \sim \Lambda^3 \rightarrow \lambda_{hs} \Lambda^2 H^\dagger H$$

Strongly

EW scale from CSI breaking

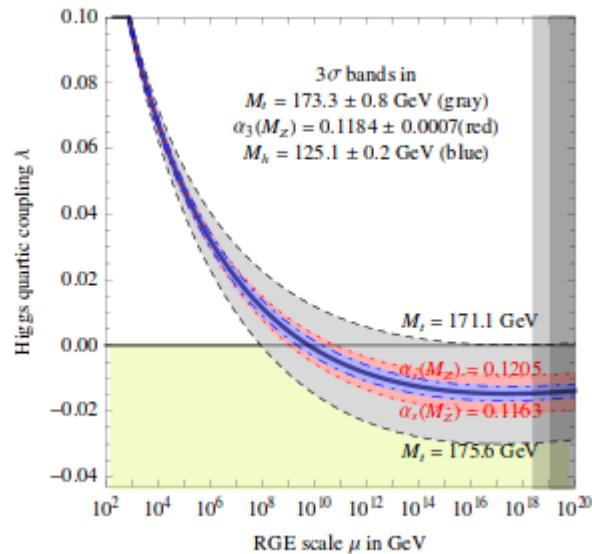
Very active field of research!

Bardeen '95
Fatelo, Gerard, Hambye, Weyers '95
Hempfling '96
Hambye '96
Meissner, Nicolai '07
Foot, Kobakhidze, Volkas '07
Foot, Kobakhidze, McDonald, Volkas '07
Chang, Ng, Wu '07
Hambye, Tytgat '08
Iso, Okada, Orikasa '09
Holthausen, Lindner, Schmidt '10
Hur, Jung, Ko, Lee '11
Hur, Ko '11
Ishiwata '12
Lee, Pilaftsis '12
Khoze '13
Kawamura '13
Gretsch, Monin '13
Carone, Ramos '13
Khoze, Ro '13
Englert, Jaekel, Khoze, Spannowsky '13
Farzinnia, He, Ren '13
Abel, Mariotti '13

Heikinheimo, Racioppi, Raidal, Spethmann, Tuominen '13
Steele, Wang, Contreras, Mann '13
Hambye, Strumia '13
Holthausen, Kubo, Lim, Lindner '13
Hashimoto, Iso, Orikasa '14
Hill '14
Guo, Kang '14
Radovicic, Benic '14
Khoze, McCabe, Ro '14
Kubo, Lim, Lindner '14
Allison, Hill, Ross '14
Farzinnia, Ren '14
Davoudiasl, Lewis '14
Altmannhofer, Bardeen, Bauer, Carena, Lykken '14
Antipin, Redi, Strumia '14

I am sorry if I left out your paper

Coleman-Weinberg Approach



Buttazzo et al.

With the current measured Higgs mass, the value indicates a flat potential

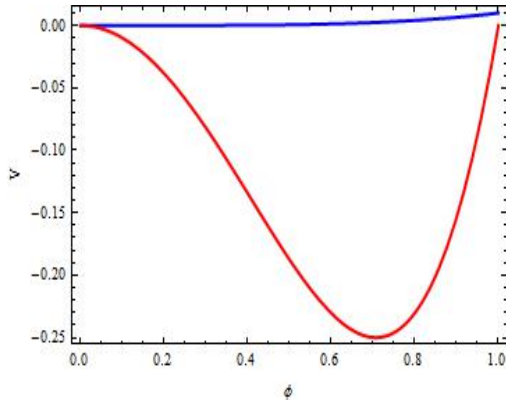
$$V = -m^2 H^\dagger H + \lambda_h (H^\dagger H)^2$$



Classical Scale Invariance

$$V = -m^2 H^\dagger H + \lambda_h (H^\dagger H)^2$$

Coleman-Weinberg Approach



Need a flat potential

$$V = \cancel{V_{\text{tree}}} + V_{1\text{-loop}}$$

$$= \text{tree diagram} + \text{1-loop diagram} + \text{2-loop diagram} + \dots$$

$$\sim \beta \phi^4 \log(\phi/v) \quad \longrightarrow \quad m^2 \sim \beta \langle \phi \rangle^2$$

Again EW scale is radiatively generated $v \sim M_{UV} e^{-1/bg^2(v)}$

In the SM it doesn't work due to large top loop \Rightarrow negative Higgs mass

Need additional bosons

For references see pervious slide

Coleman-Weinberg Approach

Adding additional scalars

$$\lambda_{hs} H^\dagger H S^\dagger S$$

- ▲ S has no VEV
- ▲ Need large coupling to pump up the Higgs mass
 $m_h^2 \sim \beta \langle H \rangle^2$
- ▲ Landau pole problem
- ▲ S gets mass after H obtains VEV

- ▲ S obtains VEV
- ▲ Scalar mass mixing
 $m_h^2 \sim \lambda_{hs} \langle S \rangle$
- ▲ SM couplings get mixing correction
- ▲ Resonance at LHC?

Coleman-Weinberg Approach

Generic model building approach: **Portalia!**

$$F'_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu}$$

$$y \bar{L} H N$$

$$\lambda_{hs} H^\dagger H S^\dagger S$$

Only 3 terms in the SM which are singlets. Portals to dark side?



Coleman-Weinberg Approach

Generic model building approach:

$$\lambda_{hs} \langle S \rangle^2 H^\dagger H \quad \text{EW scale generated}$$

Generate Majorana
neutrino mass?
DM?

$$y \langle S \rangle \psi \psi$$



Flat S direction,
generate VEV due to
quantum correction

$$\lambda_s (S^\dagger S)^2$$

Scalar, Vector,
Fermion DM?

$$(D_\mu S)^\dagger D^\mu S \\ \sim \langle S \rangle A_\mu A^\mu$$

Dimensional transmutation
Relate quartic
coupling with gauge
coupling?

Coleman-Weinberg Approach

$$\lambda_{hs} H^\dagger H S^2 + \lambda_s S^4$$

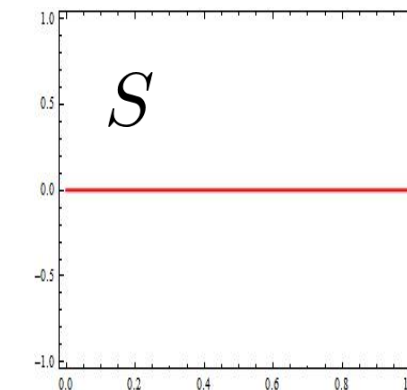
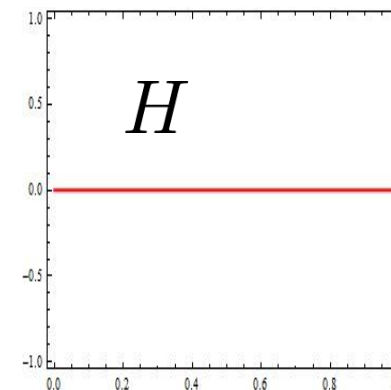
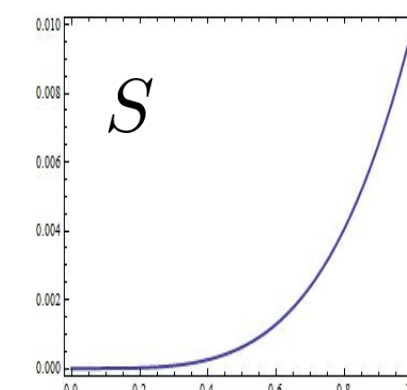
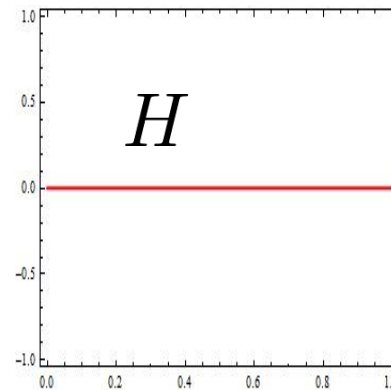
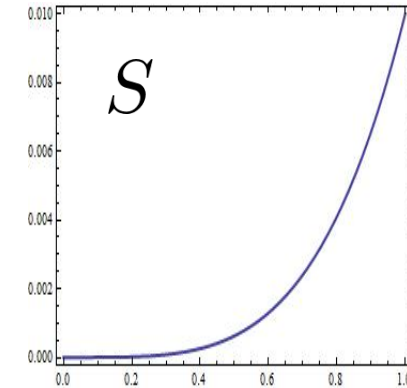
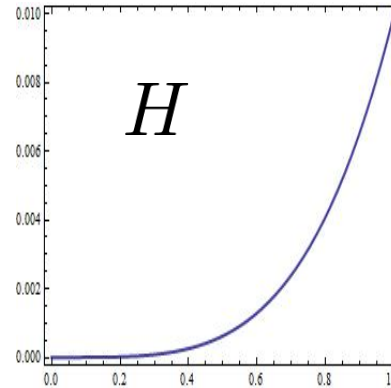
Couplings assumed

~~$$\lambda_{hs} H^\dagger H S^2 + \lambda_s S^4$$~~



radiatively generated

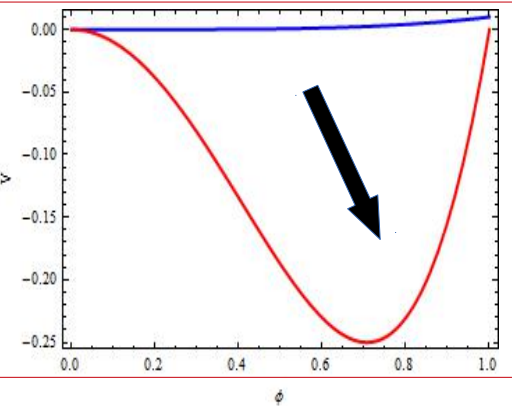
True Flatlandia, every scalar
couplings generated radiatively



See Iso et al.

EW scale from CSI breaking

Through RG evolution, the scalar potential develop flat direction, quantum correction shift the vev to non-vanishing value: **Coleman-Weinberg**



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$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} \rightarrow \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}, m^2 \rightarrow 0}$$

EW scale is radiatively generated

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Focus today

(Additional) gauge interaction grows strong and dynamically sets a condensation scale

$$\langle \bar{\phi}\phi \rangle \sim \Lambda^3 \rightarrow \lambda_{hs} \Lambda^2 H^\dagger H$$

Strongly

Generating EW Scale from Strongly Interacting Sector

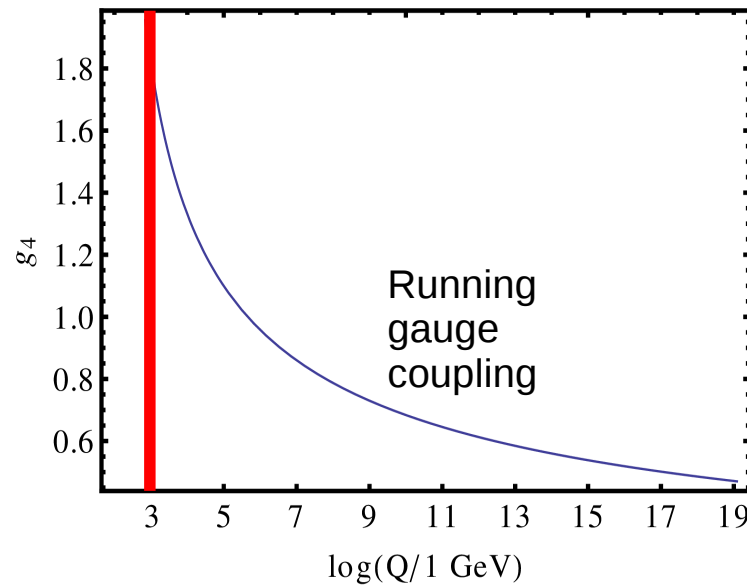
- Strong hierarchy between EW and Planck scale.
- QCD scale can be explained by running couplings and dimensional transmutation.
- Would be nice if EW sector can mimic such mechanism.

Direct Transmission

$$\lambda_{hs} H^\dagger H \langle S^\dagger S \rangle$$



$$\lambda_{hs} \Lambda^2 H^\dagger H$$



$$\leftarrow \lambda_{hs} H^\dagger H S^\dagger S \rightarrow$$

Indirect Transmission

$$\langle \bar{\psi} \psi \rangle \sim \Lambda^3$$



$$yS \langle \bar{\psi} \psi \rangle \text{ shift the } S \text{ field, } S \text{ obtains a vev}$$



$$\lambda_{hs} v_s^2 H^\dagger H$$

Generating EW Scale from Strongly Interacting Sector

Handwaving classification

	New gauge group?	Just SM gauge group
New particle?	Technicolor Hidden QCD	Exotic QCD representation
SM particle	Top condensate Top color	Just SM :(

Generating EW Scale from Strongly Interacting Sector

- Strong hierarchy between EW and Planck scale.
- QCD scale can be explained by running couplings and dimensional transmutation.
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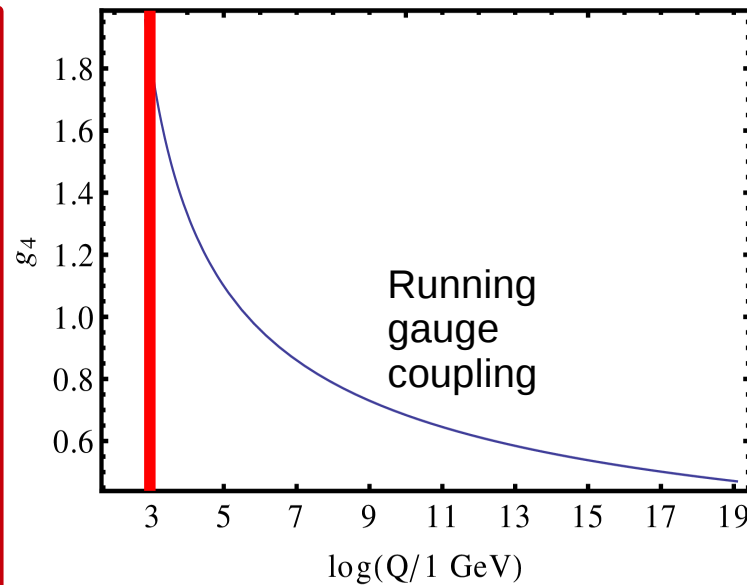
Part 1

Direct Transmission

$$\lambda_{hs} H^\dagger H \langle S^\dagger S \rangle$$



$$\lambda_{hs} \Lambda^2 H^\dagger H$$



$$\leftarrow \lambda_{hs} H^\dagger H S^\dagger S \rightarrow$$

Indirect Transmission

$$\langle \bar{\psi} \psi \rangle \sim \Lambda^3$$



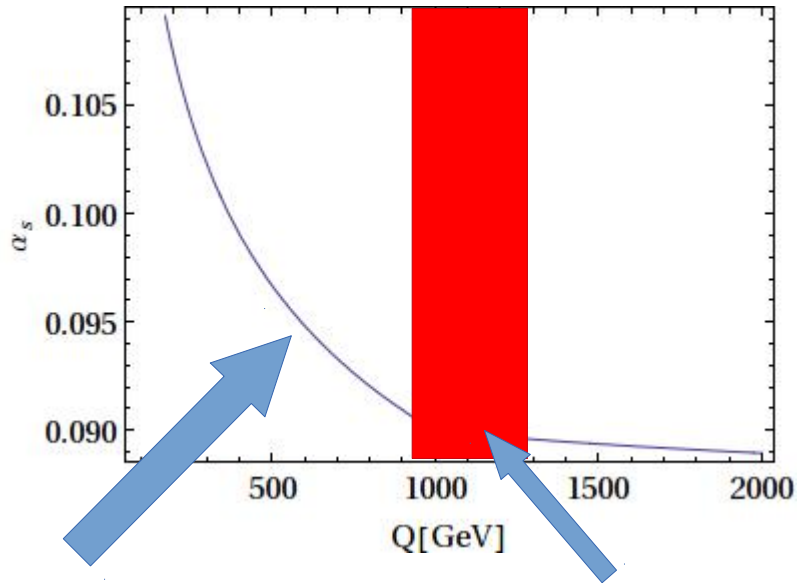
$$y S \langle \bar{\psi} \psi \rangle \text{ shift the } S \text{ field, } S \text{ obtains a vev}$$



$$\lambda_{hs} v_s^2 H^\dagger H$$

Direct Transmission = Scalar Bound State

For instance: QCD



- But strong coupling is weak at TeV?

Idea: $v \sim \Lambda_{\text{QCD}}$
 How is that possible? As
 $\Lambda_{\text{QCD}} \sim 300 \text{ MeV}$

Low energy
QCD unaltered

Extra condensate at TeV?



$$\lambda_{hs} H^\dagger H S^\dagger S \rightarrow \lambda_{hs} H^\dagger H \langle S^\dagger S \rangle = \lambda_{hs} \Lambda^2 H^\dagger H$$

Kubo, KSL, Lindner

Dimension Transmutation depends on Representation of Gauge Theory

$$\Lambda_{\text{QCD}} \rightarrow \underbrace{\Lambda_{\text{QCD}} \exp\left(-\int \frac{d \ln \mu}{\beta_{\text{QCD}+6}(\mu)}\right)}_{\Lambda_6} \rightarrow \underbrace{\Lambda_{\text{QCD}} \exp\left(-\int \frac{d \ln \mu}{\beta_{\text{QCD}+6+8}(\mu)}\right)}_{\Lambda_8} \rightarrow \dots$$

Would have more scales if QCD has different representation for particles

$$C_2(S)\alpha_s(\Lambda) \gtrsim 1$$

↑ ↓
(compensate)

Rep (\mathbf{R})	$C_2(\mathbf{R})$	$C(\mathbf{R})$	Λ (GeV)
8	3	3	1
10	6	15/2	20
15	16/3	10	10
15'	28/3	35/2	1000
21	40/3	35	10^5

← Interesting!

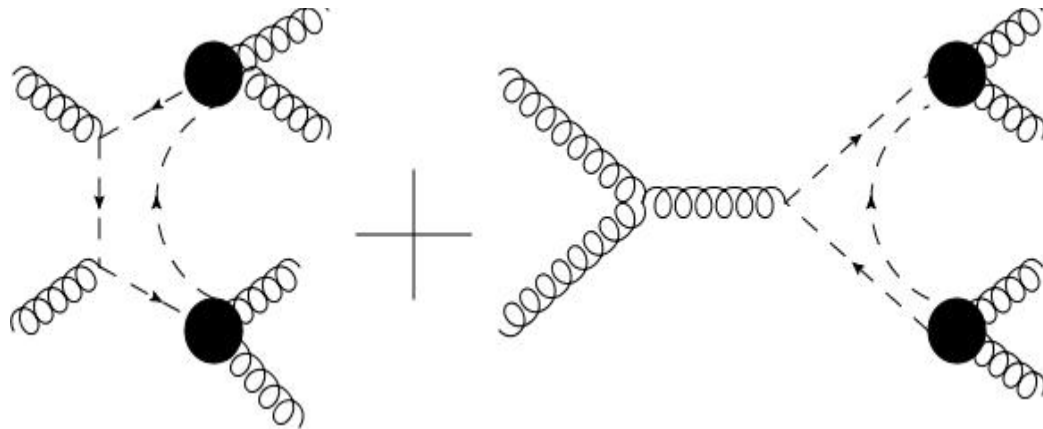
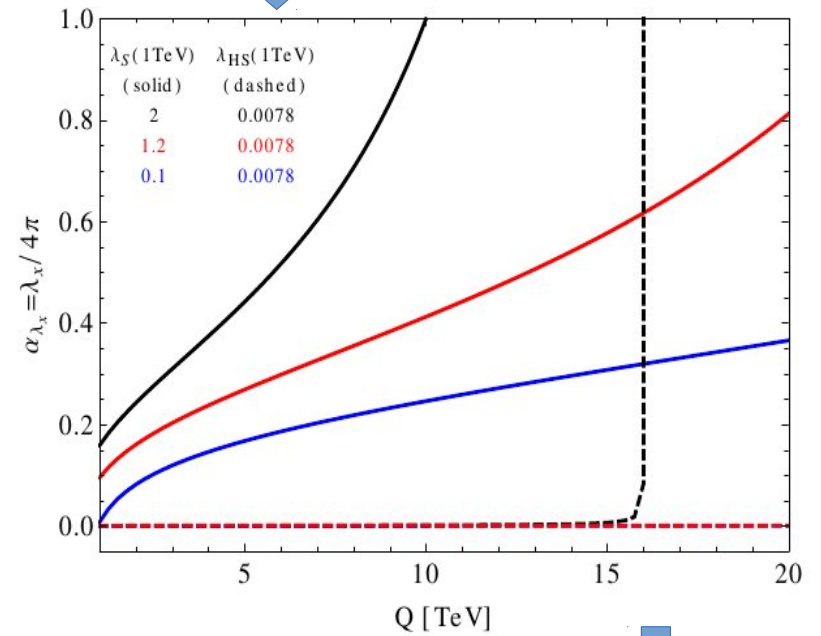
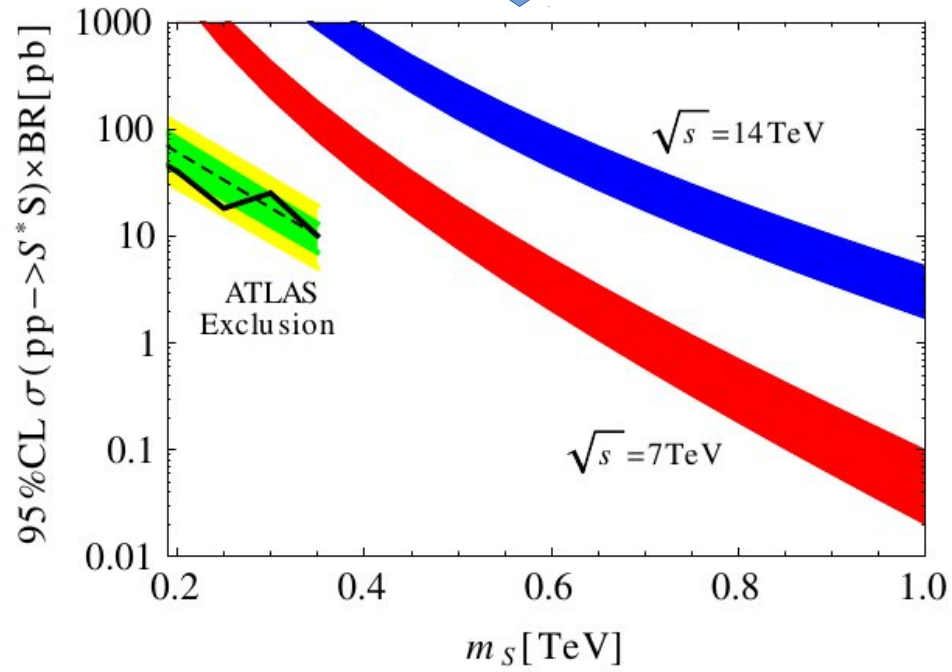
$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}, m^2 \rightarrow 0} + (D_{\mu, ij} S_j)^\dagger (D_{ik}^\mu S_k) + \lambda_{HS} H^\dagger H S^\dagger S - \lambda_{\mathbf{1}_i} [\bar{\mathbf{S}} \times \mathbf{S} \times \bar{\mathbf{S}} \times \mathbf{S}]_{\mathbf{1}_i}$$

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}, m^2 \rightarrow 0} + (D_{\mu, ij} S_j)^\dagger (D_{ik}^\mu S_k) + \lambda_{HS} H^\dagger H S^\dagger S - \lambda_{\mathbf{1}_i} [\bar{\mathbf{S}} \times \mathbf{S} \times \bar{\mathbf{S}} \times \mathbf{S}]_{\mathbf{1}_i}$$



$$\lambda_s \langle S^\dagger S \rangle S^\dagger S \rightarrow \lambda_s \Lambda^2 S^\dagger S$$

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}, m^2 \rightarrow 0} + \boxed{(D_{\mu, ij} S_j)^\dagger (D_{ik}^\mu S_k)} + \lambda_{HS} H^\dagger H S^\dagger S - \lambda_{1_i} \boxed{[\bar{S} \times S \times \bar{S} \times S]_{1_i}}$$



$\rightarrow 350 \text{ GeV} \lesssim m_S \lesssim 3 \text{ TeV}$

Can be detected or ruled out by the LHC!

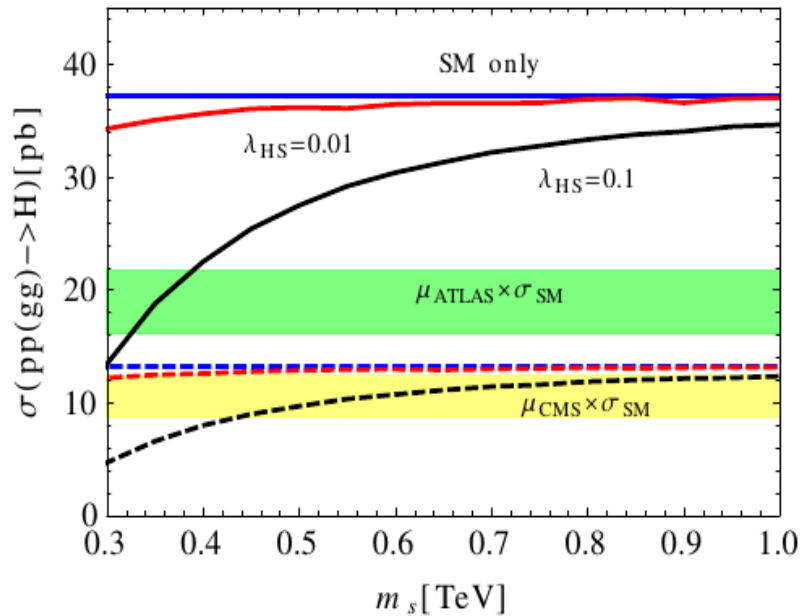
$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}, m^2 \rightarrow 0} + (D_{\mu, ij} S_j)^\dagger (D_{ik}^\mu S_k) + \lambda_{HS} H^\dagger H S^\dagger S - \lambda_{1_i} [\bar{S} \times S \times \bar{S} \times S]_{1_i}$$

Suppression due to minus sign

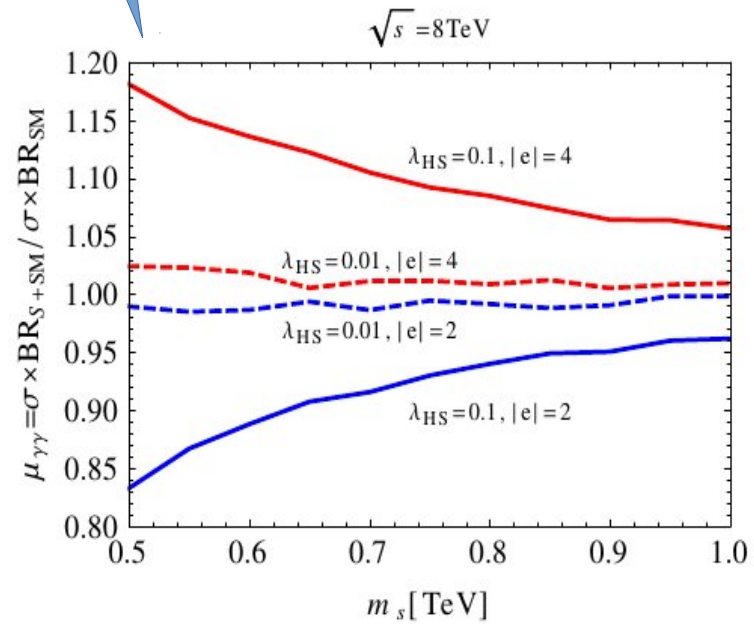
Accidental U(1) symmetry in Lagrangian

$$S \rightarrow e^{i\alpha} S$$

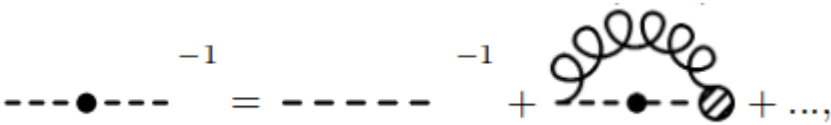
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ enhanced for large electric charge



Higgs production rate in gluon fusion channel is reduced.



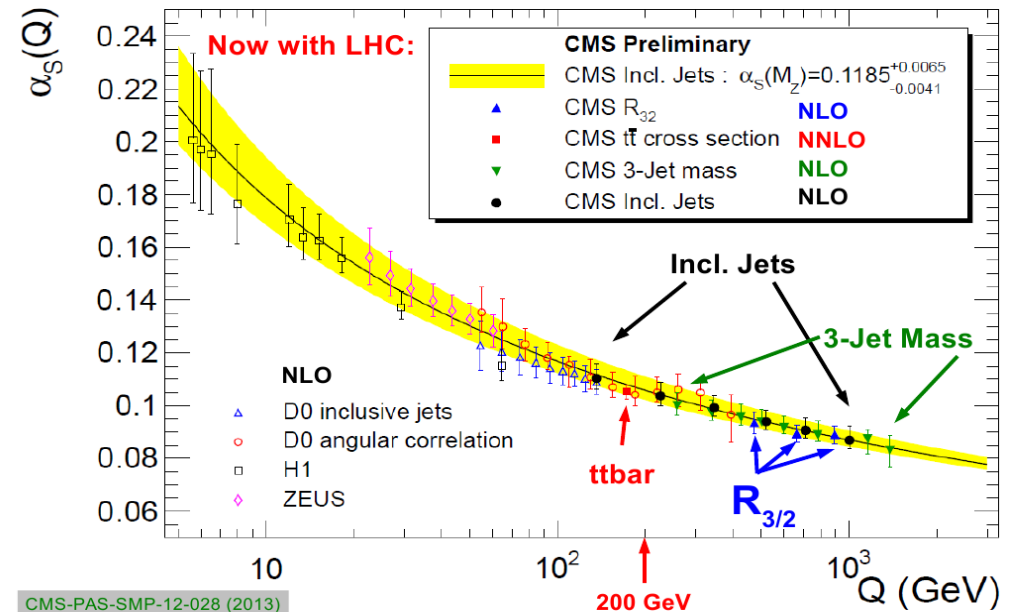
Challenges

●  determining $C_2(S)\alpha_s(\Lambda) \gtrsim 1$

- Gauge and truncation dependencies
- Non-linearizable Dyson-Schwinger Equation

● Pinning down the collider signature

● Measurement of strong coupling at high energy



Generating EW Scale from Strongly Interacting Sector

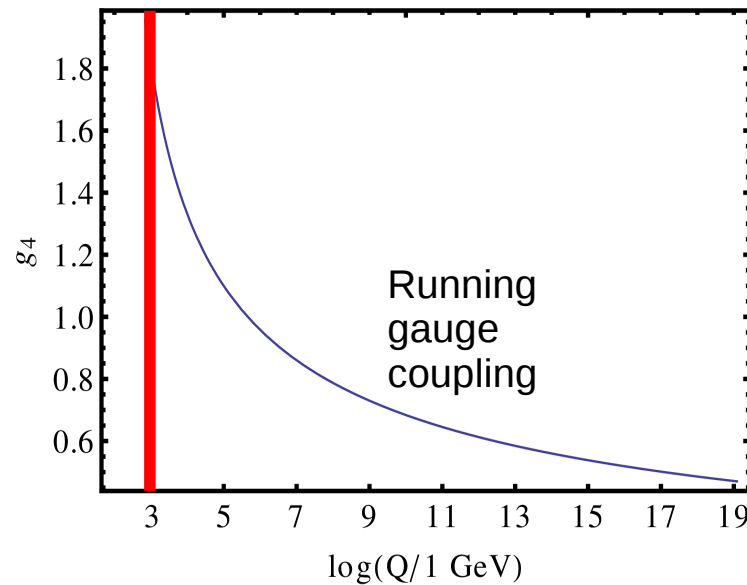
- Strong hierarchy between EW and Planck scale.
- QCD scale can be explained by running couplings and dimensional transmutation.
- Would be nice if EW sector can mimic such mechanism.

Direct Transmission

$$\lambda_{hs} H^\dagger H \langle S^\dagger S \rangle$$



$$\lambda_{hs} \Lambda^2 H^\dagger H$$



$$\leftarrow \lambda_{hs} H^\dagger H S^\dagger S \rightarrow$$

Part 2

Indirect Transmission

$$\langle \bar{\psi} \psi \rangle \sim \Lambda^3$$



$$yS \langle \bar{\psi} \psi \rangle \text{ shift the } S \text{ field, } S \text{ obtains a vev}$$



$$\lambda_{hs} v_s^2 H^\dagger H$$

Indirect Transmission = CSI + Strong hidden sector

$$\langle \bar{\psi}\psi \rangle$$

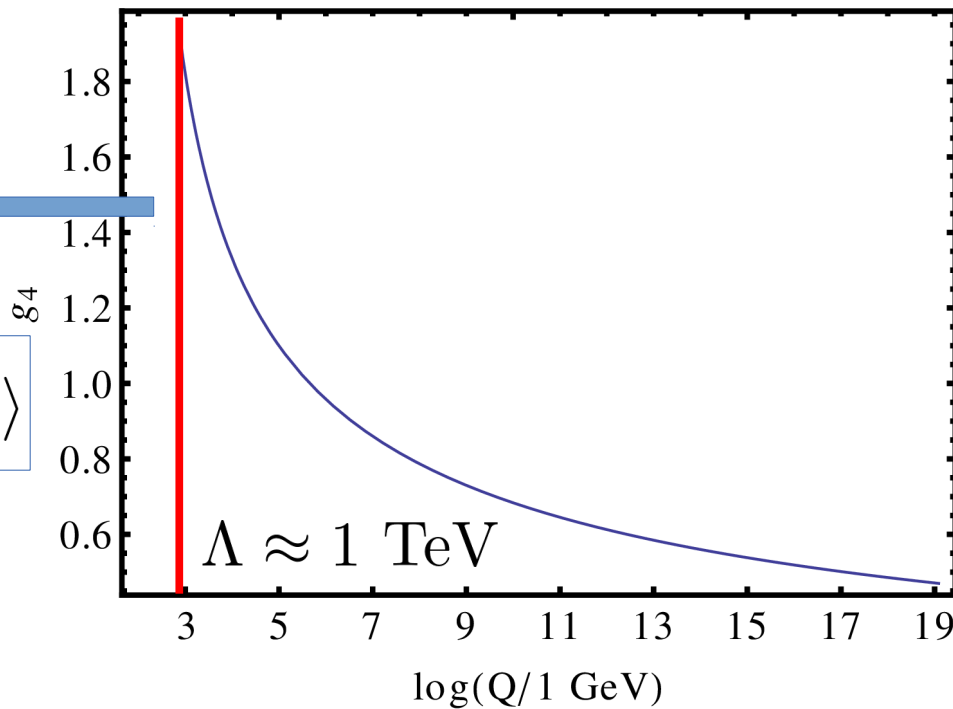
Dynamical chiral symmetry breaking of hidden fermions

Bonus: Dark pions as dark matter candidate

$$\langle \bar{\psi}\gamma_5\psi \rangle$$

The condensation scale is transferred to SM by Higgs portal.

$$\langle \bar{\psi}\psi \rangle \rightarrow \langle S \rangle \rightarrow \langle H \rangle$$



Idea: $v \sim \Lambda_{\text{dark}}$

Strongly coupled hidden sector runs ala QCD

Holthausen, Kubo, KSL, Lindner '13

Hur, Jung, Ko, Lee '11

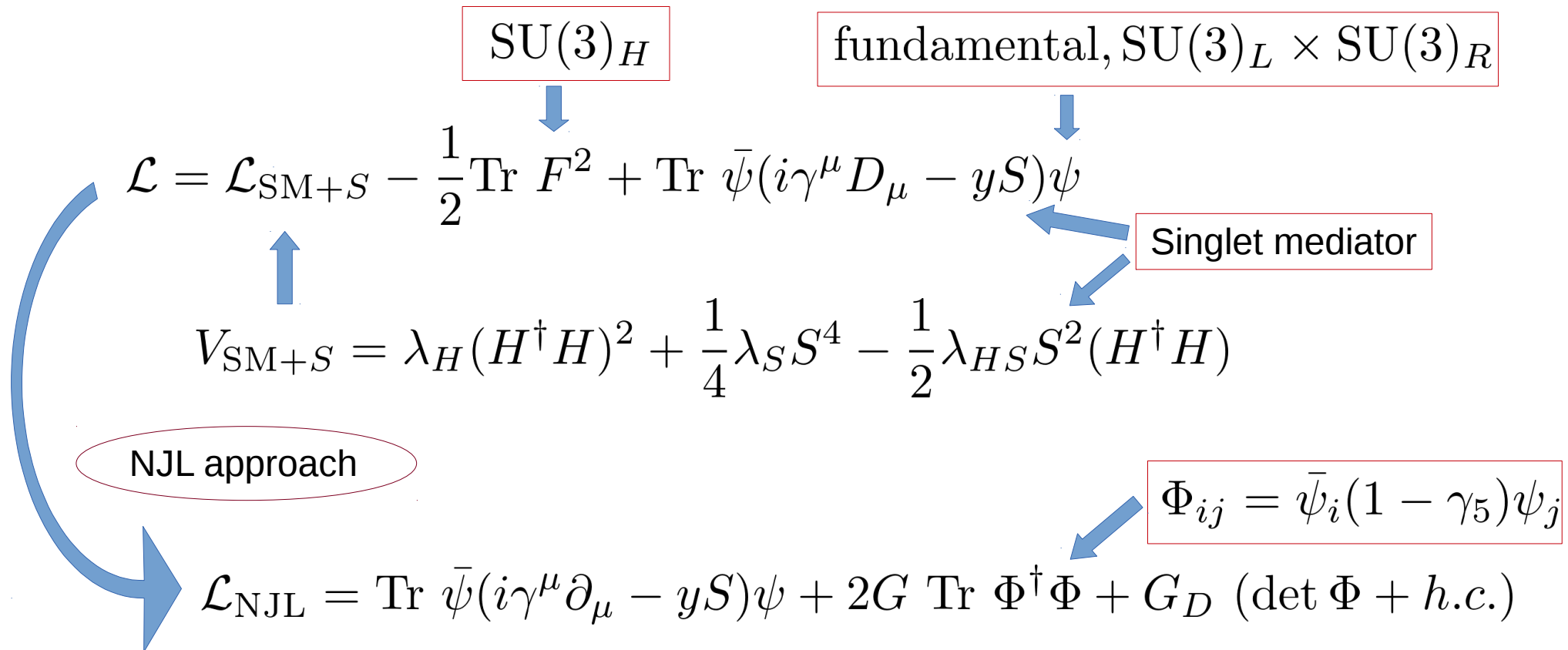
Hur, Ko '11

Heikinheimo, Racioppi, Raidal, Spethmann, Tuominen '13

Concrete Model

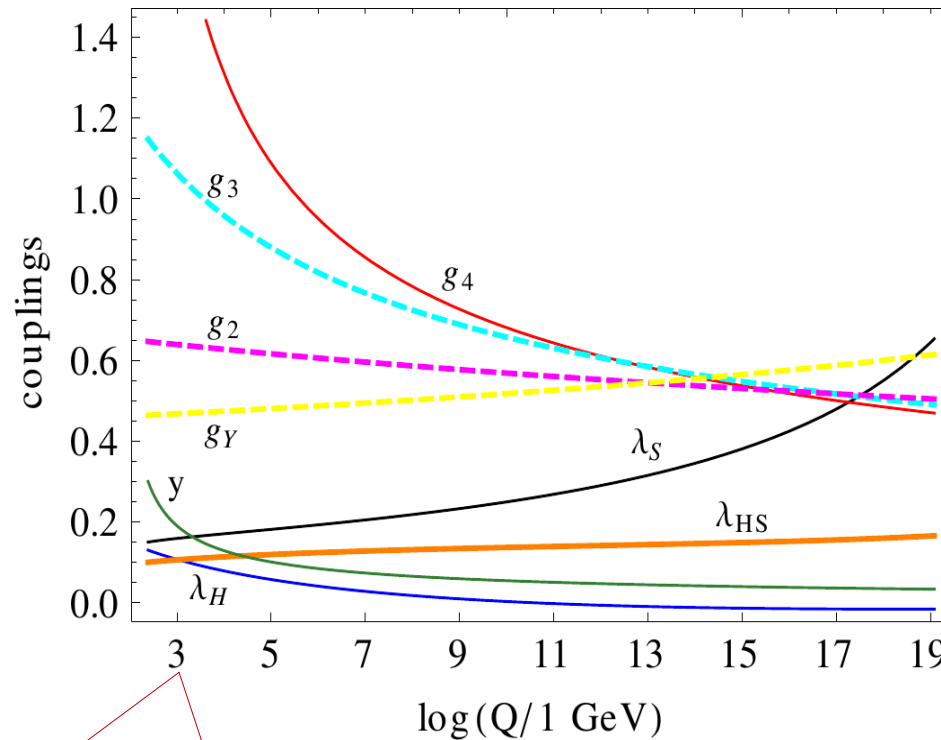
$$\begin{array}{c}
 \boxed{\text{SU}(3)_H} \qquad \qquad \qquad \boxed{\text{fundamental, SU}(3)_L \times \text{SU}(3)_R} \\
 \downarrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \\
 \mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}+S} - \frac{1}{2} \text{Tr} F^2 + \text{Tr} \bar{\psi} (i\gamma^\mu D_\mu - yS) \psi \\
 \uparrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \swarrow \quad \searrow \\
 \boxed{\text{Singlet mediator}} \\
 V_{\text{SM}+S} = \lambda_H (H^\dagger H)^2 + \frac{1}{4} \lambda_S S^4 - \frac{1}{2} \lambda_{HS} S^2 (H^\dagger H)
 \end{array}$$

Concrete Model



- Advantage of having 3 dark color and 3 flavors = Can use QCD data to scale up spectrum
- Nambu-Jona-Lasinio approach allows us to determine a lot of parameters dynamically.
- Less free parameters if we mimic QCD, but in general can be of any gauge group and flavor.

Constraining the Parameter Space



- Possible reason why $\Omega_B \sim \Omega_{DM}$
- Possible reason that QCD scale is lower than EW due to different number of flavor

$$\lambda_H(1 \text{ TeV}) \approx 0.13$$

$$y(1 \text{ TeV}) \in (0, 0.7)$$

$$\lambda_S(1 \text{ TeV}) \in (0, 0.2)$$

$$\lambda_{HS}(1 \text{ TeV}) \in (0, 0.2)$$

- To ensure that the theory survives up to Planck scale
- Mass of DM has to be smaller than hidden fermion's constituent mass

After all the tedious algebras...

$\langle \bar{\psi} \psi \rangle$ CP even scalar,
mixes with h and S

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{NJL}} \supset i \text{Tr} \bar{\psi} \gamma^\mu \partial_\mu \psi - \left(\sigma + yS - \frac{G_D}{8G^2} \sigma^2 \right) \text{Tr} \bar{\psi} \psi - i \text{Tr} \bar{\psi} \gamma_5 \phi \psi - \frac{1}{8G} \left(3\sigma^2 + 2 \sum_{a=1}^8 \phi_a \phi_a \right) \\ + \frac{G_D}{8G^2} \left(-\text{Tr} \bar{\psi} \phi^2 \psi + \sum_{a=1}^8 \phi_a \phi_a \text{Tr} \bar{\psi} \psi + i\sigma \text{Tr} \bar{\psi} \gamma_5 \phi \psi + \frac{\sigma^3}{2G} + \frac{\sigma}{2G} \sum_{a=1}^8 (\phi_a)^2 \right)$$

$\sim \langle \bar{\psi} \gamma_5 \psi \rangle$

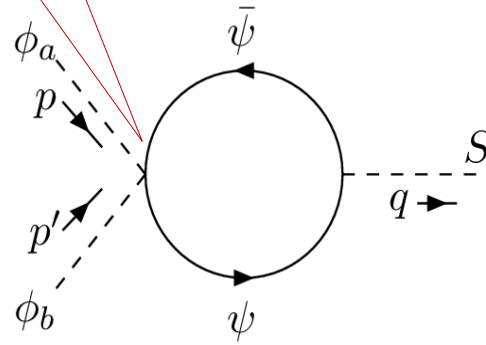
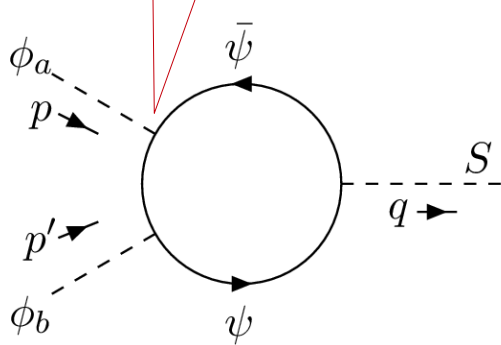
Dark pions

After all the tedious algebras...

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$$+ \frac{G_D}{8G^2} \left(-\text{Tr} \bar{\psi} \phi^2 \psi + \sum_{a=1}^8 \phi_a \phi_a \text{Tr} \bar{\psi} \psi + i\sigma \text{Tr} \bar{\psi} \gamma_5 \phi \psi + \frac{\sigma^3}{2G} + \frac{\sigma}{2G} \sum_{a=1}^8 (\phi_a)^2 \right)$$



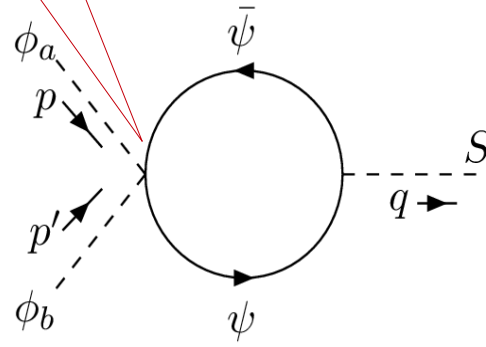
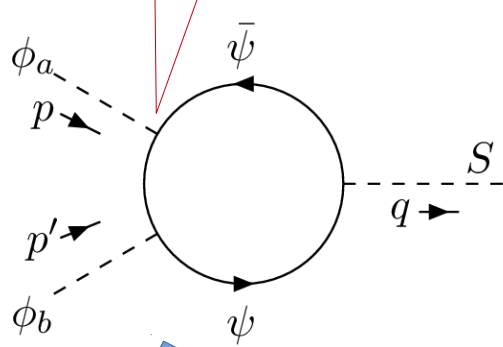
$\sim \langle \bar{\psi} \gamma_5 \psi \rangle$

Dark pions

After all the tedious algebras...

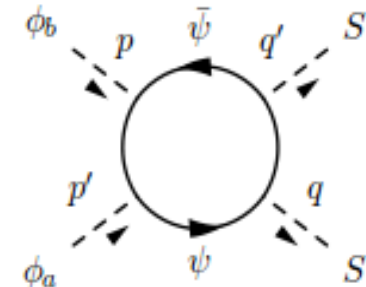
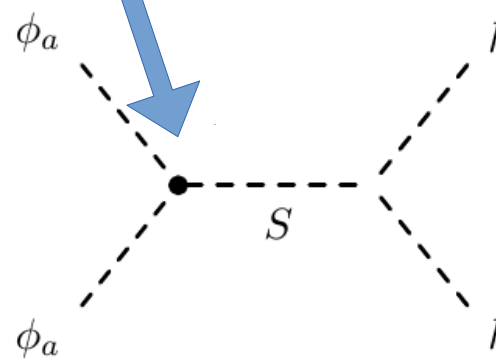
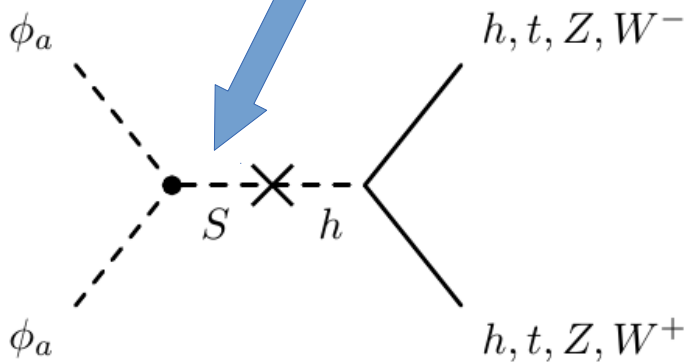
$\langle \bar{\psi}\psi \rangle$ CP even scalar,
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$\sim \langle \bar{\psi} \gamma_5 \psi \rangle$

Dark pions



Effective Potential

$$V_{\text{eff}} = V_{\text{SM}+S} + V_{\text{NJL}}$$



From here we can calculate mass spectrum of h , S and σ

$$V_{\text{NJL}}(\sigma, S) = \frac{3}{8G}\sigma^2 - \frac{G_D}{16G^3}\sigma^3 - 3n_c I_0(M, 0)$$

Constituent mass for hidden fermions $M = \sigma + yS - \frac{G_D}{8G^2}\sigma^2$

Step 1

G, G_D, Λ
from QCD
is used to
calibrate
the potential



Step 2

Obtain the
minimum
for the
effective
potential



Step 3

Fix the vev
of h and
scale up
the rest of
parameters



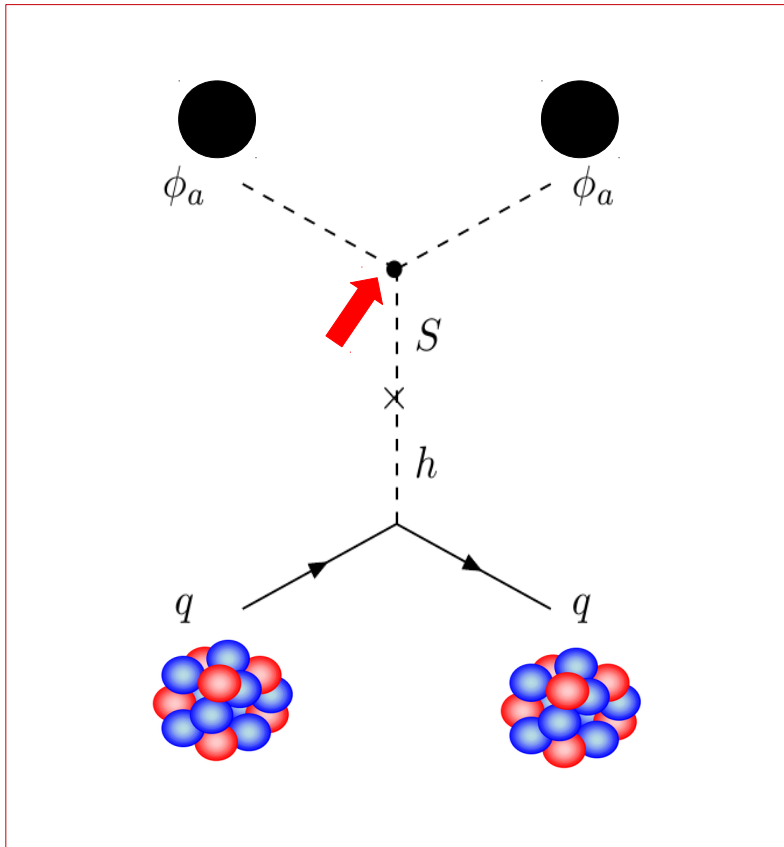
Step 4

Calculate the
masses of scalar
by first obtaining
the inverse
propagator Γ_{ij}

$$\Gamma_{ij}(\tilde{m}_k^2) \xi_j^{(k)} = 0$$

ξ rotates flavor
eigenstate to mass
eigenstate

Direct Detection Prospect

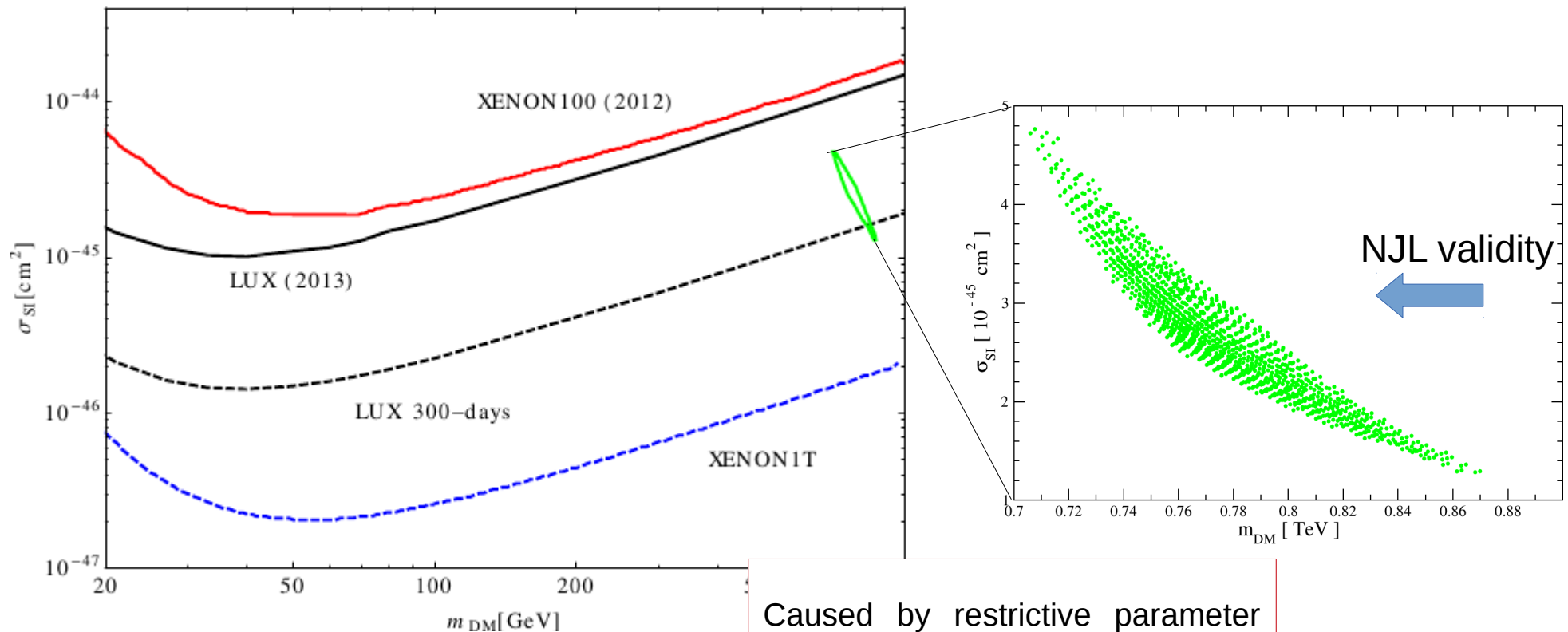


We may allow the imaginary parts in one-loop diagram, like in hadron physics.

$$\text{Require } M_\psi < m_{\text{DM}} < 2M_\psi$$

- Otherwise NJL is invalid
- Compare with strange quark constituent mass and Kaon mass

Direct Detection Prospect



Caused by restrictive parameter space and the need to satisfy the Higgs mass, mixing bound, relic density, perturbativity up to Planck scale, etc

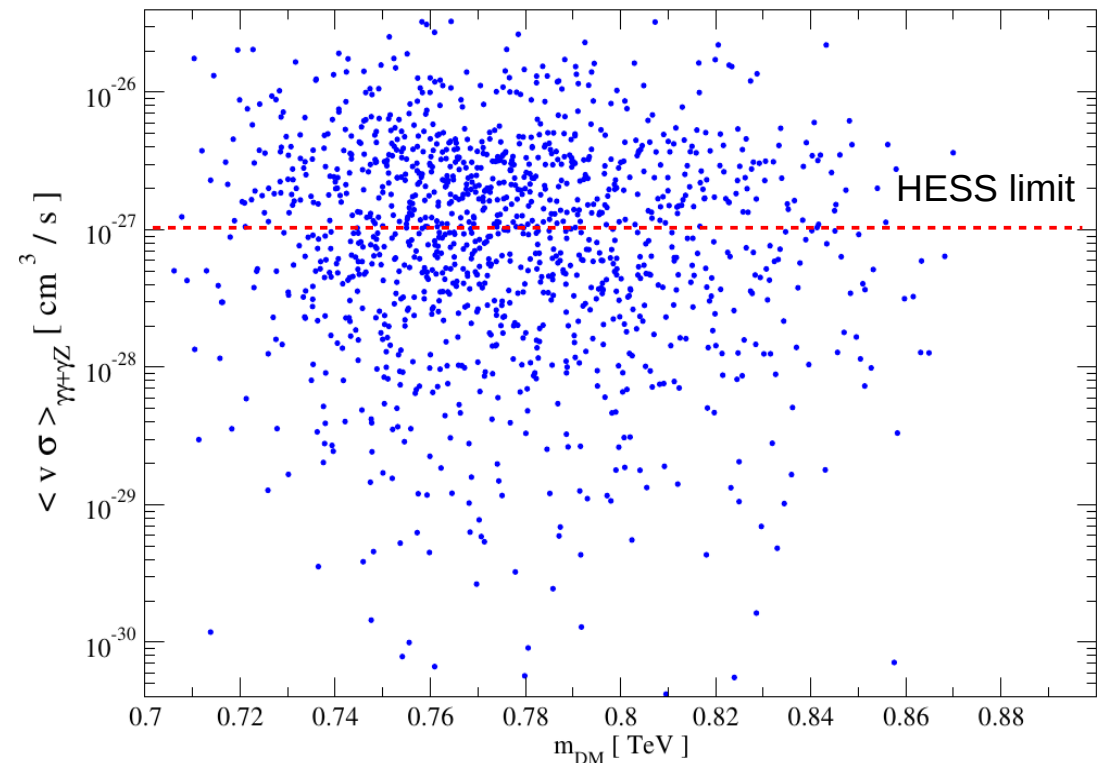
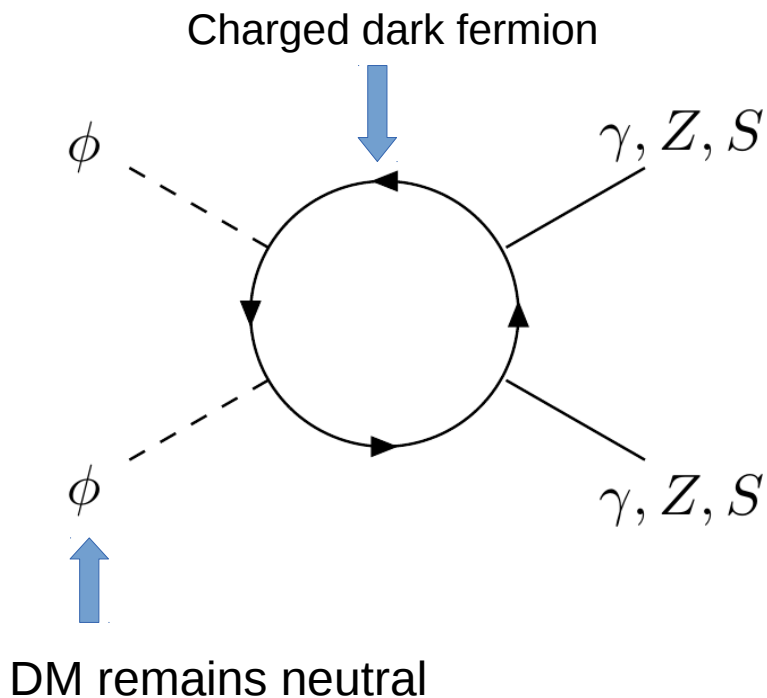
Limited Parameter Space can be probed by XENON1T!

CSI and Accidental U(1)

Still has U(1) symmetry in $\bar{\psi}\psi$

We can exploit this free lunch by identifying it with electromagnetism

e.g. $Q = 1/3$



Highly non-trivial to use NJL approach while maintaining gauge invariance. Needs “least subtraction method” (More fun stuffs in our paper).

What about gravity?

$$\mathcal{L} \sim aR^2 + bR^{\mu\nu}R_{\mu\nu} + \xi S^2 R \quad \text{Conformal gravity}$$

$$\xi \langle S \rangle^2 R = M_{pl}^2 R$$

But this should better be order TeV, otherwise fine-tuning

$$R^2 + R^{\mu\nu}R_{\mu\nu} \rightarrow 1/p^4 \text{ propagator}$$

$$\rightarrow \lim_{m^2 \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{m^2} \left(\frac{1}{p^2} - \frac{1}{p^2 + m^2} \right)$$

contains nasty ghost!



Summary

- With no sign of new physics from LHC, long-held belief on naturalness should be scrutinized.
- Classical scale invariance might act as protective symmetry as alternative solution to hierarchy problem, and generates EW scale radiatively.
- We propose 2 models that generate EW scale dynamically.
 - A strongly coupled hidden sector model based on NJL where the spontaneous chiral symmetry breaking induces EWSB via singlet mediator.
 - The strongly coupled hidden sector is a scaled up QCD \rightarrow Less free parameter.
 - The model provides natural DM candidates, i.e. the dark pions, which are stable under flavor symmetry.
 - A QCD extension with scalar of larger irreducible representation that condenses at TeV scale, generating EW scale via dimensional transmutation.
 - The mass of the extra scalar is very restrictive, and can be confirmed or ruled out by LHC.
 - Higgs production rate in gluon fusion is suppressed. Accidental U(1) symmetry may enhance $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$

A new way of model building?

Thank you :-)