

Signatures of Earth-Scattering in the Direct Detection of Dark Matter

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LPTHE - Paris VI

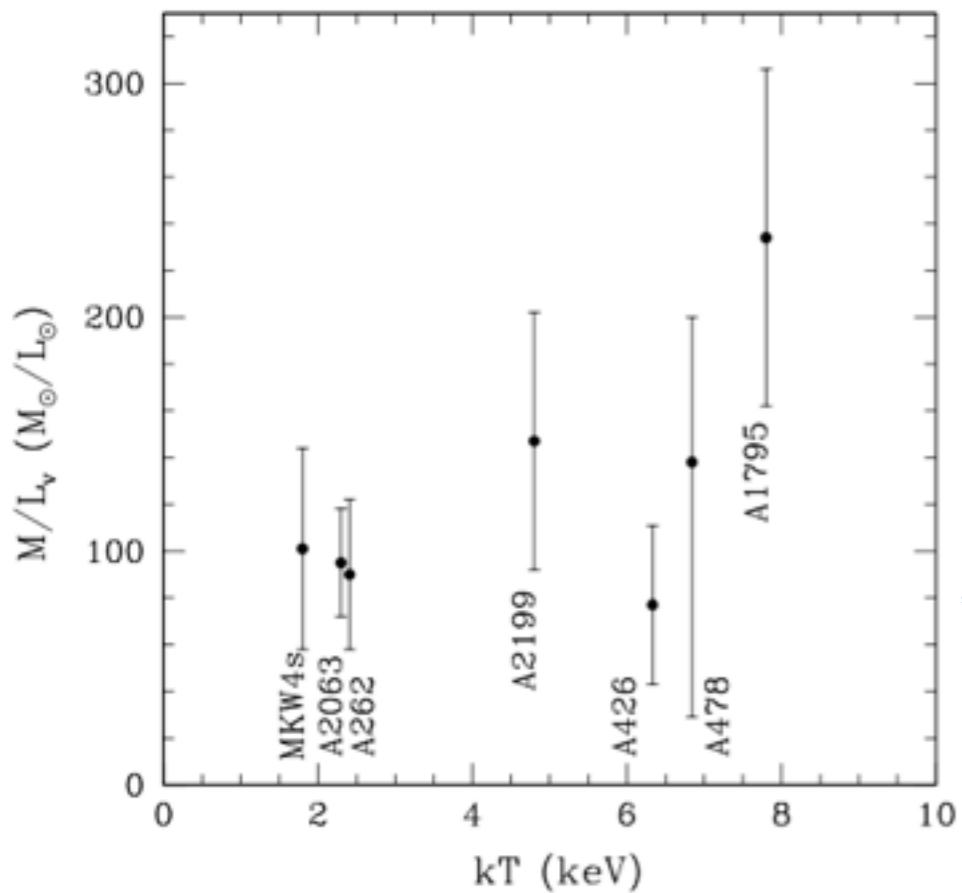
Based on [arXiv:1611.05453](https://arxiv.org/abs/1611.05453)
with Riccardo Catena and Chris Kouvaris

MPIK, Heidelberg - 9th January 2017

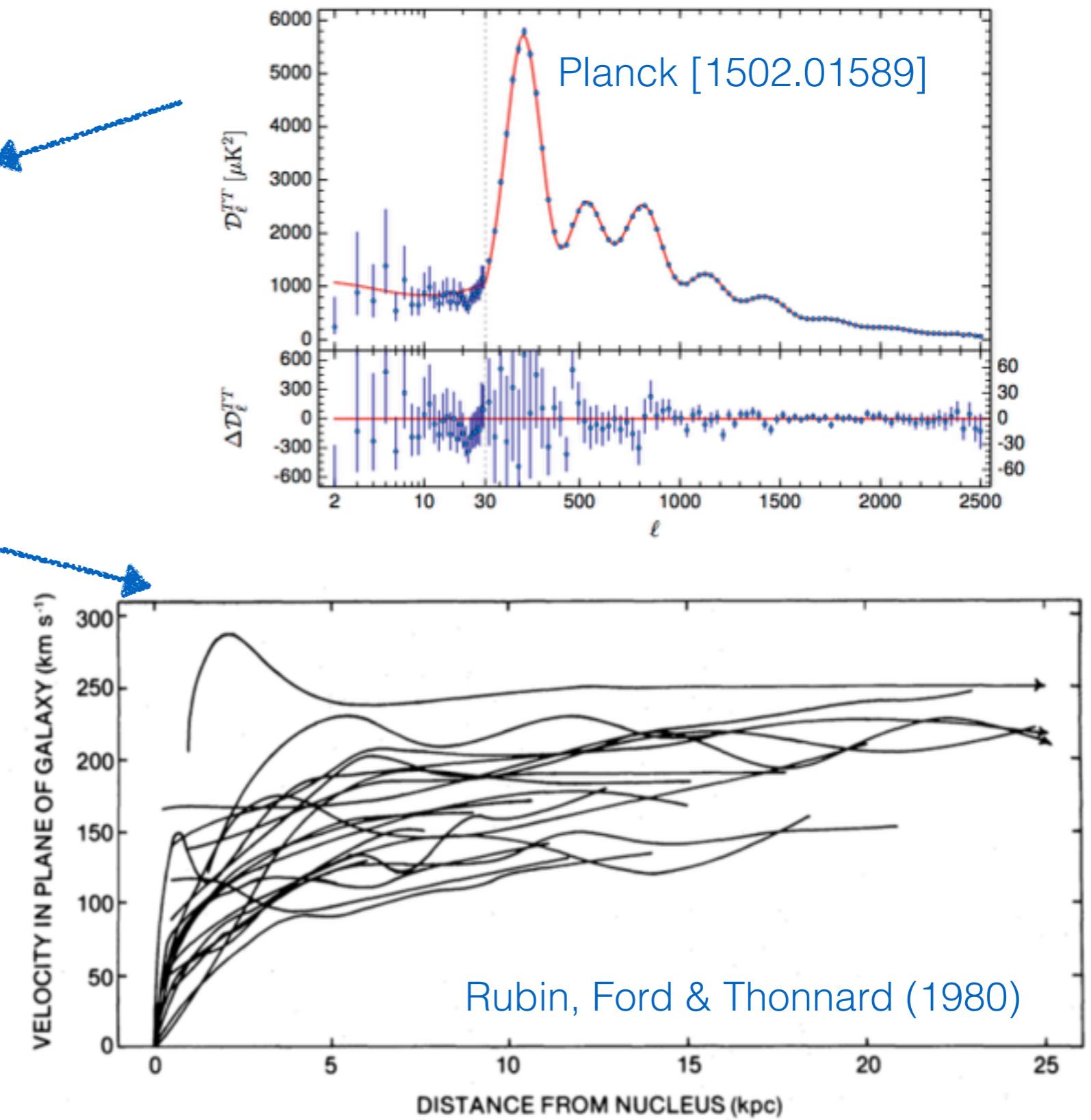


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 [@BradleyKavanagh](https://twitter.com/BradleyKavanagh)

Dark Matter



Hradecky et al. [astro-ph/0006397]



Rubin, Ford & Thonnard (1980)

Dark Matter at the Sun's Radius

Global

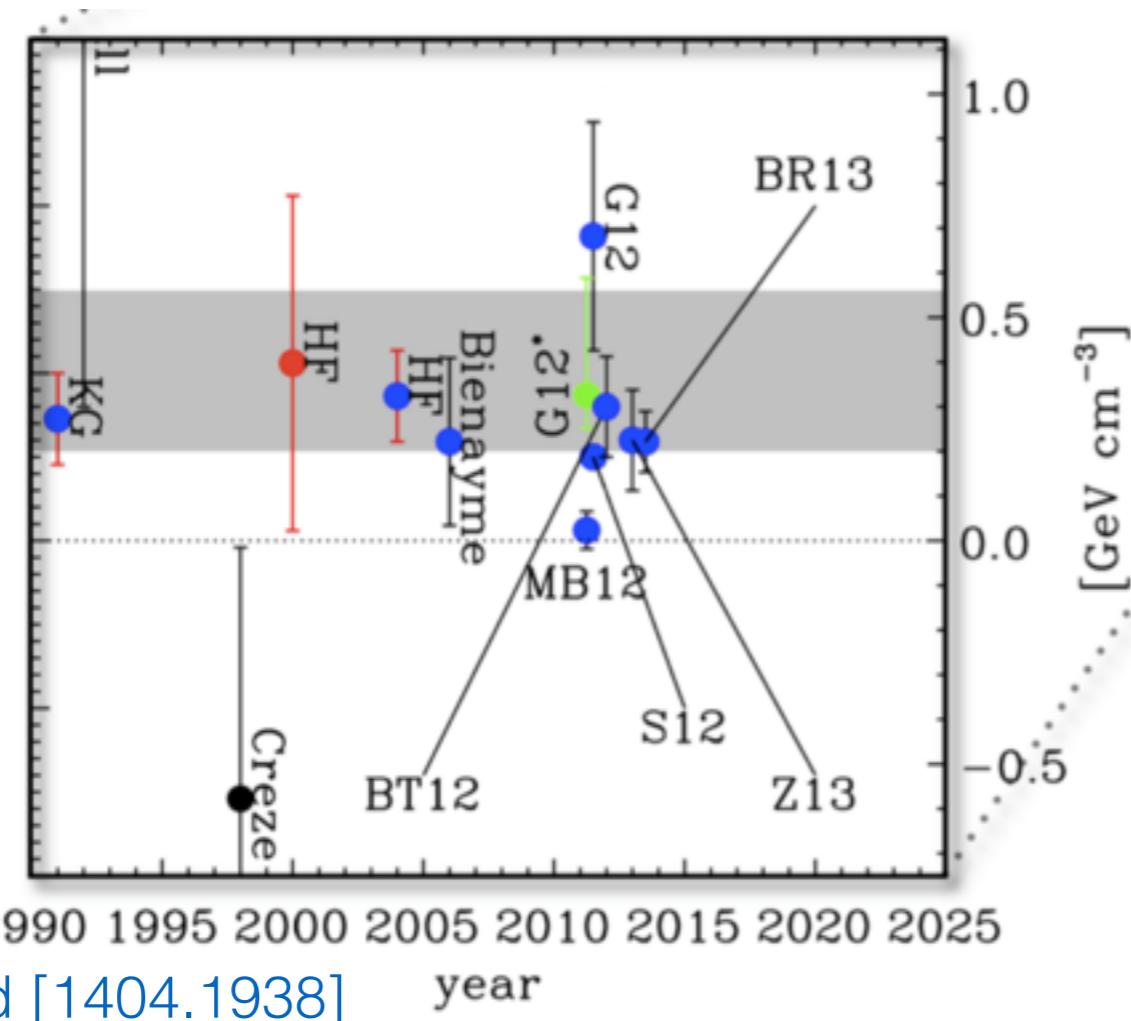
Model total mass distribution in Milky Way and extract DM density at Solar Radius (~ 8 kpc)

E.g. locco et al. [1502.03821]

Local

Estimate local DM density from kinematics of local stars (assuming local disk equilibrium)

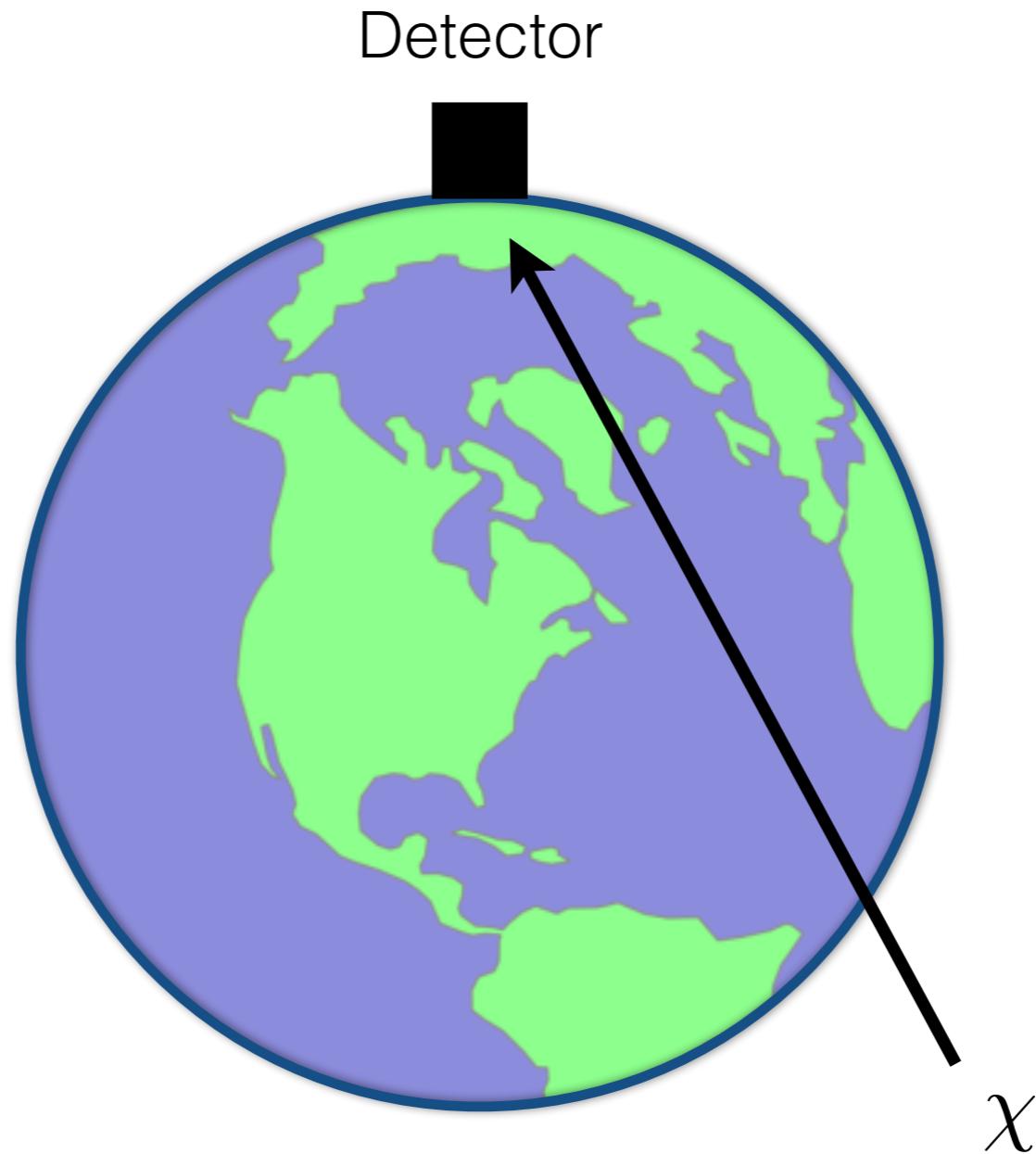
E.g. Garbari et al. [1206.0015]



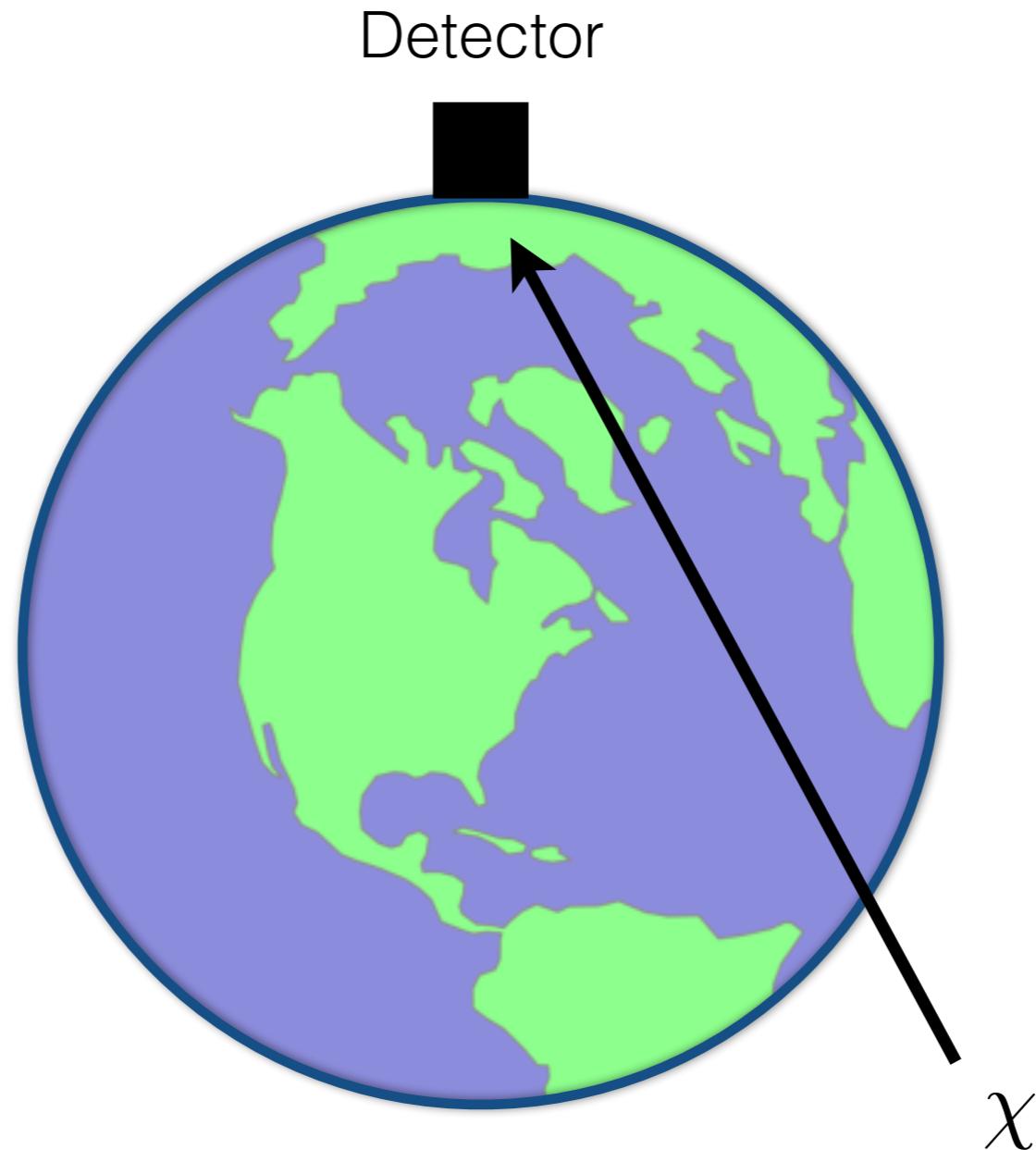
Values in the range:
 $\rho_\chi \sim 0.2\text{--}0.8 \text{ GeV cm}^{-3}$

But **not** zero!
c.f. Garbari et al. [1204.3924]

Direct Detection of DM on Earth



Direct Detection of DM on Earth



Unscattered (free) DM: $f_0(\mathbf{v})$

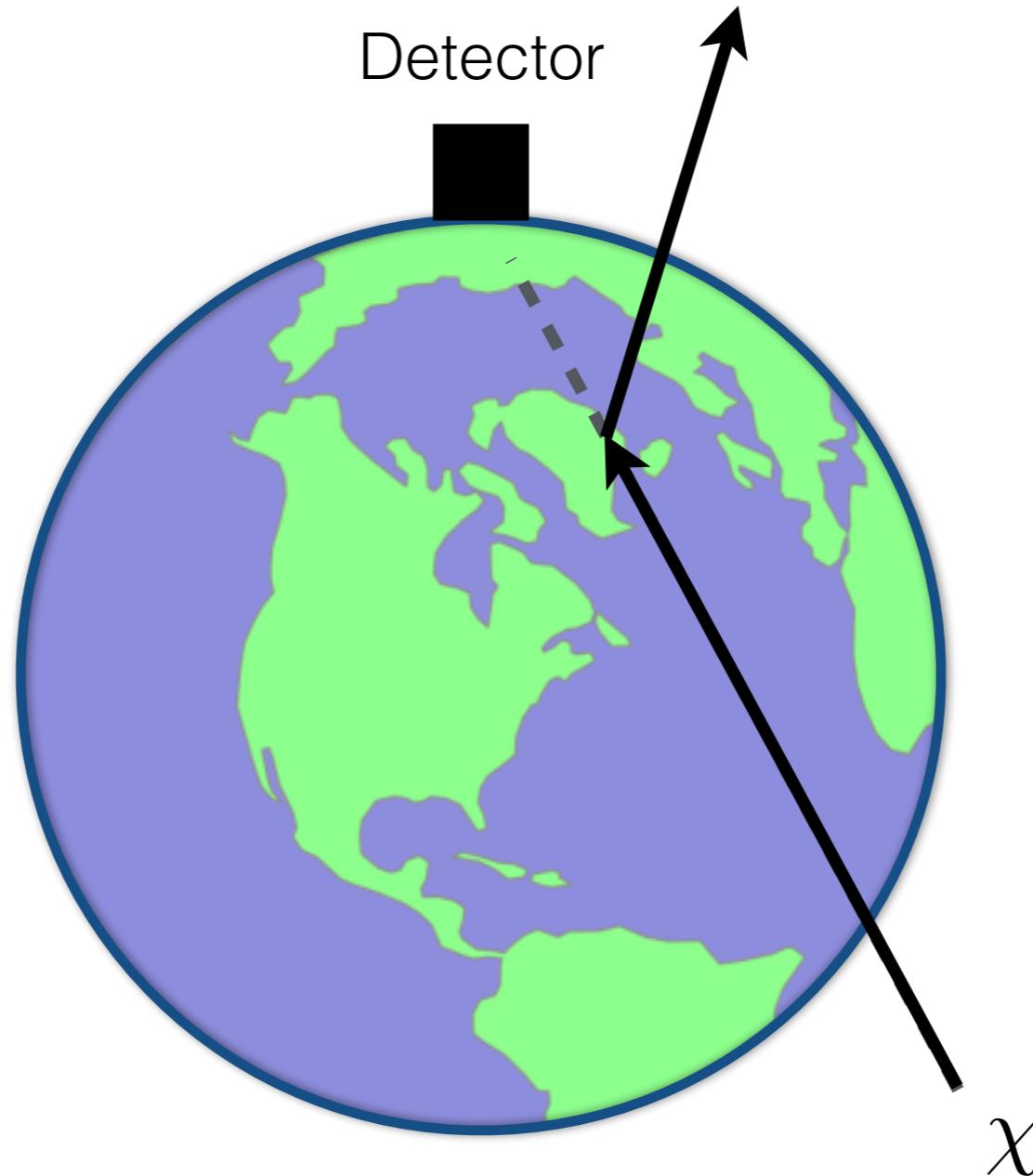
Earth-Scattering - Attenuation

Previous calculations
usually only consider
DM attenuation

Zaharijas & Farrar
[astro-ph/0406531]

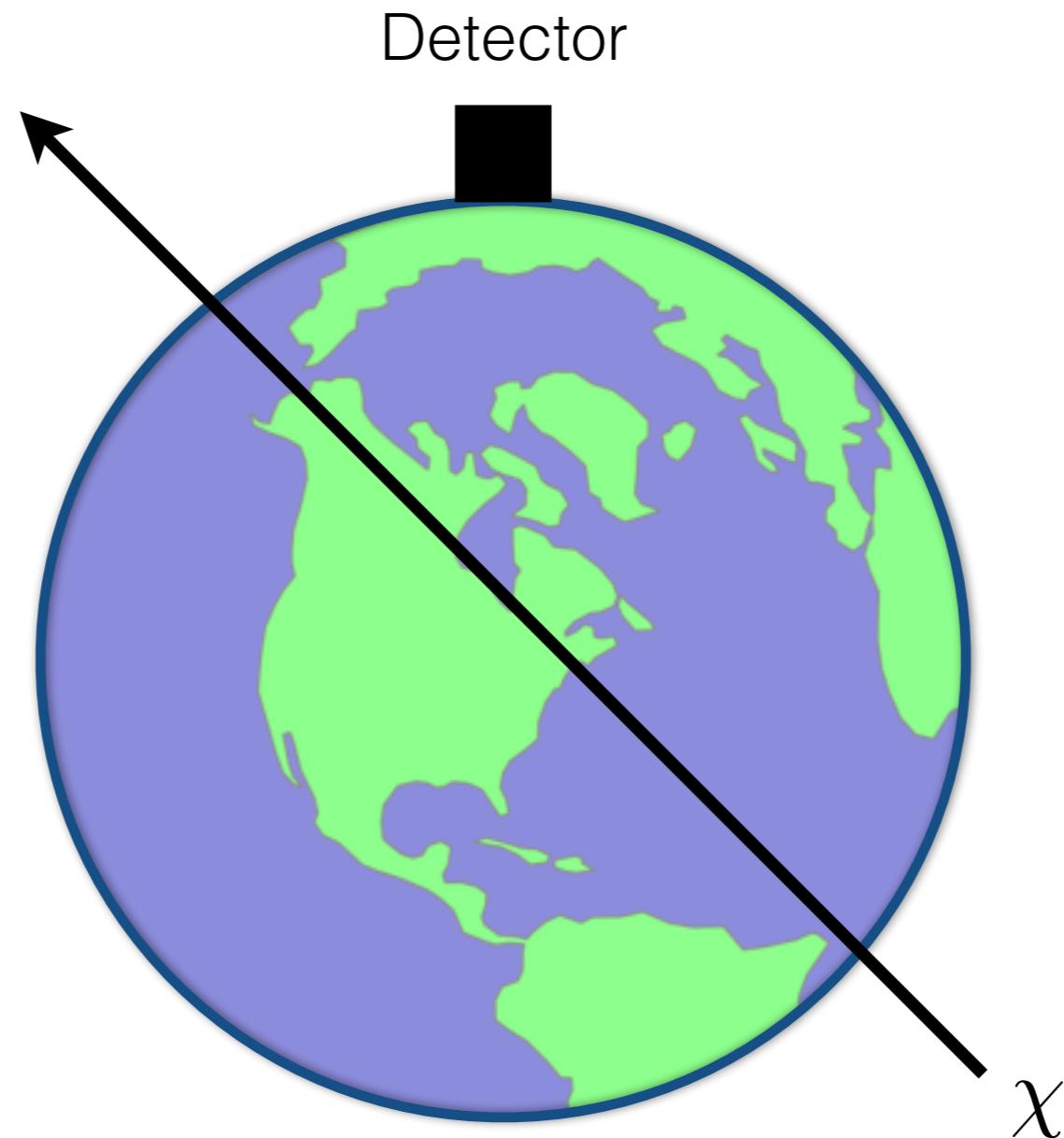
Kouvaris & Shoemaker
[1405.1729, 1509.08720]

DAMA
[1505.05336]



$$\text{Attenuation of DM flux: } f(\mathbf{v}) \rightarrow f_0(\mathbf{v}) - f_A(\mathbf{v})$$

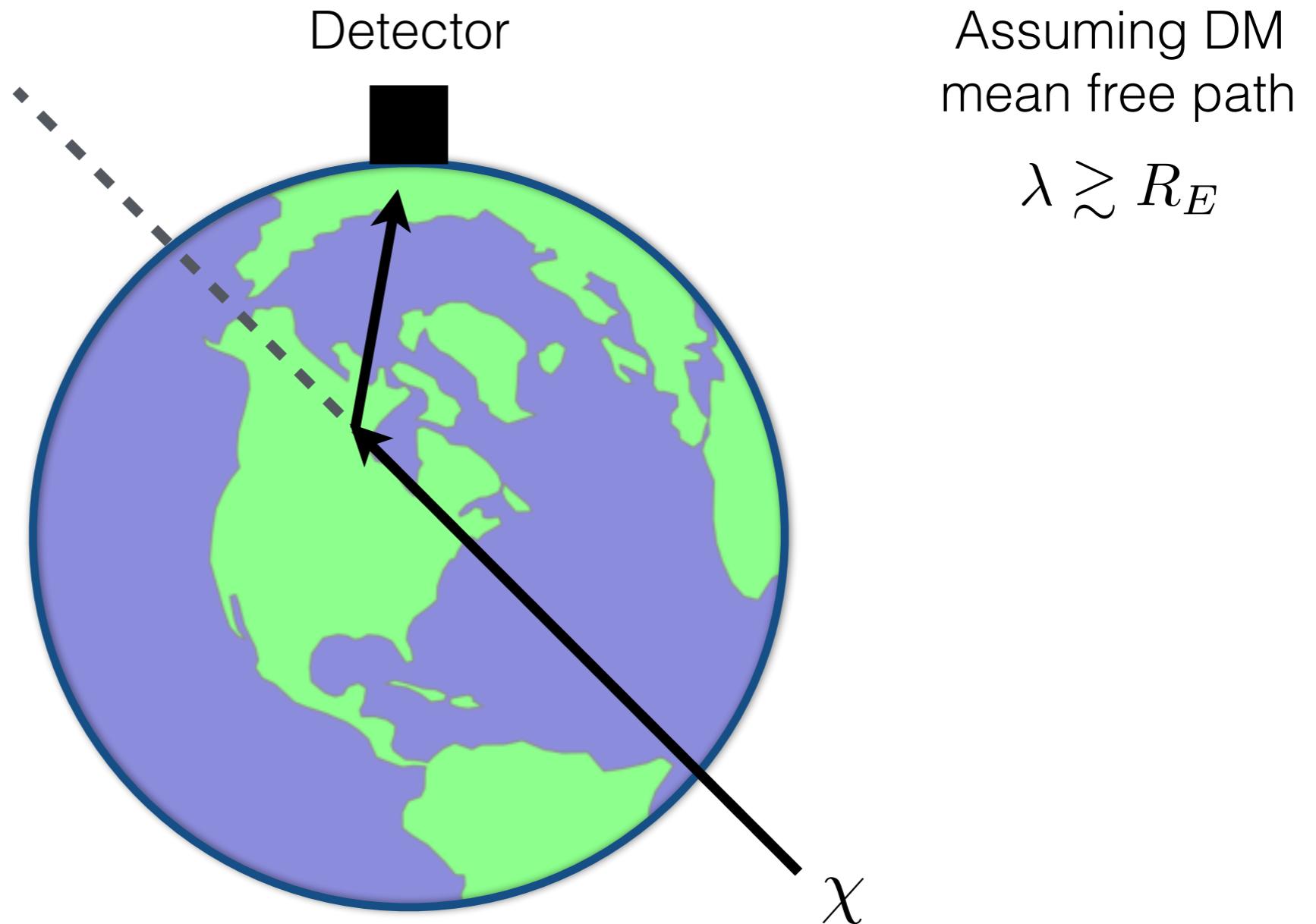
Earth-Scattering - Deflection



Earth-Scattering - Deflection

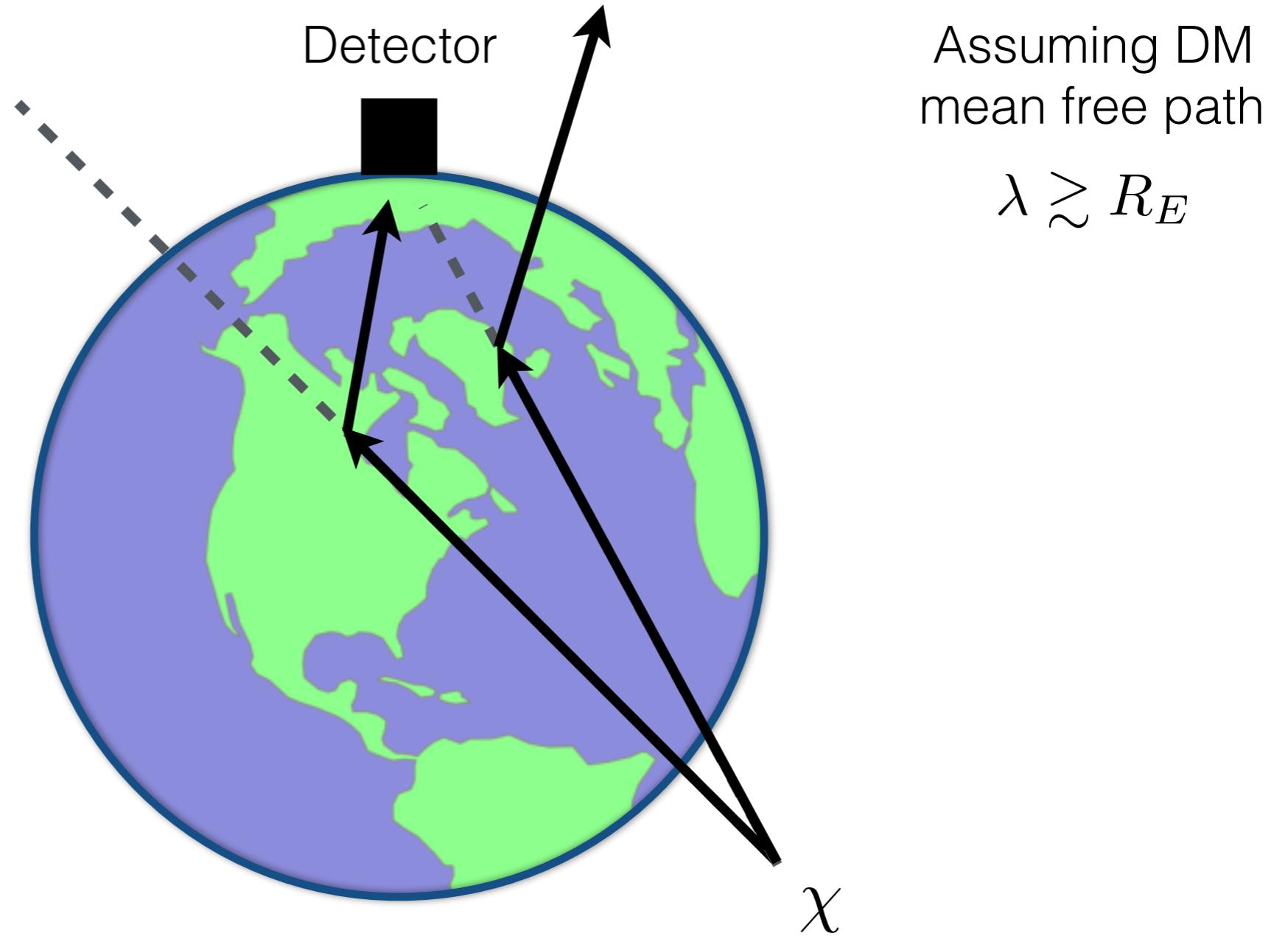
Considered in early
Monte Carlo
simulations

Collar & Avignone
[PLB 275, 1992
and others]



We'll use the 'single scatter' approximation...

Earth-Scattering



Total DM velocity distribution: $\tilde{f}(\mathbf{v}) = f_0(\mathbf{v}) - f_A(\mathbf{v}) + f_D(\mathbf{v})$



altered flux, daily modulation, directionality...

Outline

Direct Detection (a more detailed look)

Calculating the Earth-Scattering effect

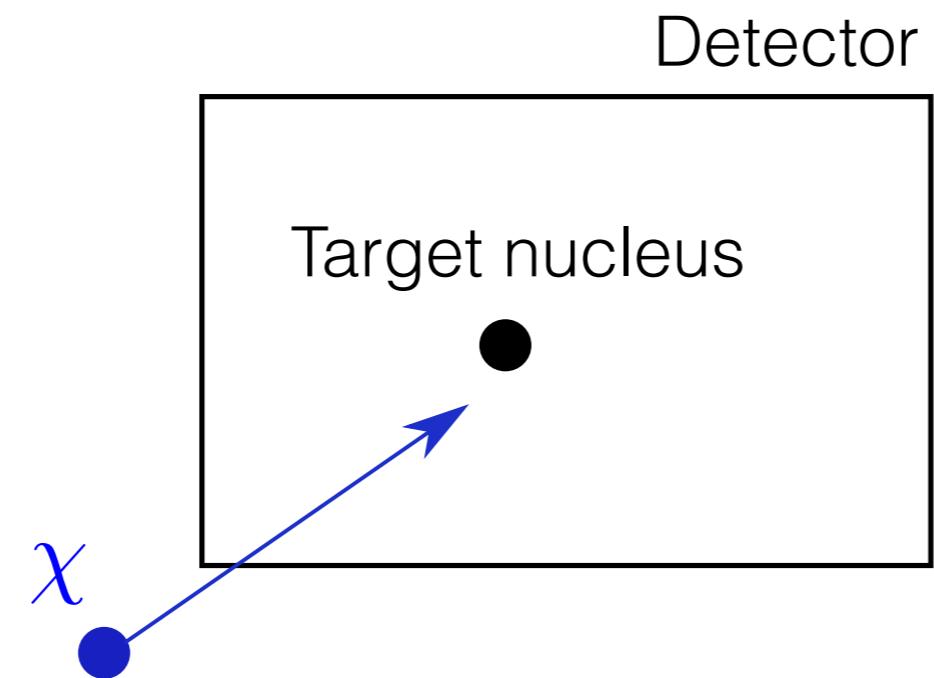
Non-relativistic Effective Field Theory of DM

Impact on the DM velocity distribution and modulation signatures

Future work

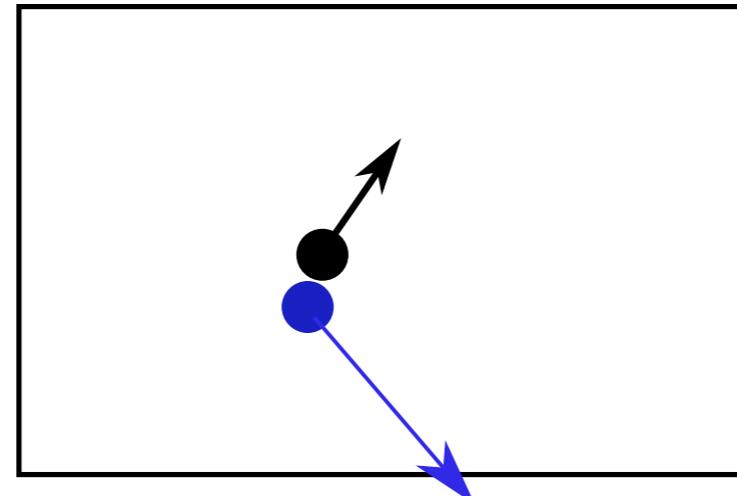
Direct detection

$$m_\chi \gtrsim 1 \text{ GeV}$$
$$v \sim 10^{-3}$$



Direct detection

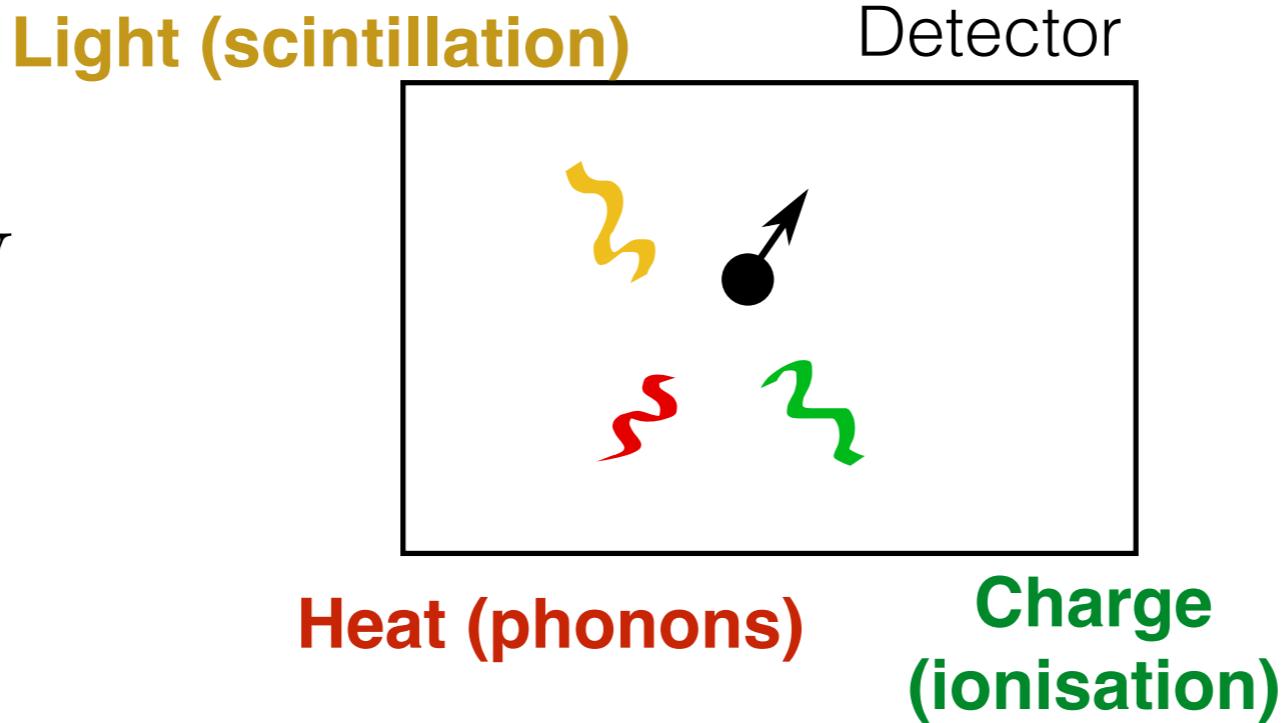
Detector



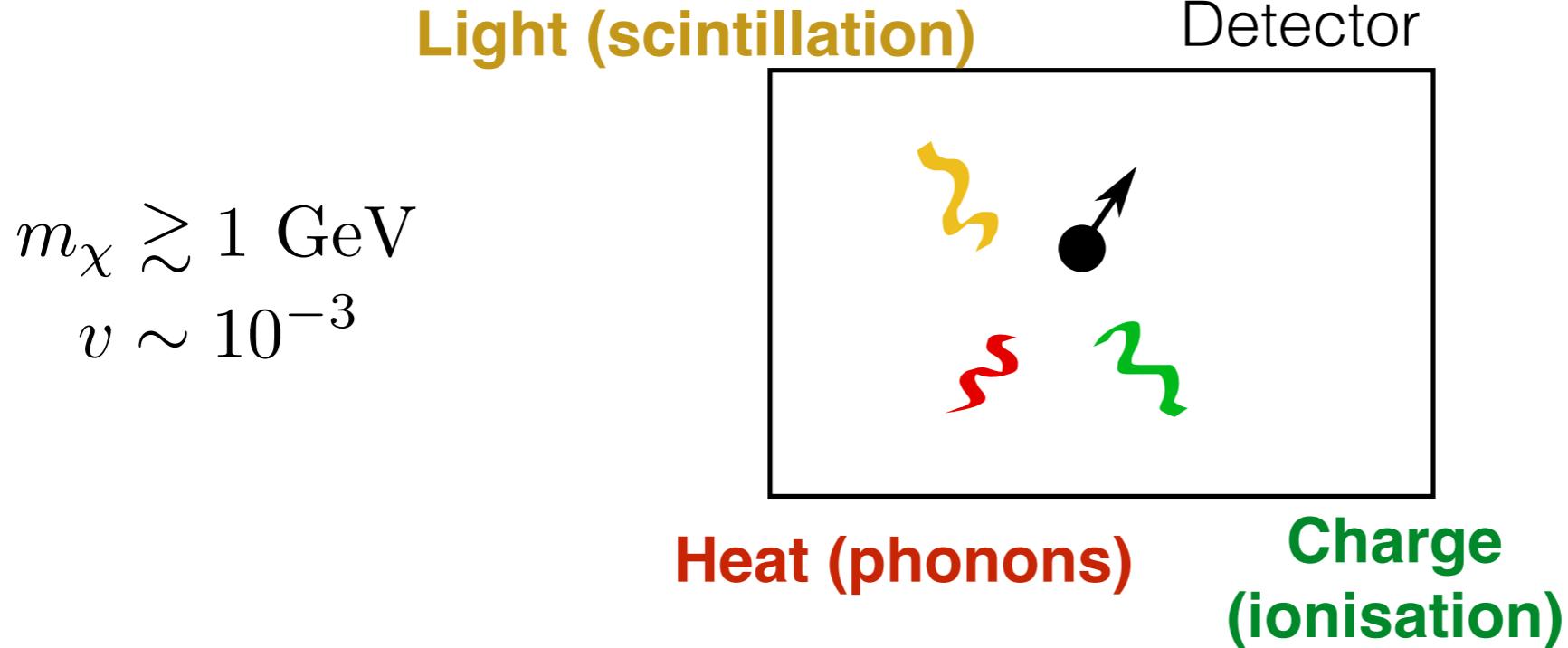
$$m_\chi \gtrsim 1 \text{ GeV}$$
$$v \sim 10^{-3}$$

Direct detection

$m_\chi \gtrsim 1$ GeV
 $v \sim 10^{-3}$



Direct detection



$$\frac{dR}{dE_R} = \frac{\rho_\chi}{m_\chi m_A} \int_{v_{\min}}^{\infty} v f(\mathbf{v}) \frac{d\sigma}{dE_R} d^3\mathbf{v}$$

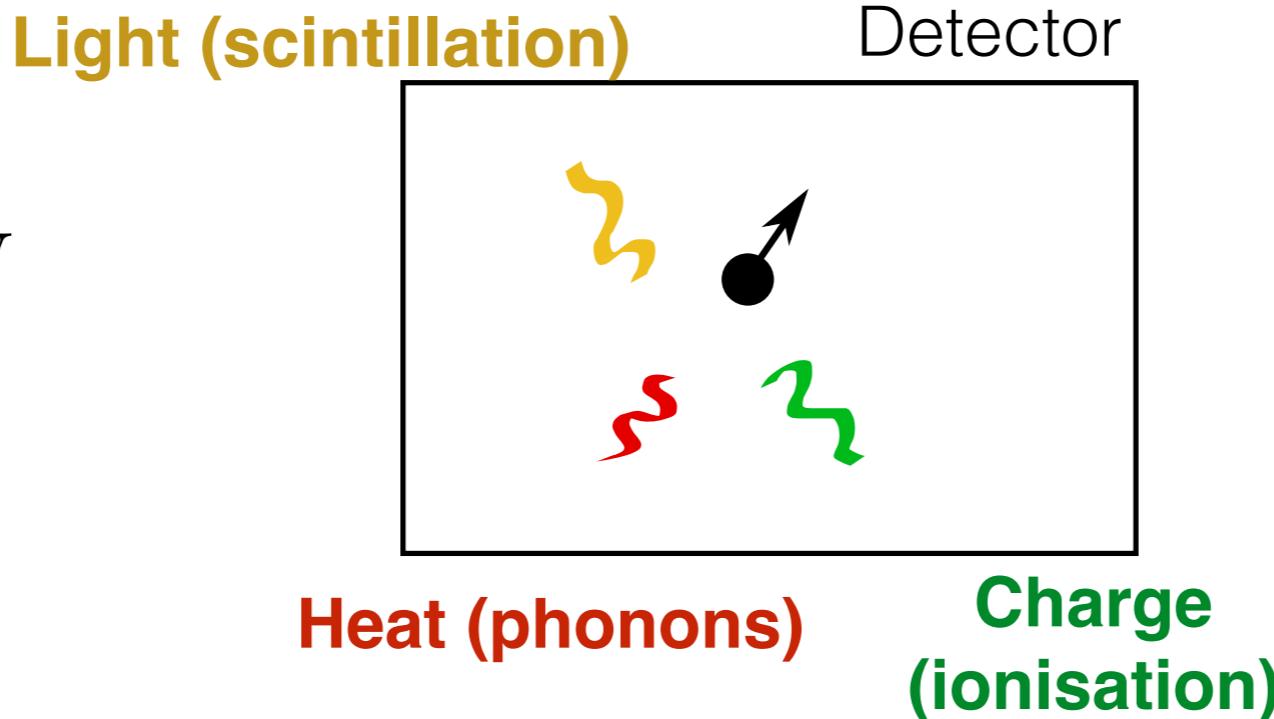
Include all particles with enough speed to excite recoil of energy E_R :

$$v_{\min} = \sqrt{\frac{m_N E_R}{2\mu_{\chi N}^2}}$$

Direct detection

$$m_\chi \gtrsim 1 \text{ GeV}$$

$$v \sim 10^{-3}$$



$$\frac{dR}{dE_R} = \frac{\rho_\chi}{m_\chi m_A} \int_{v_{\min}}^{\infty} v f(\mathbf{v}) \frac{d\sigma}{dE_R} d^3\mathbf{v}$$

Particle and nuclear physics

Astrophysics

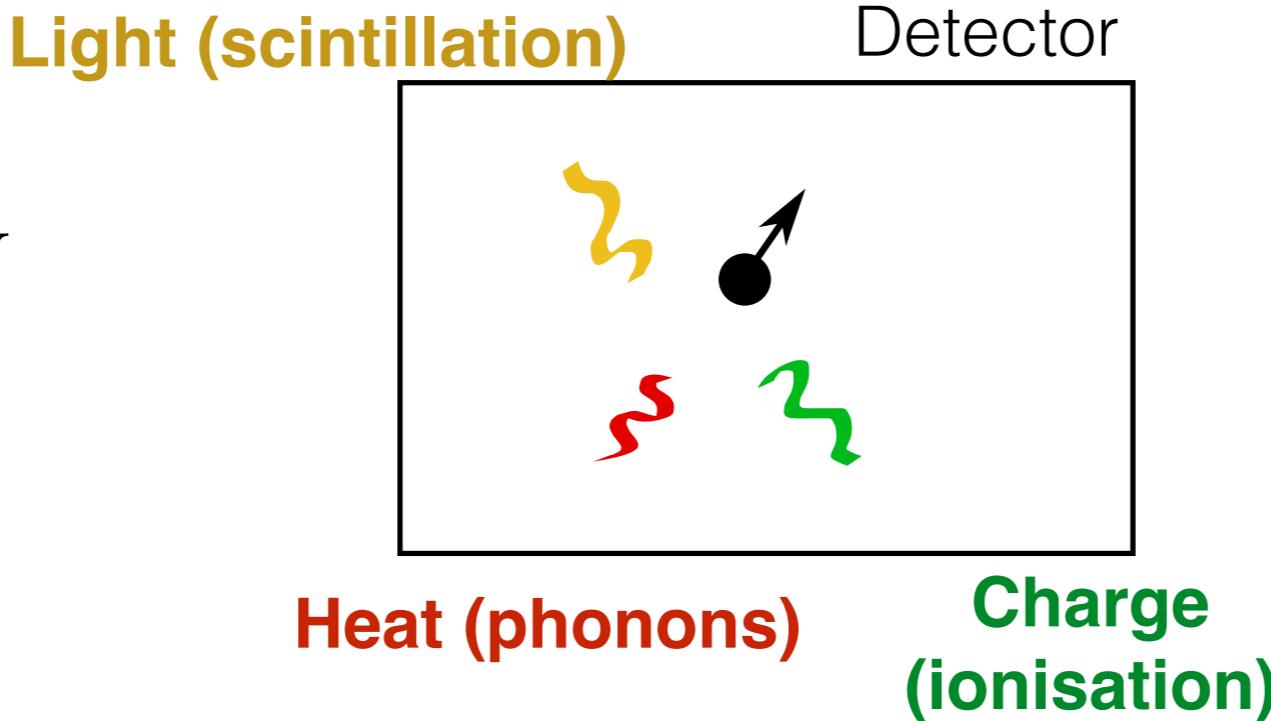
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Direct detection

$$m_\chi \gtrsim 1 \text{ GeV}$$

$$v \sim 10^{-3}$$



$$\frac{dR}{dE_R} = \frac{\rho_\chi}{m_\chi m_A} \int_{v_{\min}}^{\infty} v f(v) \frac{d\sigma}{dE_R} d^3v$$

Astro-physics

Particle and nuclear physics

Diagram illustrating the differential rate of signal generation. The equation shows the rate dR/dE_R as a function of recoil energy E_R . The terms include the dark matter density ρ_χ , the mass of the dark matter particle m_χ , the mass of the target nucleus m_A , the velocity distribution $v f(v)$, the differential cross-section $d\sigma/dE_R$, and the volume element d^3v .

Include all particles with enough speed to excite recoil of energy E_R :

$$v_{\min} = \sqrt{\frac{m_N E_R}{2 \mu_{\chi N}^2}}$$

But plenty of alternative ideas:
 DM-electron recoils [1108.5383]
 Superconducting detectors [1504.07237]
 Axion DM searches [1404.1455]

Particle Physics of DM (the simple picture)

Typically assume contact interactions (heavy mediators).
In the non-relativistic limit, obtain two main contributions.
Write in terms of DM-proton cross section σ^p :

$$\frac{d\sigma^A}{dE_R} \propto \frac{\sigma^p}{\mu_{\chi p}^2 v^2} \mathcal{C}_A F^2(E_R)$$

Form factor accounts for
loss of coherence at high
energy

Enhancement factor different for:

spin-independent (SI) interactions - $\mathcal{C}_A^{\text{SI}} \sim A^2$

spin-dependent (SD) interactions - $\mathcal{C}_A^{\text{SD}} \sim (J+1)/J$

Interactions which are higher order in v
are possible - see later...

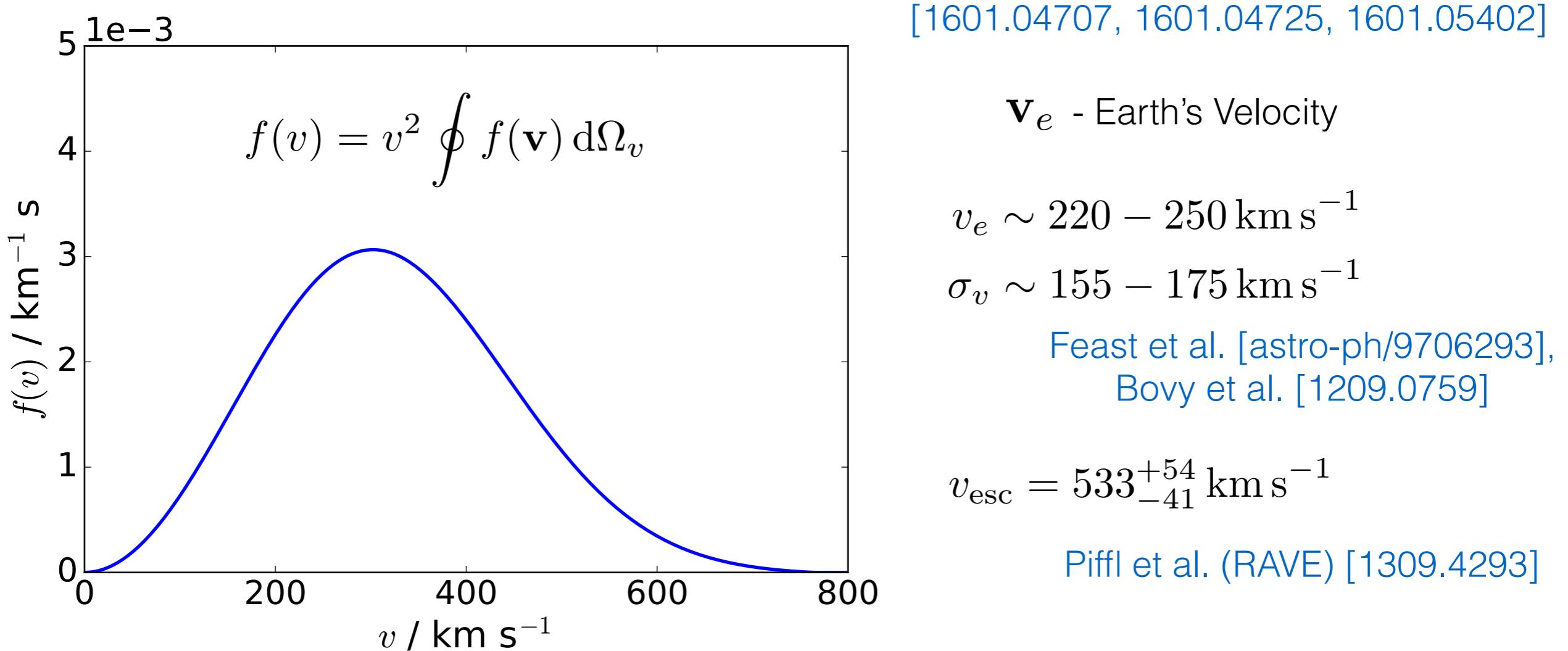
Astrophysics of DM (the simple picture)

Standard Halo Model (**SHM**) is typically assumed: isotropic, spherically symmetric distribution of particles with $\rho(r) \propto r^{-2}$.

Leads to a Maxwell-Boltzmann (MB) distribution (in the lab frame):

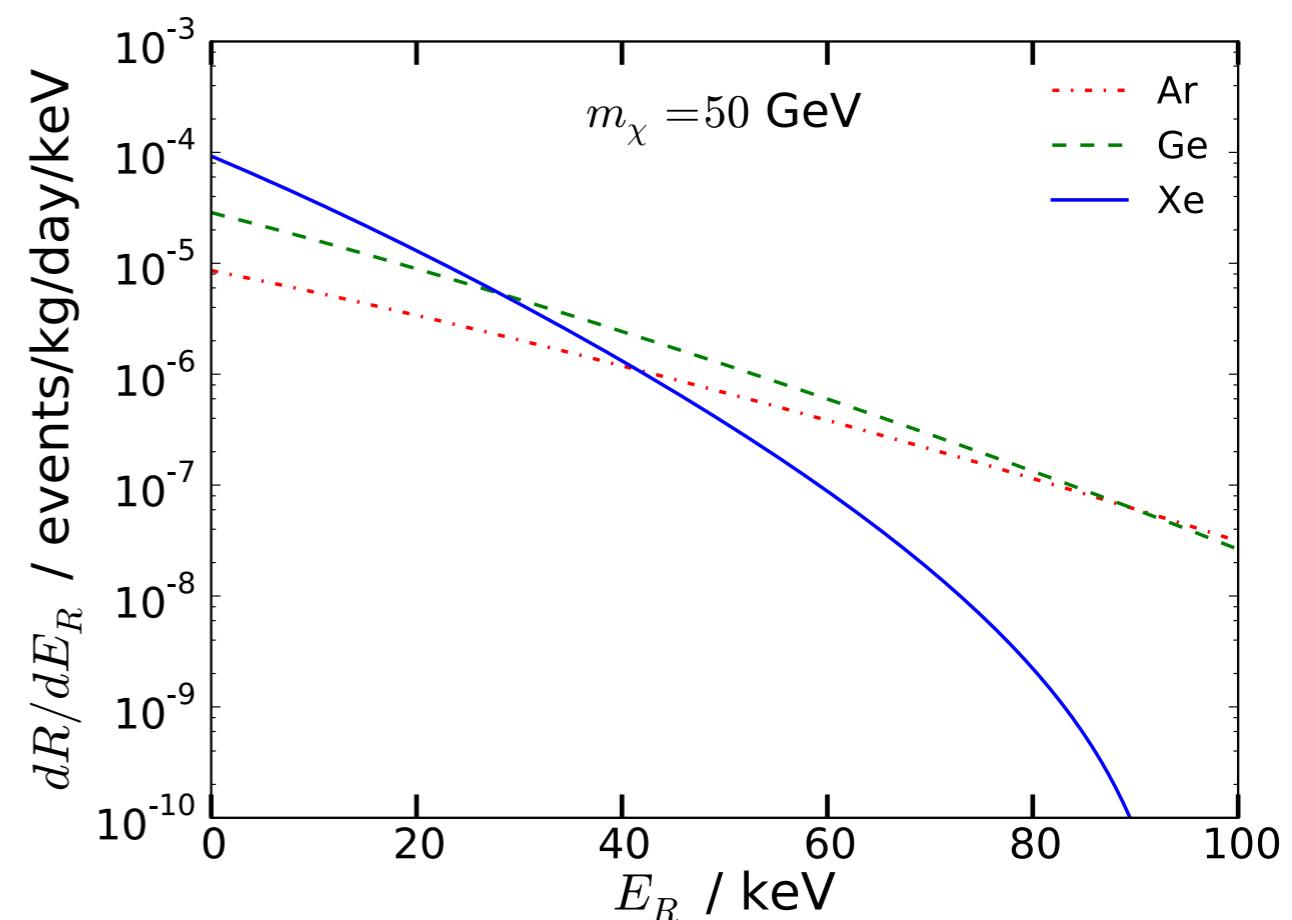
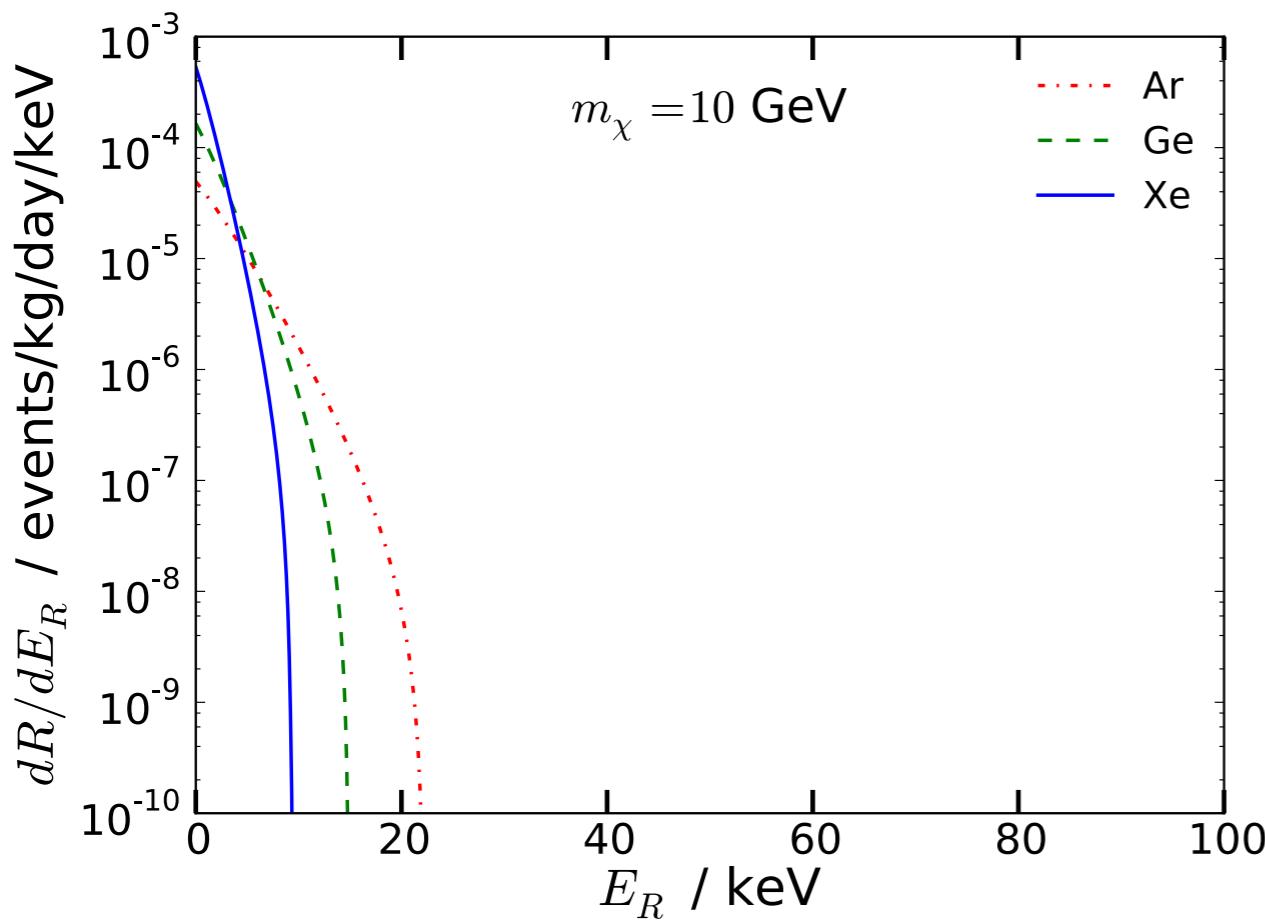
$$f_{\text{Lab}}(\mathbf{v}) = (2\pi\sigma_v^2)^{-3/2} \exp\left[-\frac{(\mathbf{v} - \mathbf{v}_e)^2}{2\sigma_v^2}\right] \Theta(|\mathbf{v} - \mathbf{v}_e| - v_{\text{esc}})$$

which is well matched in some hydro simulations.

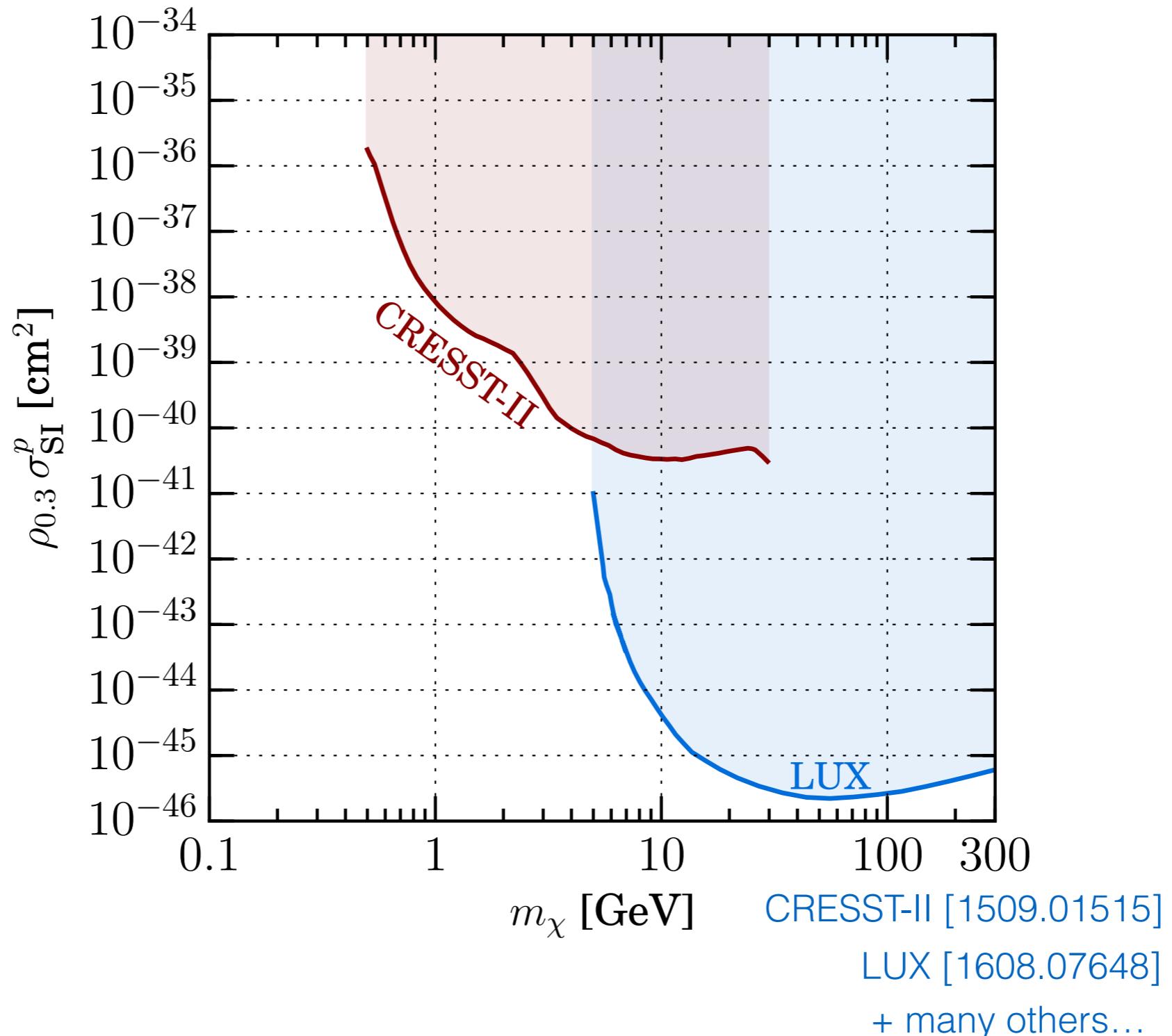


The final event rate

SI interactions, SHM distribution

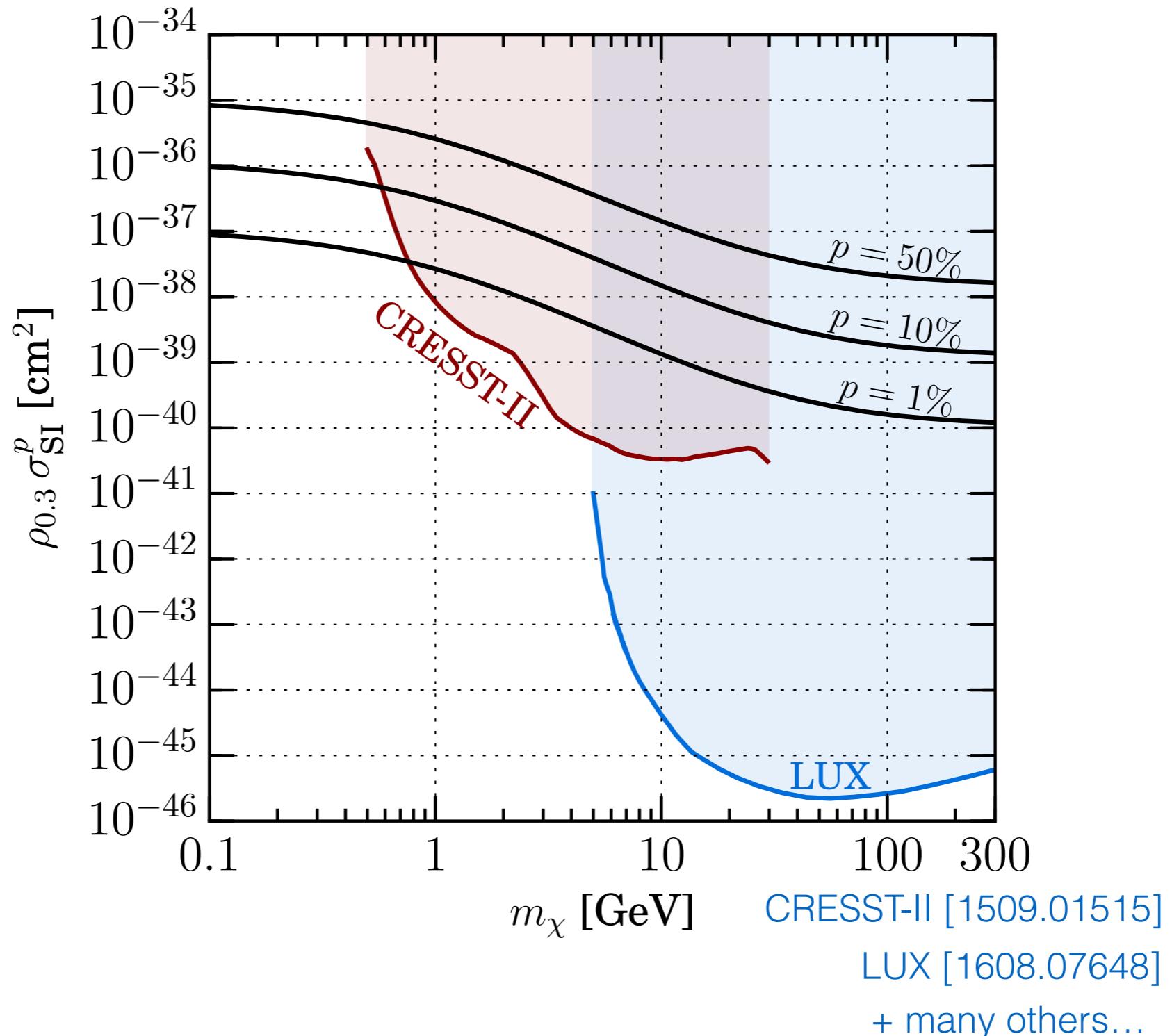


The current landscape



How big is the probability of scattering in the Earth?

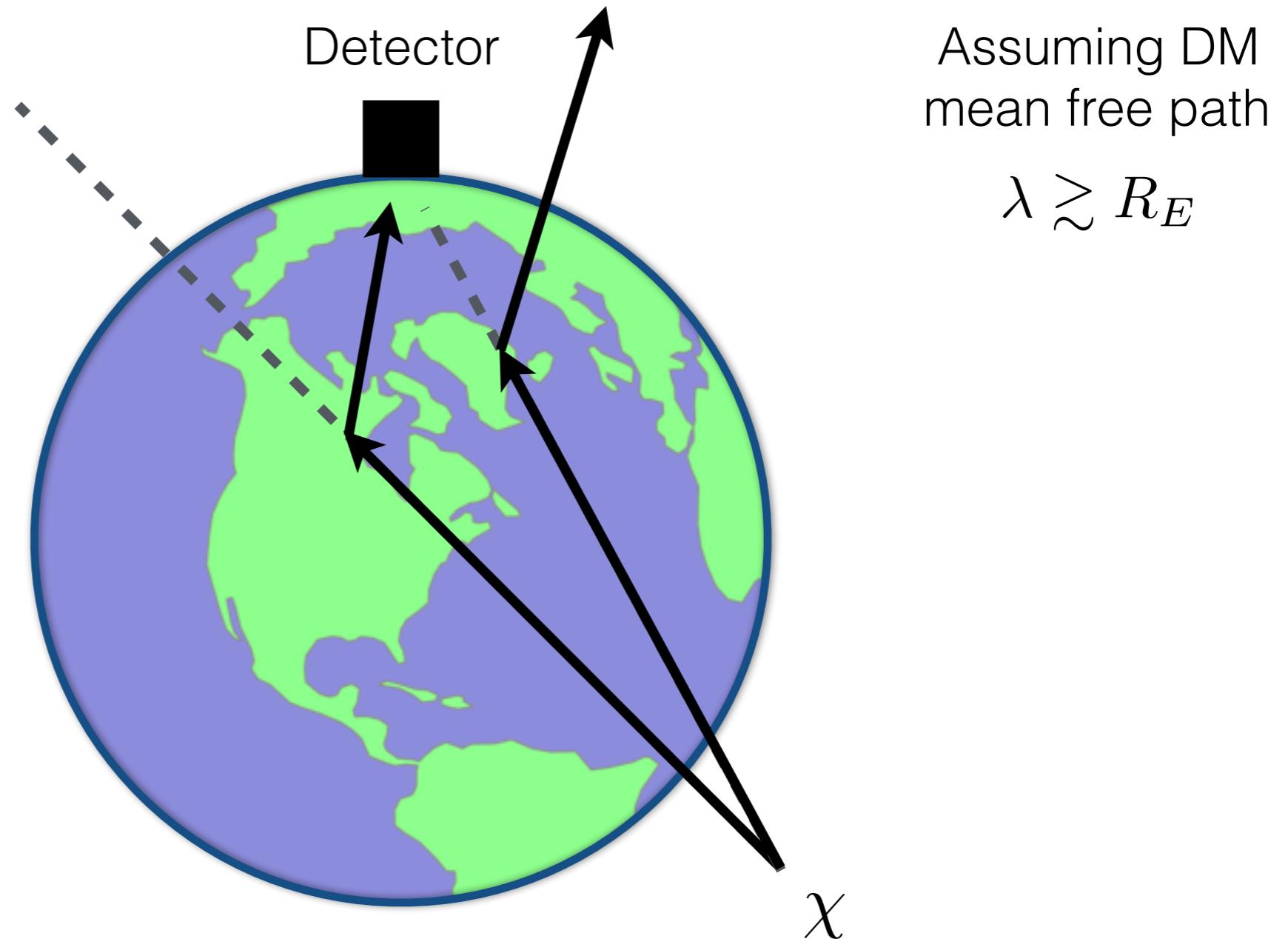
The current landscape



What effect can DM scattering in the Earth have?

Earth-Scattering

Earth-Scattering Calculation

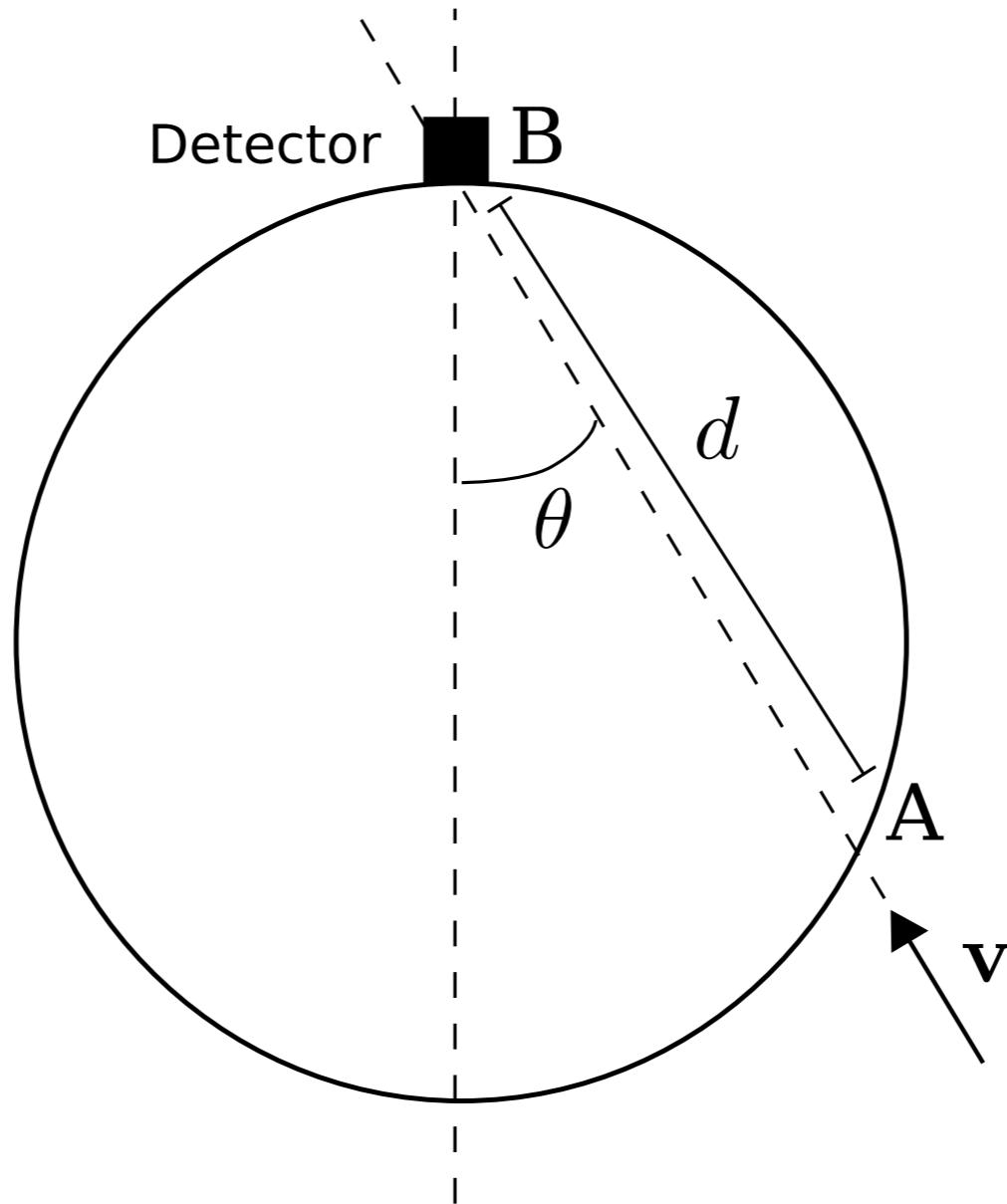


Total DM velocity distribution: $\tilde{f}(\mathbf{v}) = f_0(\mathbf{v}) - f_A(\mathbf{v}) + f_D(\mathbf{v})$

Attenuation

$$\mathbf{v} = (v, \cos \theta, \phi)$$

$$\lambda(v)^{-1} = n \sigma(v)$$

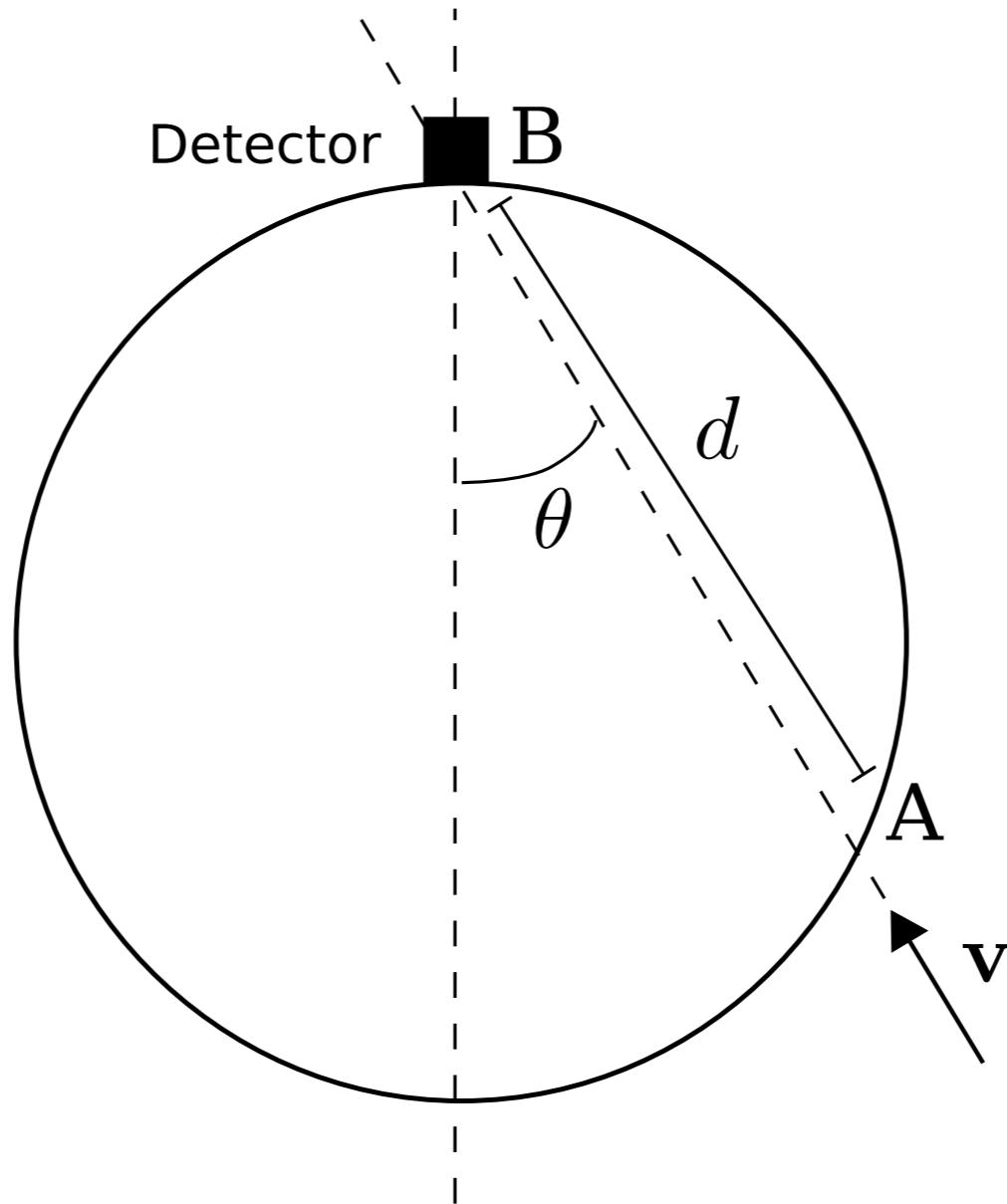


$$f_0(\mathbf{v}) - f_A(\mathbf{v}) = f_0(\mathbf{v}) \exp \left[-\frac{d(\cos \theta)}{\lambda(v)} \right]$$

Attenuation

$$\mathbf{v} = (v, \cos \theta, \phi)$$

$$\bar{\lambda}(v)^{-1} = \bar{n} \sigma(v)$$



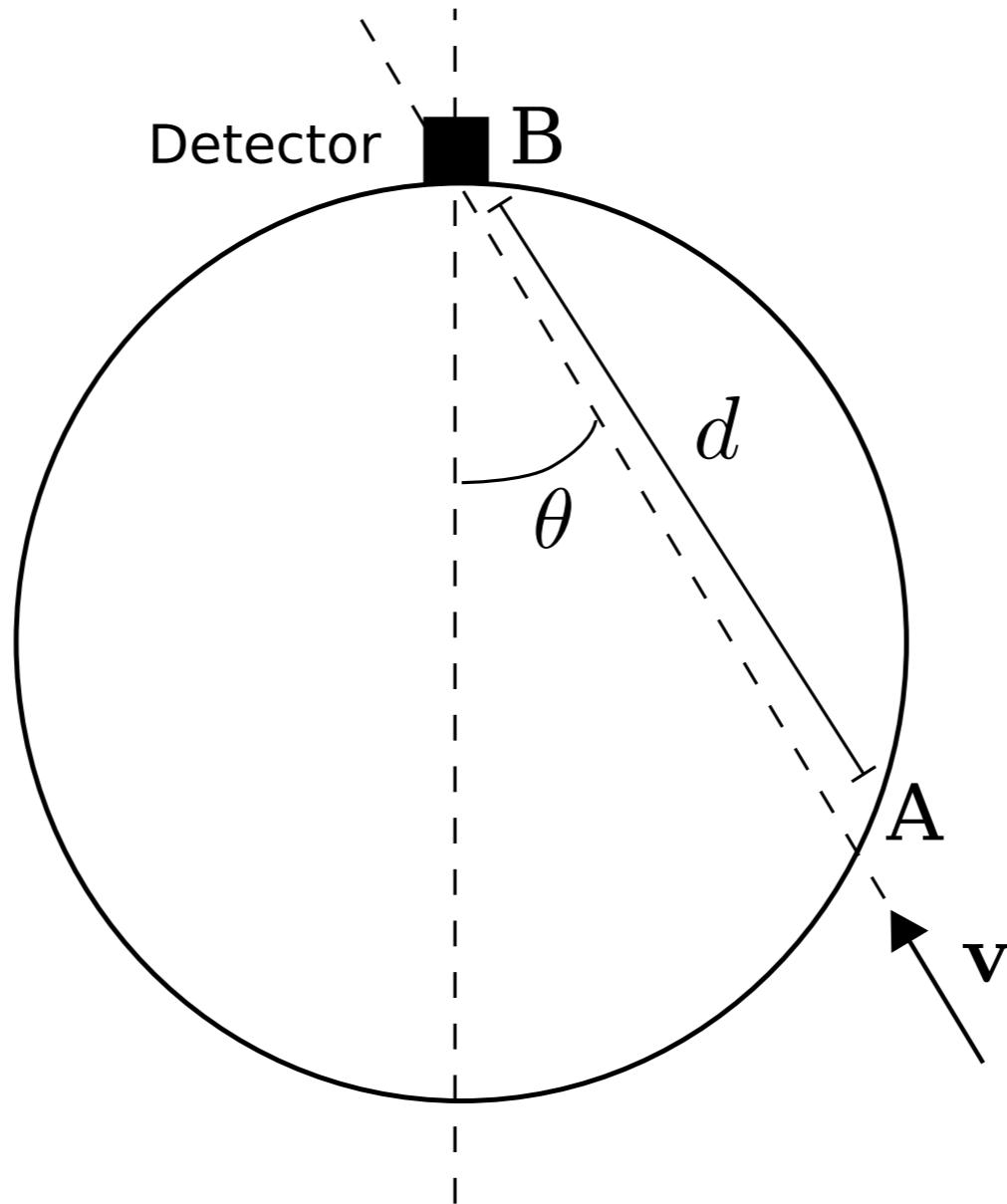
$$d_{\text{eff}} = \frac{1}{\bar{n}} \int_{AB} n(\mathbf{r}) dl$$

$$f_0(\mathbf{v}) - f_A(\mathbf{v}) = f_0(\mathbf{v}) \exp \left[-\frac{d_{\text{eff}}(\cos \theta)}{\bar{\lambda}(v)} \right]$$

Attenuation

$$\mathbf{v} = (v, \cos \theta, \phi)$$

$$\bar{\lambda}_i(v)^{-1} = \bar{n}_i \sigma(v)$$



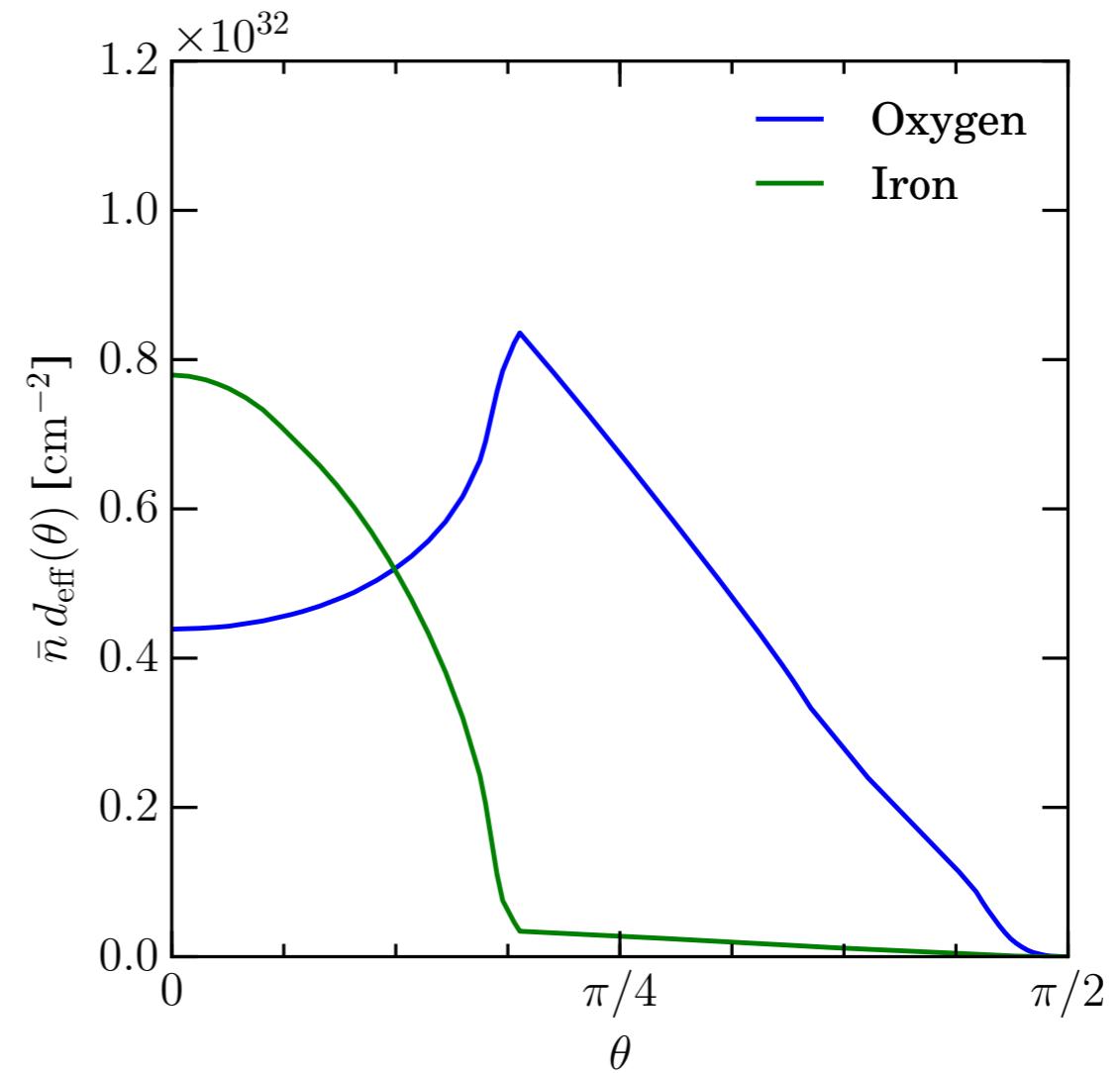
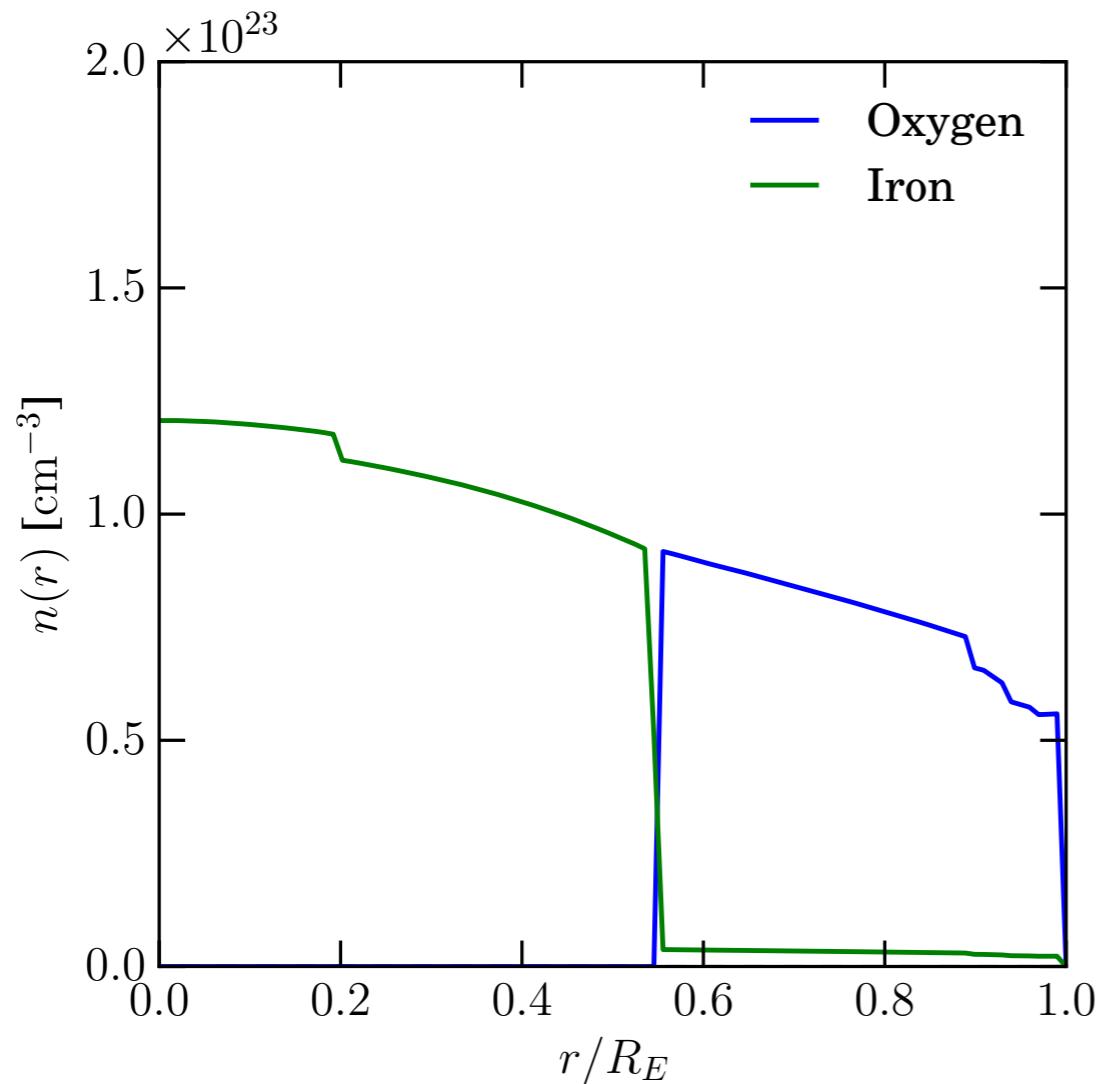
$$d_{\text{eff},i} = \frac{1}{\bar{n}_i} \int_{AB} n_i(\mathbf{r}) d\mathbf{l}$$

$$f_0(\mathbf{v}) - f_A(\mathbf{v}) = f_0(\mathbf{v}) \exp \left[- \sum_i^{\text{species}} \frac{d_{\text{eff},i}(\cos \theta)}{\bar{\lambda}_i(v)} \right]$$

Sum over 8 most abundant elements in the Earth: O, Si, Mg, Fe, Ca, Na, S, Al

Effective Earth-crossing distance

Most scattering comes from Oxygen (in the mantle) and Iron (in the core)

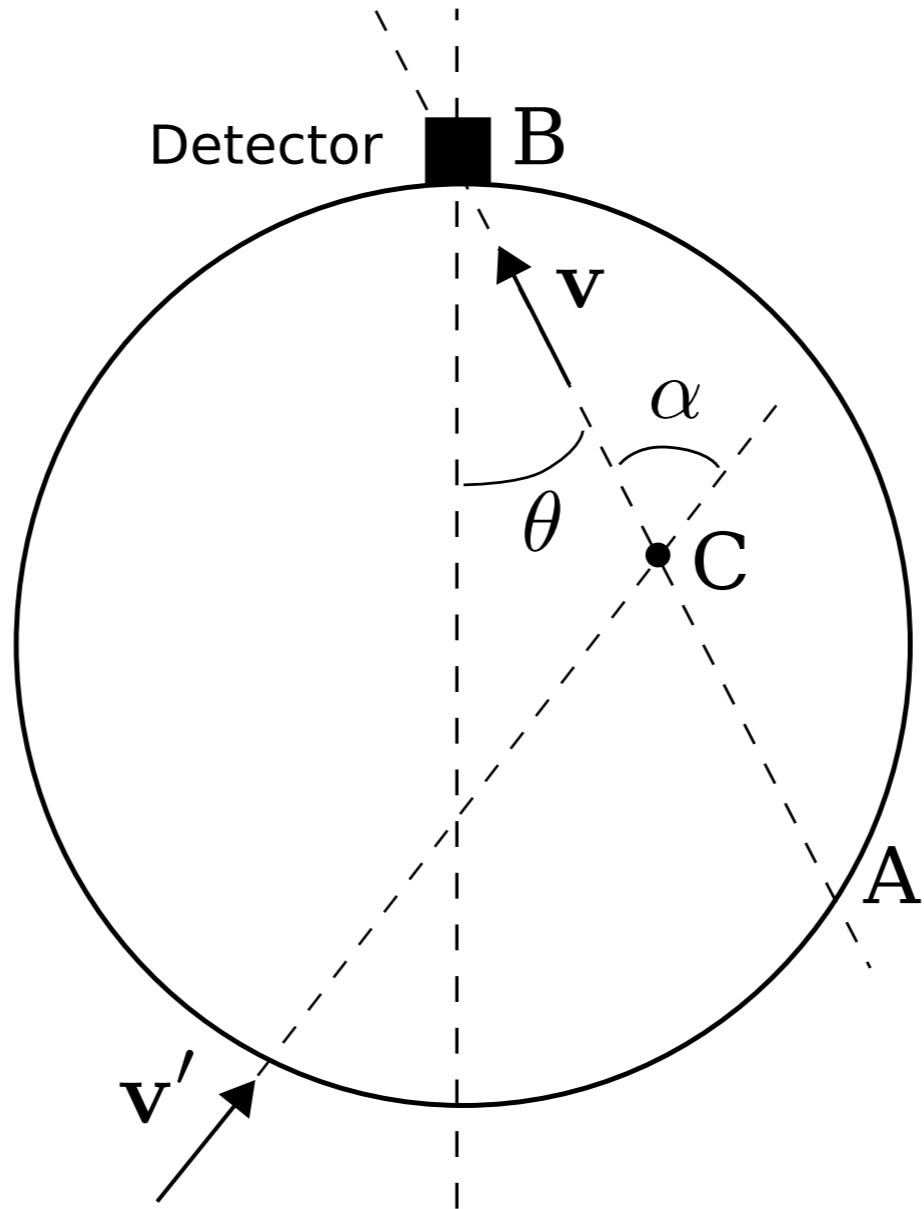


NB: little Earth-scattering for spin-dependent interactions

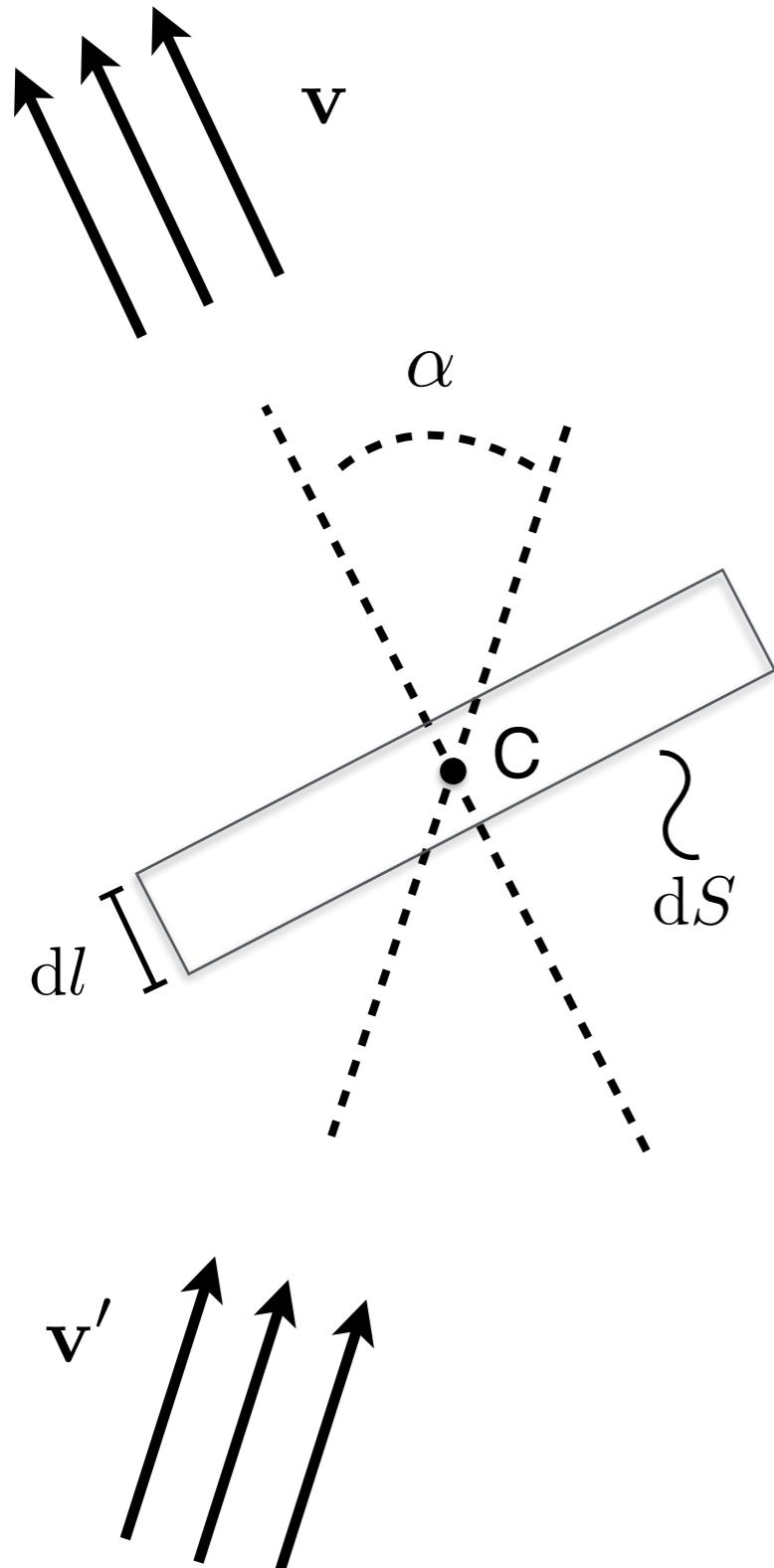
Deflection

$$\mathbf{v}' = (v', \cos \theta', \phi')$$
$$\mathbf{v} = (v, \cos \theta, \phi)$$

$$\bar{\lambda}_i(v)^{-1} = \bar{n}_i \sigma(v)$$



Deflection



Equate rate of particles entering and leaving region, having scattered...

Then integrate over all incoming velocities and over all points C:

$$f_D(\mathbf{v}) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{AB} \frac{dl}{\lambda_i(\mathbf{r}, v')} \int d^3\mathbf{v}' \frac{v'^2}{v^4} f_0(v', \hat{\mathbf{v}}') P_i(\cos \alpha)$$

$$v'/v \equiv \kappa_i$$

fixed by kinematics
(for a given α)

Collect everything together,
and sum over Earth species...

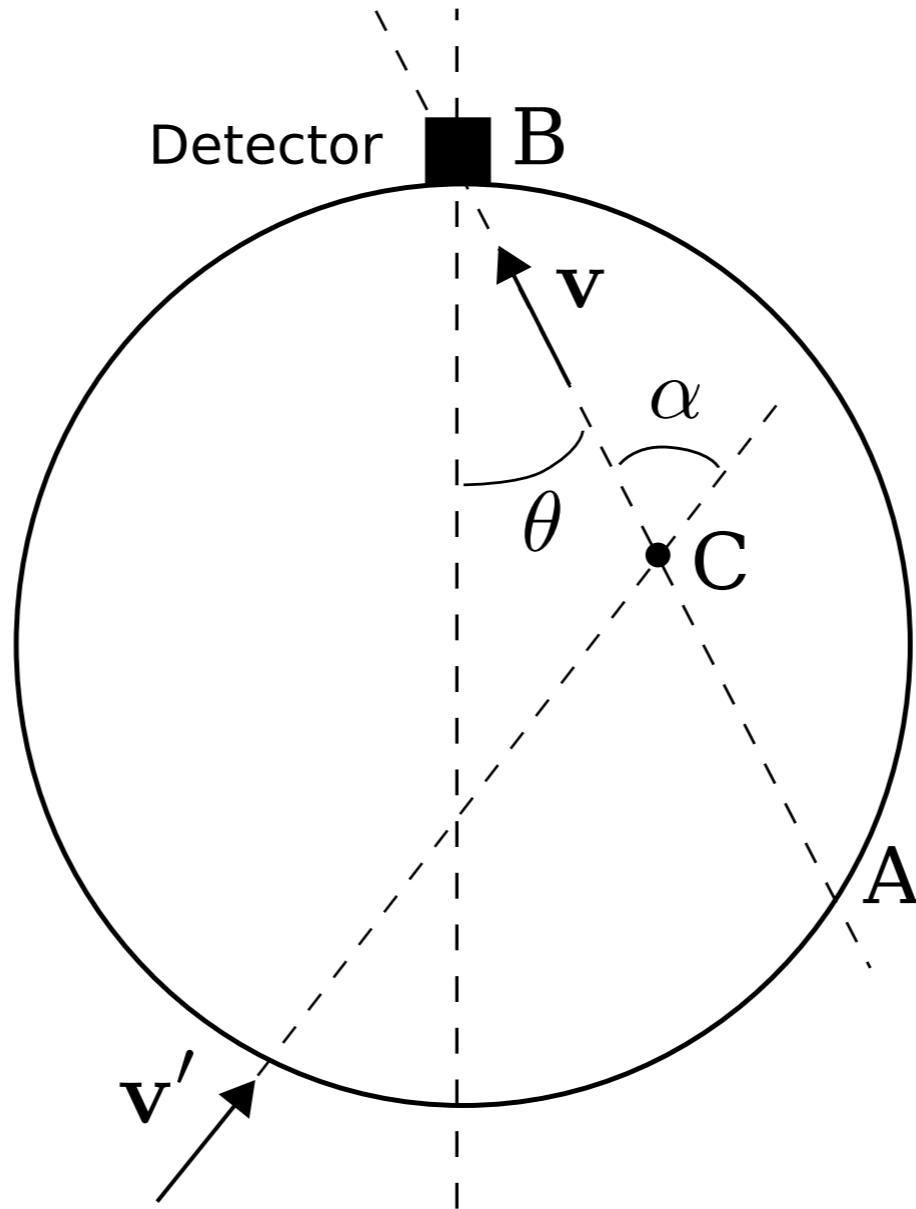
[Detailed calculation in the paper]

Deflection

$$\mathbf{v}' = (v', \cos \theta', \phi')$$

$$\mathbf{v} = (v, \cos \theta, \phi)$$

$$\bar{\lambda}_i(v)^{-1} = \bar{n}_i \sigma(v)$$



$$f_D(\mathbf{v}) = \sum_i^{\text{species}} \int d^2 \hat{\mathbf{v}}' \frac{d_{\text{eff},i}(\cos \theta)}{\bar{\lambda}_i(\kappa_i v)} \frac{(\kappa_i)^4}{2\pi} f_0(\kappa_i v, \hat{\mathbf{v}}') P_i(\cos \alpha)$$

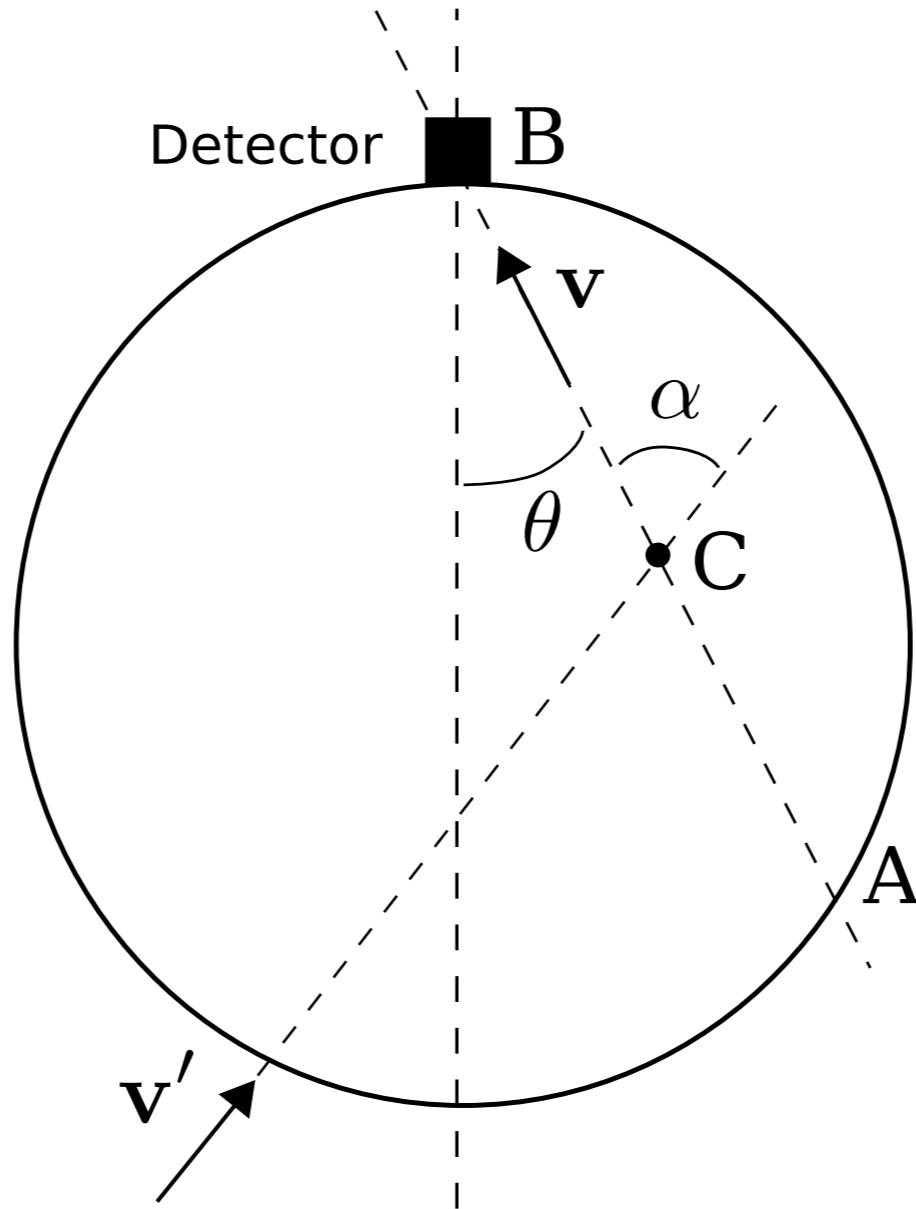
$$\kappa_i = v'/v$$

Deflection

$$\mathbf{v}' = (v', \cos \theta', \phi')$$

$$\mathbf{v} = (v, \cos \theta, \phi)$$

$$\bar{\lambda}_i(v)^{-1} = \bar{n}_i \sigma(v)$$



Depends on differential cross section

$$f_D(\mathbf{v}) = \sum_i^{\text{species}} \int d^2 \hat{\mathbf{v}}' \frac{d_{\text{eff},i}(\cos \theta)}{\bar{\lambda}_i(\kappa_i v)} \frac{(\kappa_i)^4}{2\pi} f_0(\kappa_i v, \hat{\mathbf{v}}') P_i(\cos \alpha)$$

Depends on total cross section

$$\kappa_i = v'/v$$

Non-standard DM operators

Non-relativistic Effective Field Theory (NREFT)

Write down all possible non-relativistic (NR) WIMP-nucleon operators which can mediate the *elastic* scattering.

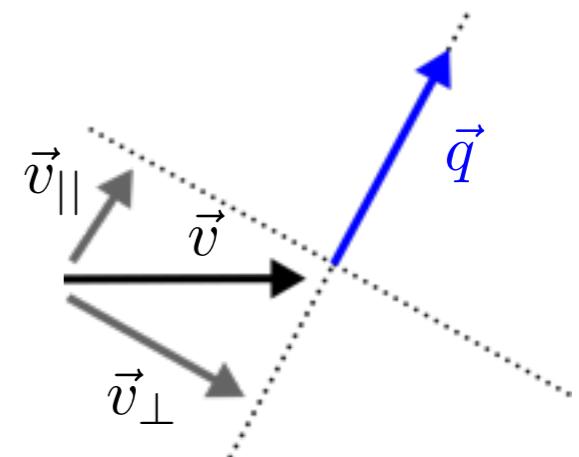
[Fan et al - 1008.1591, Fitzpatrick et al. - 1203.3542]

The building blocks of these operators are:

$$\vec{S}_\chi, \quad \vec{S}_N, \quad \frac{\vec{q}}{m_N}, \quad \vec{v}_\perp = \vec{v} + \frac{\vec{q}}{2\mu_{\chi N}}$$

The WIMP velocity operator is not Hermitian, so it can appear only through the Hermitian *transverse velocity*:

$$\vec{v}_\perp = \vec{v} + \frac{\vec{q}}{2\mu_{\chi N}} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \vec{v}_\perp \cdot \vec{q} = 0$$



NREFT operator basis

Write down all operators which are Hermitian, Galilean invariant and time-translation invariant:

$$\mathcal{O}_1 = 1$$

$$\mathcal{O}_4 = \vec{S}_\chi \cdot \vec{S}_N$$

SI

SD

[1008.1591, 1203.3542, 1308.6288, 1505.03117]

NREFT operator basis

Write down all operators which are Hermitian, Galilean invariant and time-translation invariant:

$$\mathcal{O}_1 = 1$$

$$\mathcal{O}_3 = i\vec{S}_N \cdot (\vec{q} \times \vec{v}^\perp) / m_N$$

$$\mathcal{O}_4 = \vec{S}_\chi \cdot \vec{S}_N$$

$$\mathcal{O}_5 = i\vec{S}_\chi \cdot (\vec{q} \times \vec{v}^\perp) / m_N$$

$$\mathcal{O}_6 = (\vec{S}_\chi \cdot \vec{q})(\vec{S}_N \cdot \vec{q}) / m_N^2$$

$$\mathcal{O}_7 = \vec{S}_N \cdot \vec{v}^\perp$$

$$\mathcal{O}_8 = \vec{S}_\chi \cdot \vec{v}^\perp$$

$$\mathcal{O}_9 = i\vec{S}_\chi \cdot (\vec{S}_N \times \vec{q}) / m_N$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{10} = i\vec{S}_N \cdot \vec{q} / m_N$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{11} = i\vec{S}_\chi \cdot \vec{q} / m_N$$

SI

SD

$$\mathcal{O}_{12} = \vec{S}_\chi \cdot (\vec{S}_N \times \vec{v}^\perp)$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{13} = i(\vec{S}_\chi \cdot \vec{v}^\perp)(\vec{S}_N \cdot \vec{q}) / m_N$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{14} = i(\vec{S}_\chi \cdot \vec{q})(\vec{S}_N \cdot \vec{v}^\perp) / m_N$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{15} = -(\vec{S}_\chi \cdot \vec{q})((\vec{S}_N \times \vec{v}^\perp) \cdot \vec{q}) / m_N^2$$

⋮

NB: two sets of operators, one for protons and one for neutrons...

[1008.1591, 1203.3542, 1308.6288, 1505.03117]

Example: Anapole DM

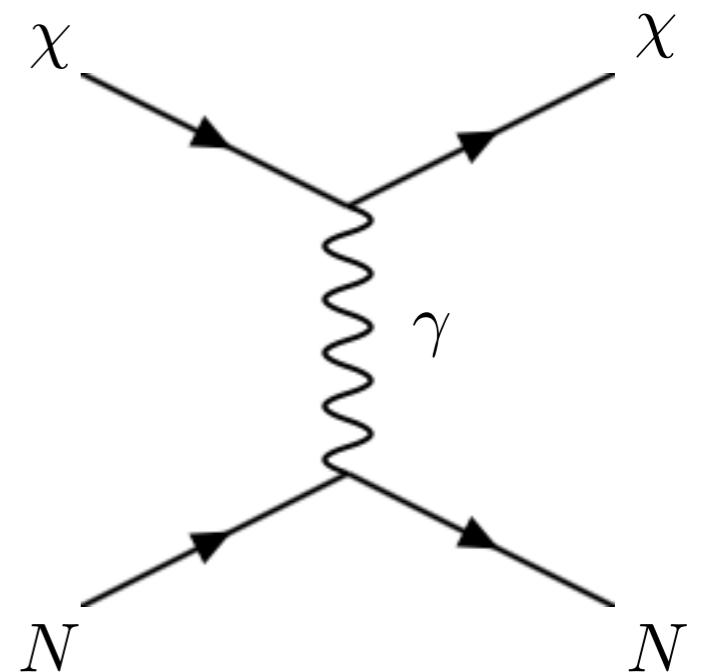
[1211.0503, 1401.4508, 1506.04454]

Lowest order interaction of Majorana DM with EM fields:

$$\mathcal{O}_A = \bar{\chi} \gamma^\mu \gamma^5 \chi \partial^\nu F_{\mu\nu}$$

Induces an interaction with nucleons:

$$\mathcal{O}_A^{(N)} = e Q_N \bar{\chi} \gamma^\mu \gamma^5 \chi \bar{N} \gamma_\mu N$$

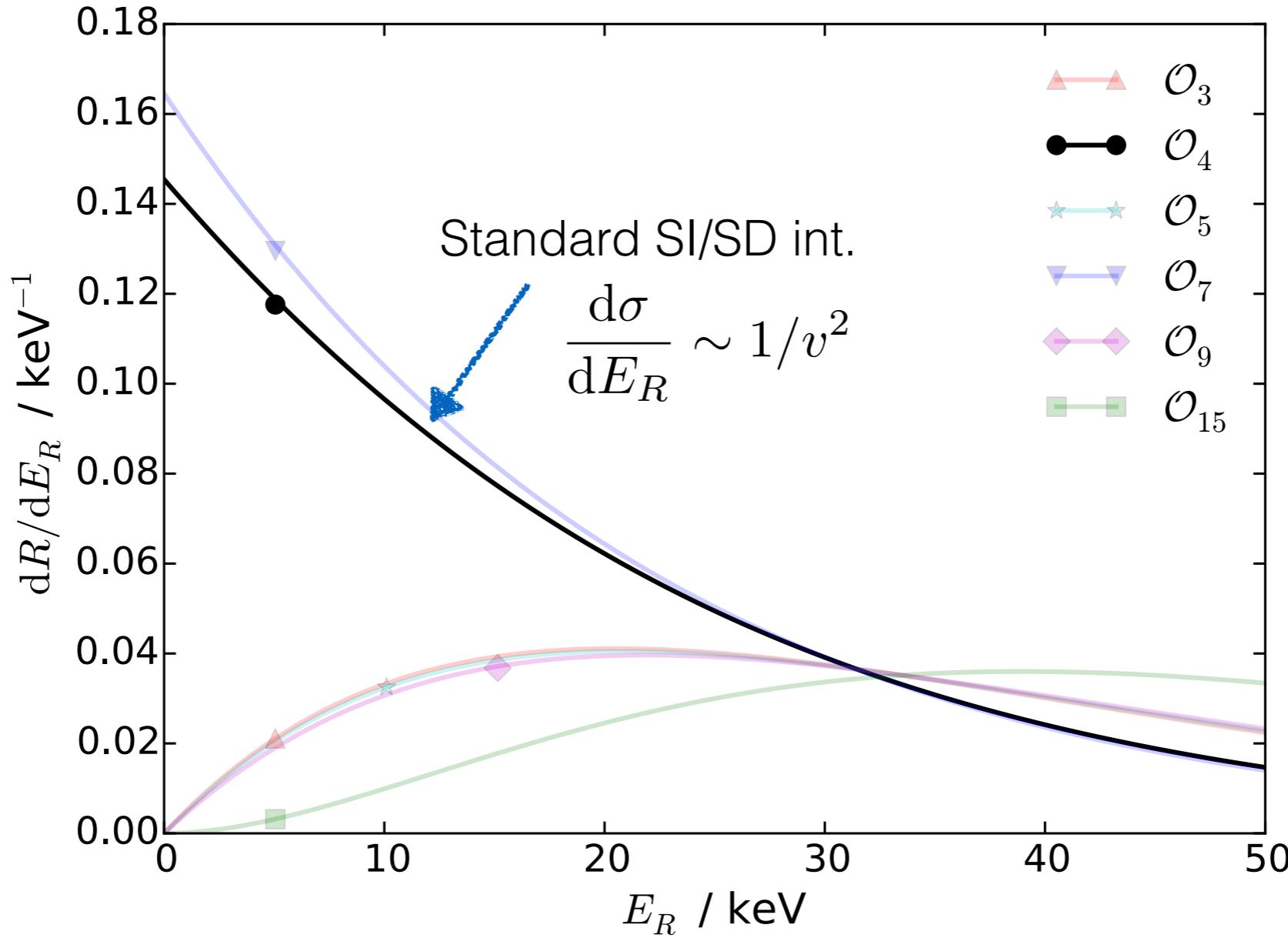


Leading to a NR matrix element:

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{M}_A^{(N)} &= -e Q_N m_\chi m_N \vec{S}_\chi \cdot (\vec{v}^\perp + i \vec{S}_N \times \vec{q}) \\ &= -e Q_N m_\chi m_N (\mathcal{O}_8 + \mathcal{O}_9)\end{aligned}$$

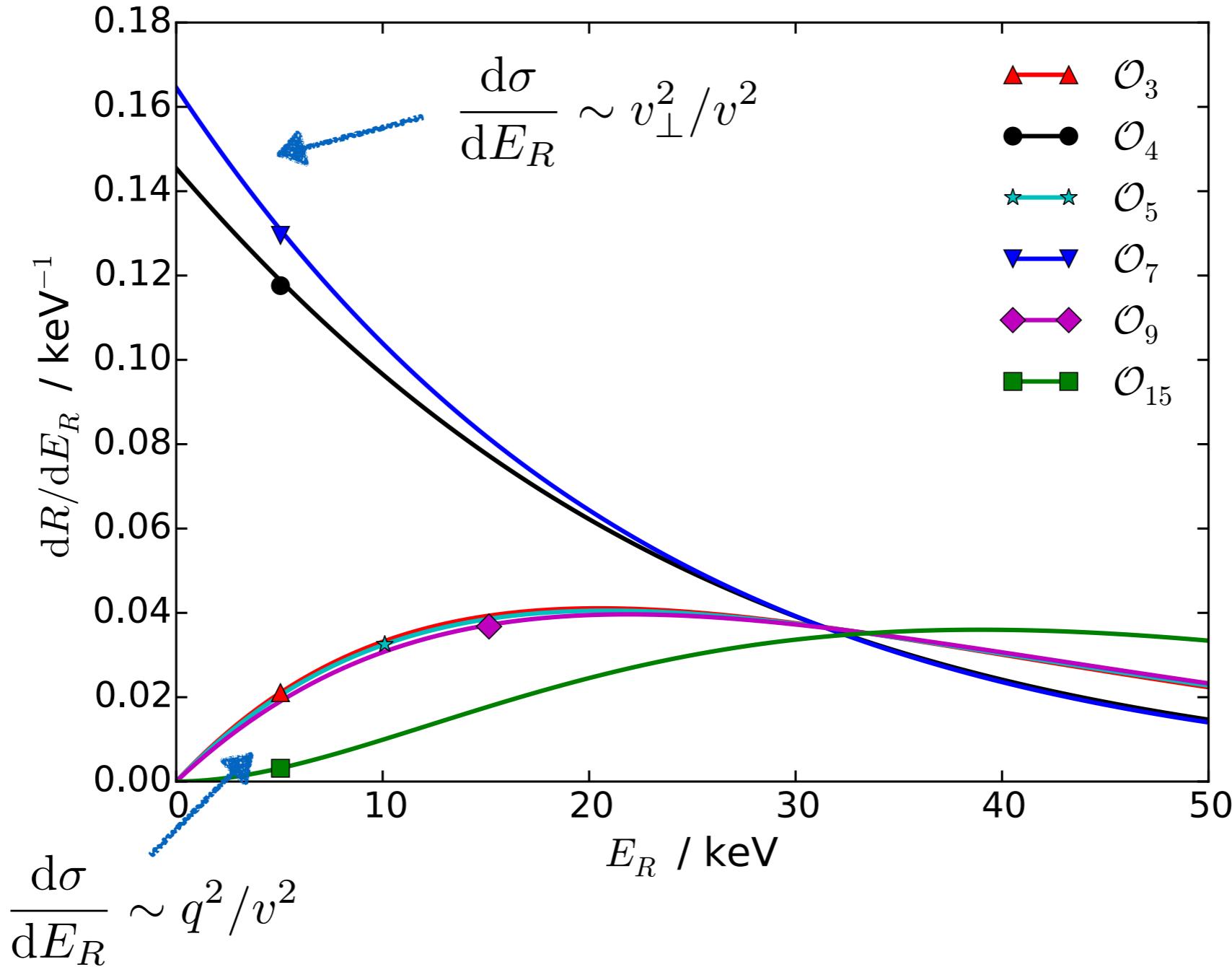
Energy spectra

$m_\chi = 100 \text{ GeV}$



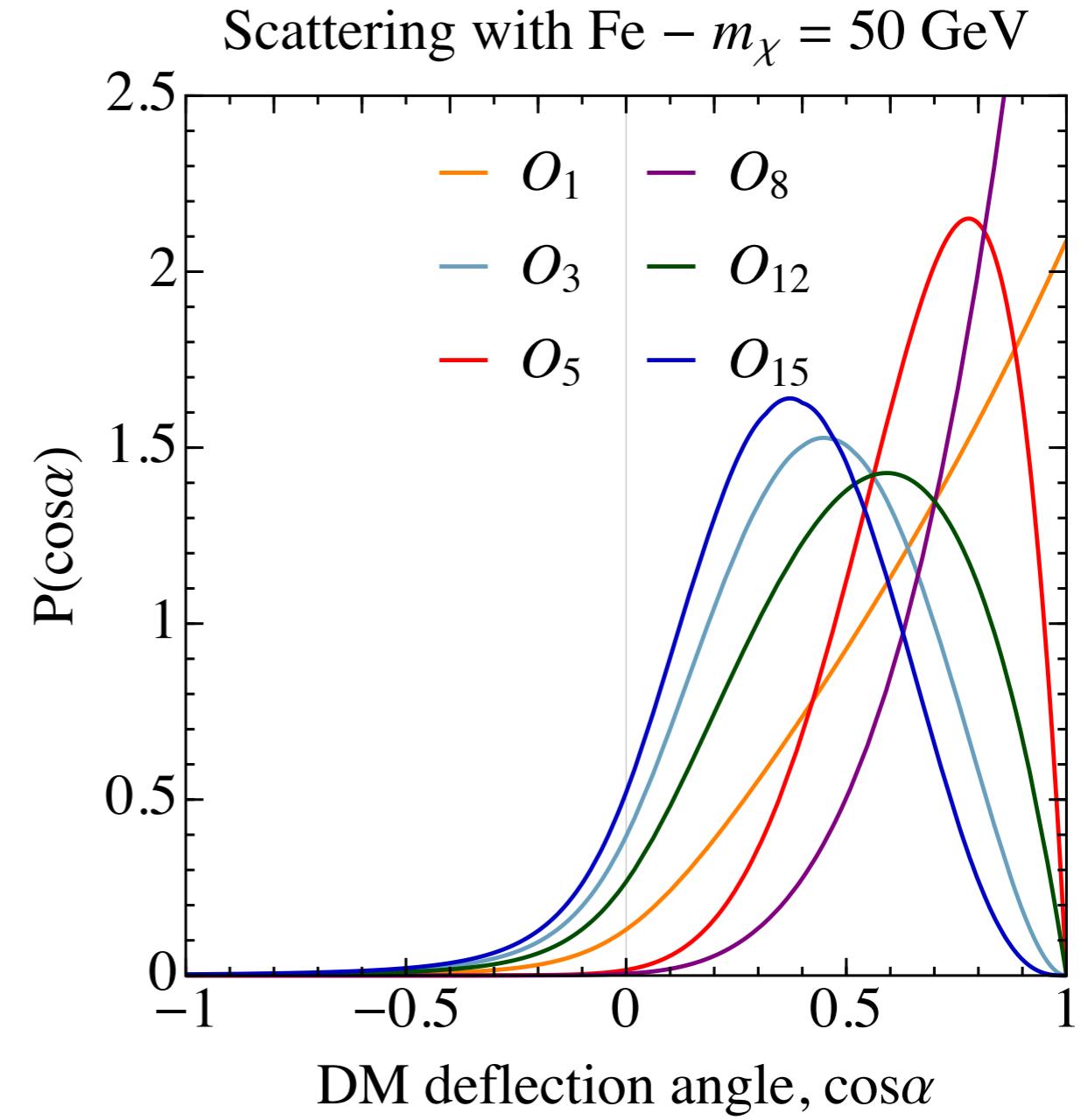
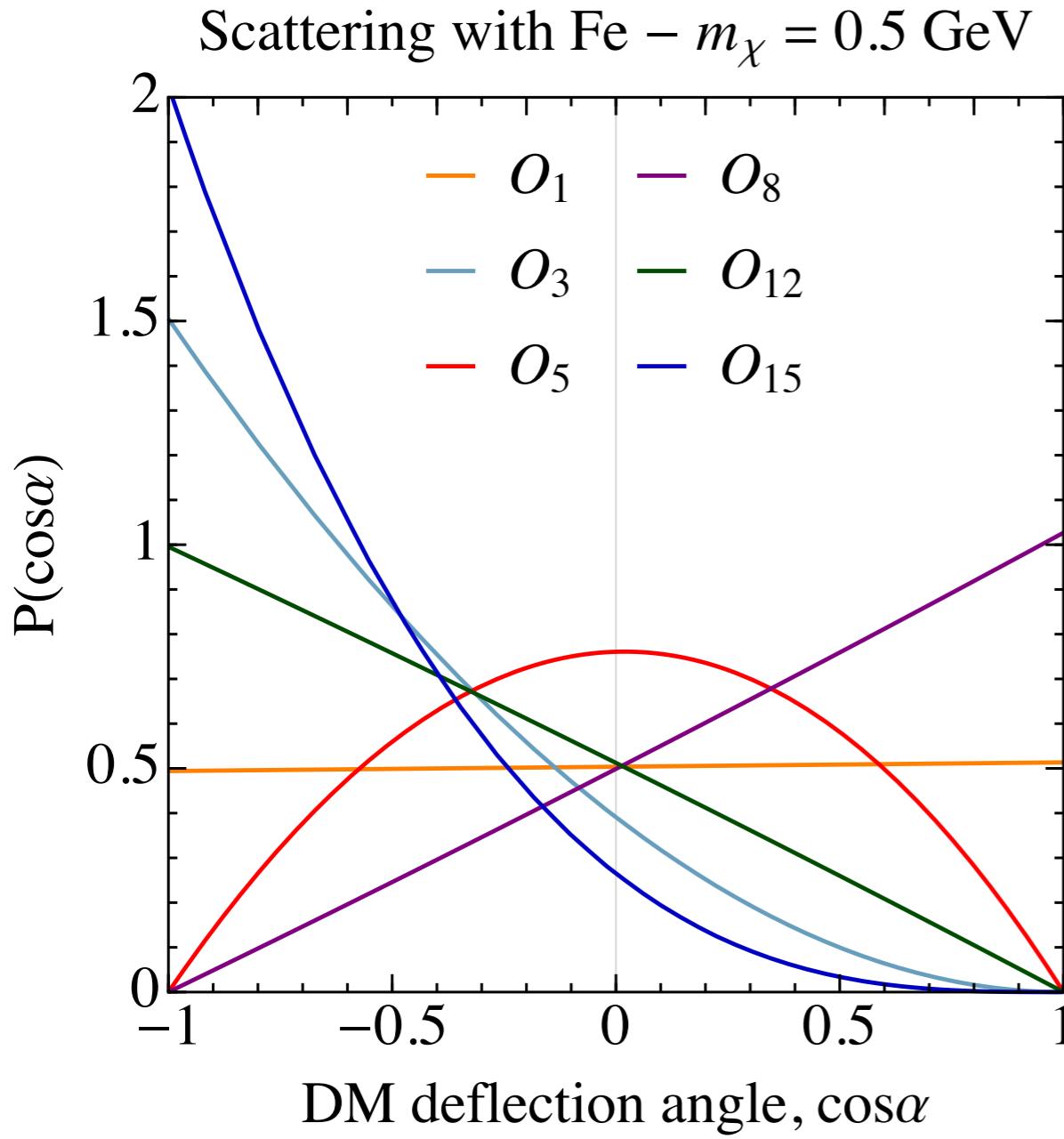
Energy spectra

$m_\chi = 100 \text{ GeV}$



DM deflection distribution

$$P(\cos \alpha) = \frac{1}{\sigma} \frac{d\sigma}{dE_R} \frac{dE_R}{d \cos \alpha}$$

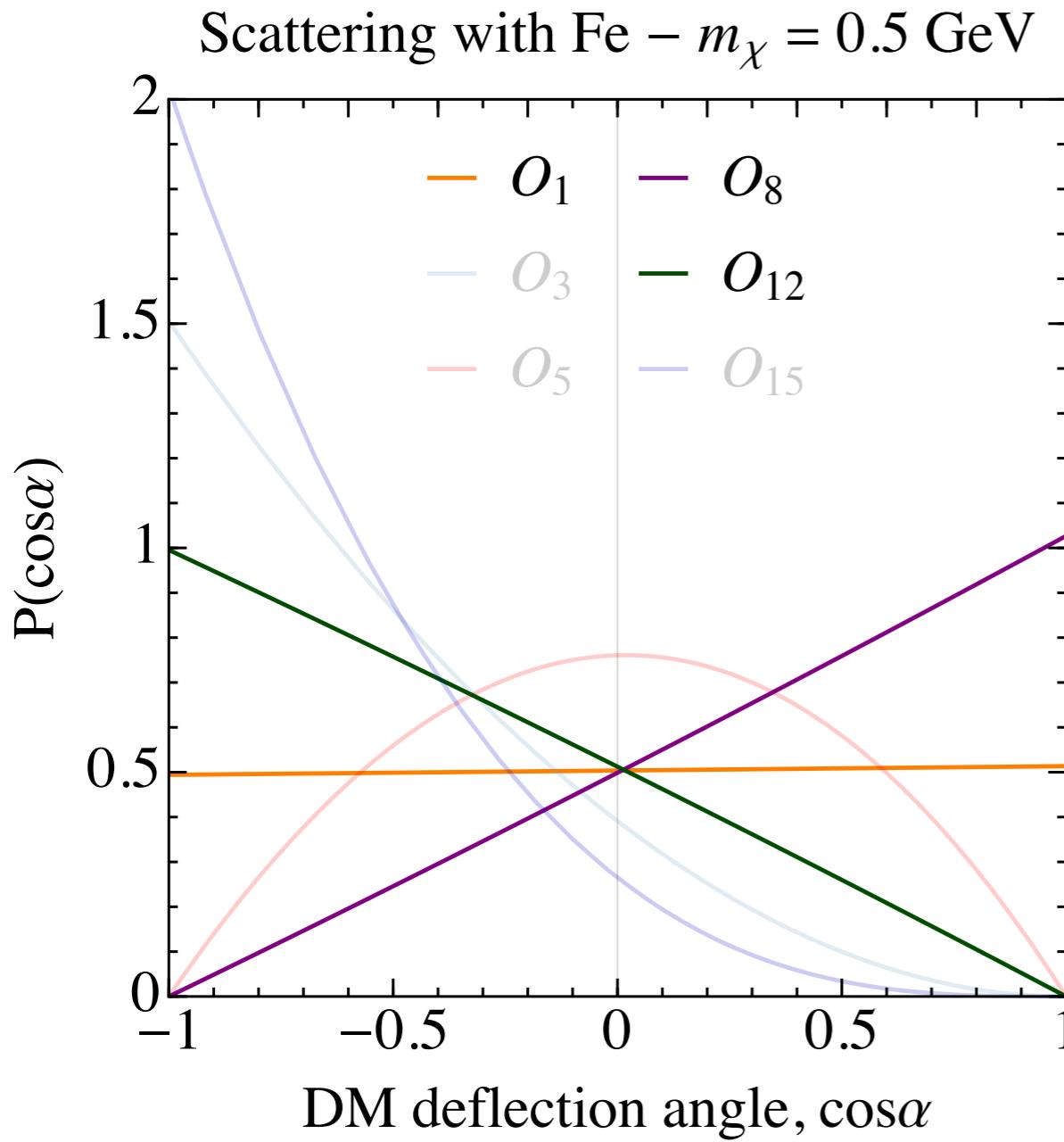


Backward

Forward

DM deflection distribution

$$P(\cos \alpha) = \frac{1}{\sigma} \frac{d\sigma}{dE_R} \frac{dE_R}{d \cos \alpha}$$



Standard SI

↓

$$\mathcal{O}_1 = \mathbb{1} \Rightarrow \frac{d\sigma}{dE_R} \sim \frac{1}{v^2}$$

$$\mathcal{O}_8 = \vec{S}_\chi \cdot \vec{v}^\perp \Rightarrow \frac{d\sigma}{dE_R} \sim \left(1 - \frac{m_N E_R}{2\mu_{\chi N}^2 v^2}\right)$$

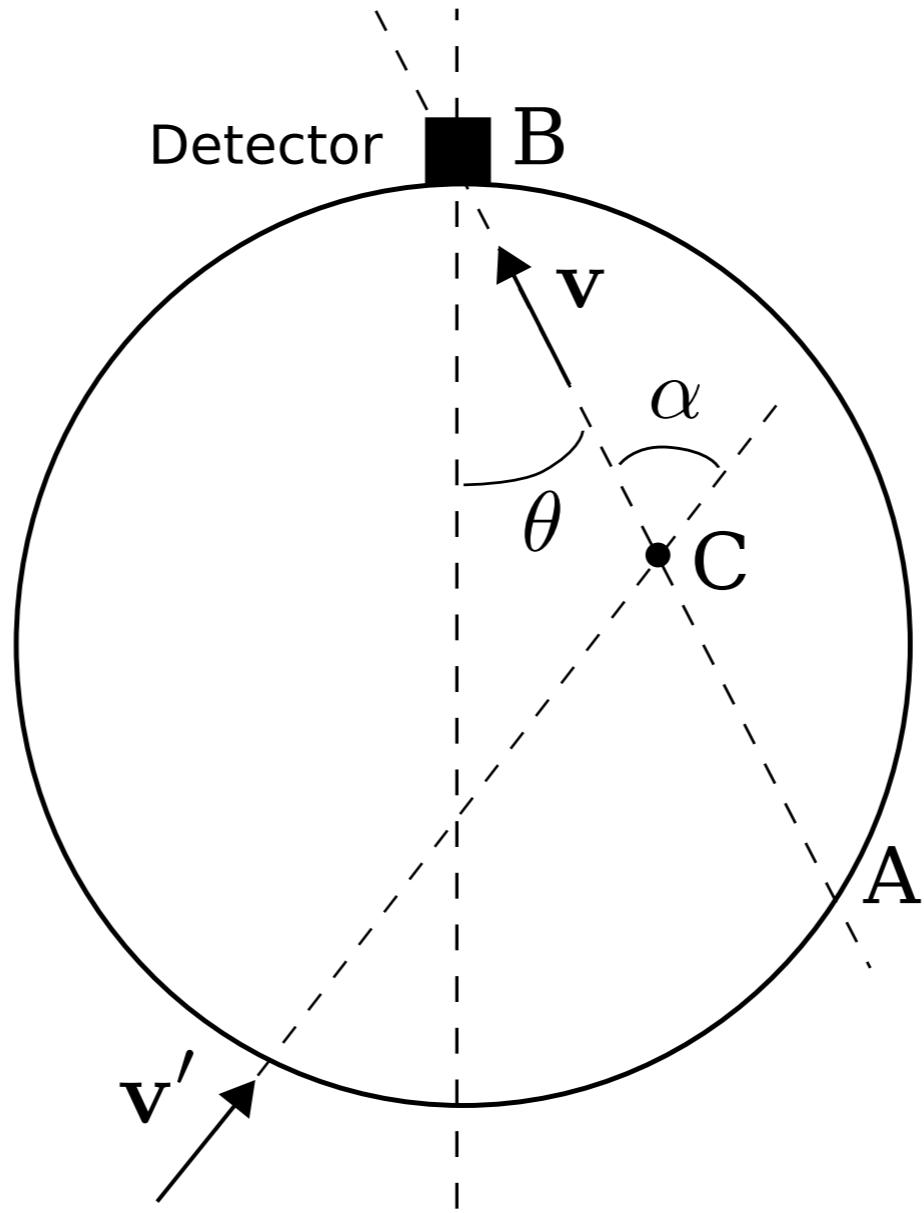
$$\mathcal{O}_{12} = \vec{S}_\chi \cdot (\vec{S}_N \times \vec{v}^\perp) \Rightarrow \frac{d\sigma}{dE_R} \sim \frac{E_R}{v^2}$$

DM deflection

$$\mathbf{v}' = (v', \cos \theta', \phi')$$

$$\mathbf{v} = (v, \cos \theta, \phi)$$

$$\bar{\lambda}_i(v)^{-1} = \bar{n}_i \sigma(v)$$



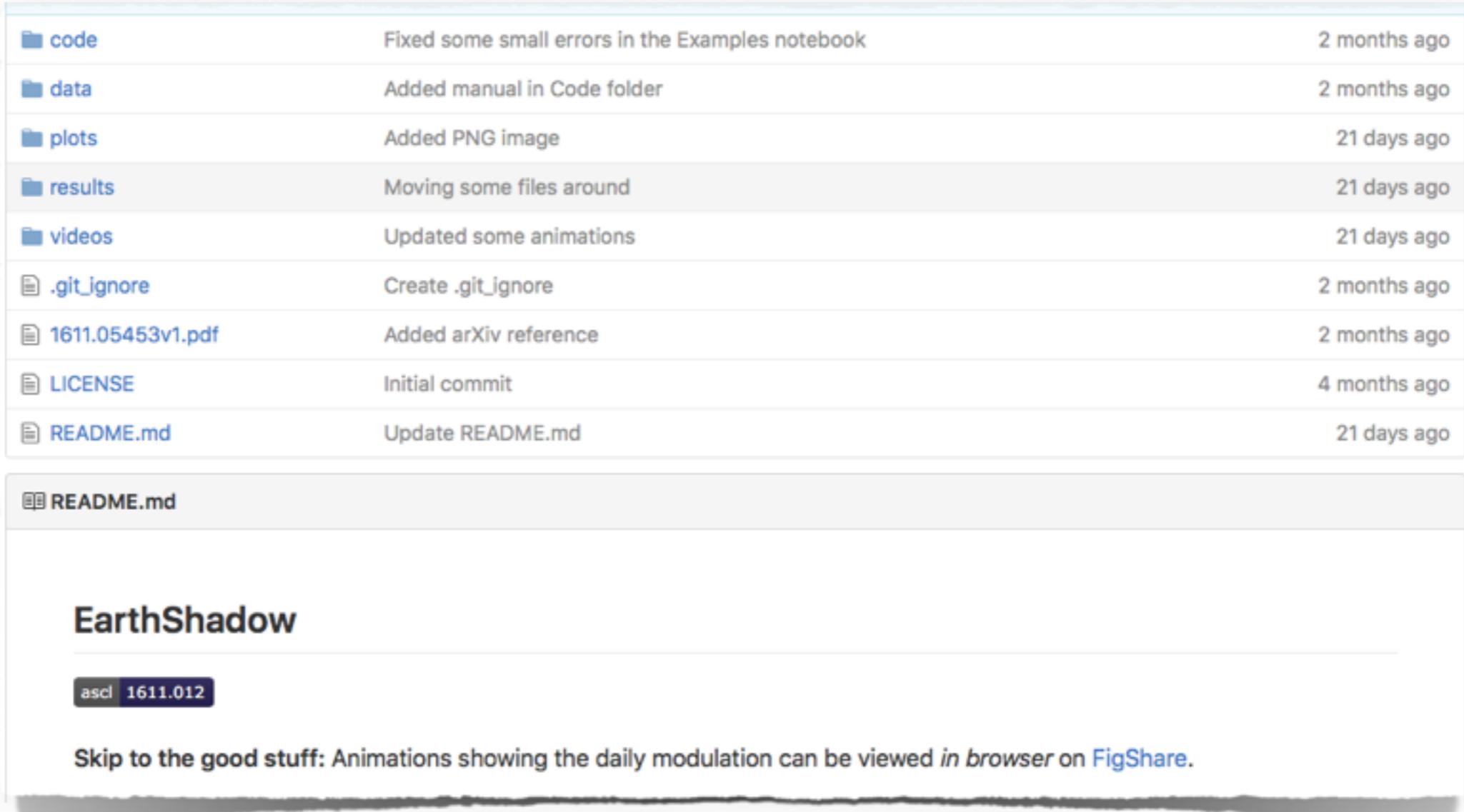
$$f_D(\mathbf{v}) = \sum_i^{\text{species}} \int d^2\hat{\mathbf{v}}' \frac{d_{\text{eff},i}(\cos \theta)}{\bar{\lambda}_i(\kappa_i v)} \frac{(\kappa_i)^4}{2\pi} f_0(\kappa_i v, \hat{\mathbf{v}}') P_i(\cos \alpha)$$

$$\kappa_i = v'/v$$

EARTHSHADOW Code

EARTHSHADOW code is available online at:
github.com/bradkav/EarthShadow

Including routines, numerical results, plots and animations...



The screenshot shows a GitHub repository page for 'EarthShadow'. The top part displays a list of commits:

File / Commit Type	Description	Date
code	Fixed some small errors in the Examples notebook	2 months ago
data	Added manual in Code folder	2 months ago
plots	Added PNG image	21 days ago
results	Moving some files around	21 days ago
videos	Updated some animations	21 days ago
.gitignore	Create .git_ignore	2 months ago
1611.05453v1.pdf	Added arXiv reference	2 months ago
LICENSE	Initial commit	4 months ago
README.md	Update README.md	21 days ago

Below the commits, there is a section for the 'README.md' file, which contains the following content:

```
EarthShadow

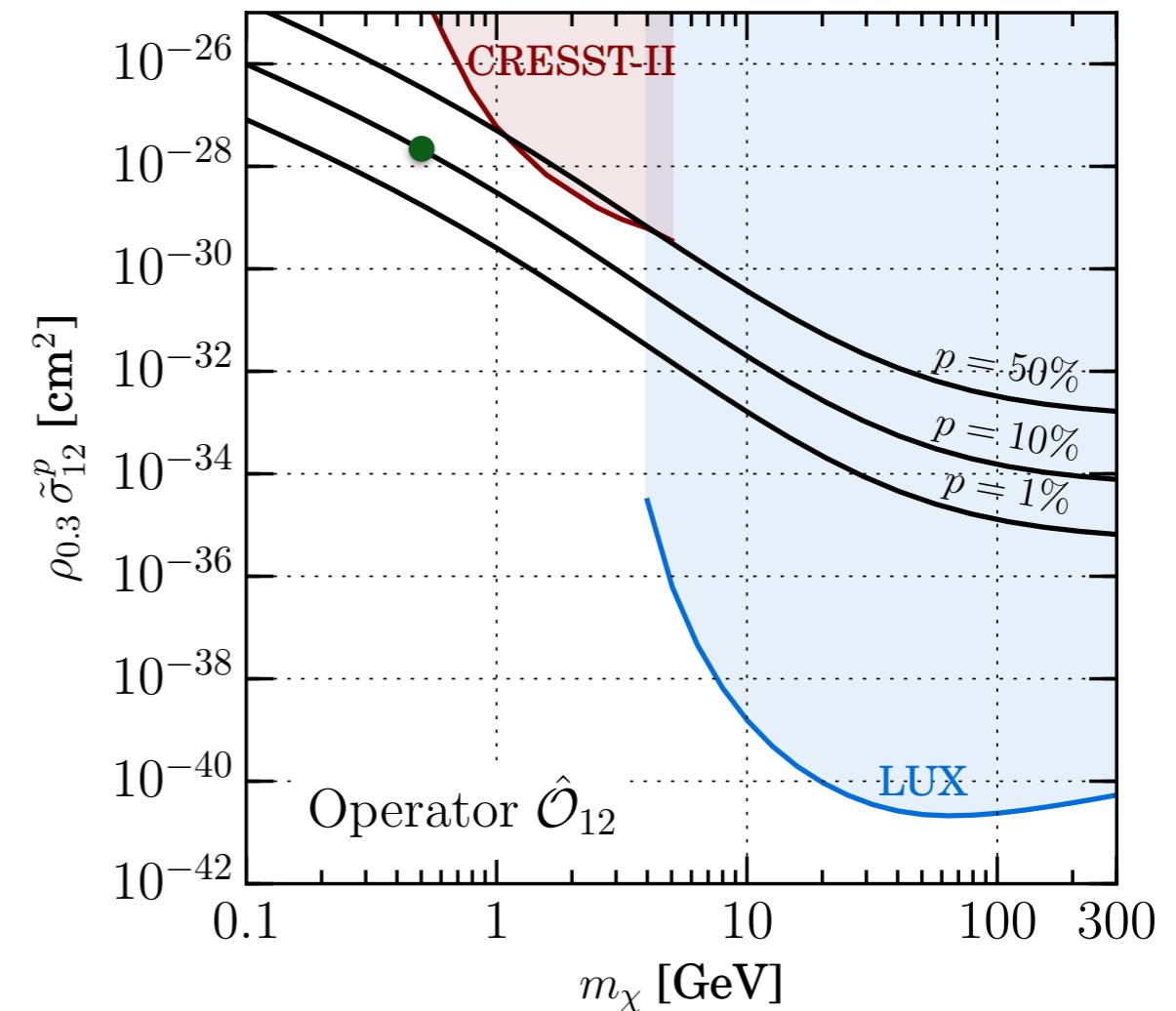
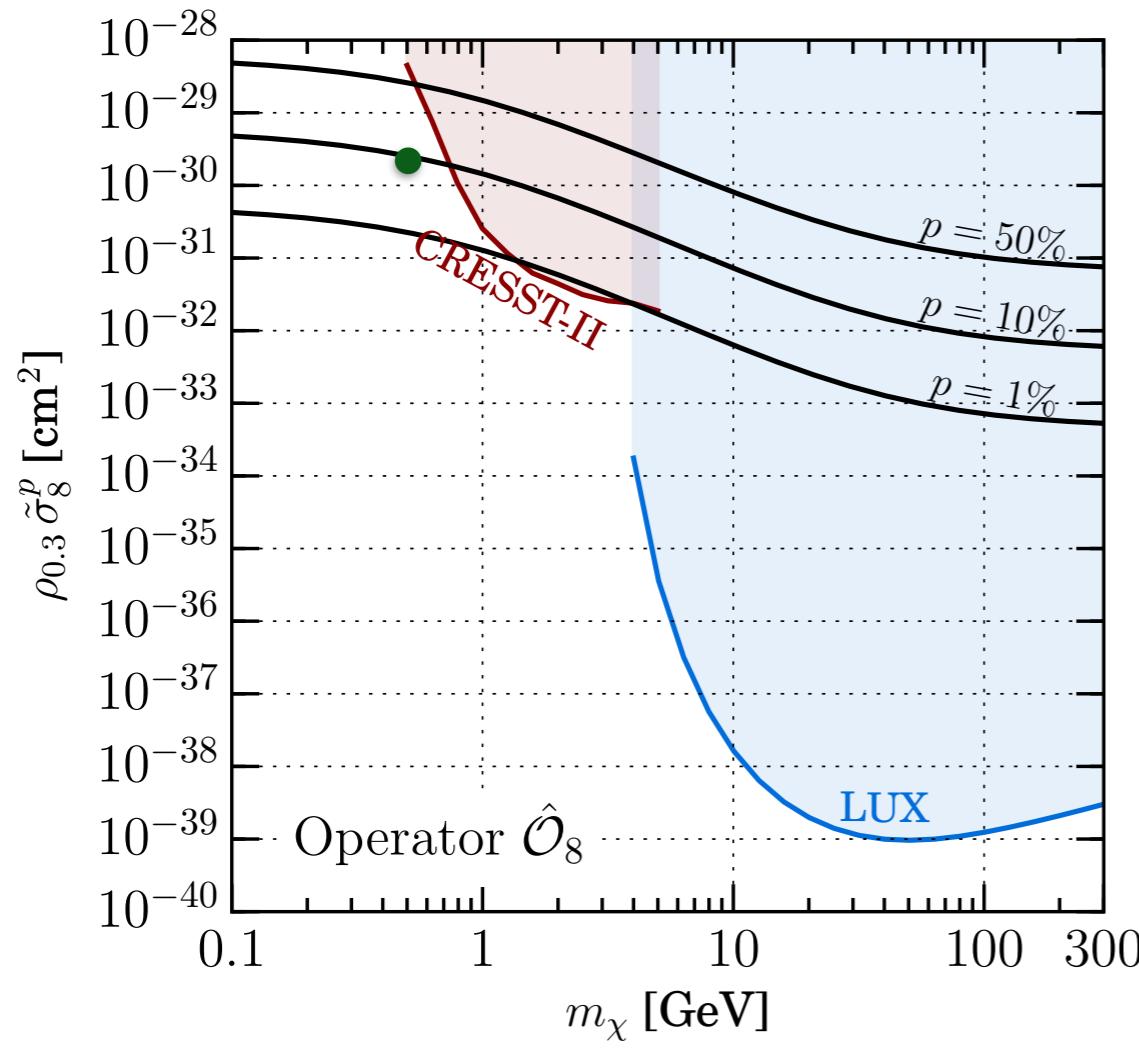
ascl 1611.012

Skip to the good stuff: Animations showing the daily modulation can be viewed in browser on FigShare.
```

Results

Constraints on NREFT operators

Focus on SI operator (O_1), as well as O_8 and O_{12} :

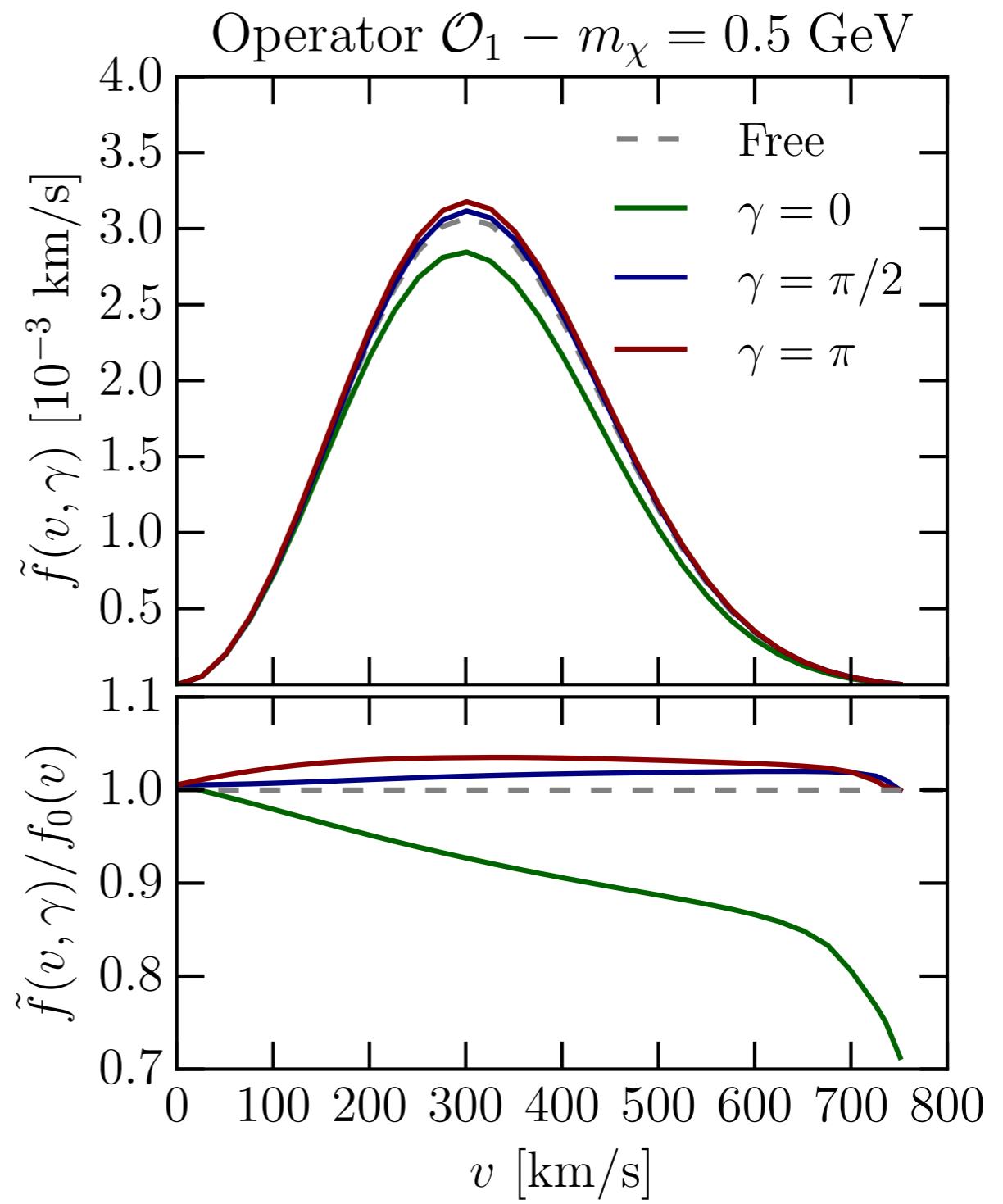
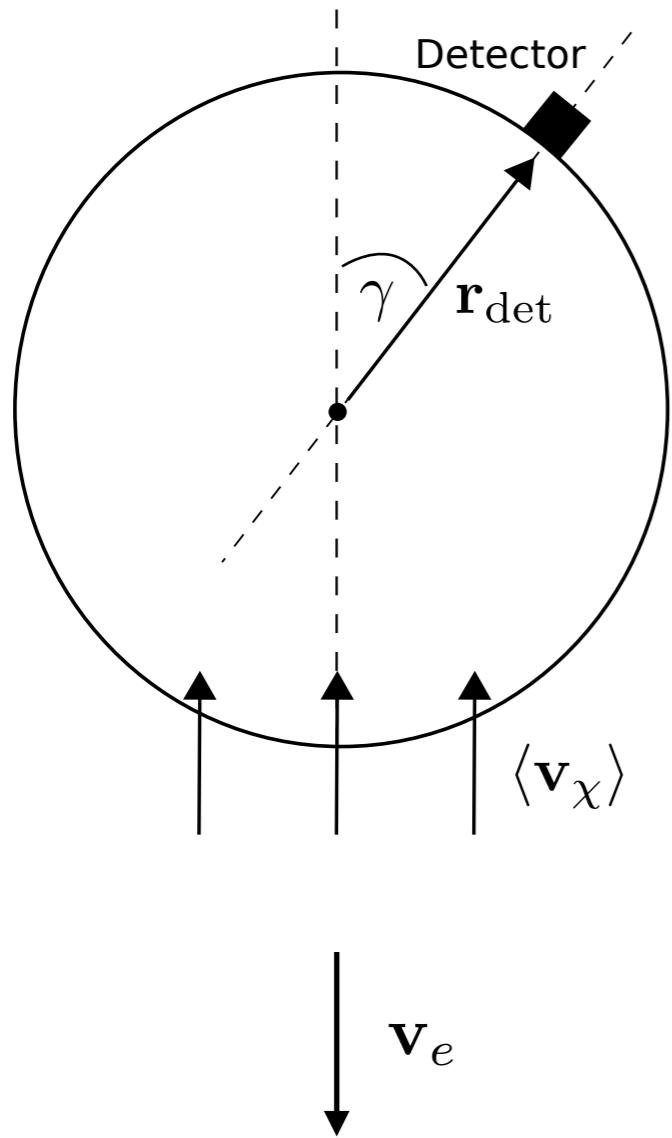


Focus on low mass DM: $m_\chi = 0.5$ GeV

Fix couplings to give 10% probability of scattering

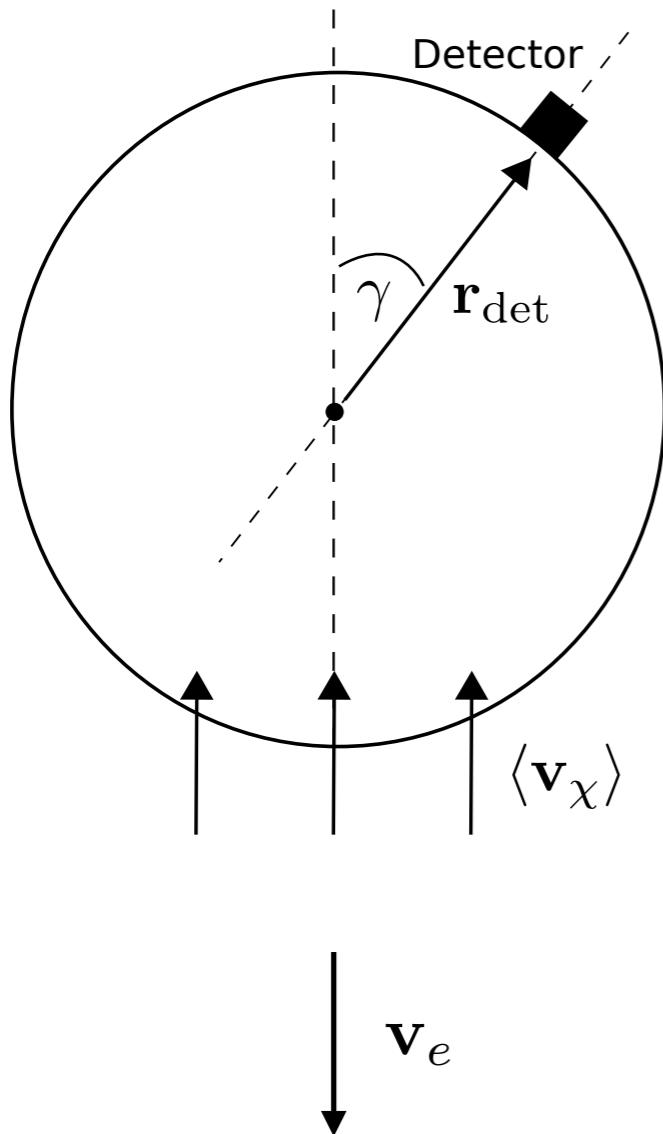
Speed Distribution - Operator 1

Calculate DM speed distribution after Earth scattering: $\tilde{f}(v, \gamma)$

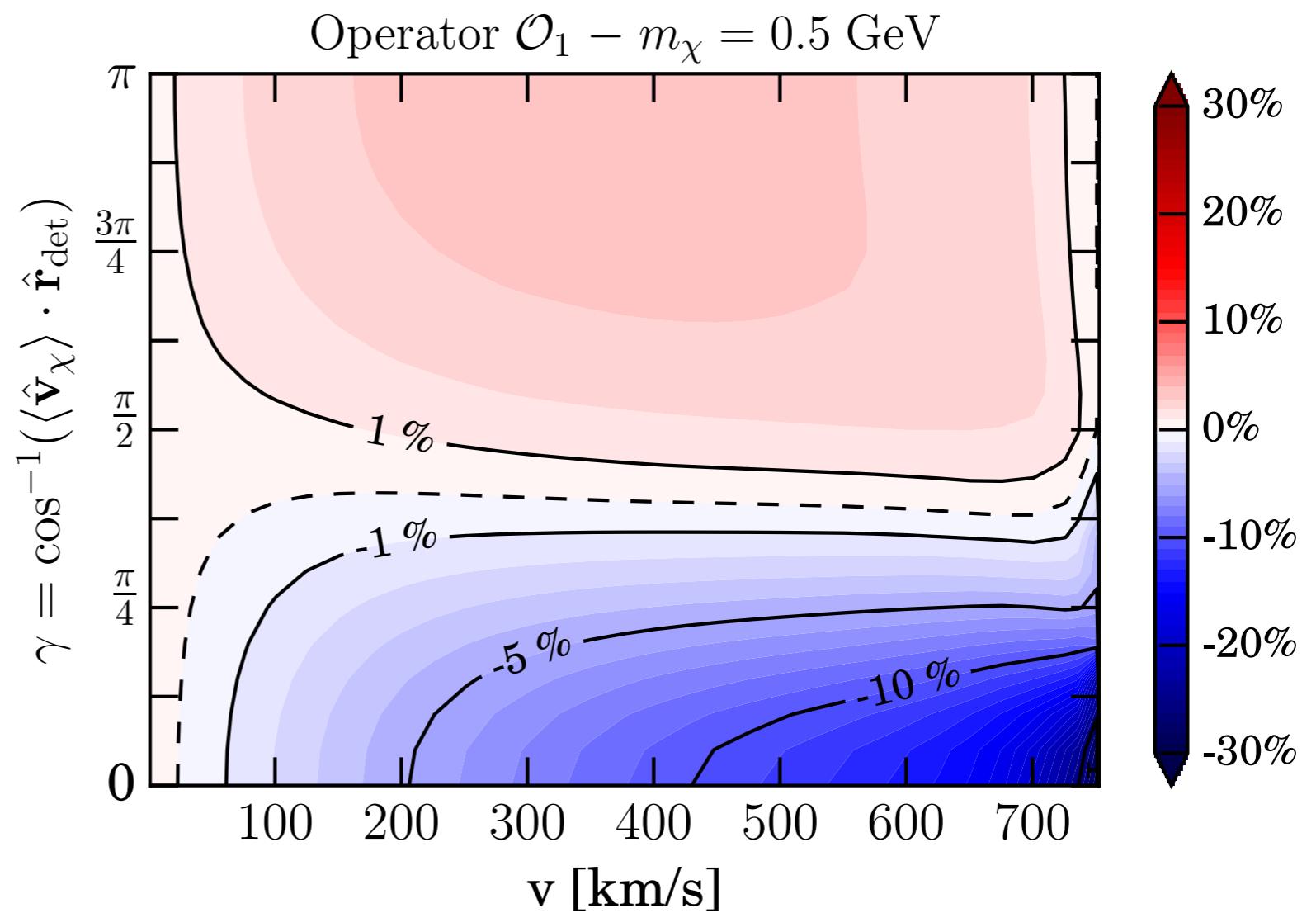


Speed Distribution - Operator 1

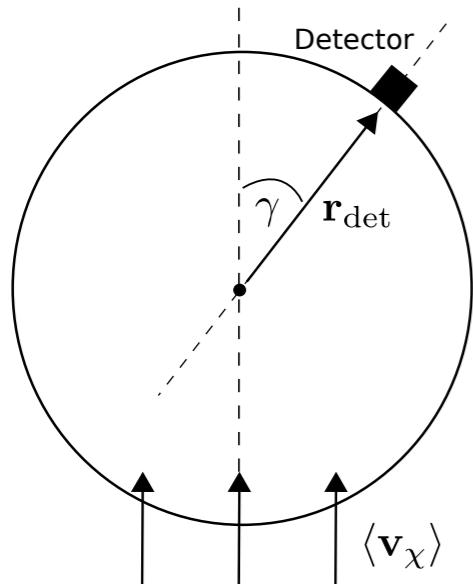
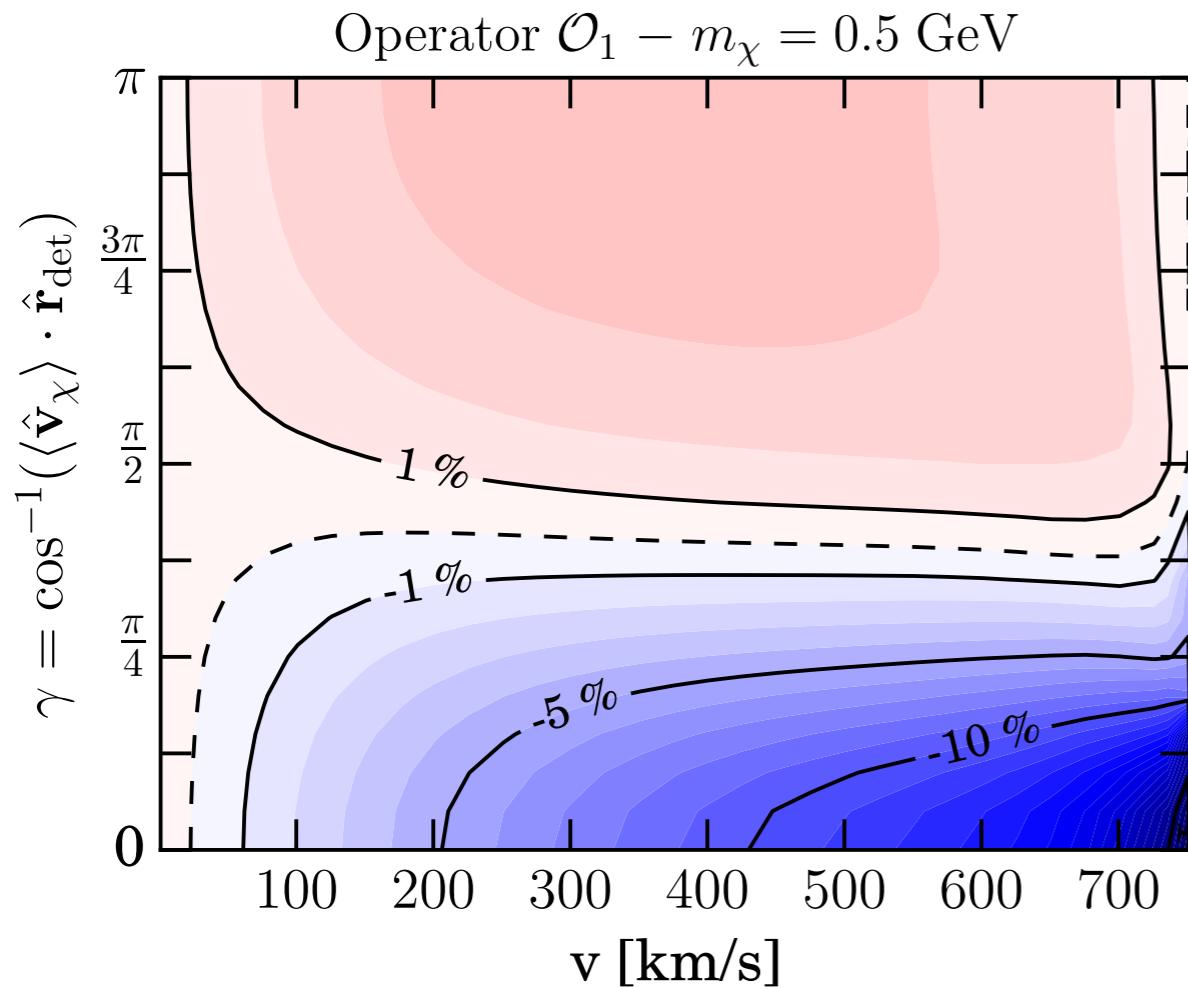
Calculate DM speed distribution after Earth scattering: $\tilde{f}(v, \gamma)$



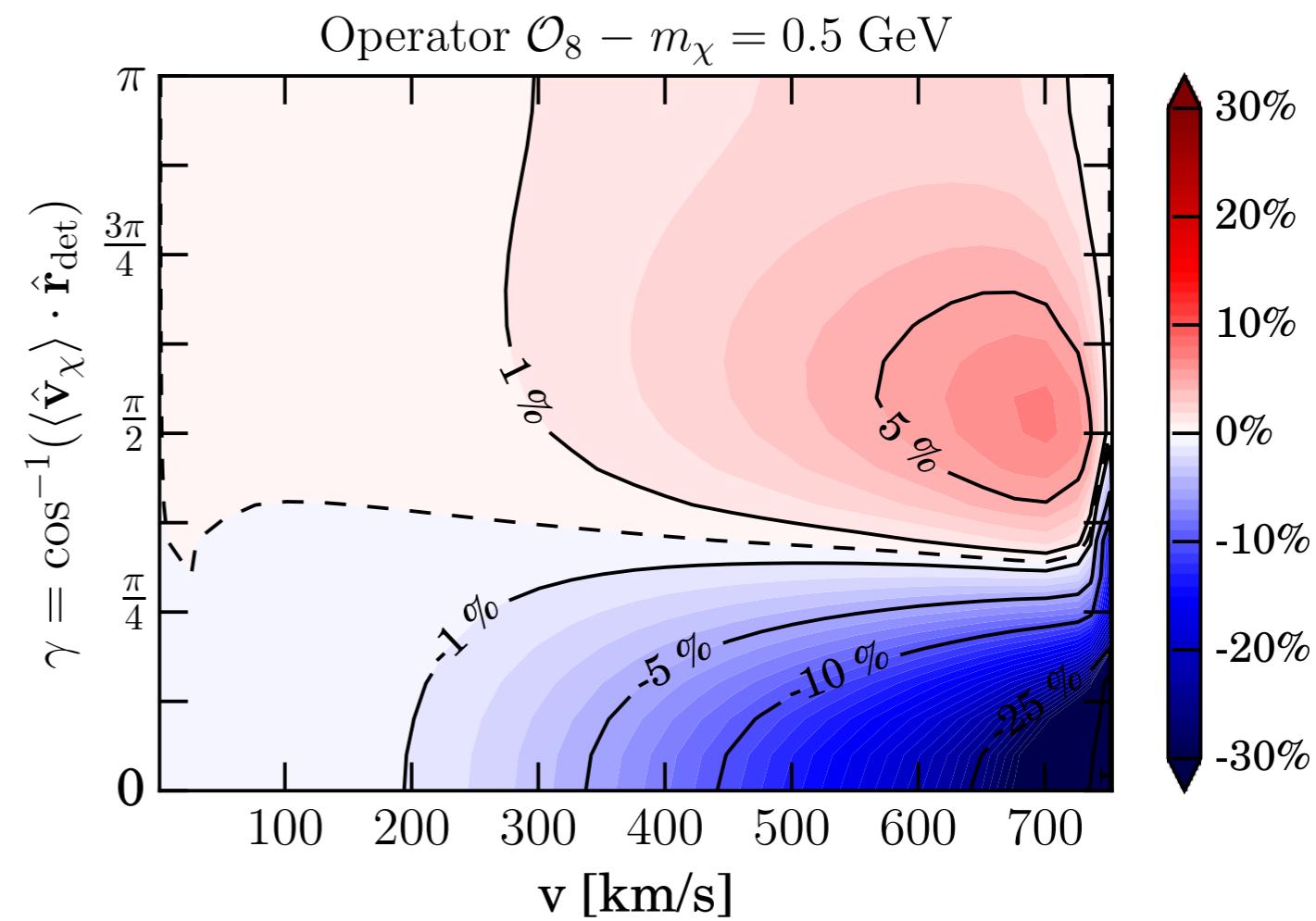
Percentage change in speed dist.



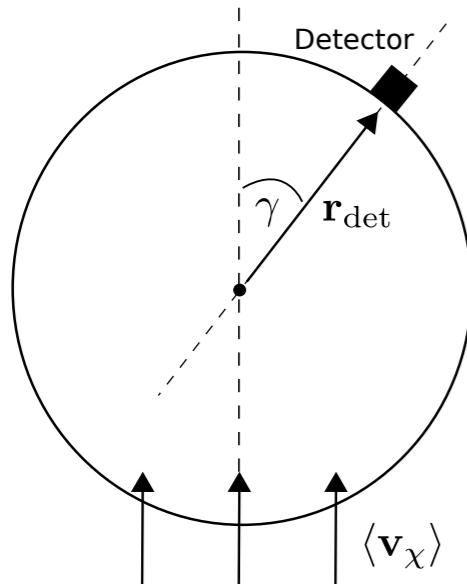
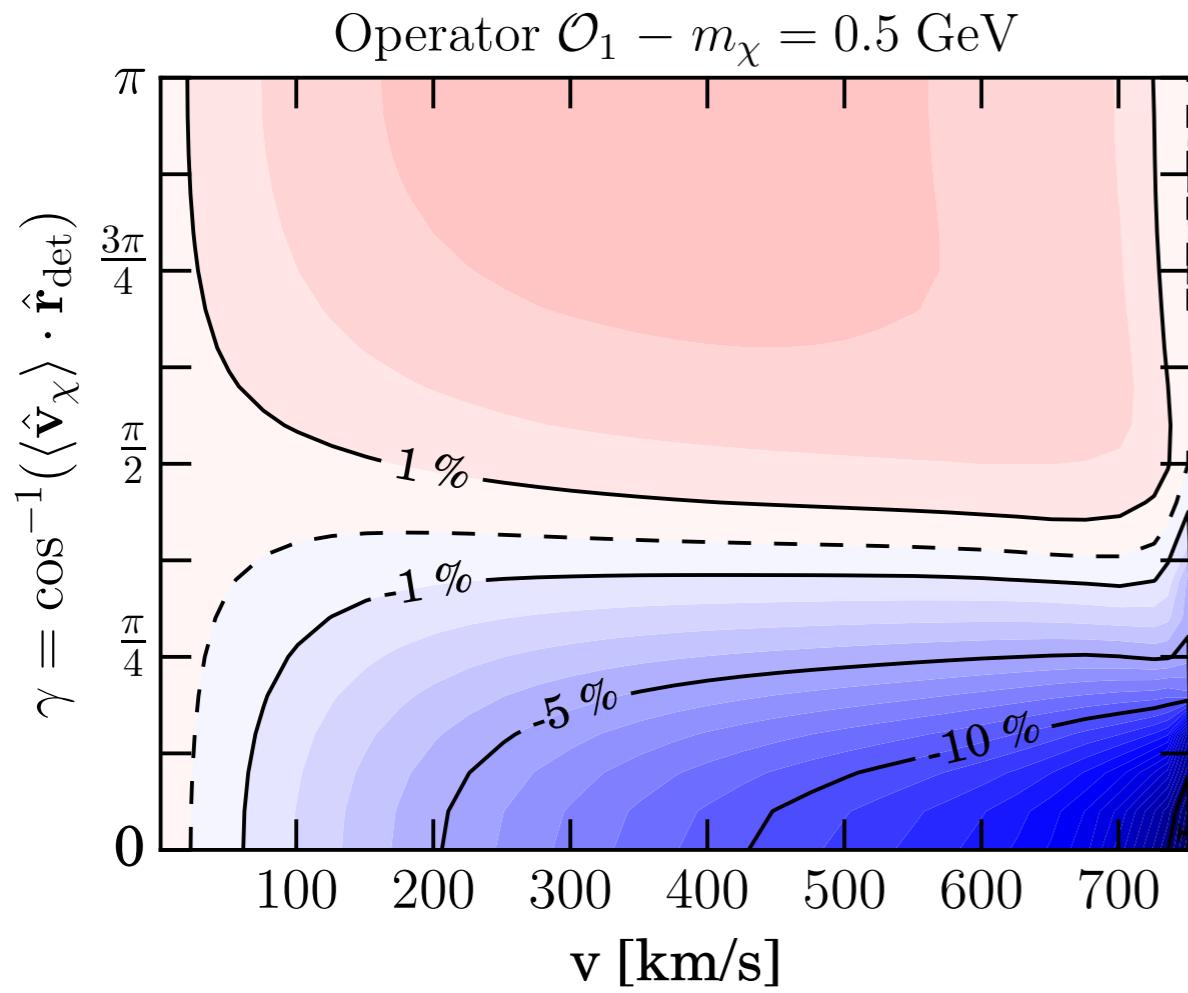
Speed Distribution - O_1 vs O_8



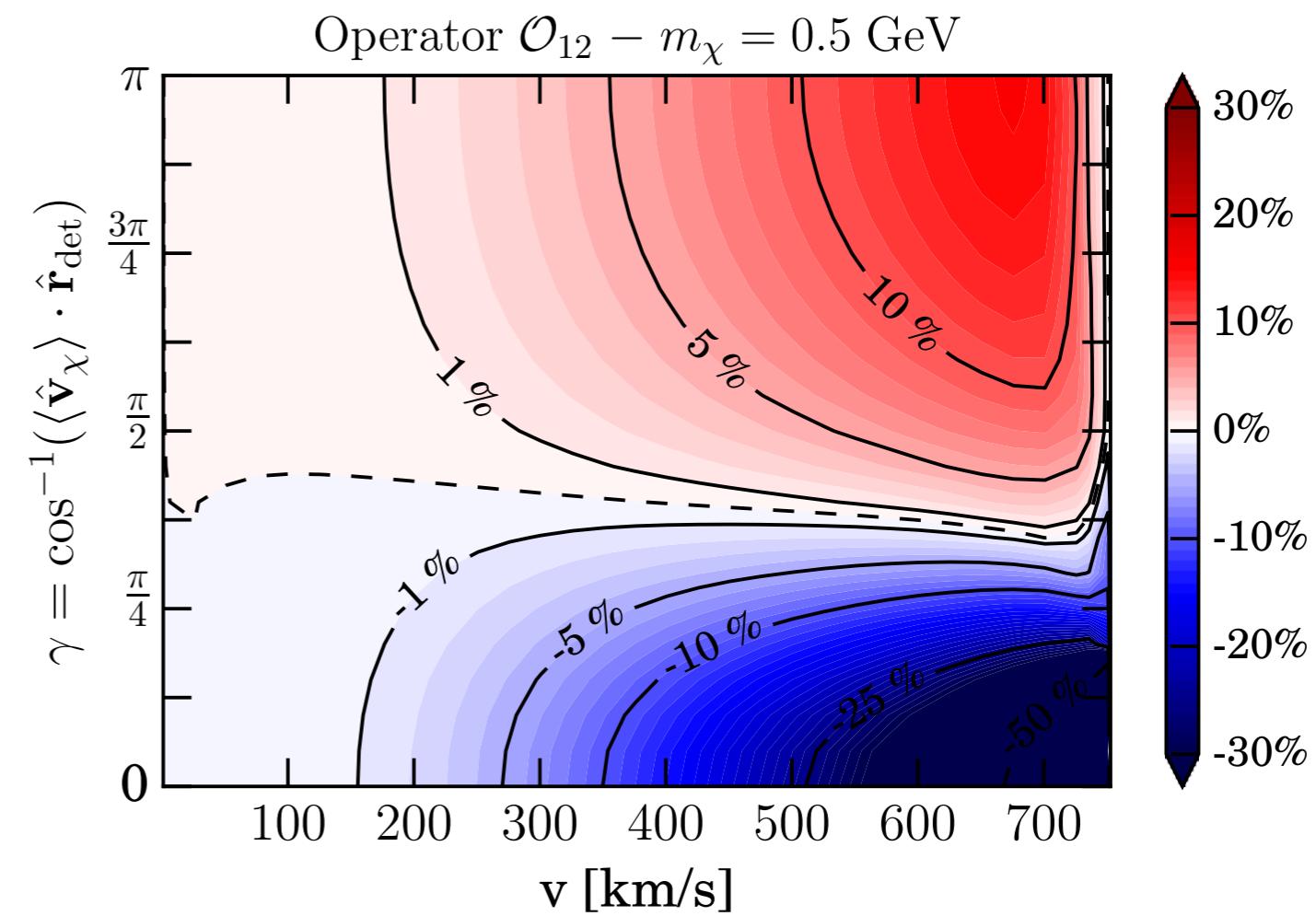
Operator 8 -
preferentially *forward* deflection



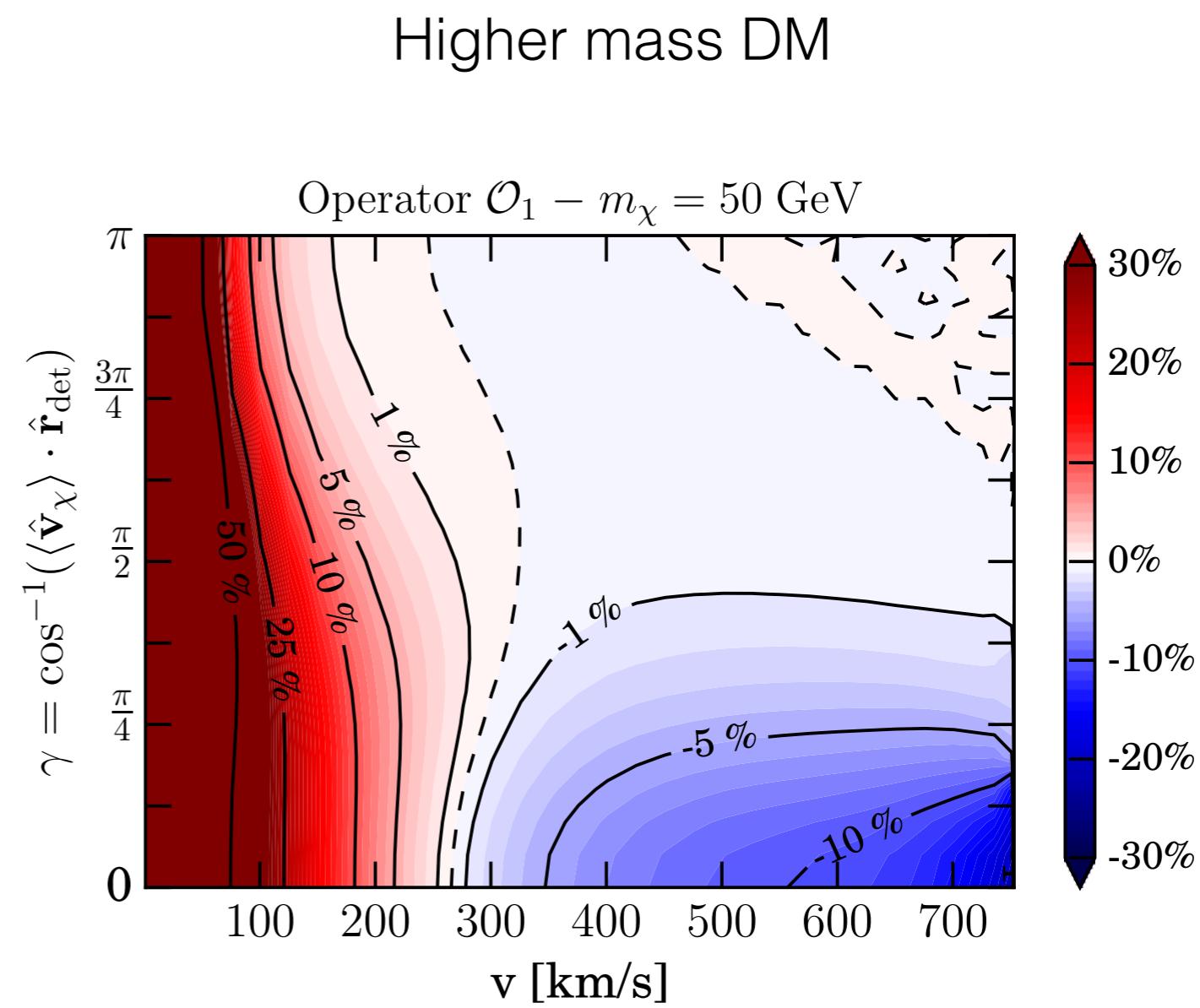
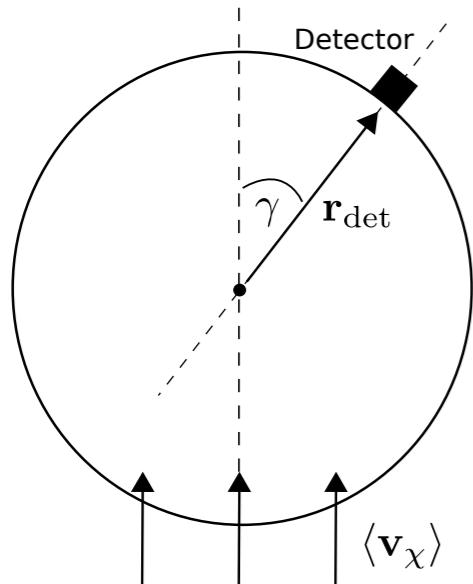
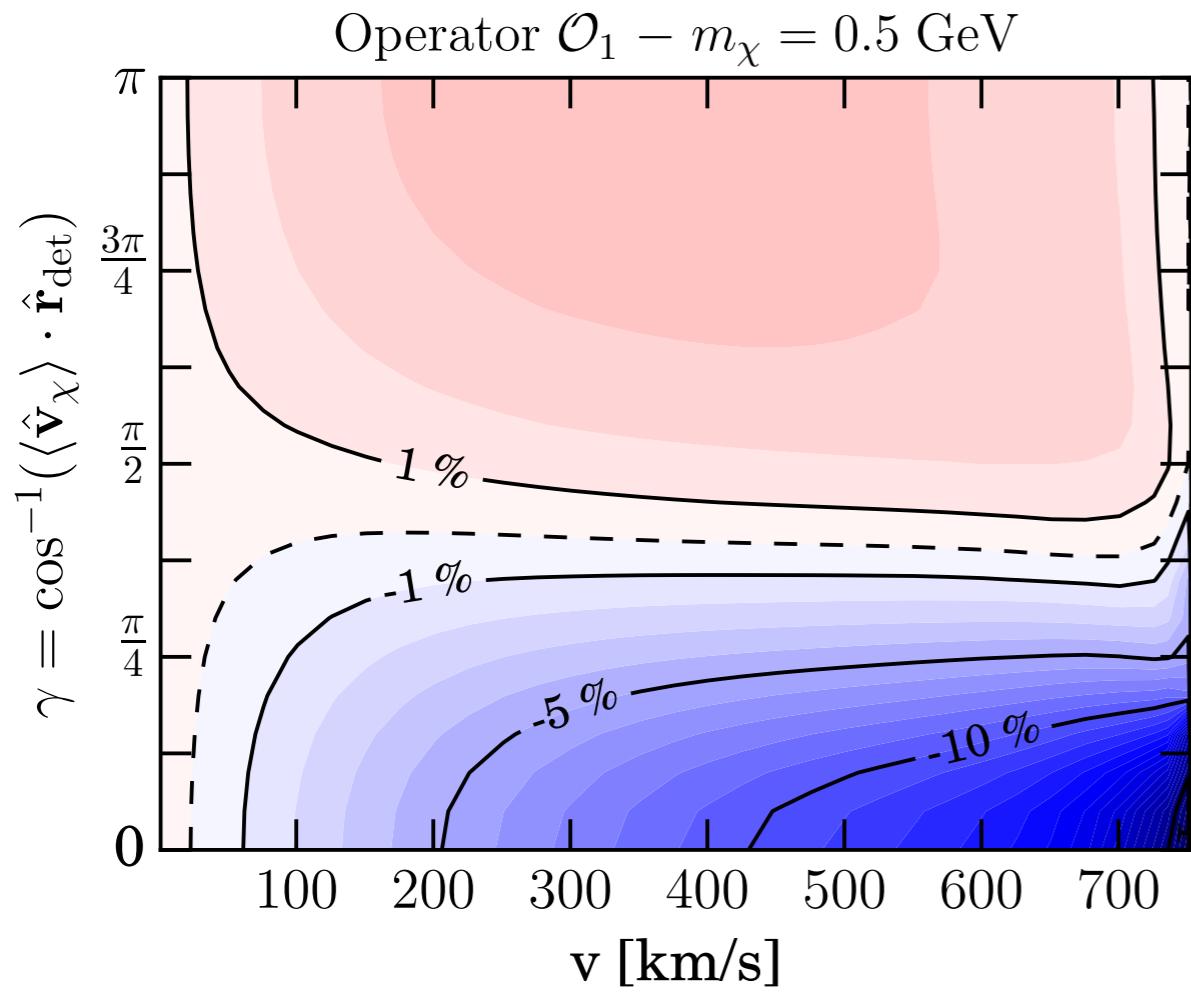
Speed Distribution - O_1 vs O_{12}



Operator 12 -
preferentially *backward* deflection



Low mass vs High mass



Sanity check

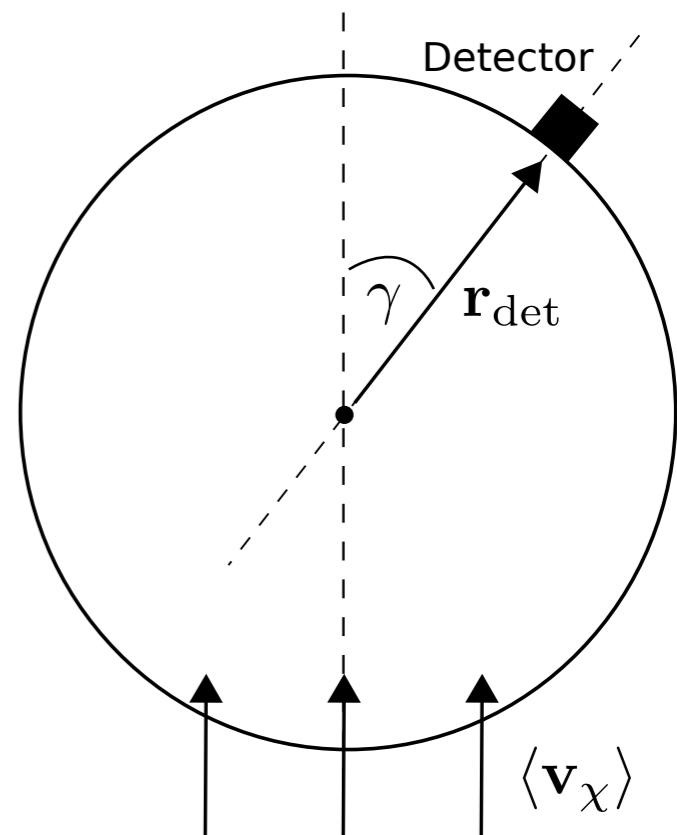
Compare rate of DM particles entering the Earth...

$$\Gamma_{\text{in}} = \pi R_{\oplus} \langle v \rangle$$

...and rate of DM particle leaving the Earth...

$$\Gamma_{\text{out}} = \int_{\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{r} > 0} d^2 \mathbf{r} \int d^3 \mathbf{v} \tilde{f}(\mathbf{v}, \mathbf{r}) (\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{r})$$

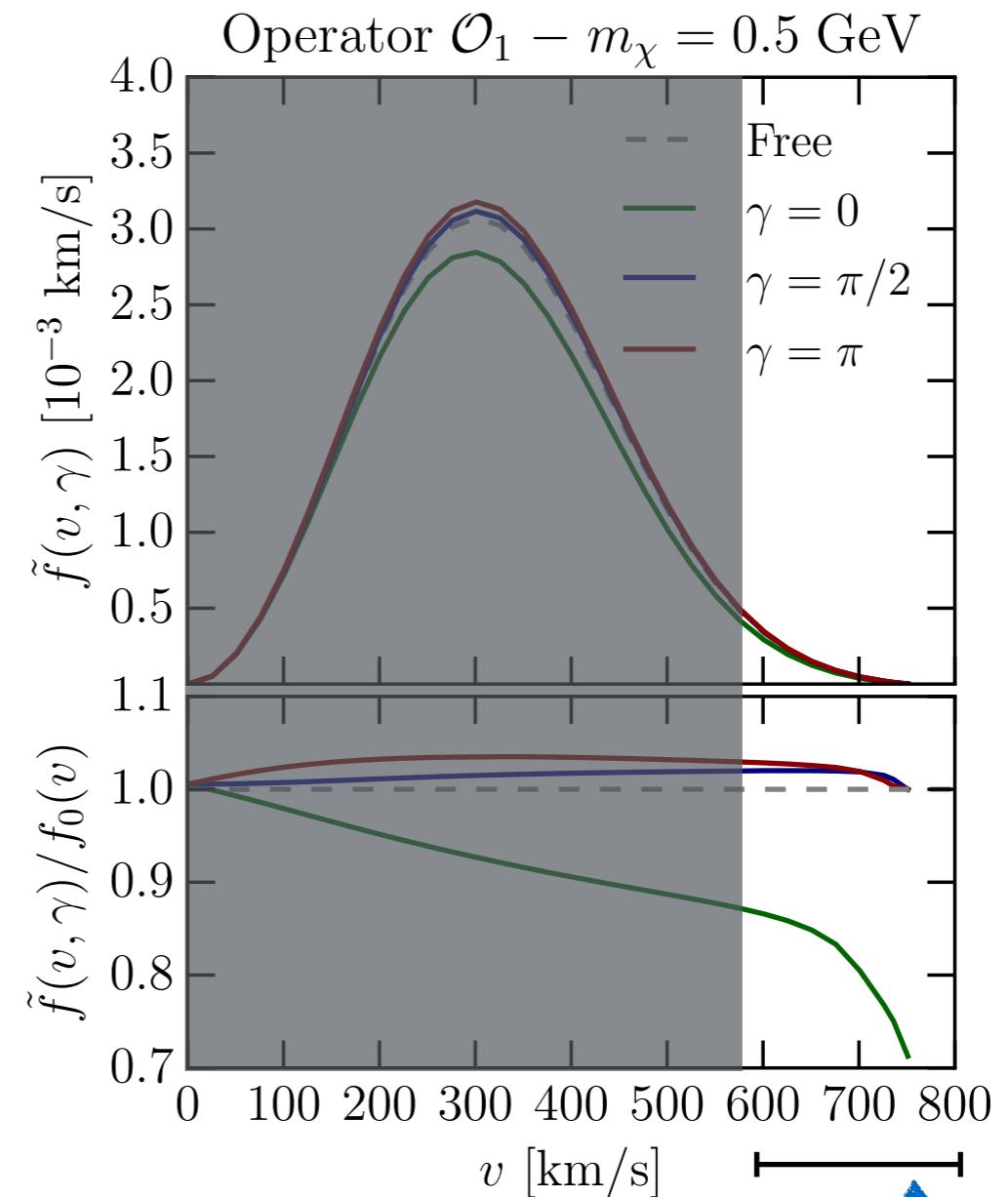
DM mass [GeV]	Operator	$\Delta \Gamma_{\text{out}}^{\text{Atten.}} / \Gamma_{\text{in}}$	$\Delta \Gamma_{\text{out}}^{\text{Defl.}} / \Gamma_{\text{in}}$	$\Gamma_{\text{out}} / \Gamma_{\text{in}}$
0.5	\hat{O}_1	-7.8%	+7.0%	99.2%
0.5	\hat{O}_8	-8.0%	+7.3%	99.2%
0.5	\hat{O}_{12}	-7.8%	+7.2%	99.4%
50	\hat{O}_1	-7.5%	+7.3%	99.9%
50	\hat{O}_8	-8.0%	+8.4%	100.4%
50	\hat{O}_{12}	-7.3%	+6.6%	99.3%



Event Rate

Calculate number of signal events in a CRESST-II like experiment, with and without the effects of Earth-Scattering, N_{pert} and N_{free} .

Scattering predominantly with Oxygen and Calcium.



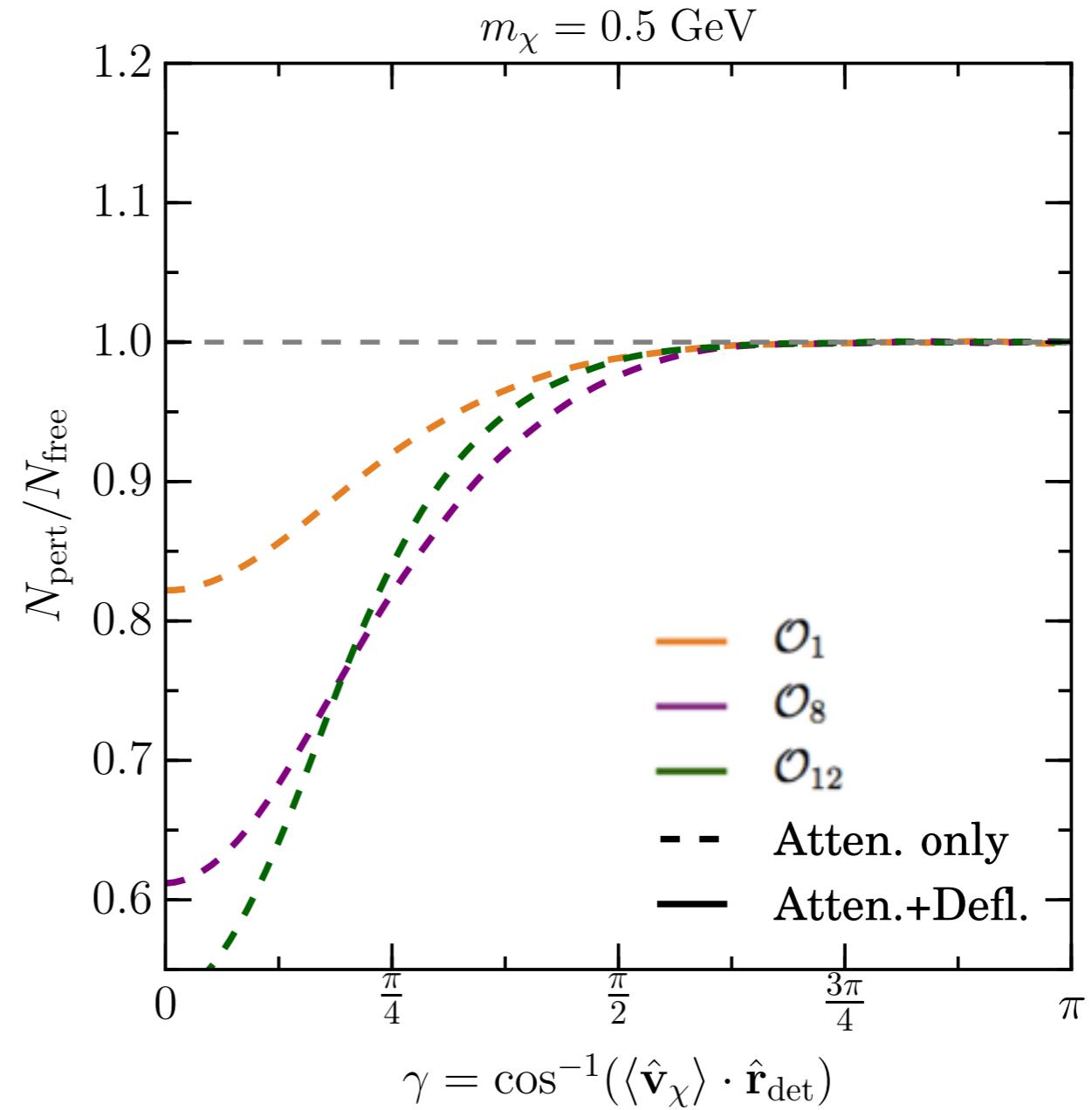
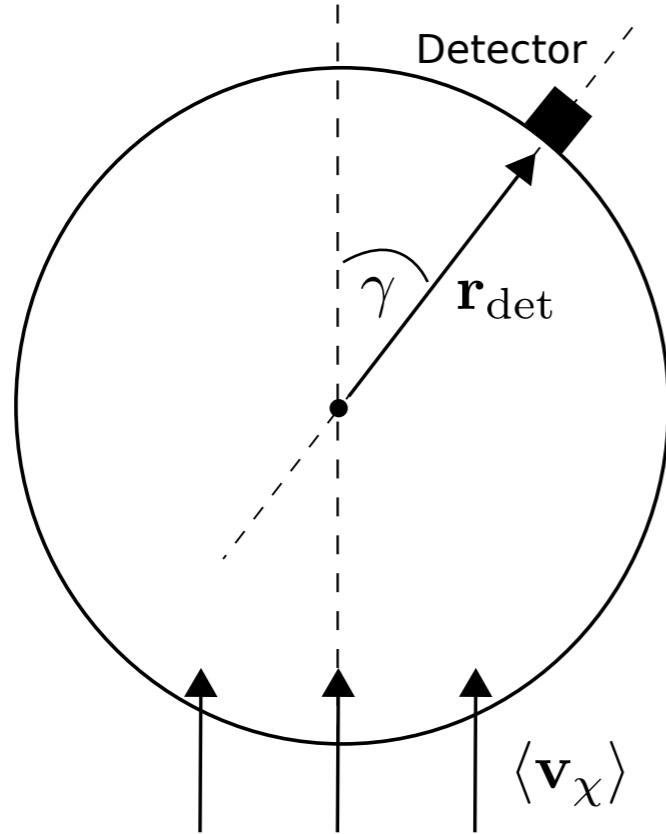
DM particles within $3\sigma_E$ of the energy threshold
 $E_{\text{th}} \sim 300 \text{ eV}$

CRESST-II Rate (attenuation-only)

Operator 1 - isotropic deflection

Operator 8 - forward deflection

Operator 12 - backward deflection

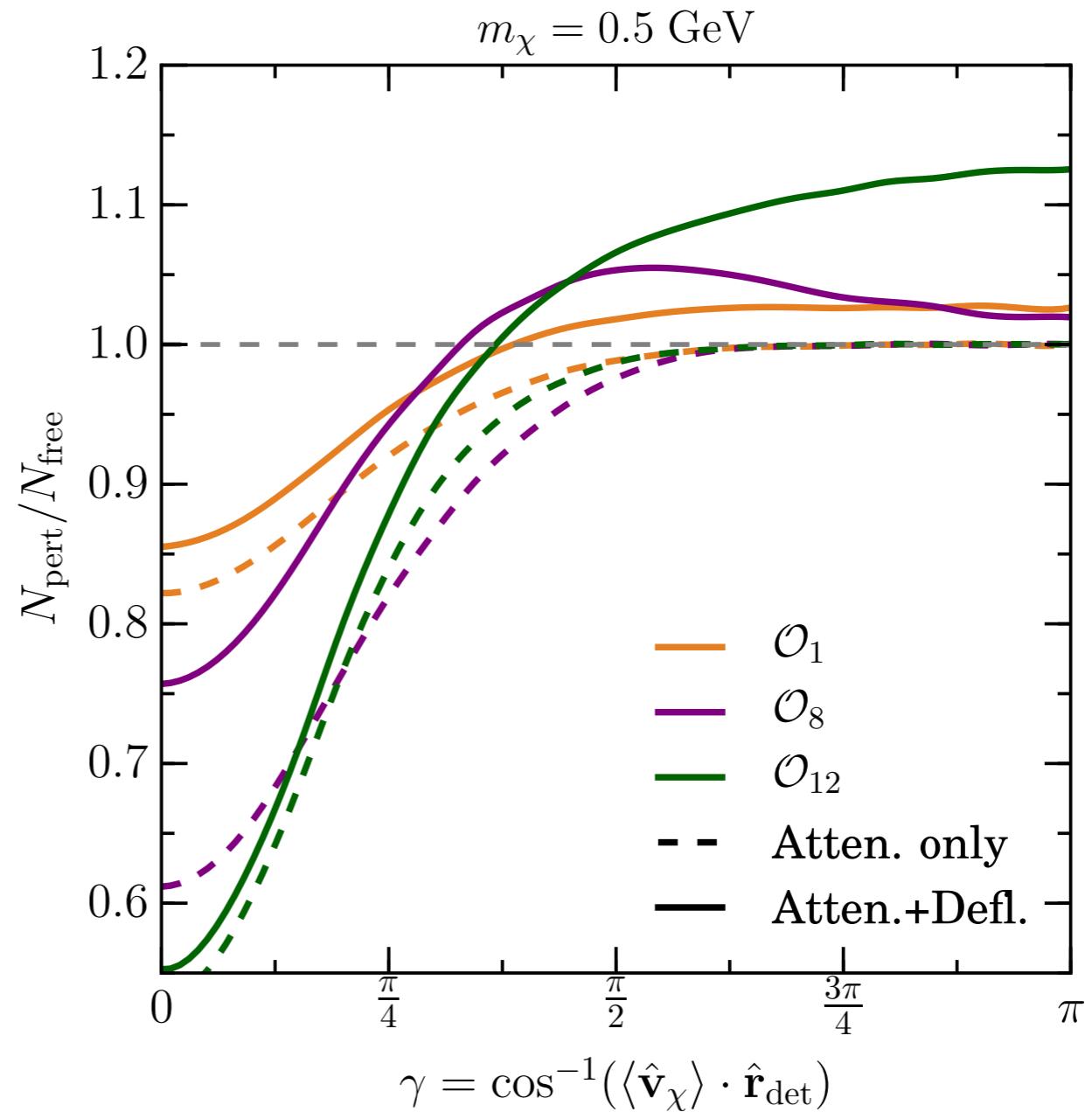
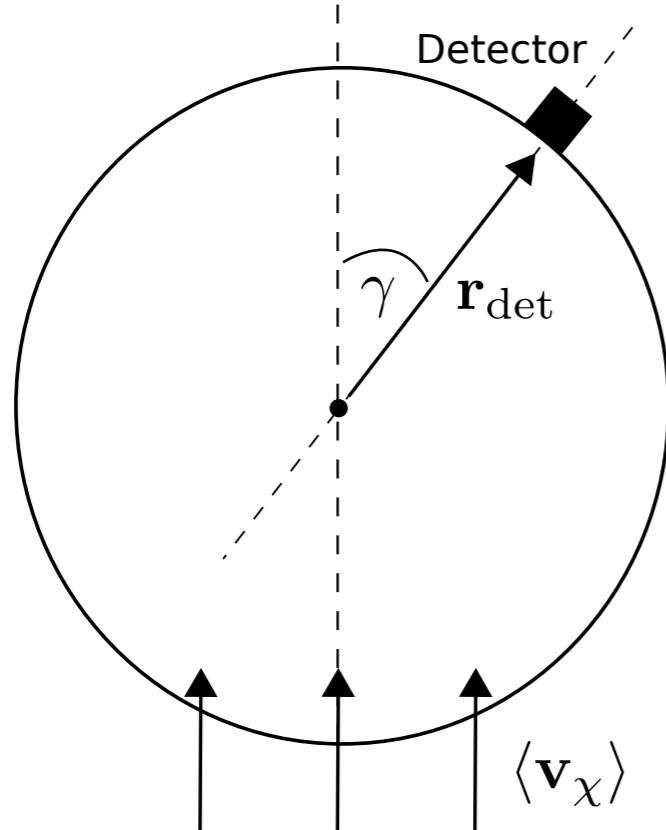


CRESST-II Rate (attenuation + deflection)

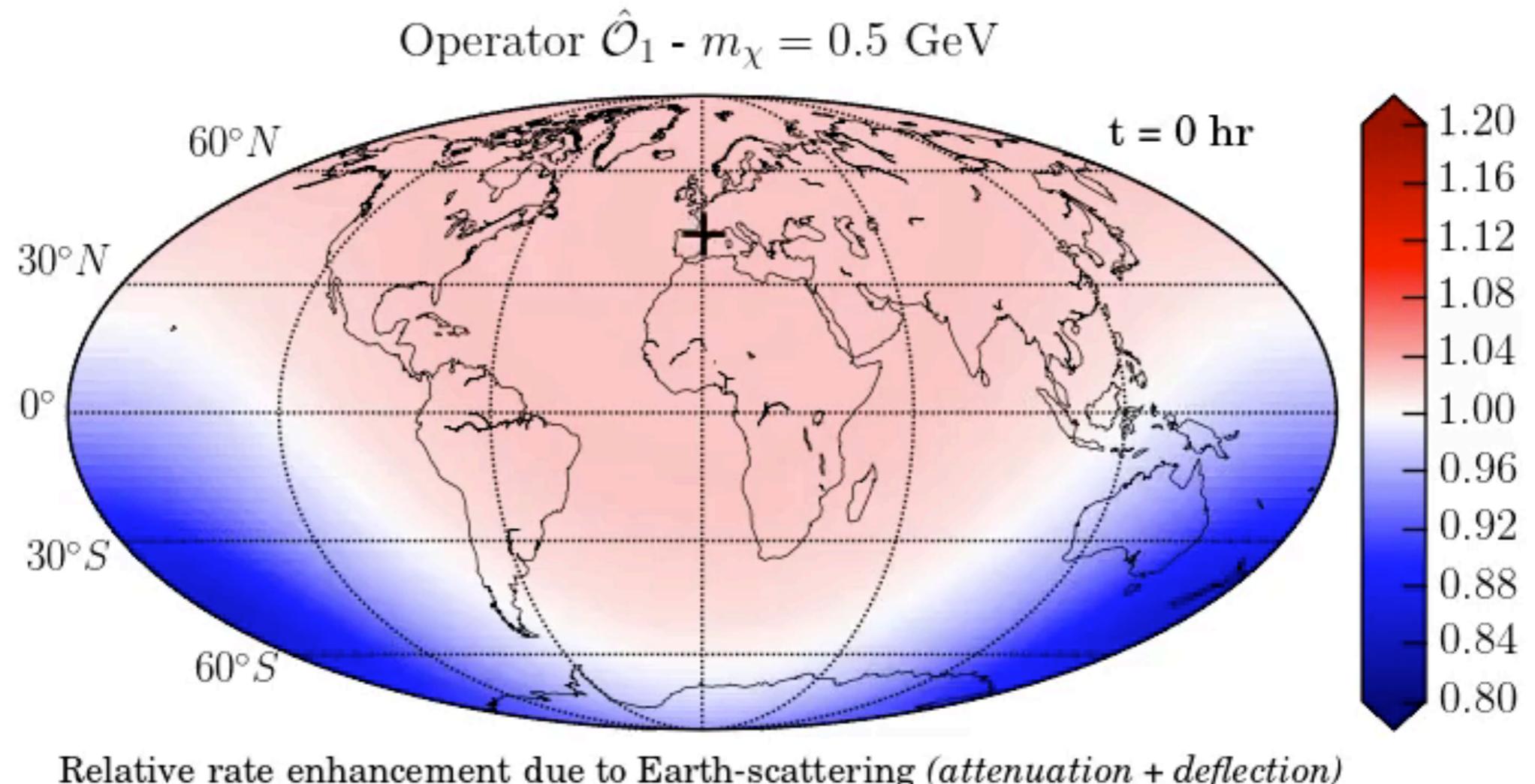
Operator 1 - isotropic deflection

Operator 8 - forward deflection

Operator 12 - backward deflection

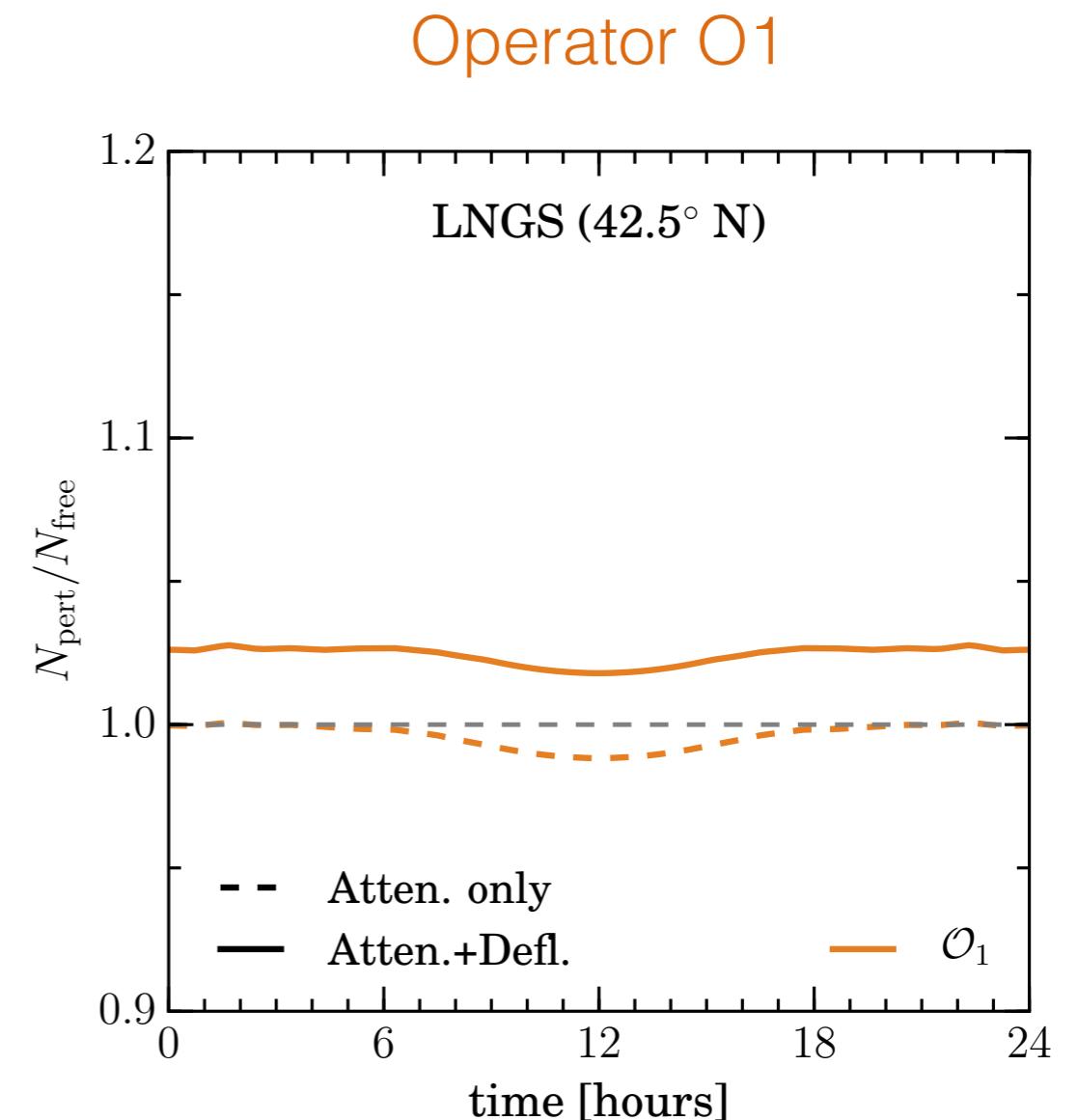
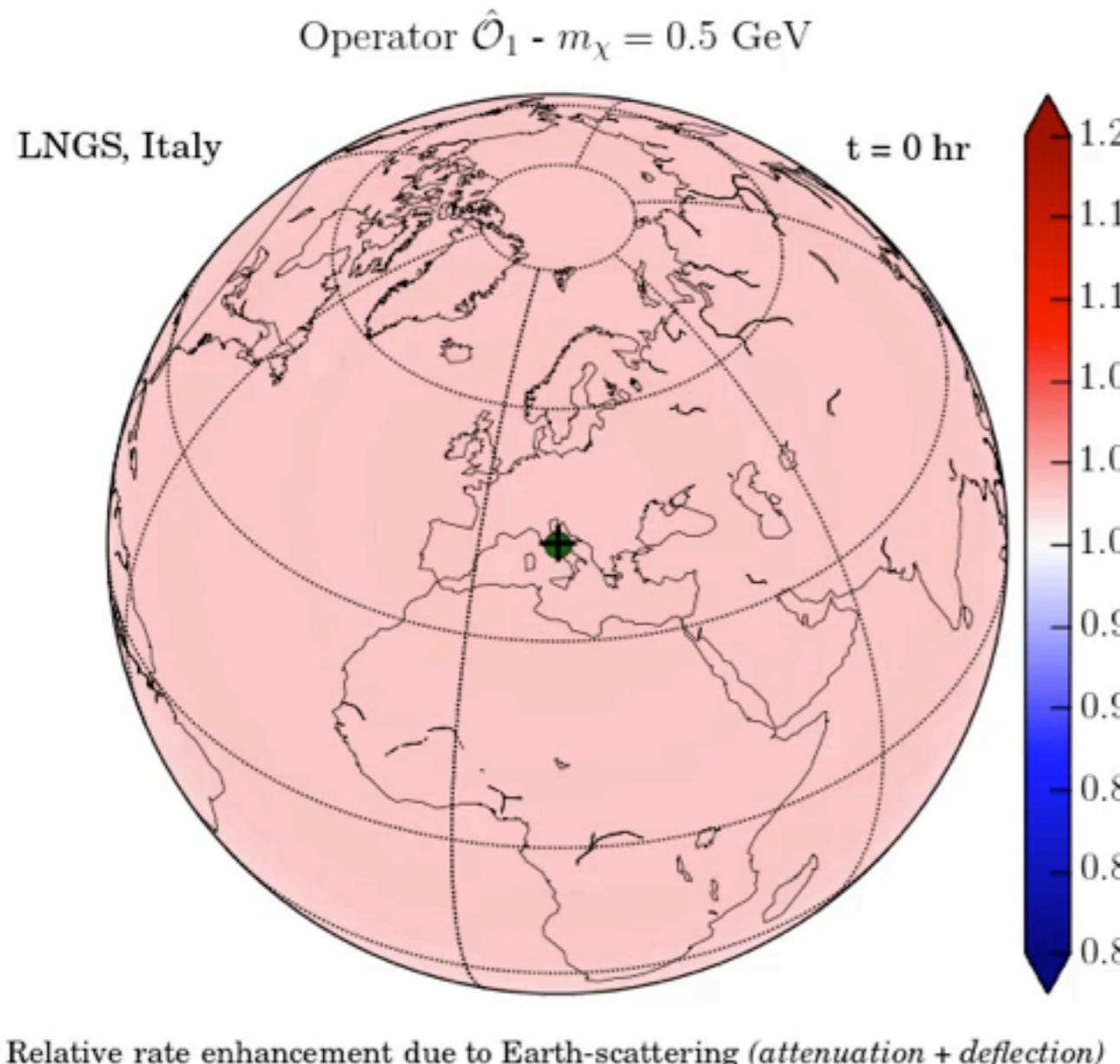


Mapping the CRESST-II Rate



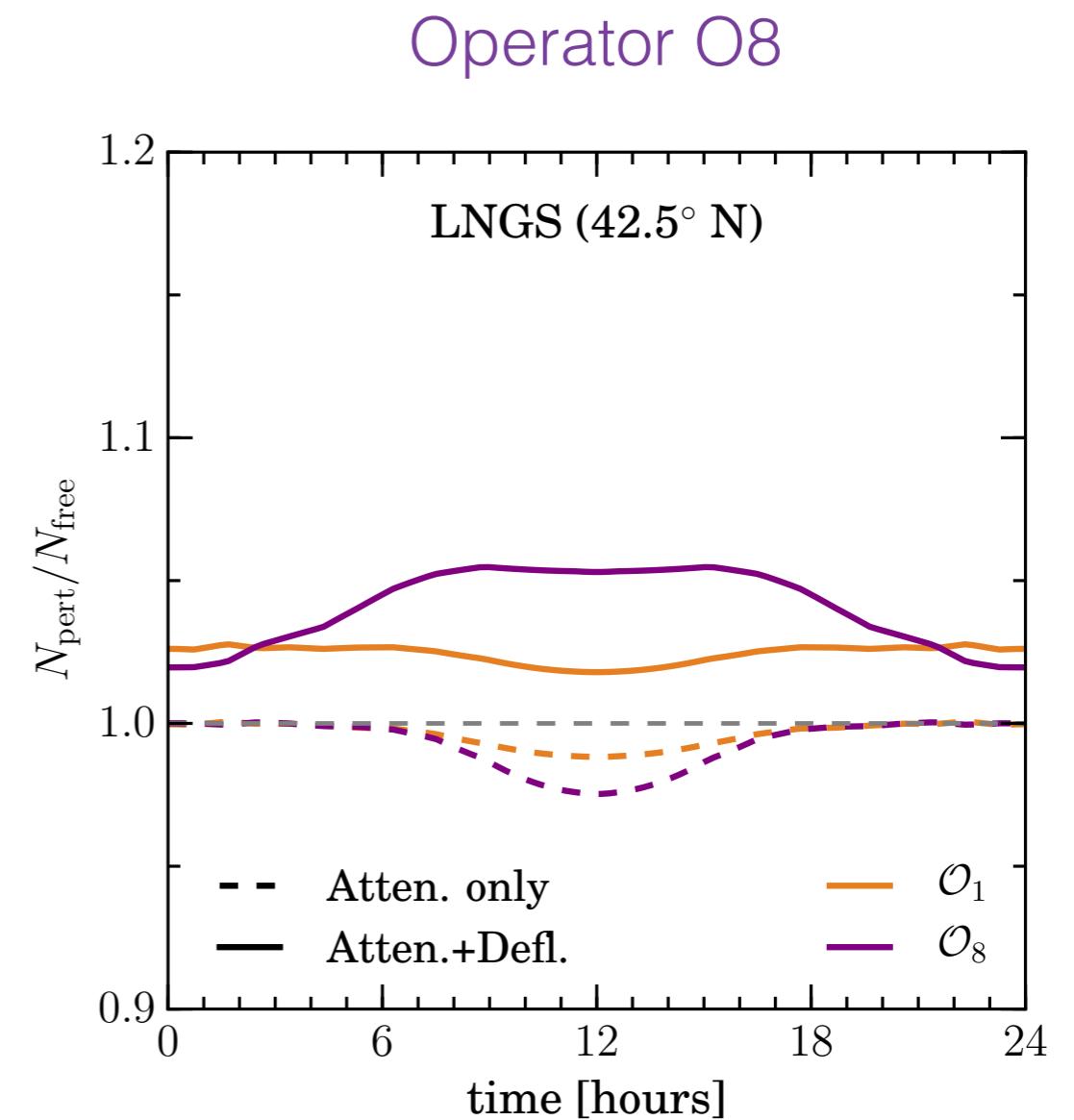
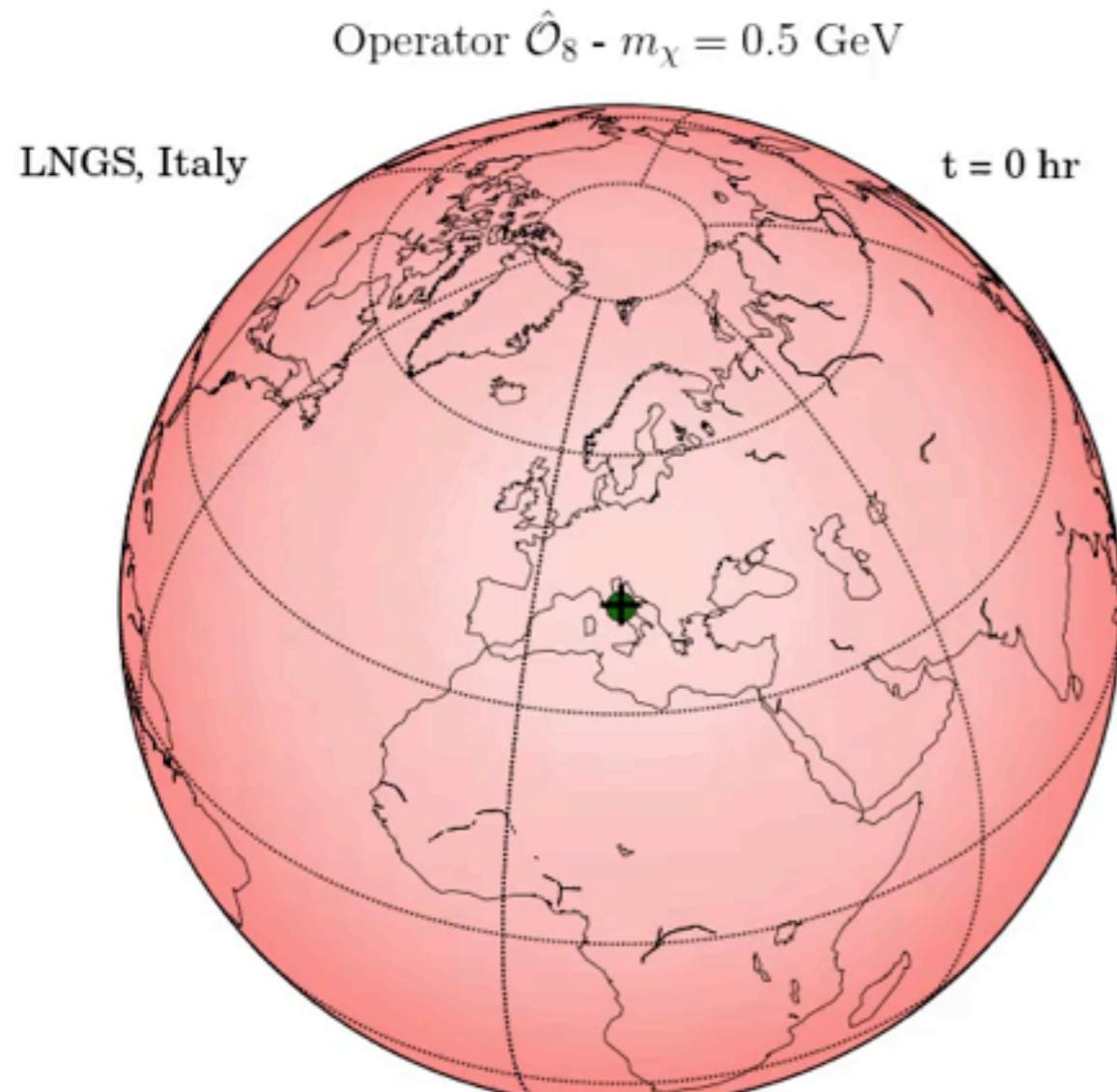
LNGS - Operator 1

LNGS - Gran Sasso Lab, Italy



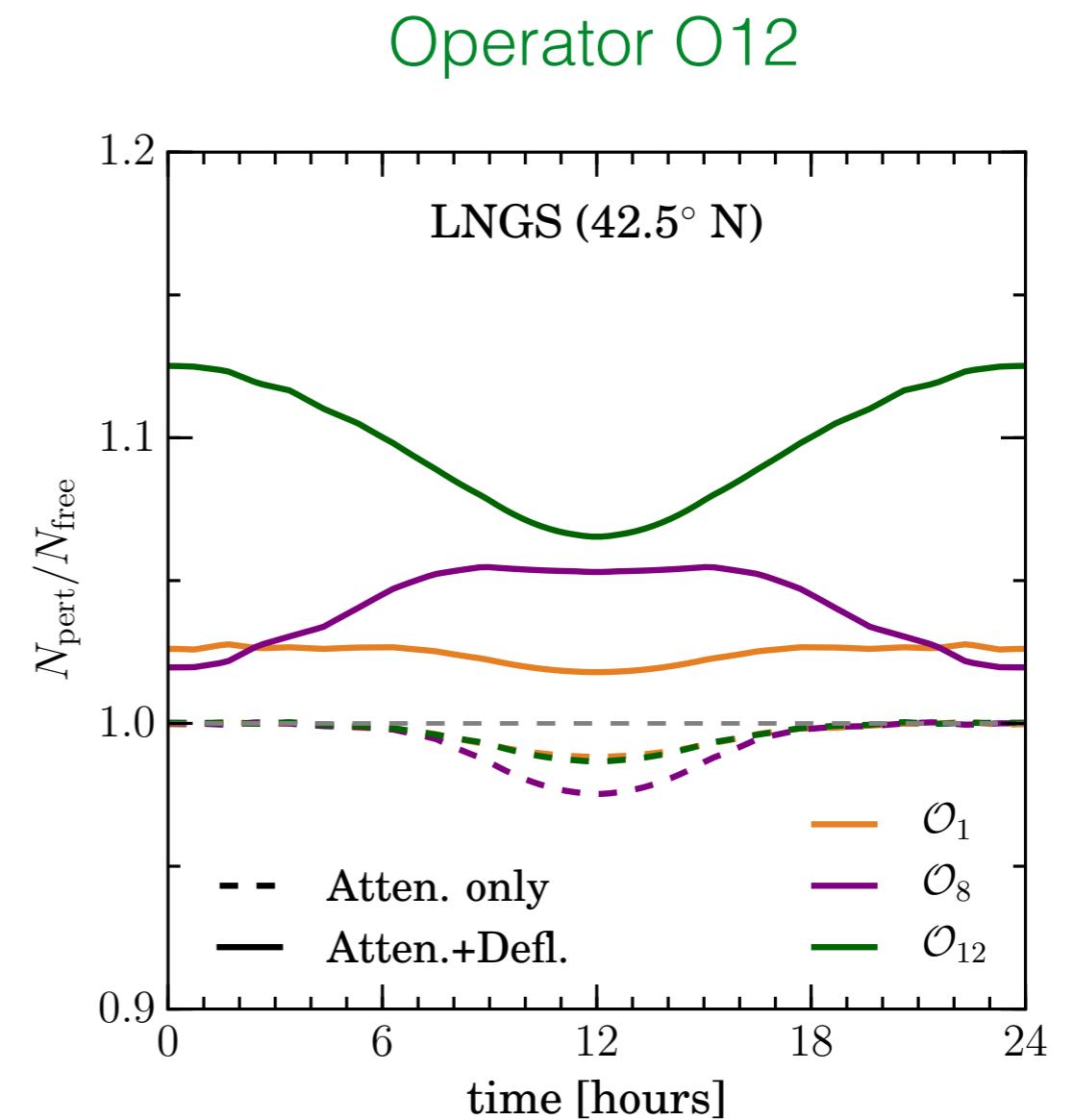
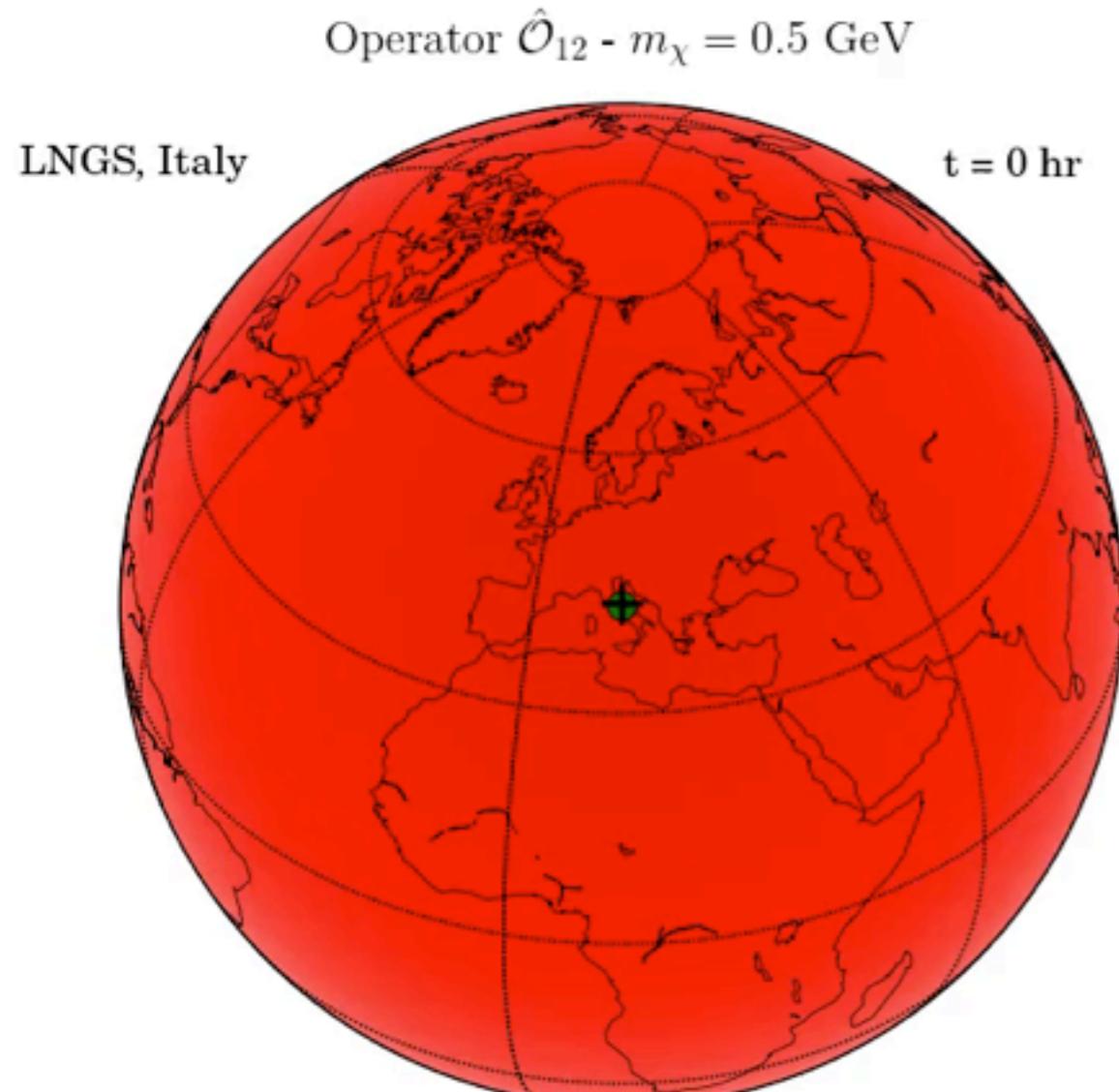
LNGS - Operator 8

LNGS - Gran Sasso Lab, Italy



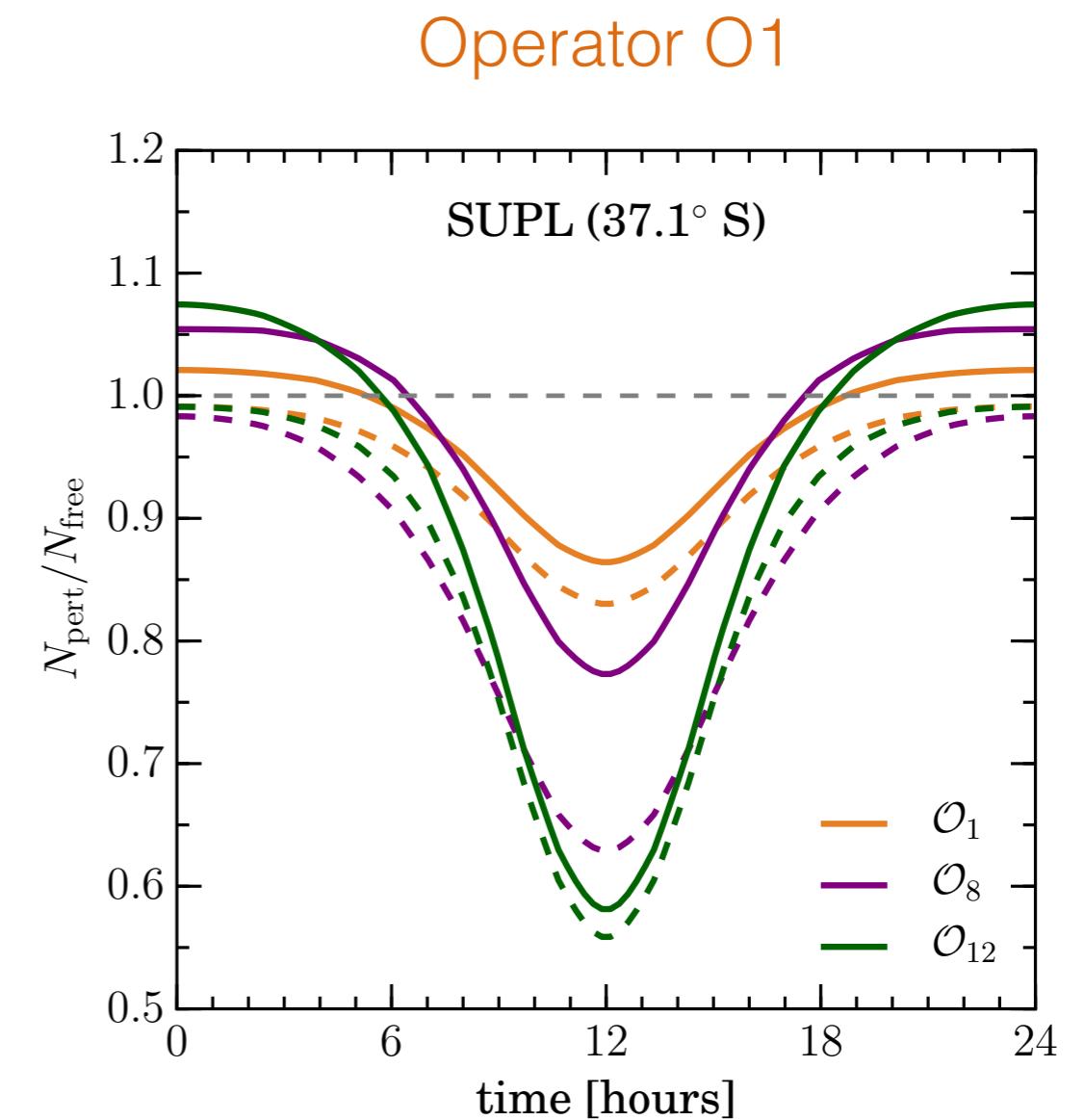
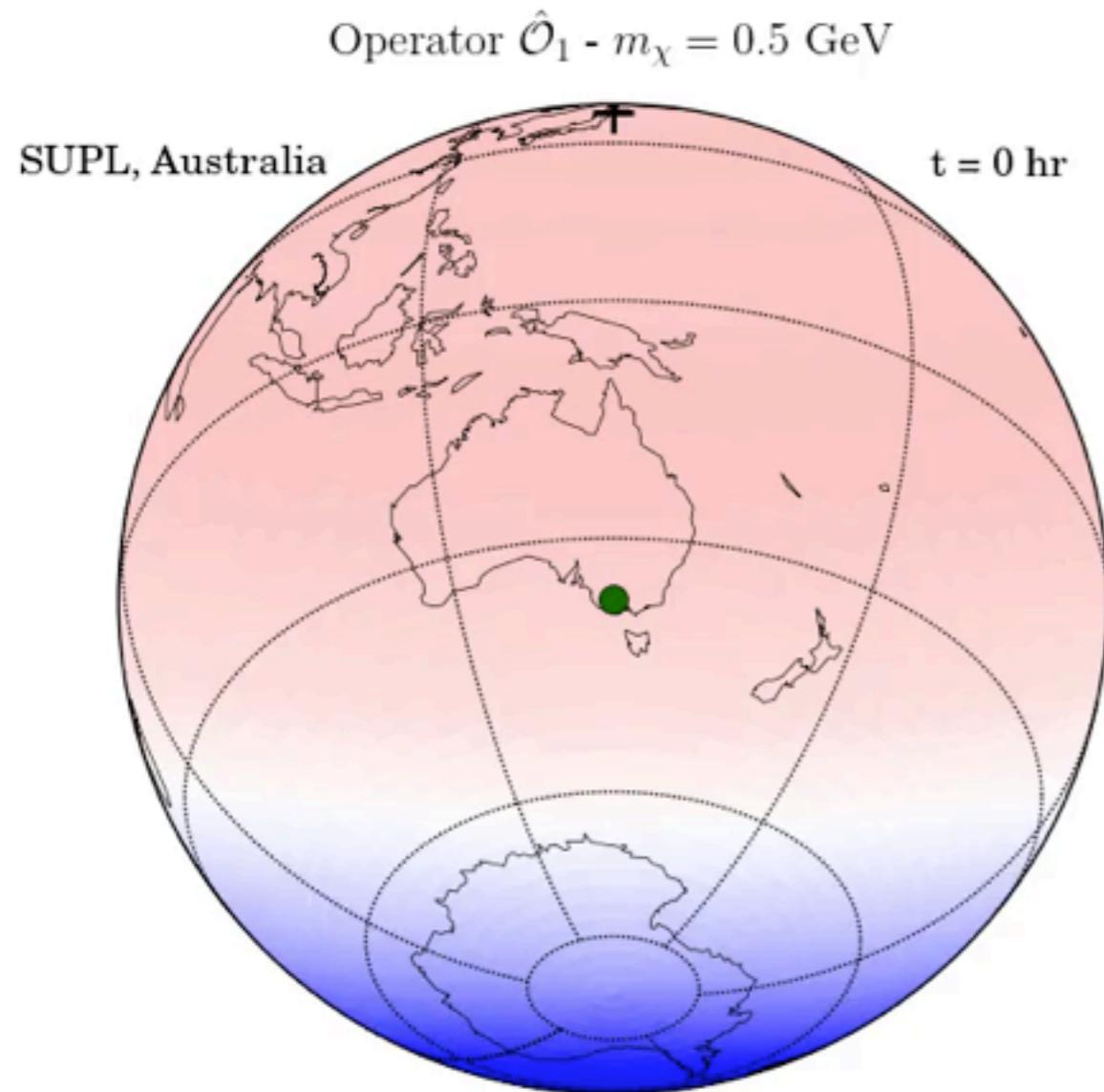
LNGS - Operator 12

LNGS - Gran Sasso Lab, Italy

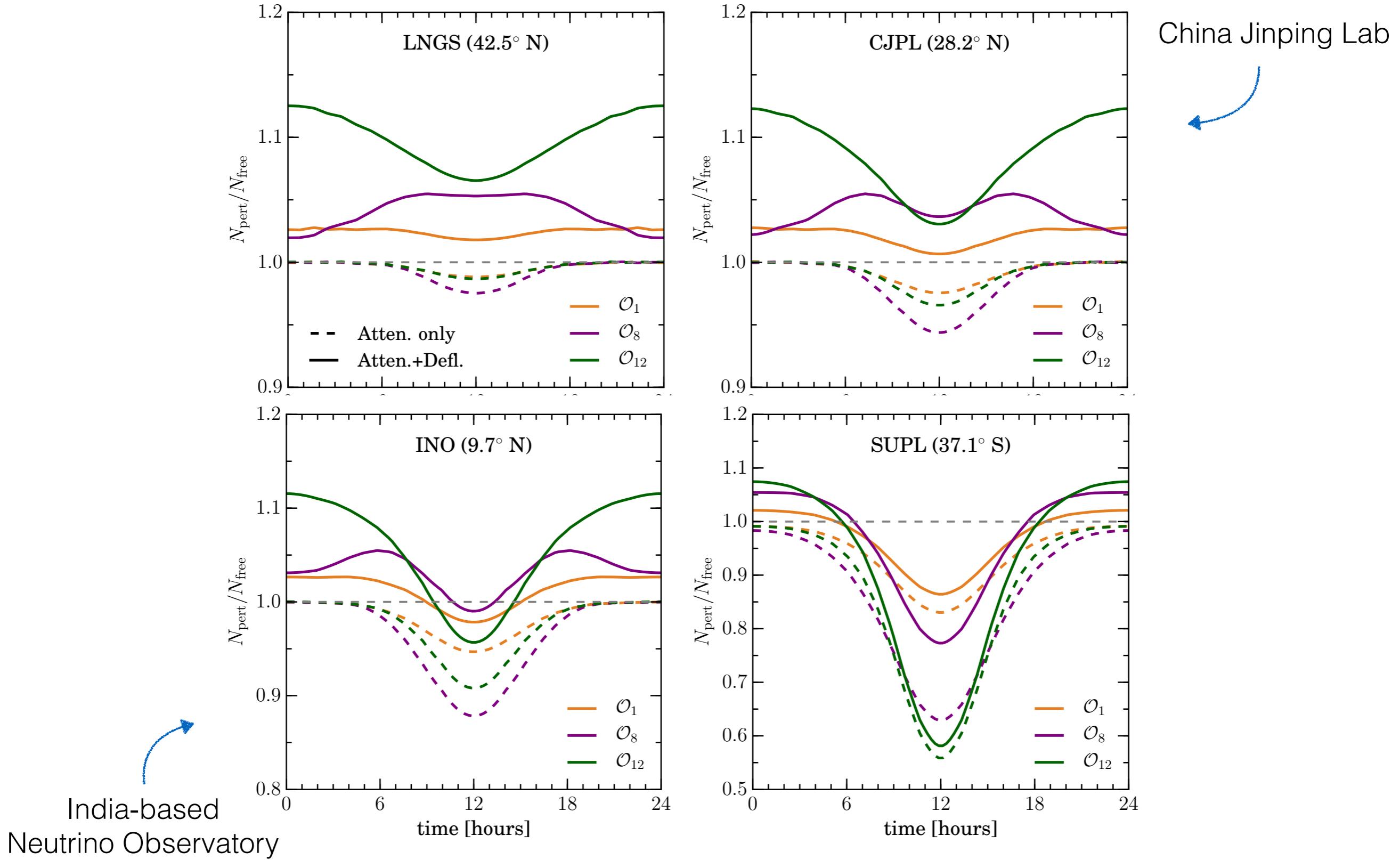


SUPL - Operator 1

SUPL - Stawell Underground Physics Lab, Australia

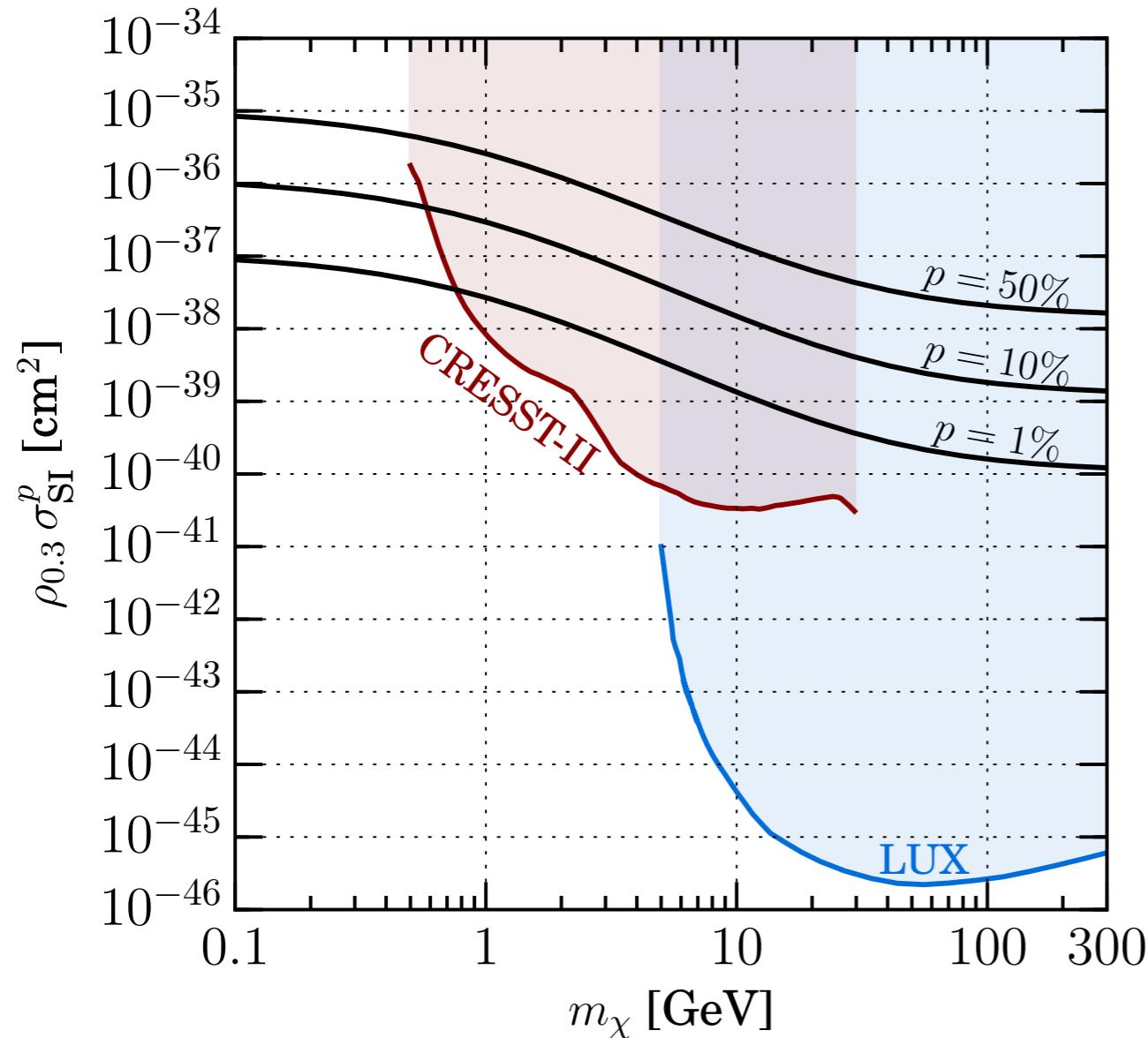


Around the world



India-based
Neutrino Observatory

Implications of Earth-Scattering



Smoking gun signature:
daily modulation +
location dependence

Possibility to distinguish different
interactions with distinctive
modulation signals

Possibility to measure the local
DM density (by breaking
degeneracy with cross section)

Future work

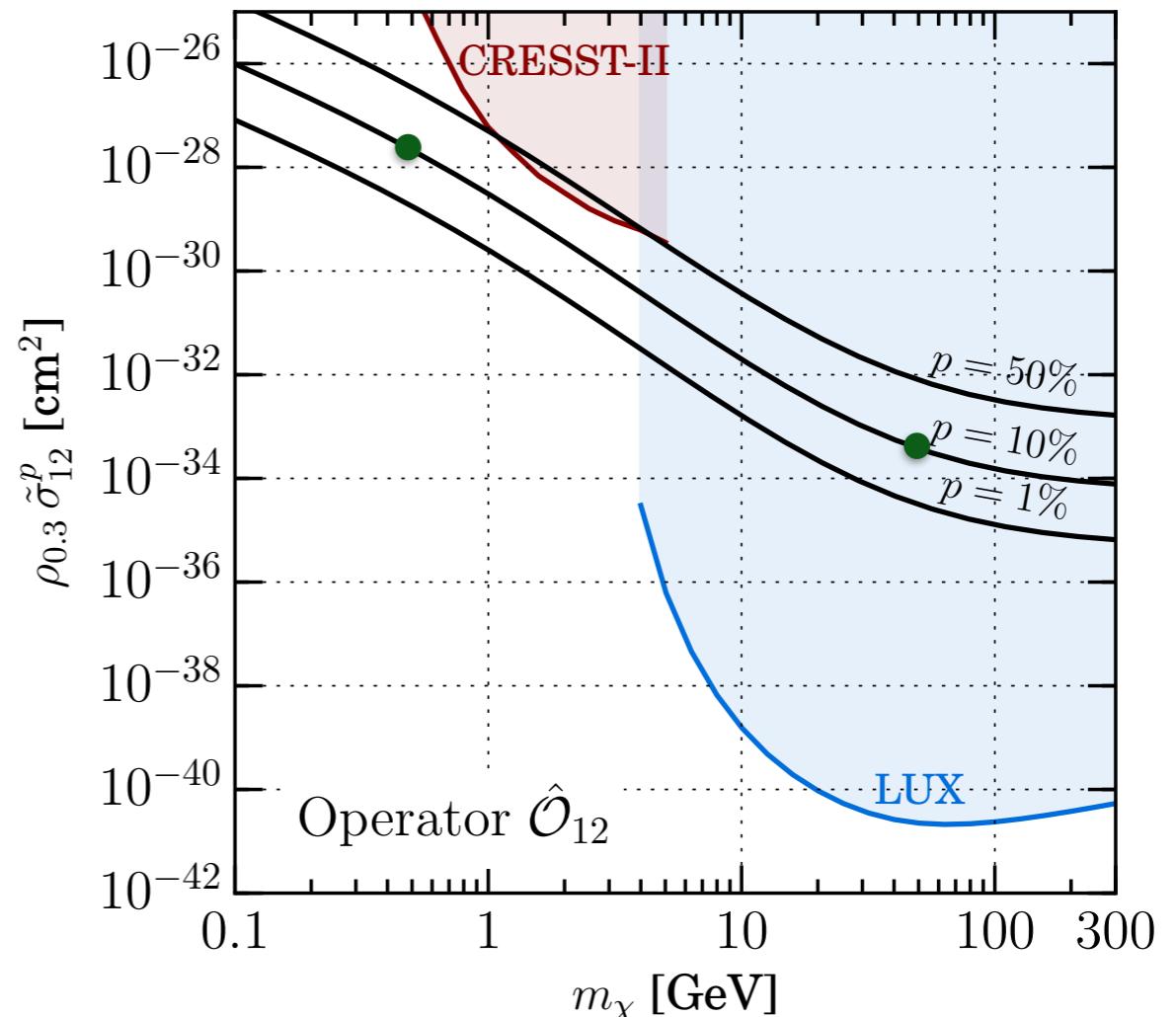
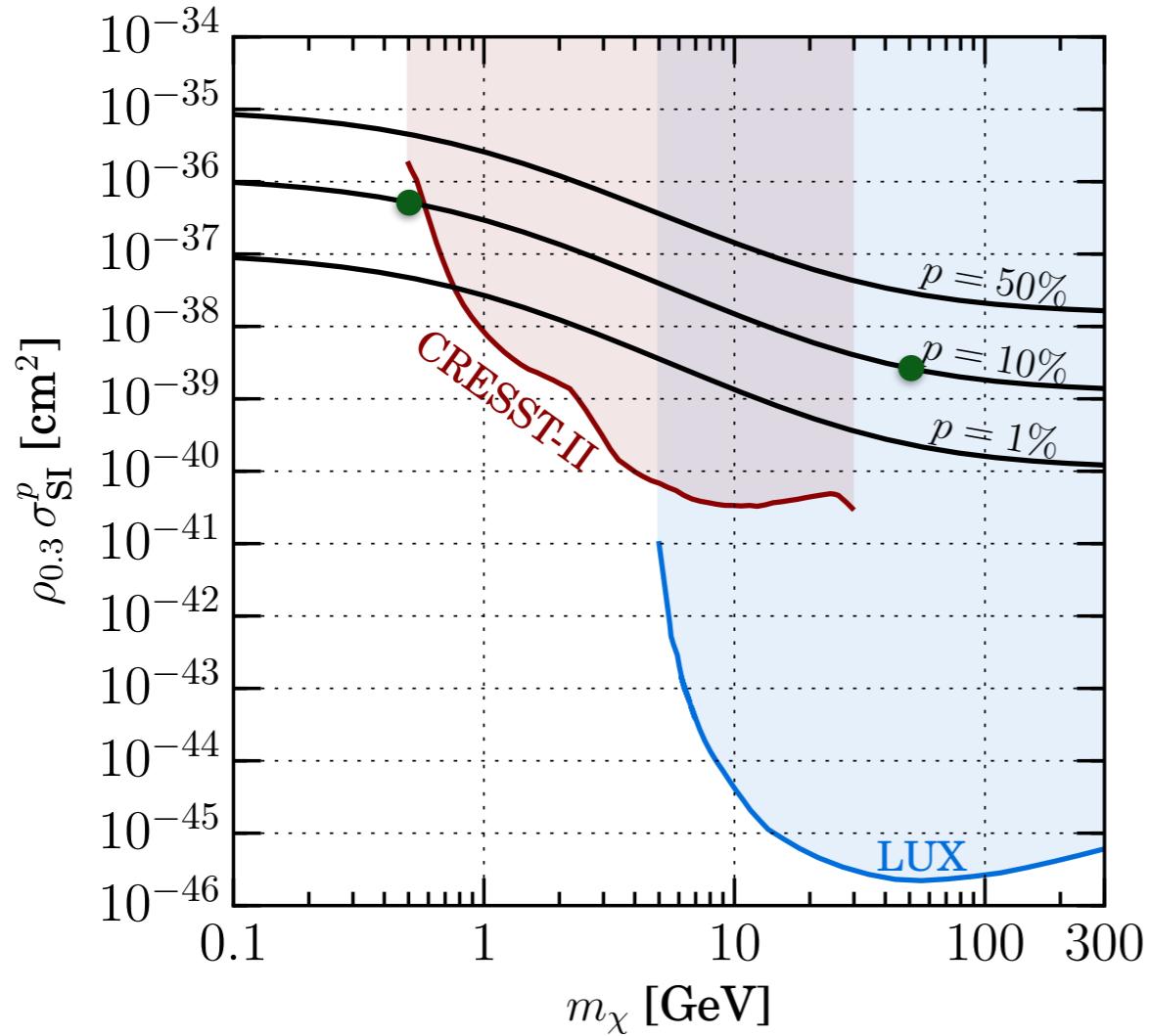
Here, we have considered only the DM *speed* distribution. Need to look at the full 3-D *velocity* distribution to explore directional signatures of Earth-Scattering.

The Single-scatter approximation is important to capture the effects of deflection. But it will break down rapidly as we increase the DM cross section. Next steps:

- Calculations in the many-scatter/‘diffusion’ regime
- Dedicated simulations to test the single-scatter regime and connect to very high cross sections (work in progress by Chris Kouvaris and Timon Emken)

Mapping out the parameter space

Continue mapping out parameter space (m_χ , σ_p) and explore impact on upper limits for a range of interactions...

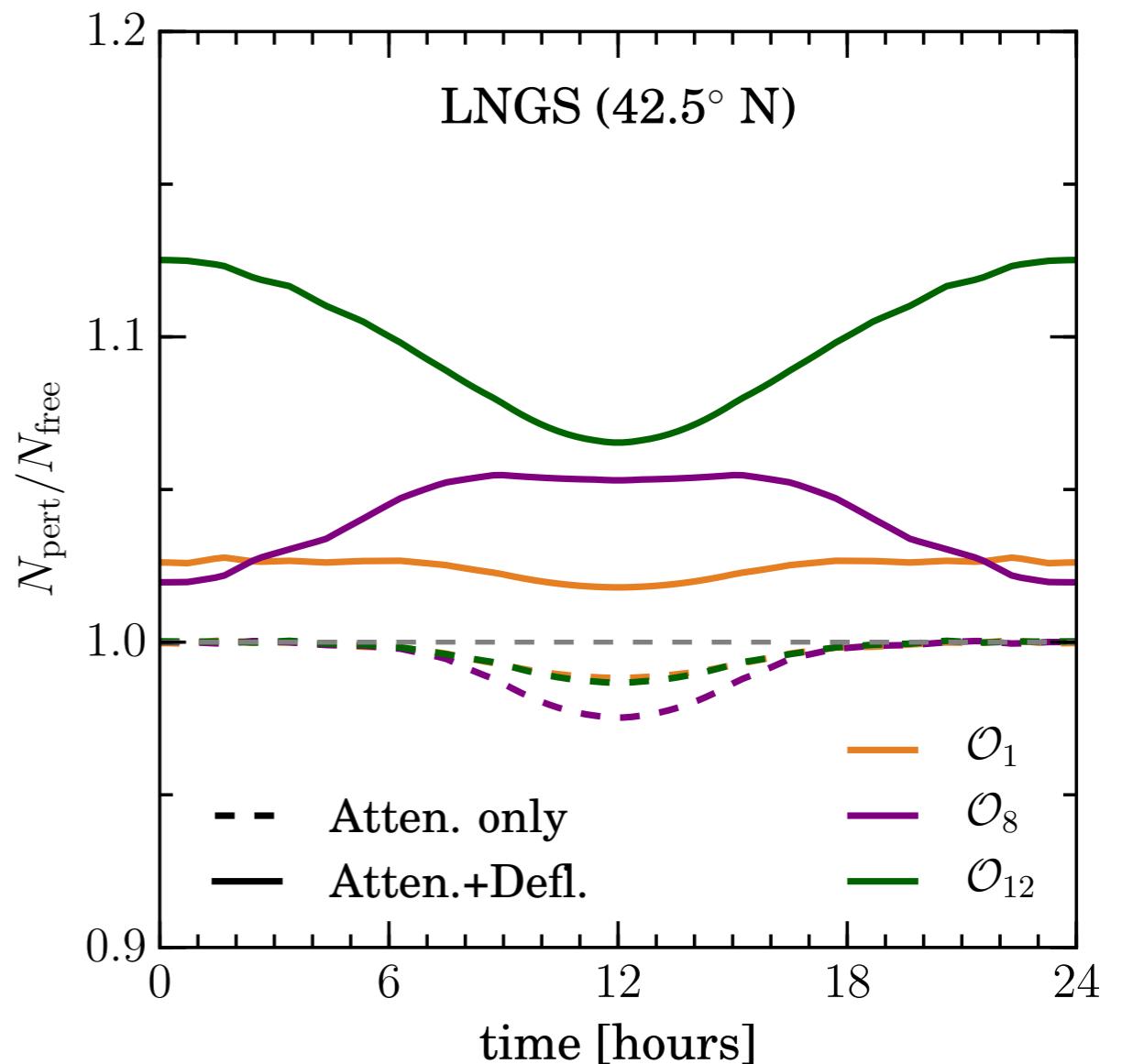


...and encourage experimental collaborations to explore full NREFT parameter space.

Conclusions

- Significant Earth-Scattering is still allowed and detectable by current experiments
- Need to include both attenuation and deflection of DM
- Careful calculation including multiple elements, correct density profiles and different interactions

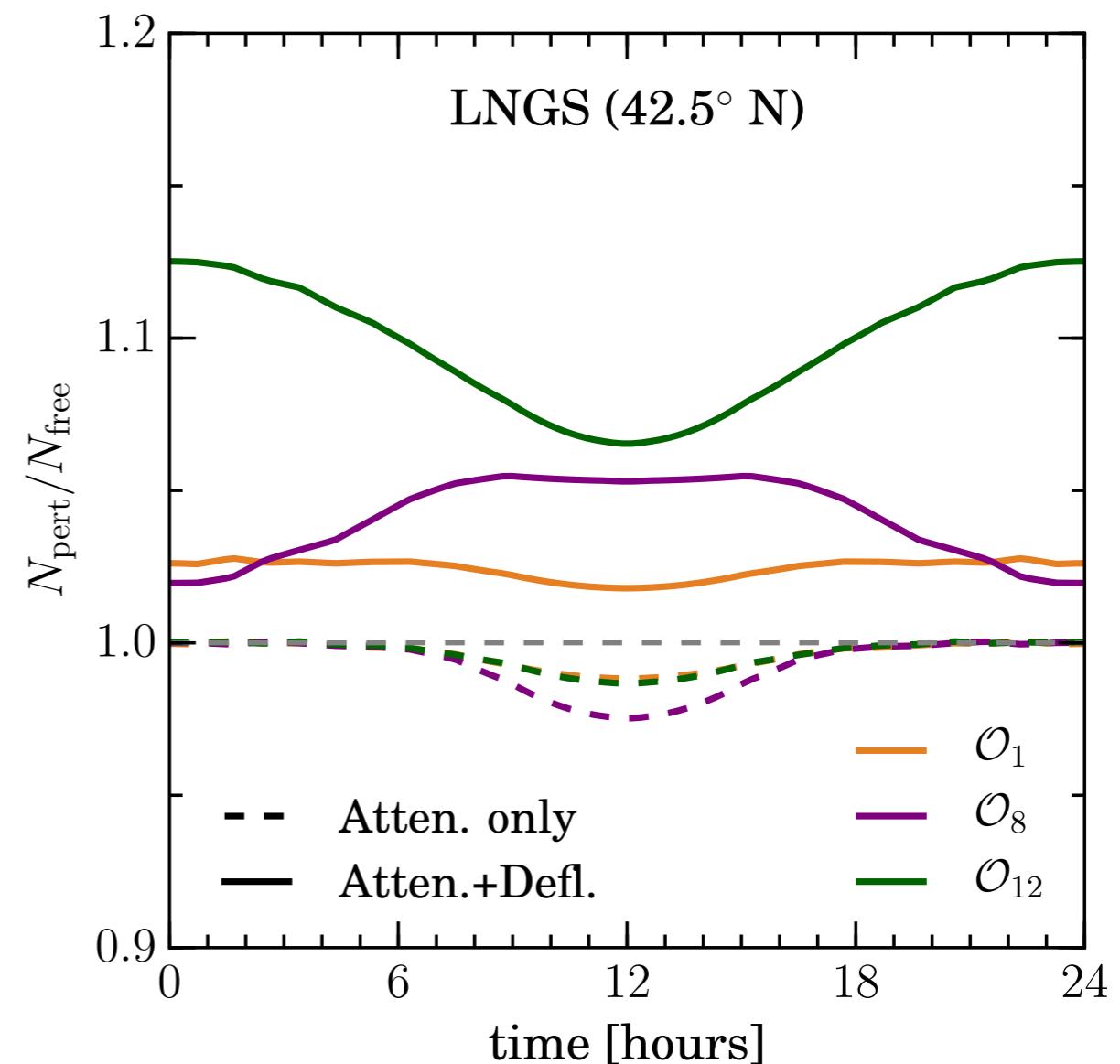
arXiv:1611.05453



Conclusions

- Significant Earth-Scattering is still **allowed and detectable** by current experiments
- Need to include both **attenuation and deflection** of DM
- Careful calculation including **multiple elements, correct density profiles** and different interactions
- The average incoming DM direction varies with time - distinctive **daily modulation** signals
- Different interactions may lead to modulations with **different size and phases** - and may therefore be distinguishable
- EARTHSHADOW code available online to include these effects:
github.com/bradkav/EarthShadow

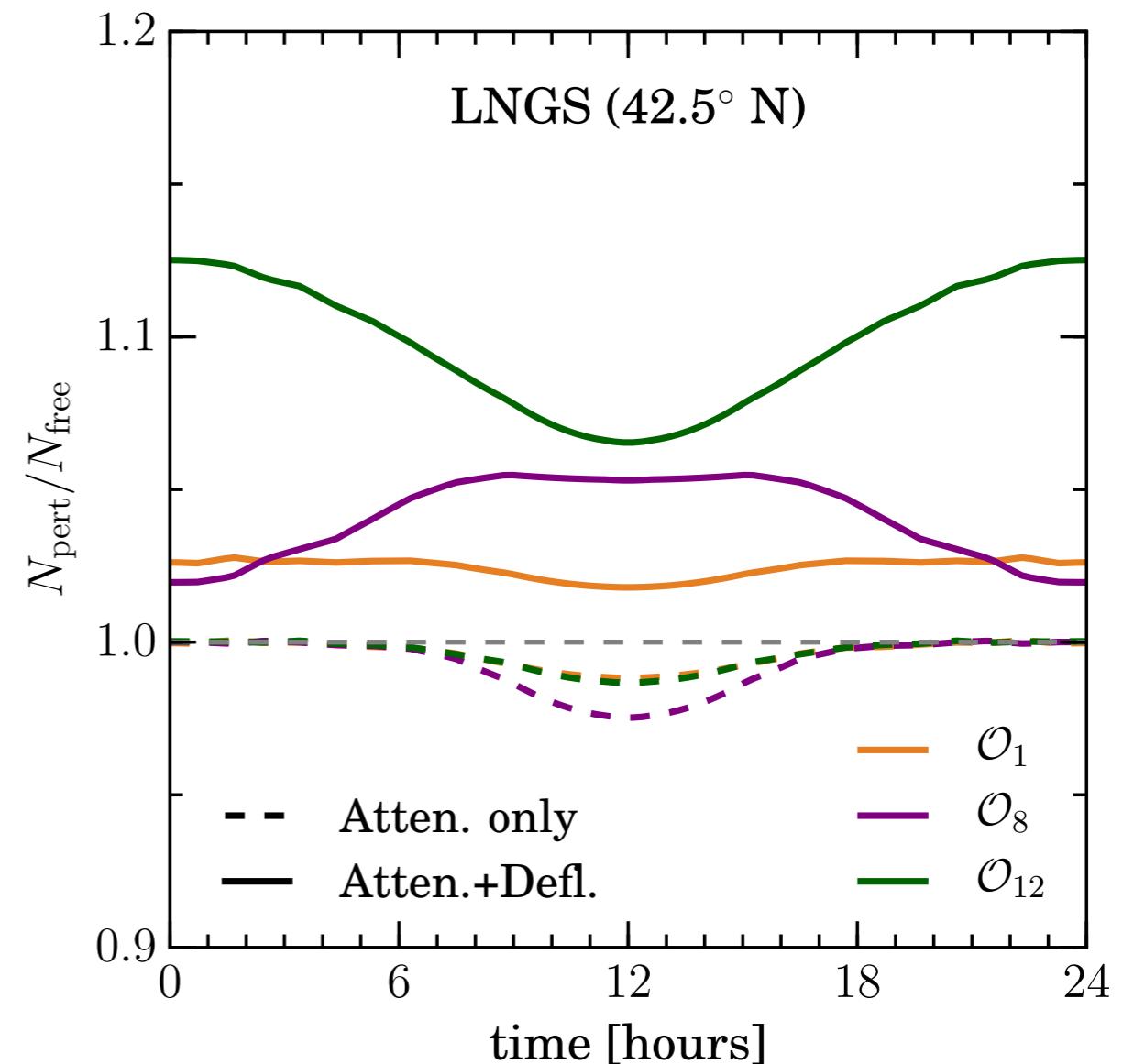
arXiv:1611.05453



Conclusions

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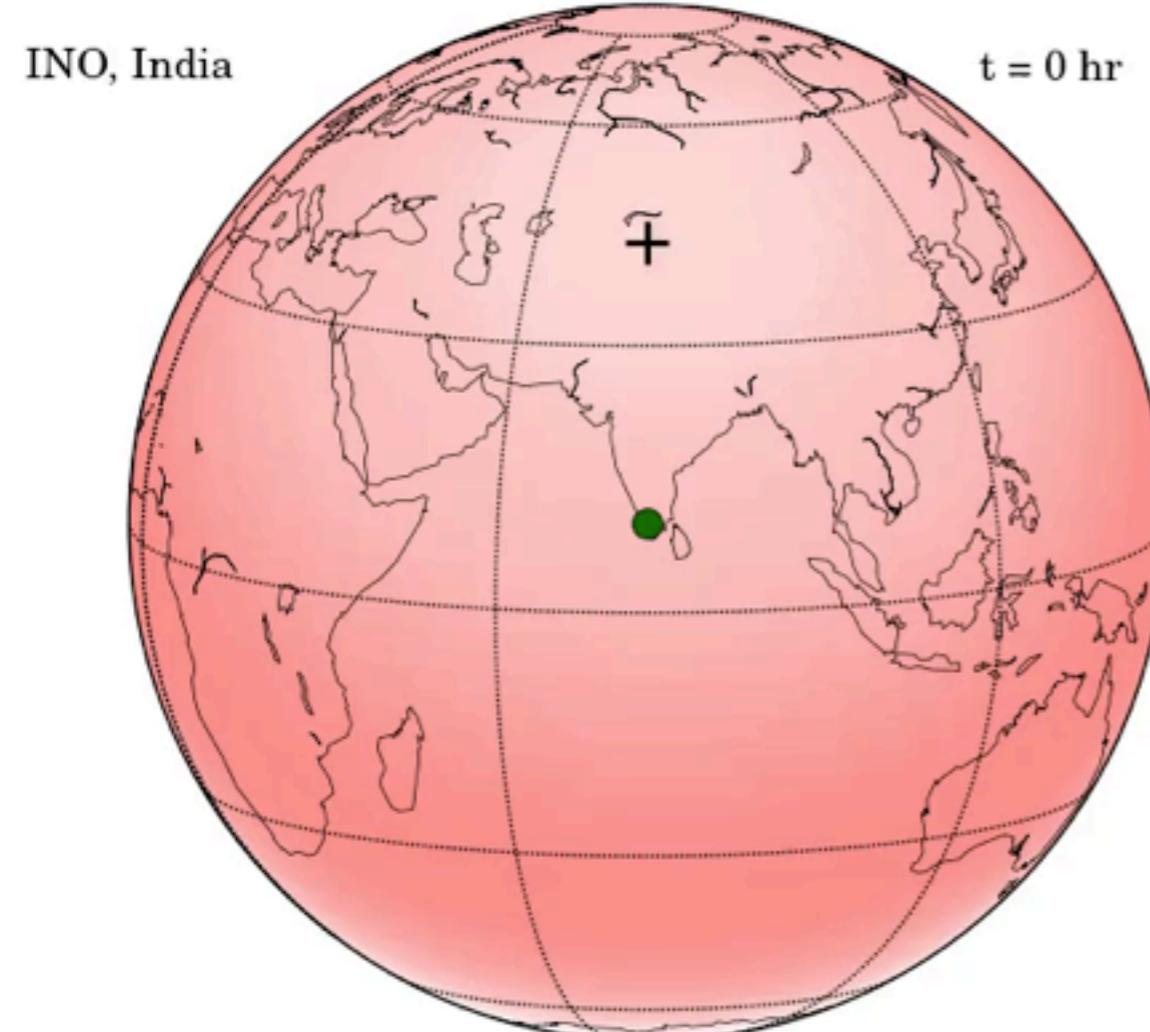


Thank you!

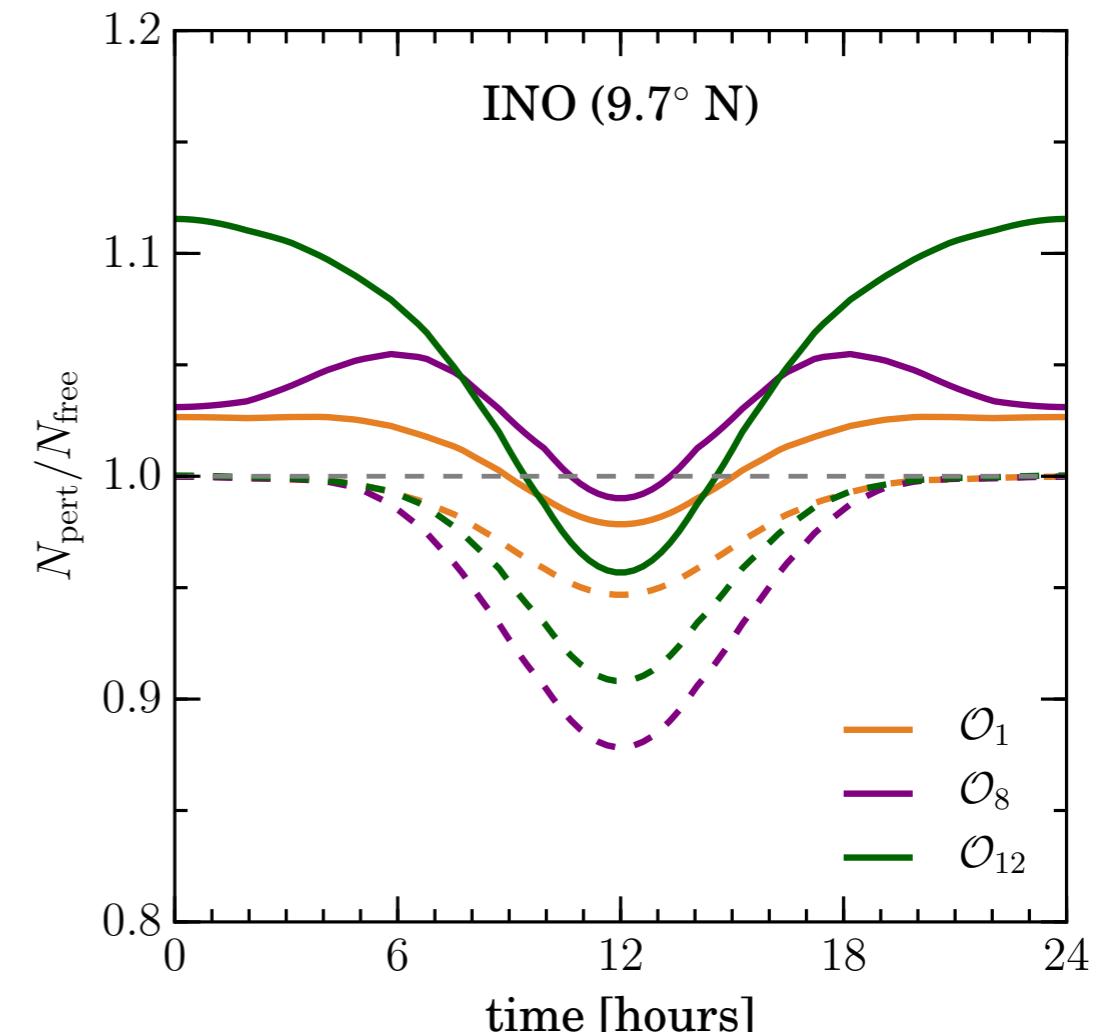
Backup Slides

INO - Operator 8

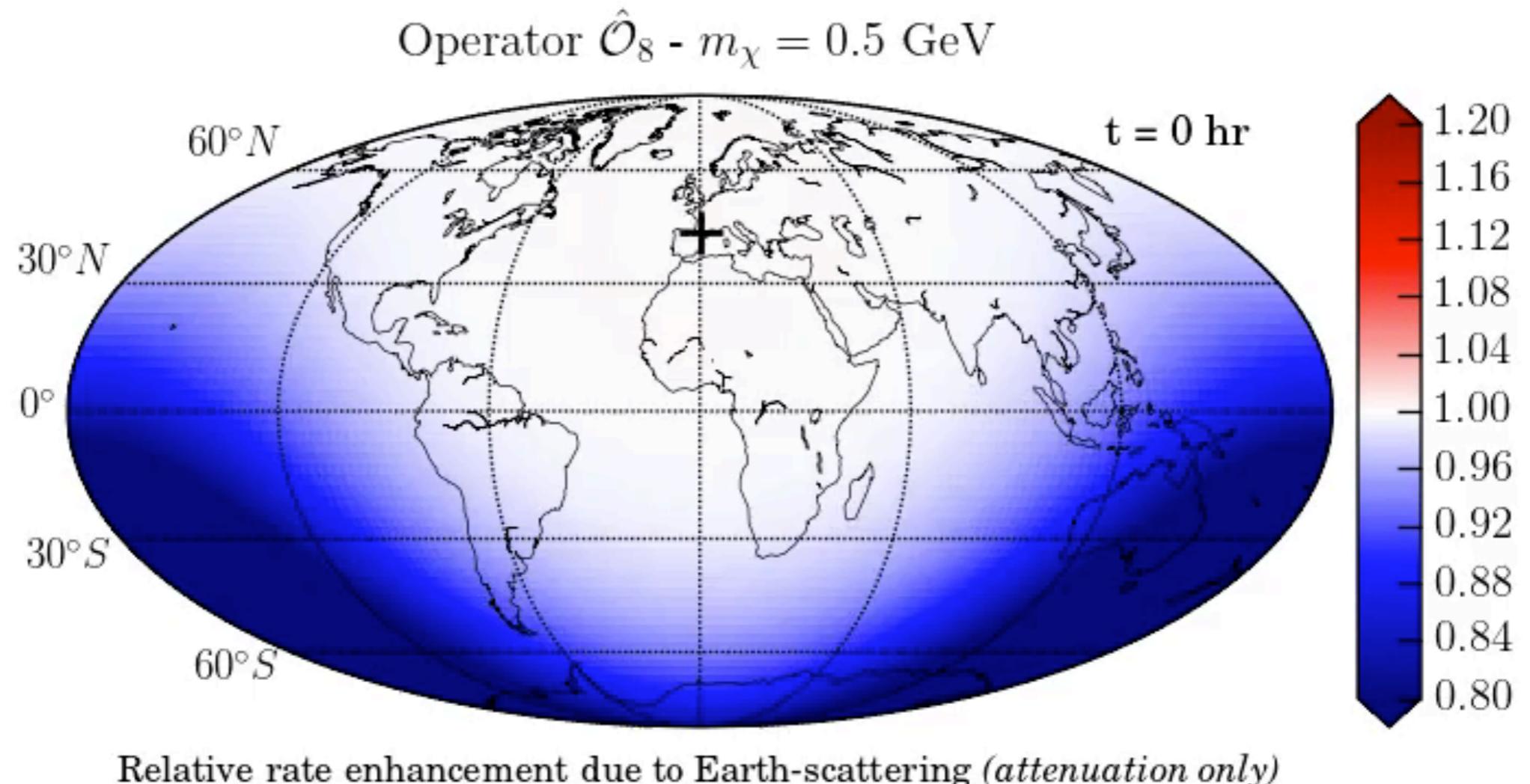
Operator \hat{O}_8 - $m_\chi = 0.5$ GeV



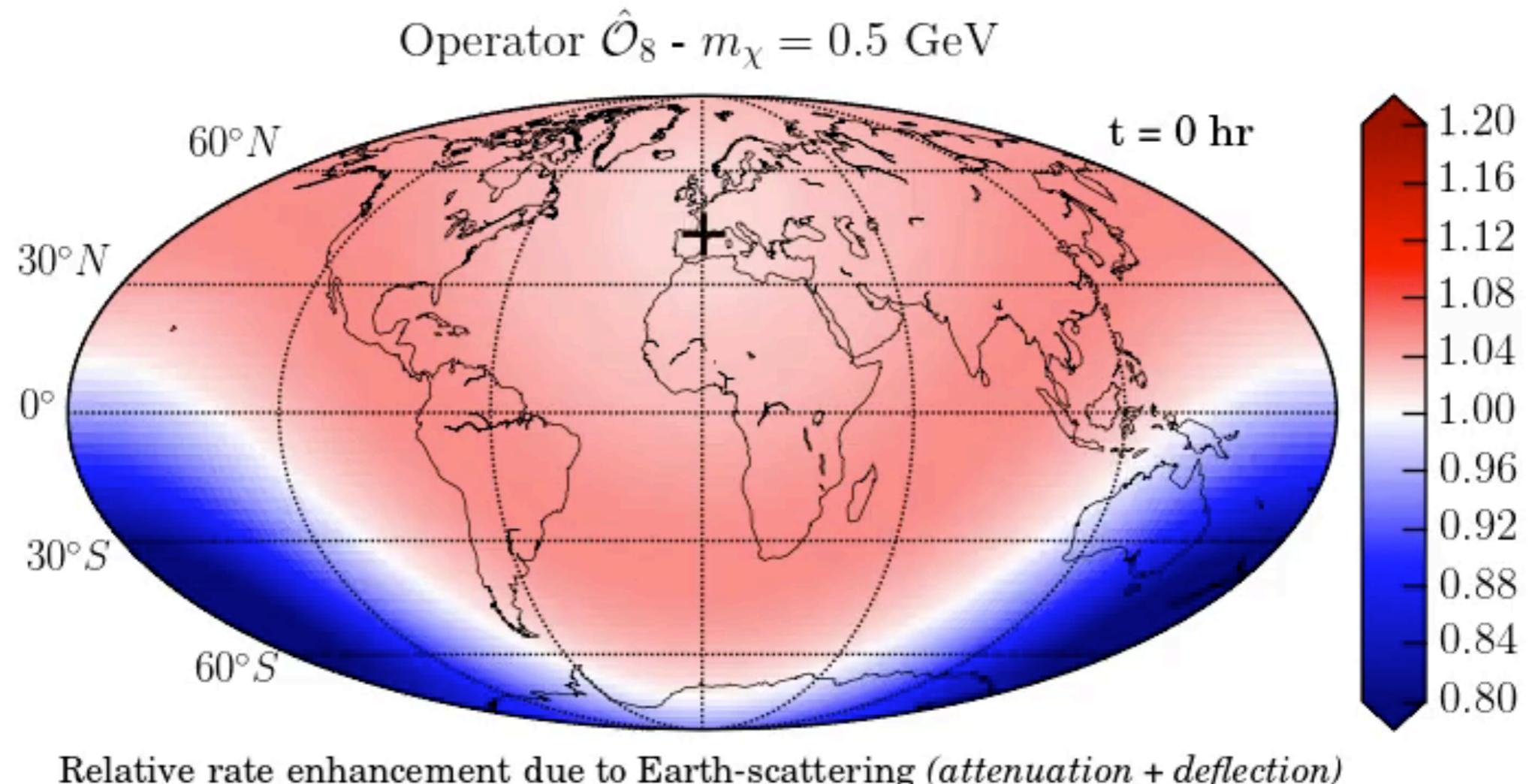
Operator O8



Mapping the CRESST-II Rate



Mapping the CRESST-II Rate



Mapping the CRESST-II Rate

