



Global fits of neutrino and dark matter models with GAMBIT

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Outline

1 Global Fits

- What?
- Why?
- How?

2 GAMBIT

3 Results

- Right-handed Neutrinos
- Higgs portal DM

4 Summary and outlook



What are global fits?

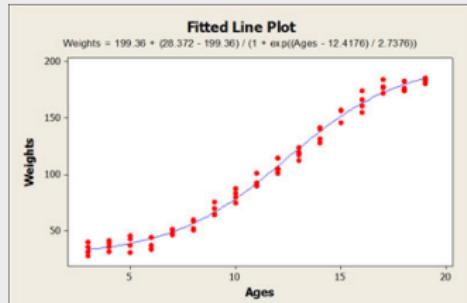


What are global fits?

Global fit in statistics

Statistical fit of one or more **models** to several **data** sets simultaneously

- Generalisation of non-linear regression
- **Goodness-of-fit**
- **Parameter estimation**
- **Comparison of models**

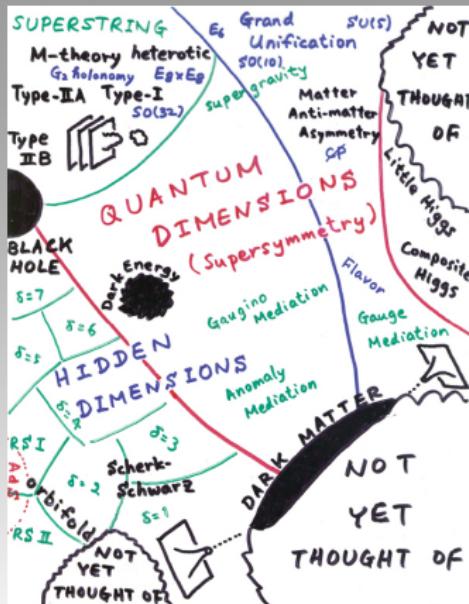




Why do we need global fits?

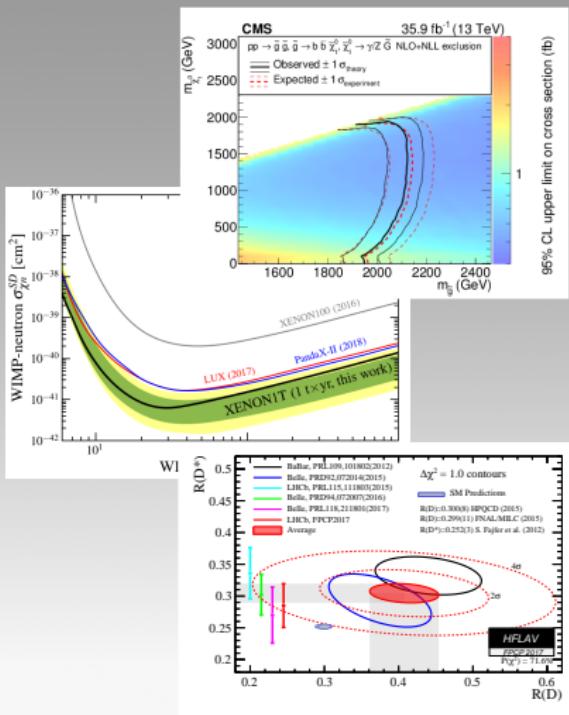
Why do we need global fits?

- Many BSM theories
 - Which one is better?
- BSM models have a large amount of parameters
 - Explore full parameter space
 - Where is my theory valid?
- Many experimental constraints
 - Collider searches, dark matter, precision observables, flavour anomalies,...
 - Simultaneously include all constraints
 - Does my theory fit the experimental data?



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How do we do global fits?



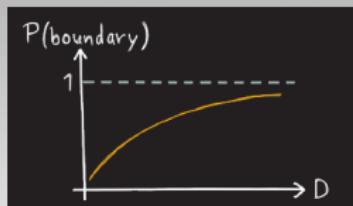
How do we do global fits?

- Combine all constraints into a **composite likelihood**

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{Collider} \mathcal{L}_{Higgs} \mathcal{L}_{DM} \mathcal{L}_{Flavour} \dots$$

- Perform an extensive **parameter scan**

- Old-school sampling methods (random, grid) are inefficient
- Impossible to make statement about statistics
- Need **smart sampling strategies** (differential, nested, genetic,...)



- Rigorous** statistical interpretation (frequentist/Bayesian)
 - Goodness-of-fit
 - Parameter estimation
 - Model comparison



GAMBIT





GAMBIT

GAMBIT: The Global And Modular BSM Inference Tool

gambit.hepforge.org

EPJC **77** (2017) 784

arXiv:1705.07908

- Extensive model database – not just SUSY
- Extensive observable/data libraries
- Many statistical and scanning options (Bayesian & frequentist)
- *Fast* LHC likelihood calculator
- Massively parallel
- Fully open-source
- Fast definition of new datasets and theories
- Plug and play scanning, physics and likelihood packages



Members of:

ATLAS, Belle-II, CLIC, CMS, CTA, *Fermi*-LAT, DARWIN, IceCube, LHCb, SHiP, XENON

Authors of:

DarkSUSY, DDCalc, Diver, FlexibleSUSY, gamlike, GM2Calc, IsaTols, nulike, PolyChord, Rivet, SoftSUSY, SuperISO, SUSY-AI, WIMPSim



Recent collaborators:

Peter Athron, Csaba Balázs, Ankit Beniwal, Sanjay Bloor, Torsten Bringmann, Andy Buckley, José Eliel Camargo-Molina, Marcin Chrząszcz, Jonathan Cornell, Matthias Danninger, Joakim Edsjö, Ben Farmer, Andrew Fowlie, Tomás E. Gonzalo, Will Handley, Sebastian Hoof, Selim Hotinli, Felix Kahlhoefer, Anders Kvællestad, Julia Harz, Paul Jackson, Farvah Mahmoudi, Greg Martinez, Are Raklev, Janina Renk, Chris Rogan, Roberto Ruiz de Austri, Pat Scott, Patrick Stöcker, Aaron Vincent, Christoph Weniger, Martin White, Yang Zhang

40+ participants in 11 experiments and 14 major theory codes



Structure of GAMBIT

MODULES (Bits)

- Physics Modules

- **ColliderBit**: collider searches [GAMBIT, Eur.Phys.J. C77 (2017) no.11, 795]
- **DarkBit**: relic density, dd,... [GAMBIT, Eur.Phys.J. C77 (2017) no.12, 831]
- **FlavBit**: flavour observables [GAMBIT, Eur.Phys.J. C77 (2017) no.11, 786]
- **SpecBit**: spectra, RGE running [GAMBIT, Eur.Phys.J. C78 (2018) no.1, 22]
- **DecayBit**: decay widths [GAMBIT, Eur.Phys.J. C78 (2018) no.1, 22]
- **PrecisionBit**: precision tests [GAMBIT, Eur.Phys.J. C78 (2018) no.1, 22]
- **NeutrinoBit**: neutrino likelihoods [GAMBIT, upcoming]

- **ScannerBit** : stats and sampling [GAMBIT, Eur.Phys.J. C77 (2017) no.11, 761]
(Diver, GreAT, Multinest, ...)

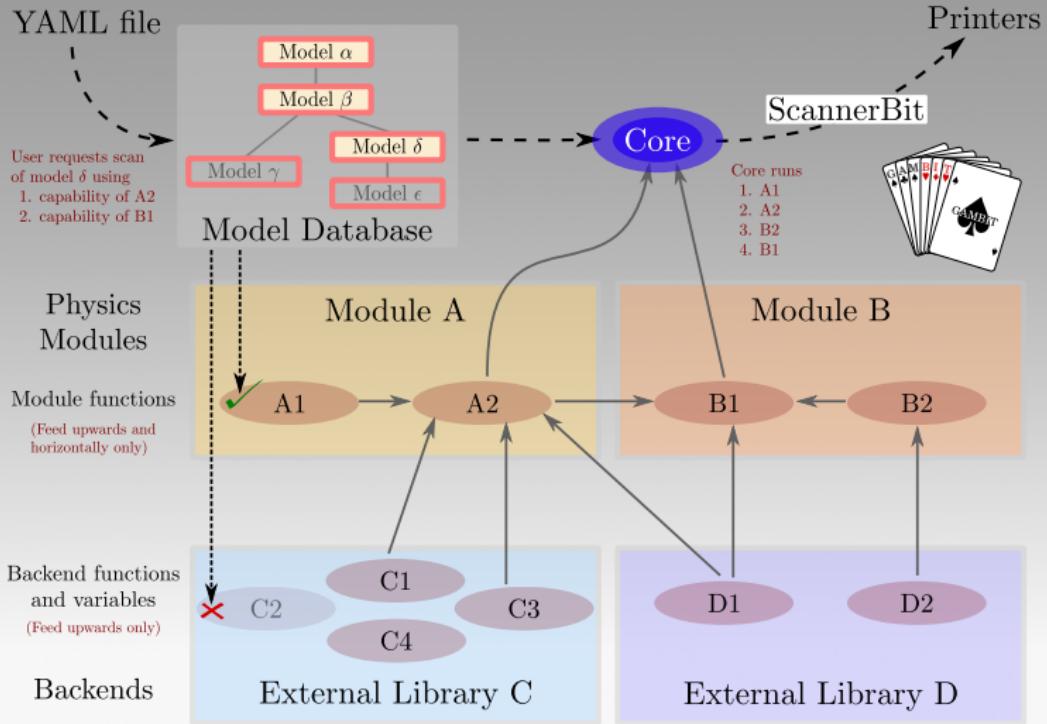
BACKENDS (Pythia, DarkSUSY, MicrOMEGAs, SPheno, SuperISO,...)

CORE

[GAMBIT, Eur.Phys.J. C78 (2018) no.2, 98]

- Models
- Dependency resolution

Structure of GAMBIT



Backends

- External tools and libraries to calculate observables
- C, C++, Fortran, Mathematica, Python

HiggsBounds	4.2.1	Backends/Installed/higgsbounds/4.2.1/lib/libhiggsbounds.so	absent/broken	10	0	0
	4.3.1	Backends/Installed/higgsbounds/4.3.1/lib/libhiggsbounds.so	OK	10	0	0
HiggsSignals	1.4	Backends/Installed/higgssignals/1.4.0/lib/libhiggssignals.so	OK	12	0	0
LlibFarrayTest	1.0	Backends/examples/libFarrayTest.so	OK	10	0	0
LlibFirst	1.0	Backends/examples/libfirst.so	OK	8	0	0
	1.1	Backends/examples/libfirst.so	OK	15	0	0
LlibFortran	1.0	Backends/examples/libfortran.so	OK	6	0	0
LlibSecond	1.0	Backends/examples/libsecond/1.0/libsecond_1_0.py	OK	6	0	0
	1.1	Backends/examples/libsecond/1.1/libsecond_1_1.py	needs Python 3	6	0	0
	1.2	Backends/examples/libsecond/1.2/libsecond_1_2.py	OK	6	0	0
LlibThird	1.0	Backends/examples/libthird/1.0/libthird_1_0	OK	8	0	0
	1.1	Backends/examples/libthird/1.1/libthird_1_1	needs Python 3	6	0	0
	1.2	Backends/examples/libthird/1.2/libthird_1_2	OK	6	0	0
MicroMegas_DiracSingletDM_ZZ	3.6.9.2	Backends/Installed/micromegas/3.6.9.2/DiracSingletDM_ZZ/libmicromegas.so	OK	20	0	0
MicroMegas_MSSM	3.6.9.2	Backends/Installed/micromegas/3.6.9.2/MSSM/libmicromegas.so	OK	19	0	0
MicroMegas_MajoranaSingletDM_ZZ	3.6.9.2	Backends/Installed/micromegas/3.6.9.2/MajoranaSingletDM_ZZ/libmicromegas.so	OK	20	0	0
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MicroMegas_ScalarSingletDM_Z3	3.6.9.2	Backends/Installed/micromegas/3.6.9.2/ScalarSingletDM_Z3/libmicromegas.so	OK	20	0	0
MicroMegas_VectorSingletDM_ZZ	3.6.9.2	Backends/Installed/micromegas/3.6.9.2/VectorSingletDM_ZZ/libmicromegas.so	OK	20	0	0
Pythia	8.212	Backends/Installed/pythia/8.212/lib/libpythia8.so	OK	0	28	109
Pythia_EM	8.212	no path in config/backend_locations.yaml.default	absent/broken	0	28	109
Pheno	3.3.8	Backends/Installed/pheno/3.3.8/lib/libPheno.so	OK	282	0	0
SUSYHD	1.0.2	Backends/Installed/susyhd/1.0.2/SUSYHD.m	Mathematica absent	3	0	0
SUSYPOPE	0.2	no path in config/backend_locations.yaml.default	absent/broken	3	0	0
SUSY_HIT	1.5	Backends/Installed/susyhit/1.5/libsusyhit.so	OK	55	0	0
SuperIso	3.6	Backends/Installed/superiso/3.6/libsuperiso.so	OK	55	0	0
gamilike	1.0.0	Backends/Installed/gamilike/1.0.0/lib/gamilike.so	OK	4	0	0
gn2calc	1.2.0	Backends/Installed/gn2calc/1.2.0/src/libgn2calc.so	absent/broken	5	11	14
	1.3.0	Backends/Installed/gn2calc/1.3.0/src/libgn2calc.so	OK	5	11	14
LlibMathematicaTest	1.0	Backends/examples/LlibMathematicaTest.m	Mathematica absent	14	0	0
nulike	1.0.4	Backends/Installed/nulike/1.0.4/lib/libnulike.so	absent/broken	4	0	0

CanBuild diagnostic backend line 23 (press h for help or q to quit)



Results

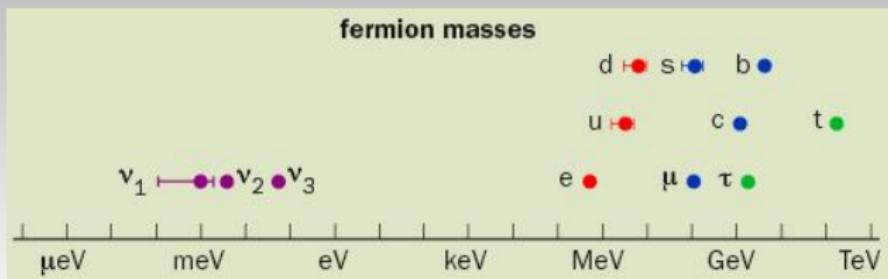
Right-handed Neutrinos

[M.Chrzaszcz, M.Drewes, T.G., J.Harz, S.Krishnamurthy, C.Weniger, upcoming]

Right-handed neutrinos

- Right-handed neutrinos $N_{1,2,3}$
- N_j are SM singlets $N_j \in \{1, 1, 0\}$
- Yukawa couplings → Dirac mass terms

$$\mathcal{L} \supset Y_\nu^{ij} L_i N_j \phi = M_D^{ij} \nu_i N_j$$



- $Y_\nu/Y_t \lesssim 10^{12-15}$



Type I Seesaw

- Majorana mass term for N_j

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L} &\supset Y_\nu^{ij} L_i N_j \phi + \textcolor{red}{M}^{ij} N_i N_j \\ &= M_D^{ij} \nu_i N_j + \textcolor{red}{M}_M^{ij} N_i N_j\end{aligned}$$

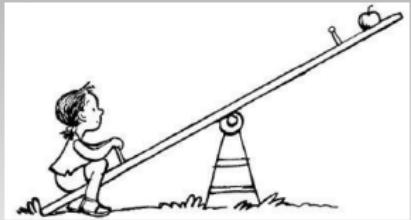
$$M_\nu = \begin{pmatrix} \delta m_\nu^{1-loop} & M_D \\ M_D^T & M_M \end{pmatrix}$$

- “Naturally” light neutrino masses

$$m_\nu \sim M_D^T M_M^{-1} M_D, \quad m_N \sim M_M$$

- Neutrino **mixing** matrix

$$U_\nu = \begin{pmatrix} V_\nu & \Theta \\ \Theta^T & V_N \end{pmatrix} \approx \begin{pmatrix} 1 - \frac{1}{2}\theta\theta^\dagger & \theta \\ -\theta^\dagger & 1 - \frac{1}{2}\theta^\dagger\theta \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} U_\nu & 0 \\ 0 & U_N \end{pmatrix}$$





The Casas-Ibarra parametrization

- Θ parametrizes the active - sterile neutrino **mixing**
- CI parametrization

[J. A. Casas & A. Ibarra, Nuc. Phys. B618, (1-2), 2001]

$$\Theta = iU_\nu \sqrt{m_\nu^{\text{diag}}} \mathcal{R} \sqrt{\tilde{M}^{\text{diag}}}^{-1}$$

$$\tilde{M}_{IJ} \simeq \tilde{M}_{IJ}^{\text{diag}} = M_I \delta_{IJ} \left(1 - \frac{M_I^2}{v^2} l(M_I) \right)$$

- Rotation matrix $\mathcal{R} = \mathcal{R}^{23}\mathcal{R}^{13}\mathcal{R}^{12}$

$$\mathcal{R}_{ii}^{ij} = \mathcal{R}_{jj}^{ij} = \cos \omega_{ij}$$

$$\mathcal{R}_{ij}^{ij} = -\mathcal{R}_{ji}^{ij} = \sin \omega_{ij}$$

- Permutations of \mathcal{R}^{ij} to remove bias



Symmetry protected limit

- Approximate $B - L$ symmetry

$$F_{\alpha I} = \Theta_{\alpha I} M_I / v$$

$$M_M = \begin{pmatrix} M(1-\mu) & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & M(1+\mu) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & M' \end{pmatrix},$$

$$F = \begin{pmatrix} F_e(1+\epsilon_e) & iF_e(1-\epsilon_e) & F_e\epsilon'_e \\ F_\mu(1+\epsilon_\mu) & iF_\mu(1-\epsilon_\mu) & F_\mu\epsilon'_\mu \\ F_\tau(1+\epsilon_\tau) & iF_\tau(1-\epsilon_\tau) & F_\tau\epsilon'_\tau \end{pmatrix},$$

- Two-degenerate RHNs \rightarrow pseudo-Dirac fermion $\mu, \epsilon_\alpha, \epsilon'_\alpha \ll 1$

$$M_1 \sim M_2, \quad \Theta_{\alpha 1} \sim i \Theta_{\alpha 2}$$

- Oscillation data does not constraint $|U_{\alpha I}|^2 \equiv |\Theta_{\alpha I}|^2$
- Upper limit purely from other experimental constraints
- Necessary and sufficient $m_{\nu_0} \rightarrow 0$ [\[Moffat, Pascoli, Weiland, arXiv:1712.07611\]](#)



Model parameters

- Light (left-handed) neutrino masses

$$m_{\nu_i} \quad i \in \{1, 2, 3\} \quad \rightarrow \quad m_{\nu_0}, \Delta m_{12}^2, \Delta m_{3l}^2$$

- Heavy (right-handed) neutrino masses

$$M_I \quad I \in \{1, 2, 3\} \quad \rightarrow \quad M_1, \Delta M_{21}, M_3$$

- Active neutrino mixing parameters

$$\{\theta_{12}, \theta_{13}, \theta_{23}, \alpha_1, \alpha_2, \delta_{CP}\}$$

- Active-sterile neutrino mixing angles

$$\Re(\omega_{ij}), \Im(\omega_{ij})$$



Likelihoods and observables

- Active neutrino parameters
- Sum of neutrino masses
- Electroweak precision observables
- Direct searches

[NuFit, JHEP 1608 (2016) 033]

$$\sum m_\nu < 0.23 \text{ eV}$$

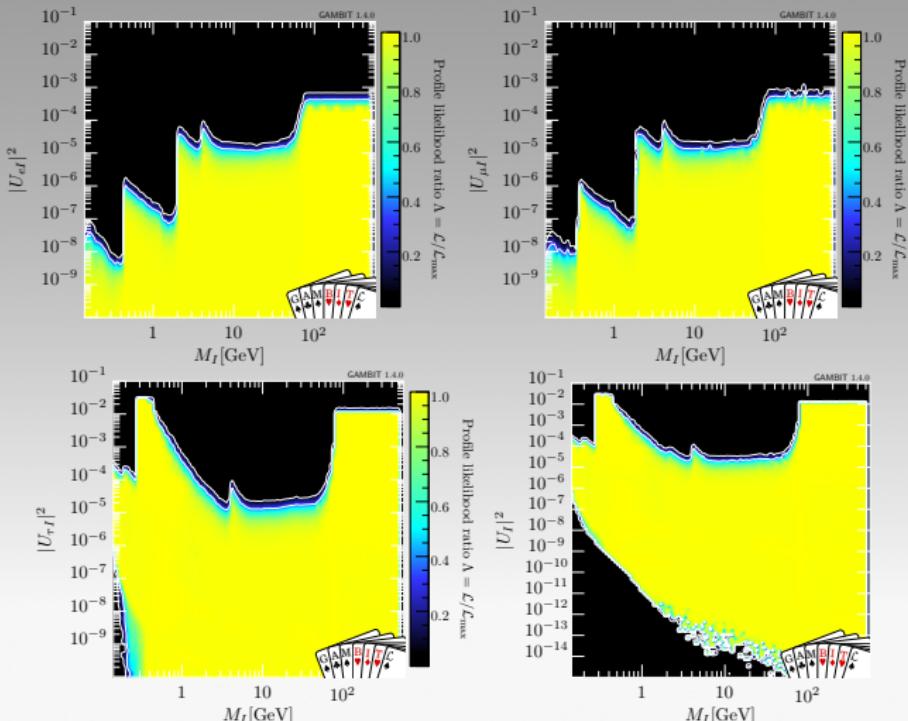
$$\sin^2 \theta_{\text{eff}}, m_W, \Gamma_{Z \rightarrow \text{inv}}, \Gamma_{W \rightarrow l\nu}$$

PIENU, PS-191, E949, CHARM, NuTeV, DELPHI, ATLAS, CMS

- Lepton flavour violating decays $l \rightarrow l\gamma, l \rightarrow 3l, \mu - e$
- Big Bang Nucleosynthesis $\tau_N < 0.1s$
- Neutrinoless Double β decay GERDA, KamLAND-Zen
- Lepton Universality $R_{\alpha\beta}^X, R_K, R_K^*$
- CKM Unitarity $|V_{us}^{CKM}|^2 + |V_{ud}^{CKM}|^2 = 1$
- Perturbativity of Yukawas $F < 4\pi$

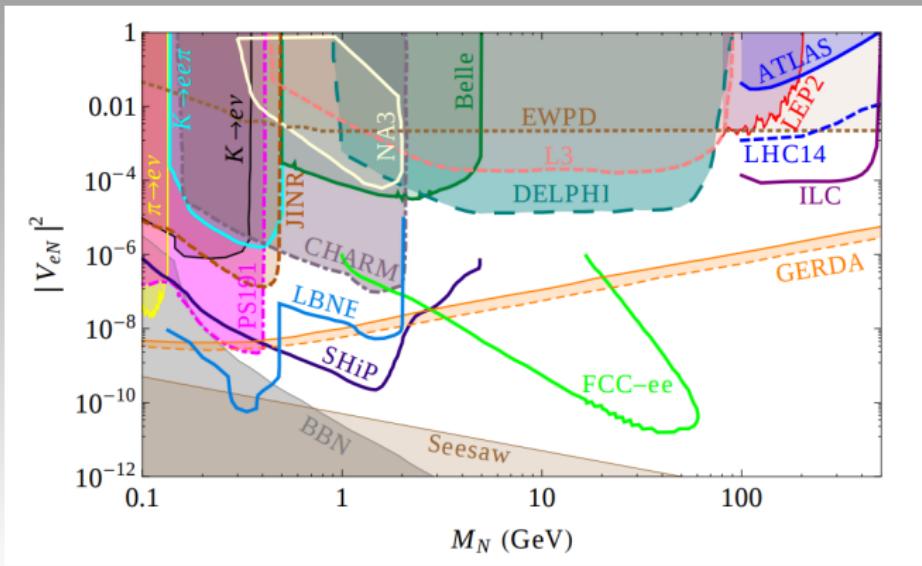
Results

- Profile likelihood plots M_I vs $|U_{\alpha I}|^2$



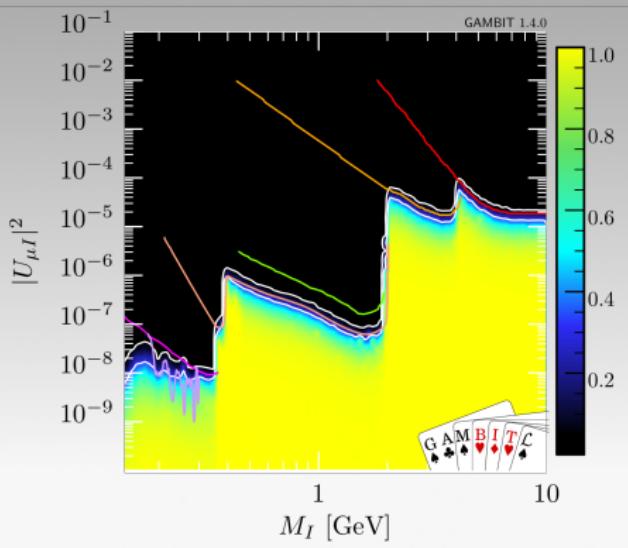
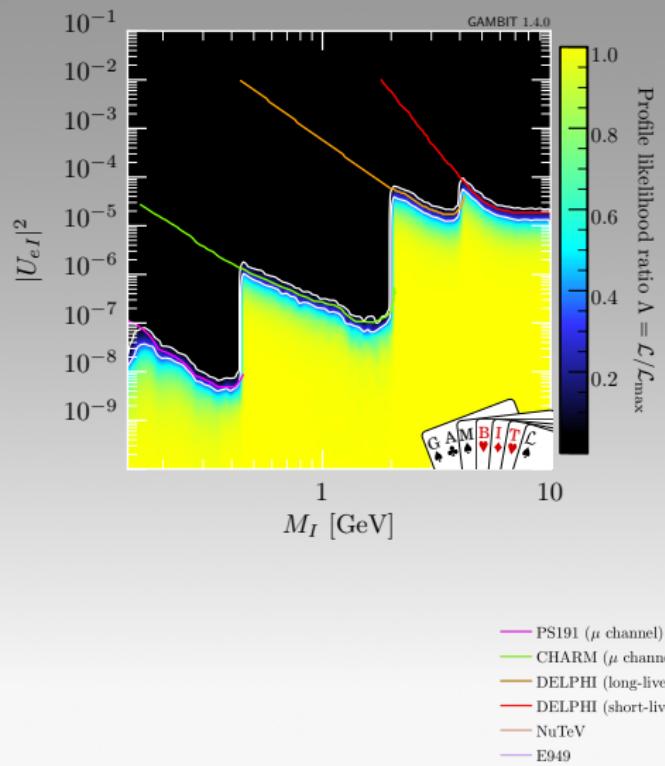
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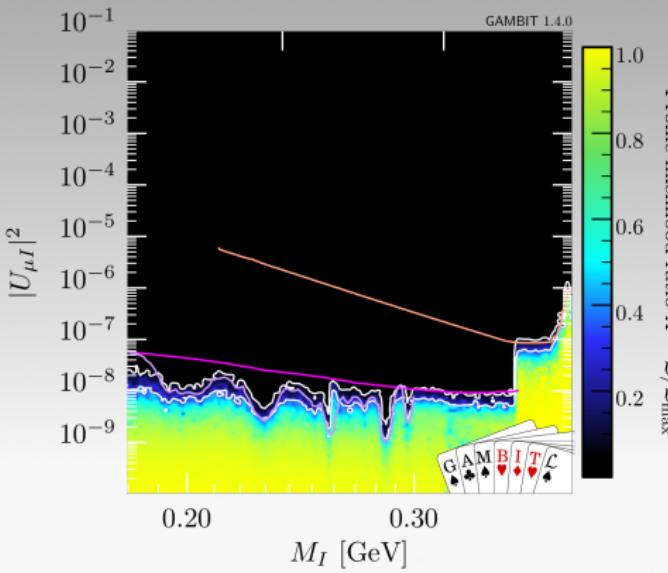
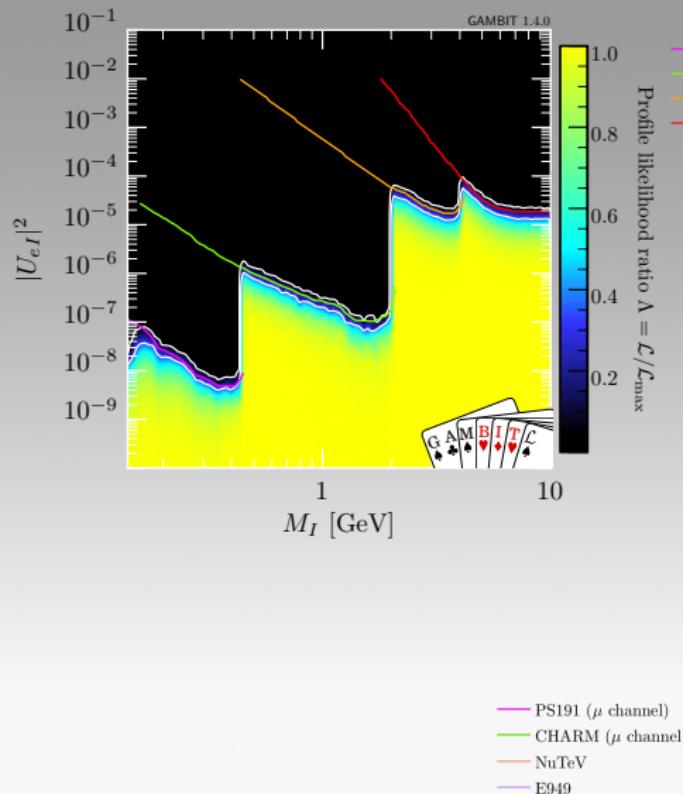


[Deppisch, Dev, Pilaftsis, New J.Phys. 17 (2015) no.7, 075019]

Results

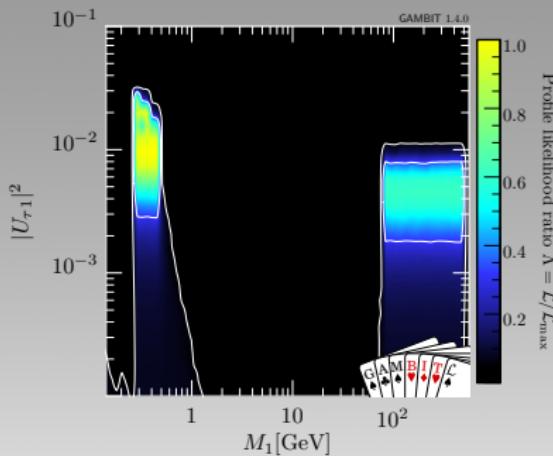
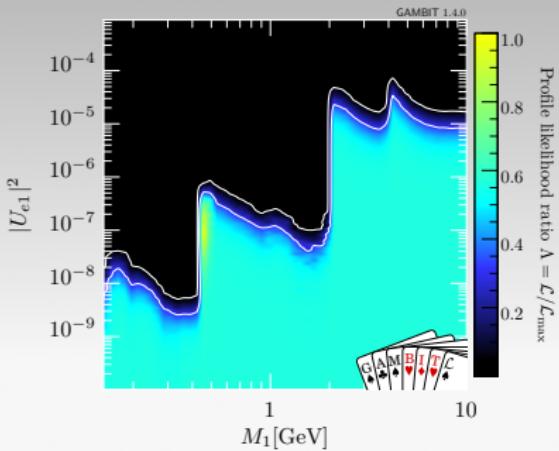


Results



Results

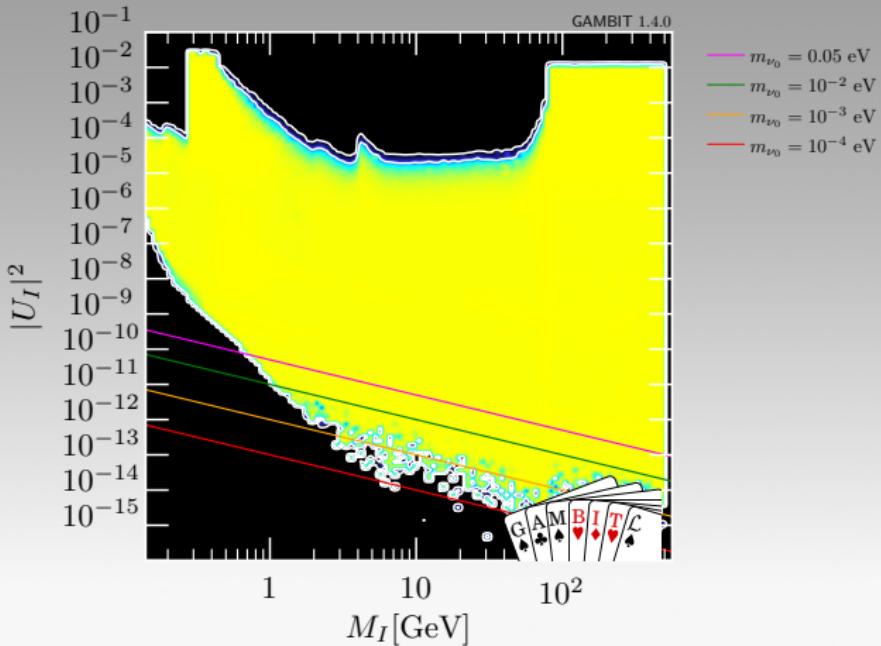
- Full likelihood
- Excess in lnL at large $|U_\tau|^2$
 - Invisible width Γ_Z
 - Fit to CKM entries
 - Lepton universality R_τ



- Excess in lnL at large $|U_e|^2$
→ Lepton universality R_K
- Low significance $\lesssim 1\sigma$

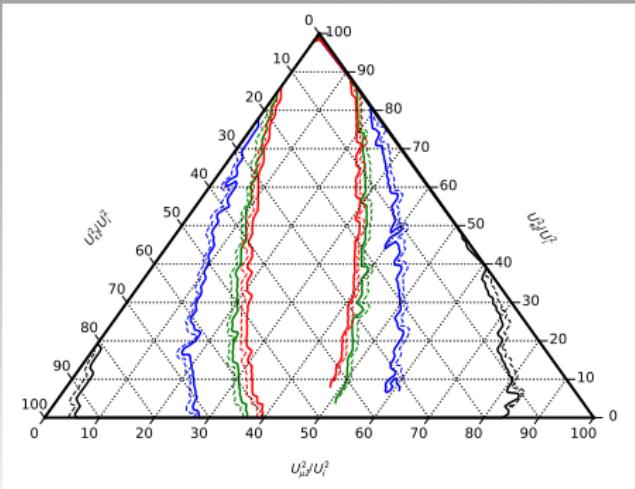
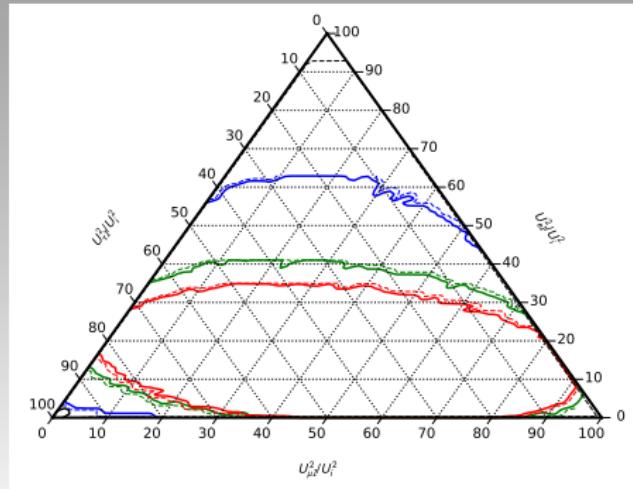
Results

- Seesaw and BBN limits



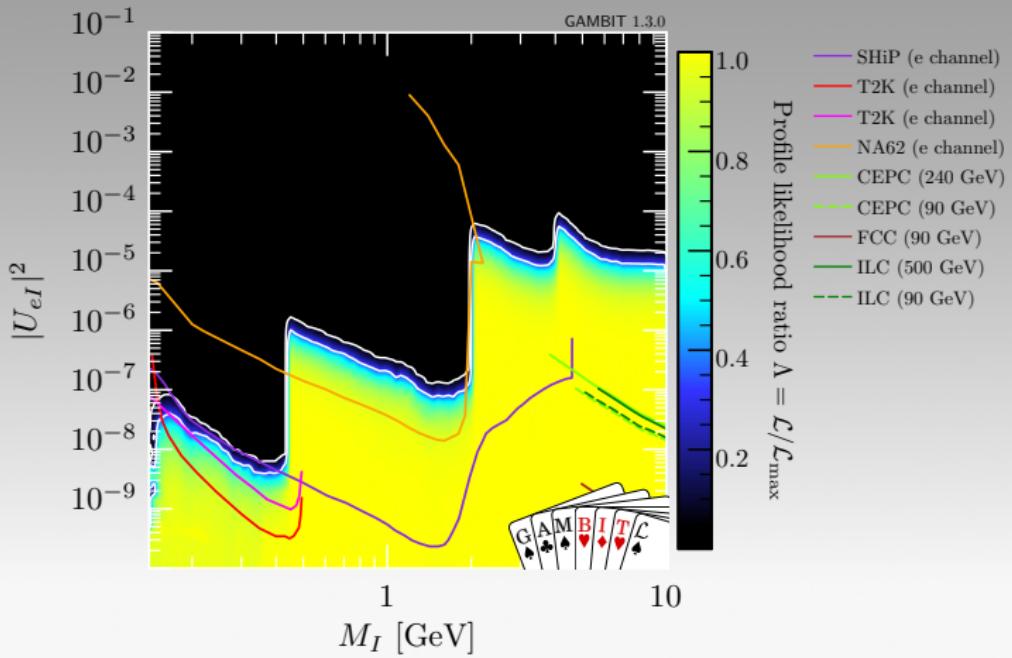
Results

- Massless neutrino limit $m_{\nu_0} \rightarrow 0 \rightsquigarrow$ approximate $B - L$



Results

- Future constraints





Results

Higgs portal DM

[GAMBIT, Eur.Phys.J. C77 (2017) no.8, 568]

[GAMBIT, Eur.Phys.J. C79 (2019) no.1, 38]



Models of Higgs-portal DM

- **Scalar** singlet S with \mathbb{Z}_2

$$\mathcal{L}_S = \frac{1}{2}\mu_S^2|S|^2 + \frac{1}{4}\lambda_S|S|^4 + \frac{1}{2}\lambda_{hS}|S|^2|H|^2$$

- **Vector** singlet V with \mathbb{Z}_2

$$\mathcal{L}_S = \frac{1}{2}\mu_V^2V_\mu V^\mu + \frac{1}{4!}\lambda_V(V_\mu V^\mu)^2 + \frac{1}{2}\lambda_{hV}V_\mu V^\mu|H|^2$$

- **Fermion** singlet with \mathbb{Z}_2 . Dirac ψ or Majorana χ

$$\mathcal{L}_\psi = -\mu_\psi\bar{\psi}\psi - \frac{\lambda_{h\psi}}{\Lambda_\psi} (\cos\theta\bar{\psi}\psi + \sin\theta\bar{\psi}i\gamma_5\psi)|H|^2$$

$$\mathcal{L}_\chi = -\frac{1}{2}\mu_\chi\bar{\chi}\chi - \frac{1}{2}\frac{\lambda_{h\chi}}{\Lambda_\chi} (\cos\theta\bar{\chi}\chi + \sin\theta\bar{\chi}i\gamma_5\chi)|H|^2$$



Model parameters

- **Scalar** singlet S with \mathbb{Z}_2 $\{m_S, \lambda_{hS}\}$
- **Vector** singlet V with \mathbb{Z}_2 $\{m_V, \lambda_{hV}\}, \quad m_V^2 = \mu_V^2 + \frac{1}{2} \lambda_{hV} v_0^2$
- **Fermion** singlet with \mathbb{Z}_2 . Dirac ψ or Majorana χ
 $\{m_{\psi/\chi}, \lambda_{h\psi/\chi}/\Lambda_{\psi/\chi}, \xi\}$

$$m_{\psi/\chi}^2 = \left(\mu_{\psi/\chi}^2 + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\lambda_{h\psi/\chi}}{\Lambda_{\psi/\chi}} v_0^2 \cos \theta \right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{\lambda_{h\psi/\chi}}{\Lambda_{\psi/\chi}} v_0^2 \sin \theta \right)^2,$$

$$\cos \xi = \frac{\mu_{\psi/\chi}}{m_{\psi/\chi}} \left(\cos \theta + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\lambda_{h\psi/\chi}}{\Lambda_{\psi/\chi}} \frac{v_0^2}{\mu_{\psi/\chi}} \right)$$

- Nuisance parameters

$$\{\rho_0, v_{\text{peak}}, v_{\text{esc}}\}, \quad \{\sigma_s, \sigma_l\}, \quad \{m_h, \alpha_s^{\overline{MS}}(m_Z)\}$$



Model parameters

- **Scalar singlet S**

$$\{m_S, \lambda_{hS}\}$$

Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Prior
λ_{hS}	10^{-4}	10	log
m_S (full-range scan)	45 GeV	10 TeV	log
m_S (low-mass scan)	45 GeV	70 GeV	flat

- **Vector singlet V**

$$\{m_V, \lambda_{hV}\}$$

Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Prior type
λ_{hV}	10^{-4}	10	log
m_V (low mass)	45 GeV	70 GeV	flat
m_V (high mass)	45 GeV	10 TeV	log

- **Fermion singlet χ/ψ**

$$\{m_{\psi/\chi}, \lambda_{h\psi/\chi}/\Lambda_{\psi/\chi}, \xi\}$$

Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Prior type
$\lambda_{h\chi,h\psi}/\Lambda_{\chi,\psi}$	10^{-6} GeV^{-1}	1 GeV^{-1}	log
ξ	0	π	flat
$m_{\chi,\psi}$ (low mass)	45 GeV	70 GeV	flat
$m_{\chi,\psi}$ (high mass)	45 GeV	10 TeV	log

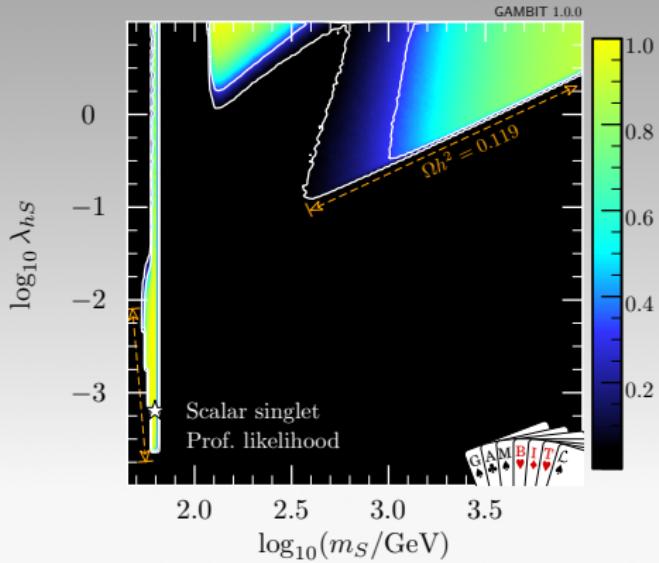
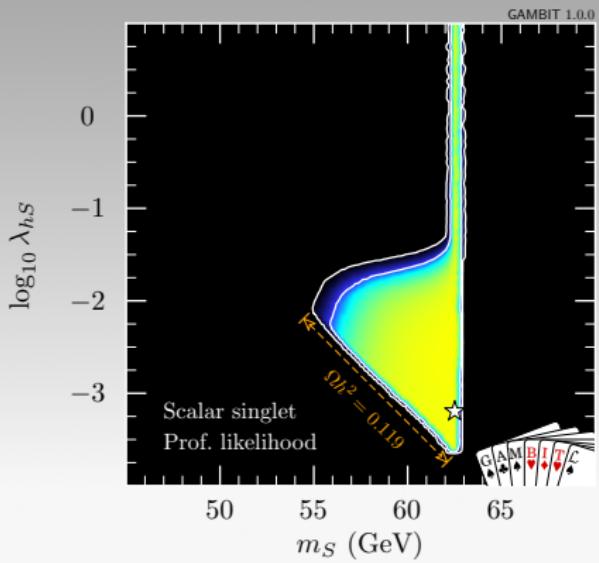


Constraints and likelihoods

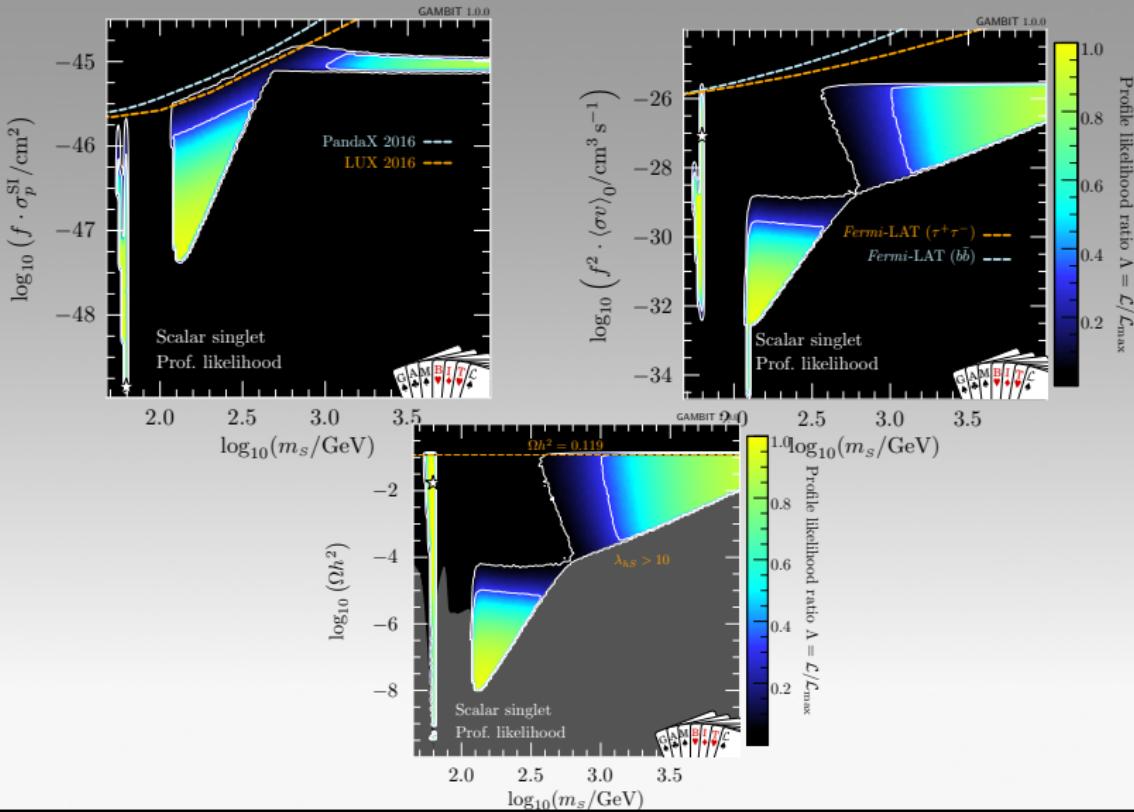
- Thermal relic density of DM $\Omega_{\text{DM}} h^2 < 0.1188$ [Planck, 2015]
DarkSUSY
- Higgs invisible width $\text{BR}(H \rightarrow \text{inv.}) < 0.19$
- Direct detection constraints
 - S: LUX 2016, PandaX 2016, SuperCDMS, Xenon100
 - V/F: PandaX 2017, CDMSlite, CRESST-II, PICO-60, DarkSide-50, Xenon1TDDCalc
- Capture and annihilation of DM in the Sun IceCube
Capt'n General, nulike
- Indirect detection through gamma rays Fermi-LAT
gamLike
- Nuisance likelihoods $\{\rho_0, v_{\text{peak}}, v_{\text{esc}}\}, \{\sigma_s, \sigma_l\}, \{m_h, \alpha_s^{\overline{MS}}(m_Z)\}$

Results

- Scalar DM

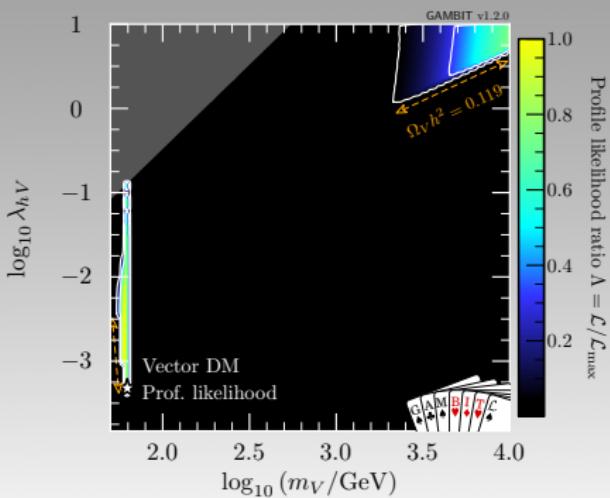
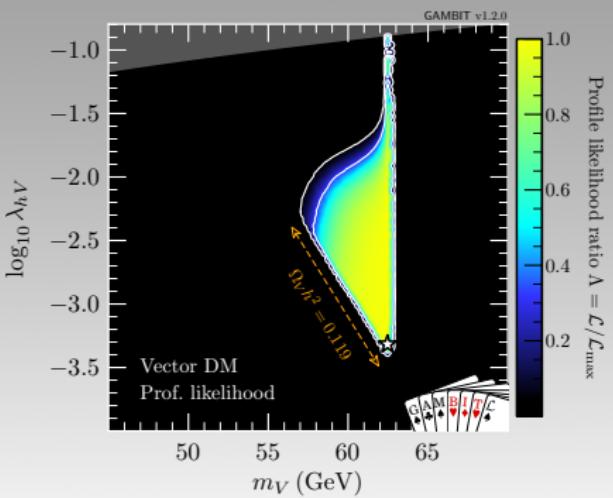


Results

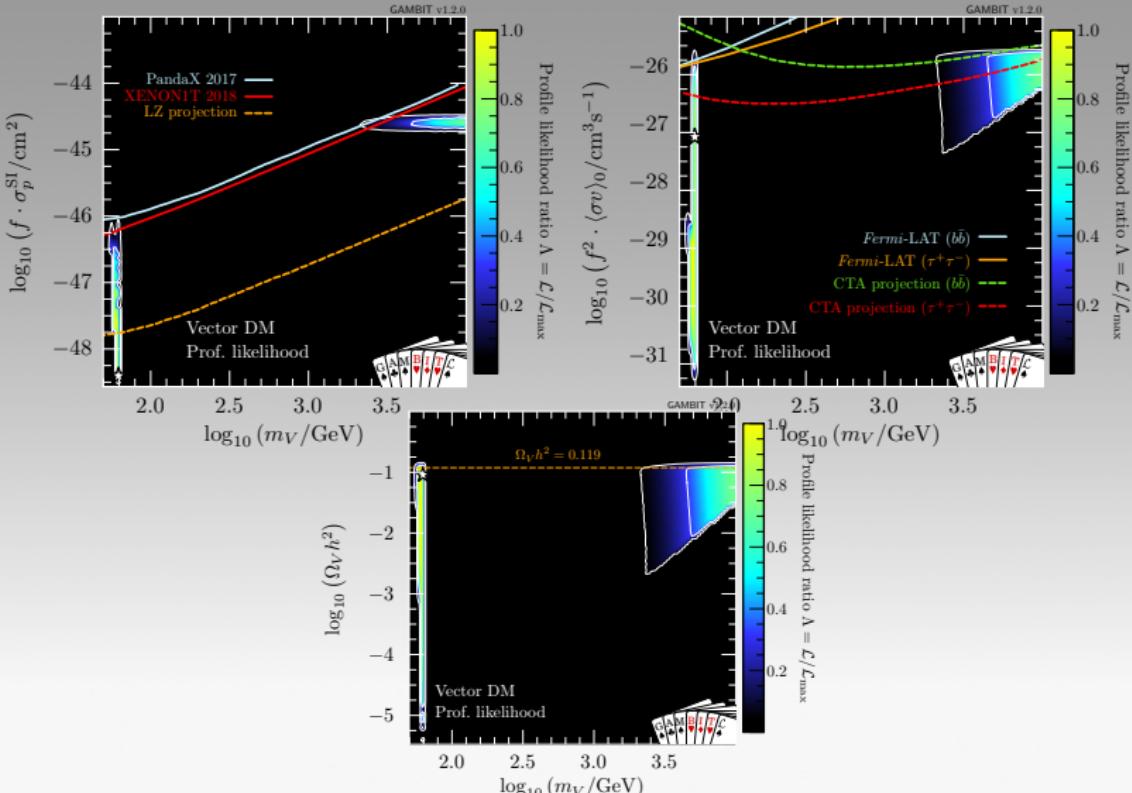


Results

- Vector DM

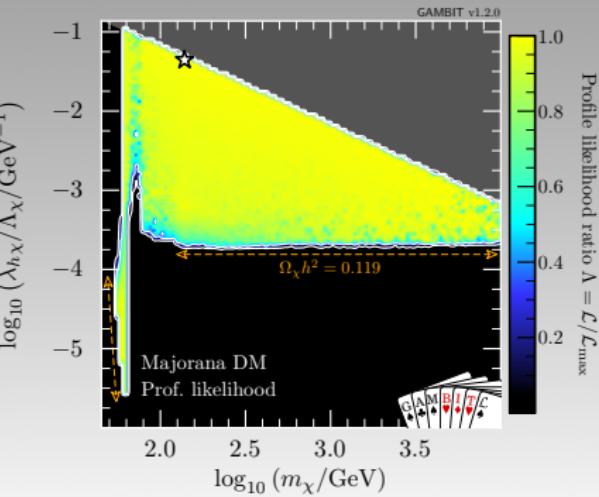
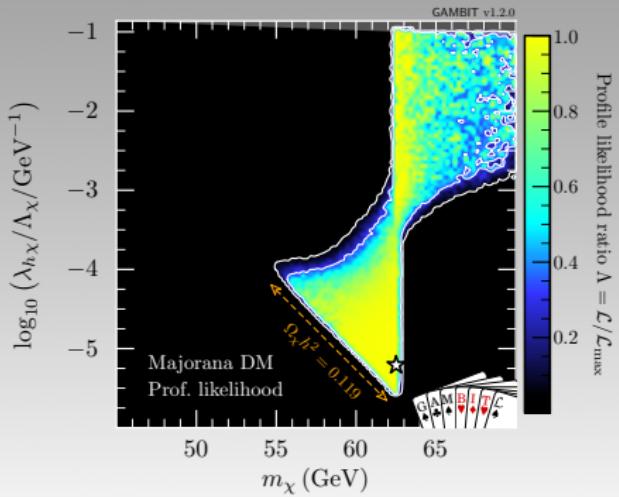


Results



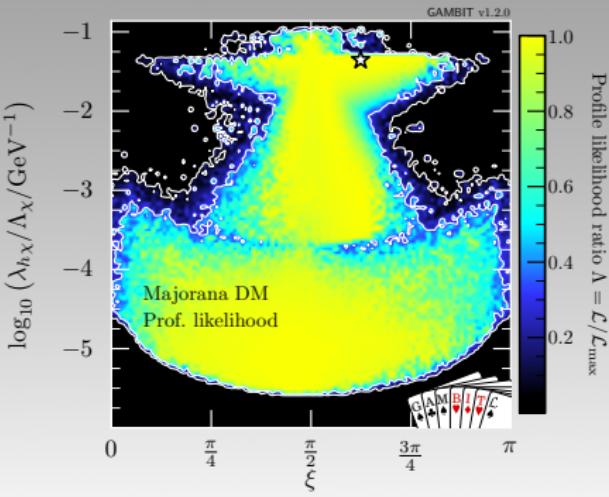
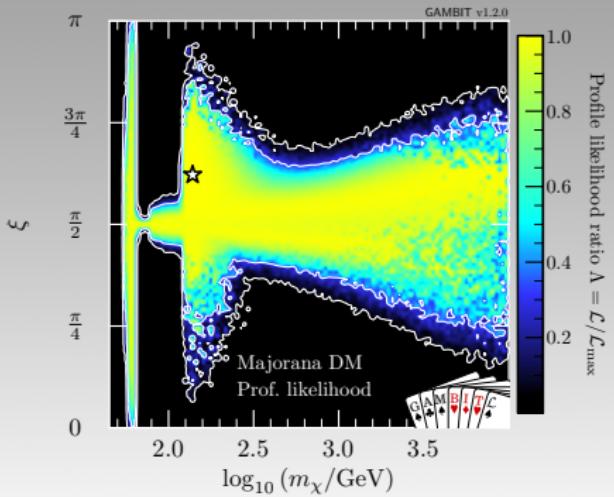
Results

- Fermion DM (both Majorana and Dirac)

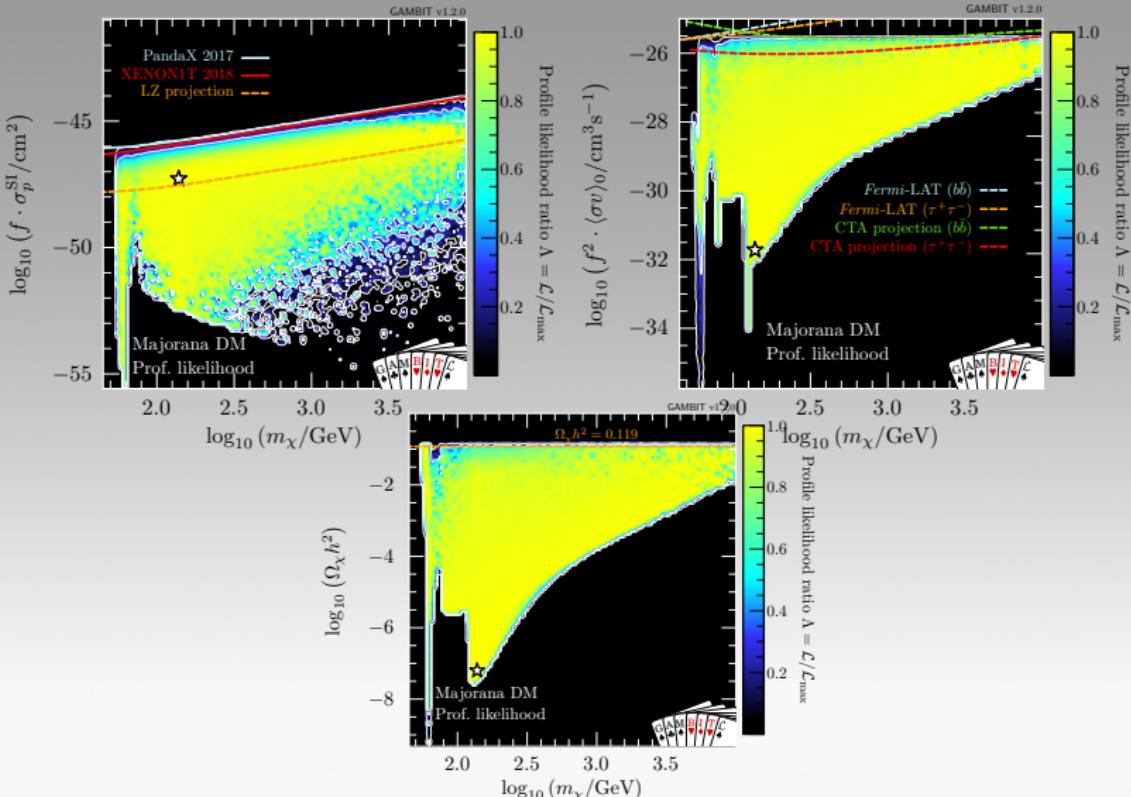


Results

- Fermion DM (both Majorana and Dirac)

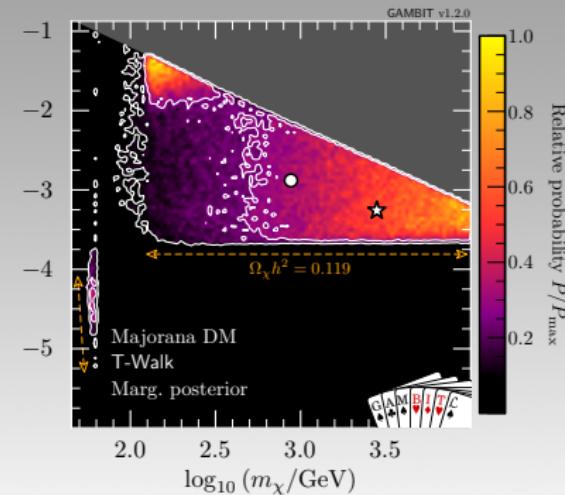
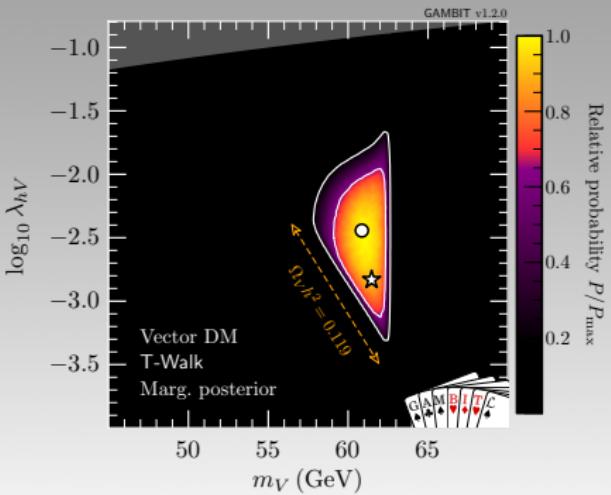


Results



Results

- Posterior Probability





Bayesian Model Comparison

- Bayes factor

$$B = \frac{\mathcal{Z}(M1)}{\mathcal{Z}(M2)}, \quad \mathcal{Z}(M) = \int \mathcal{L}(D|\theta)P(\theta)d\theta$$

- CP-odd vs CP-even fermion DM

Model	Comparison model and priors			Odds
$\xi = 0$	$m_\chi: \log$	$\lambda_{h\chi}/\Lambda_\chi: \log$	$\xi: \text{flat}$	70:1
$g_p/\Lambda_p = 0$	$m_\chi: \log$	$g_s/\Lambda_s: \log$	$g_p/\Lambda_p: \log$	140:1

- Scalar vs Vector vs Fermion DM

Model	Parameters and priors			Odds
S	$m_S: \log$	$\lambda_{hS}: \log$		1:1
V_μ	$m_V: \log$	$\lambda_{hV}: \log$		6:1
χ	$m_\chi: \log$	$\lambda_{h\chi}/\Lambda_\chi: \log$	$\xi: \text{flat}$	1:1
ψ	$m_\psi: \log$	$\lambda_{h\psi}/\Lambda_\psi: \log$	$\xi: \text{flat}$	1:1



Summary



Summary and outlook

- **Global fits** are great!

- Models with many parameters → smart sampling
- Multitude of constraints → composite likelihoods
- Statistical interpretation → frequentist / Bayesian

- **GAMBIT** is well suited for this

- Plug-in external tools and scanning algorithms

- **Right-handed neutrinos**

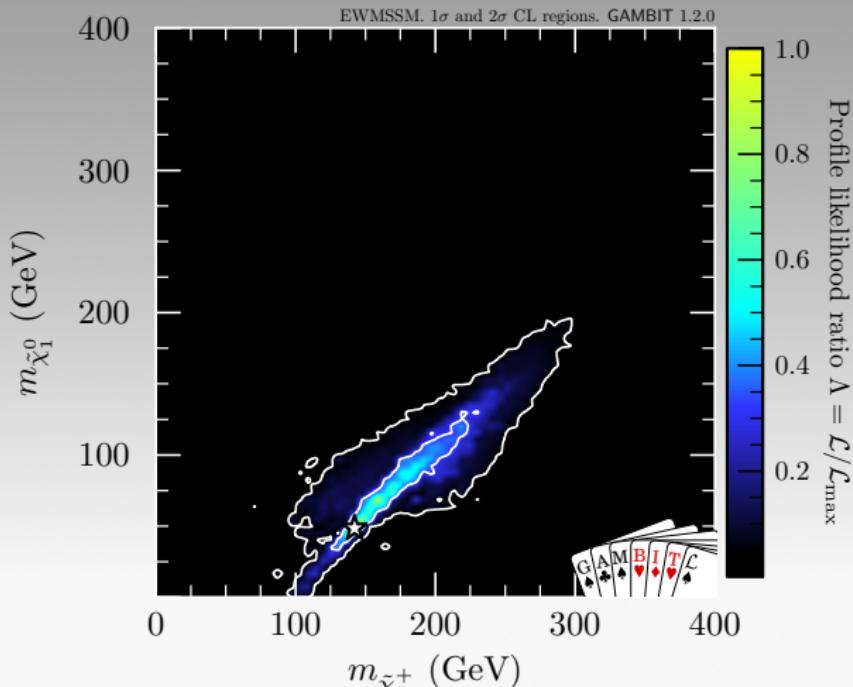
- RHNs can explain m_ν with reasonable Yukawas
- Preference for an approximate B-L symmetry
- Strongly constrained by direct searches & BBN

- **Higgs portal Dark matter**

- WIMP DM is alive where DD is suppressed
- Slight preference for scalar/fermion over vector
- Strong CP-odd vs CP-even

Bonus content

- Supersymmetric DM

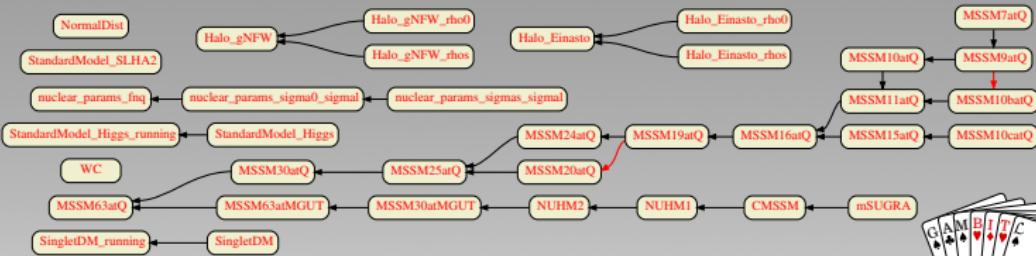




Backup

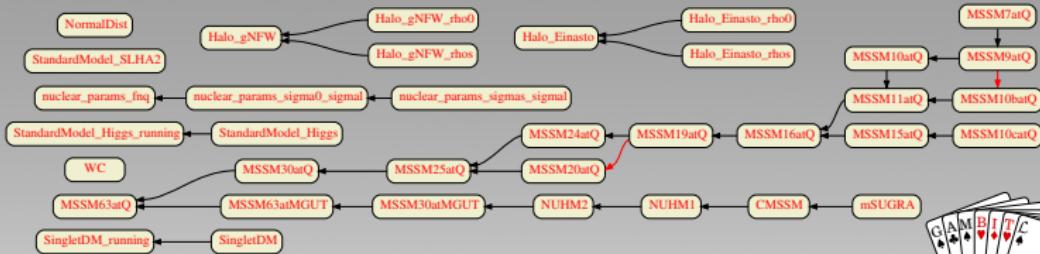
The Core

- Model hierarchy : SUSY & Singlet DM



The Core

- Model hierarchy : SUSY & Singlet DM



- Dependency resolution : CMSSM



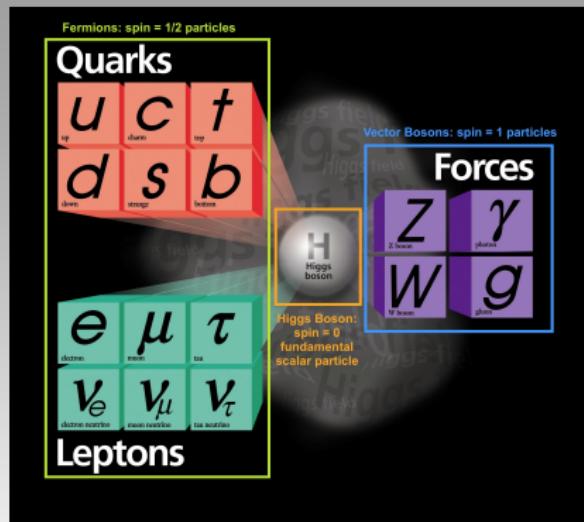
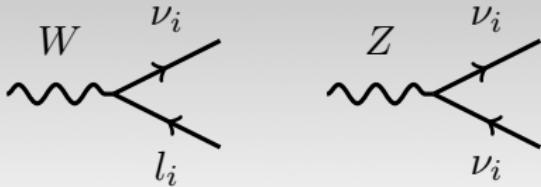
- The core automatically determines the evaluation order
- Each function is only run once per parameter point

Neutrinos in the Standard Model

- The SM has 3 **active** neutrinos
- $SU(2)_L$ doublets

$$L_i \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} \nu_i \\ l_i \end{pmatrix}$$

- Interact weakly with W or Z



- They are **massless**: $m_{\nu_i} = 0$

Neutrino masses

- Neutrinos have masses!
- Super-Kamiokande observed the oscillation of atmospheric ν s

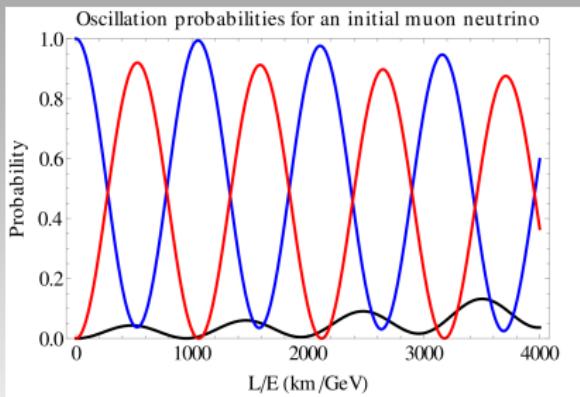
[Super-K, Phys.Rev.Lett. 81 (1998) 1562–1567]

- Neutrinos from cosmic rays

$$\pi^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ + \nu_\mu$$

$$\mu^+ \rightarrow e^+ + \bar{\nu}_\mu + \nu_e$$

- Disappearance of ν_μ ($\rightarrow \nu_\tau$)
- Probability of oscillation $\nu_\alpha \rightarrow \nu_\beta$



$$P_{\alpha \rightarrow \beta} \approx \sin^2(2\theta) \sin^2 \frac{\Delta m^2 L}{2E}$$

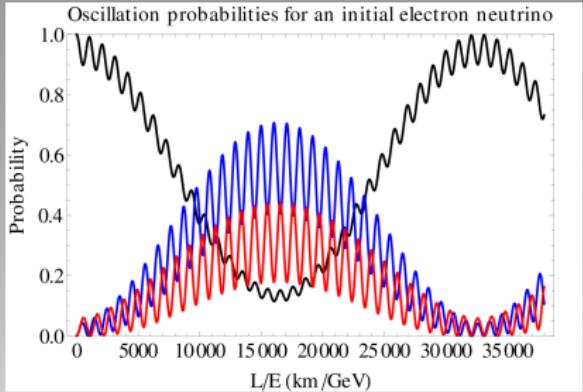
- Observation of oscillations \rightsquigarrow evidence for massive neutrinos

Neutrino masses

- Three-neutrino mixing

$$\begin{pmatrix} \nu_e \\ \nu_\mu \\ \nu_\tau \end{pmatrix} = U_{PMNS} \begin{pmatrix} \nu_1 \\ \nu_2 \\ \nu_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

- Oscillations of all flavour eigenstates $\nu_\alpha \rightarrow \nu_\beta$
- Mixing matrix



$$U = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & c_{23} & s_{23} \\ 0 & -s_{23} & c_{23} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} c_{13} & 0 & s_{13}e^{-i\delta} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -s_{13}e^{i\delta} & 0 & c_{13} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} c_{12} & s_{12} & 0 \\ -s_{12} & c_{12} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$P_{\alpha \rightarrow \beta} = \delta_{\alpha\beta} - 4\Re(U_{\alpha i}^* U_{\beta i} U_{\alpha j} U_{\beta j}^*) \sin^2 \frac{\Delta m_{ij}^2 L}{2E} + 2\Im(U_{\alpha i}^* U_{\beta i} U_{\alpha j} U_{\beta j}^*) \sin \frac{\Delta m_{ij}^2 L}{2E}$$



Neutrino experiments

- **Solar** neutrino oscillation: ν_e disappearance ($\nu_e \rightarrow \nu_\mu$)

$$\theta_{12}, \Delta m_{12}^2$$

[Chlorine, GALLEX/GNO, SAGE, Super-Kamiokande, SNO, Borexino]

- **Atmospheric** neutrino oscillation: ν_μ disappearance

$$\theta_{23}, \Delta m_{23}^2$$

[IceCube, Super-Kamiokande, DeepCore]

- **Reactor** neutrino oscillation

$$\theta_{12}, \theta_{13}, \Delta m_{12}^2$$

[ILL, Goesgen, Krasnoyarsk, Rovno, Bugey-3, Bugey-4, SRP, NEOS, DANSS, Double Chooz, RENO, Daya Bay, KamLAND]

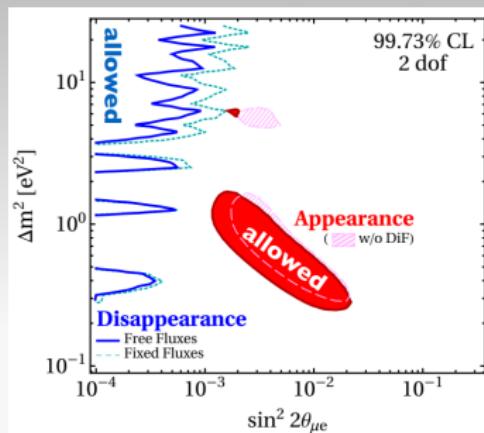
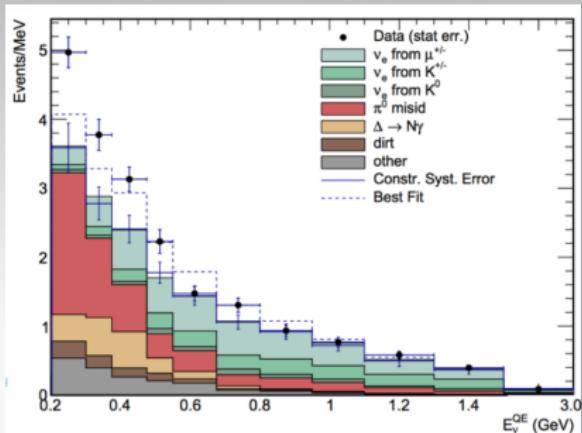
- **Beam** neutrino oscillation

$$\theta_{13}, \theta_{23}, \Delta m_{23}^2$$

[LSND, MiniBooNE, KARMEN, NOMAD, E776, ICARUS, OPERA]

Anomalies

- LSND, 3.8σ in ν_e appearance
- MiniBooNE, 4.5σ in ν_e appearance and ν_μ disappearance
- 3σ in other reactor (Daya Bay) and radioactive source experiments (Gallium) in ν_e disappearance
- Sterile neutrino cannot fully explain all excesses



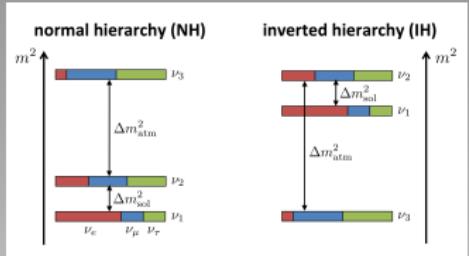


Neutrino masses

- Fit to neutrino oscillation data

[NUFIT, JHEP 01 (2019) 106 [arXiv:1811.05487]]

	Normal Ordering (best fit)		Inverted Ordering ($\Delta\chi^2 = 9.3$)	
	bfp $\pm 1\sigma$	3σ range	bfp $\pm 1\sigma$	3σ range
$\sin^2 \theta_{12}$	$0.310^{+0.013}_{-0.012}$	$0.275 \rightarrow 0.350$	$0.310^{+0.013}_{-0.012}$	$0.275 \rightarrow 0.350$
$\theta_{12}/^\circ$	$33.82^{+0.78}_{-0.76}$	$31.61 \rightarrow 36.27$	$33.82^{+0.78}_{-0.75}$	$31.62 \rightarrow 36.27$
$\sin^2 \theta_{23}$	$0.582^{+0.015}_{-0.019}$	$0.428 \rightarrow 0.624$	$0.582^{+0.015}_{-0.018}$	$0.433 \rightarrow 0.623$
$\theta_{23}/^\circ$	$49.7^{+0.9}_{-1.1}$	$40.9 \rightarrow 52.2$	$49.7^{+0.9}_{-1.0}$	$41.2 \rightarrow 52.1$
$\sin^2 \theta_{13}$	$0.02240^{+0.00065}_{-0.00066}$	$0.02044 \rightarrow 0.02437$	$0.02263^{+0.00065}_{-0.00066}$	$0.02067 \rightarrow 0.02461$
$\theta_{13}/^\circ$	$8.61^{+0.12}_{-0.13}$	$8.22 \rightarrow 8.98$	$8.65^{+0.12}_{-0.13}$	$8.27 \rightarrow 9.03$
$\delta_{\text{CP}}/^\circ$	217^{+40}_{-28}	$135 \rightarrow 366$	280^{+25}_{-28}	$196 \rightarrow 351$
$\frac{\Delta m_{21}^2}{10^{-5} \text{ eV}^2}$	$7.39^{+0.21}_{-0.20}$	$6.79 \rightarrow 8.01$	$7.39^{+0.21}_{-0.20}$	$6.79 \rightarrow 8.01$
$\frac{\Delta m_{3\ell}^2}{10^{-3} \text{ eV}^2}$	$+2.525^{+0.033}_{-0.031}$	$+2.431 \rightarrow +2.622$	$-2.512^{+0.034}_{-0.031}$	$-2.606 \rightarrow -2.413$



- Neutrinos are massive (at least two)
- BSM models must provide a mechanism for neutrino masses
- RH neutrinos and type-I seesaw

Likelihoods and observables

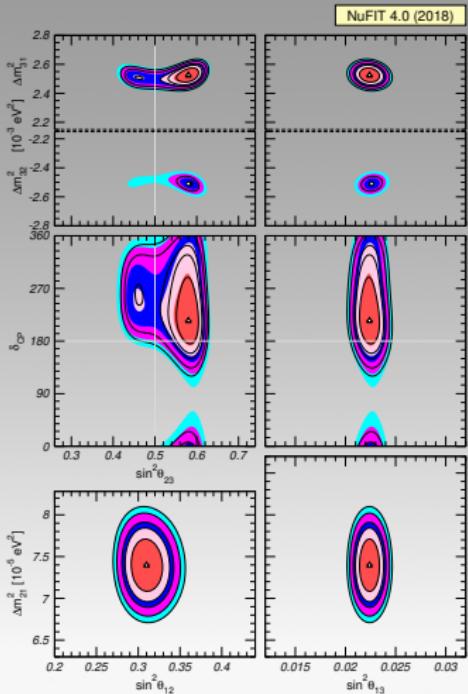
- Active neutrino parameters

[E. Fernandez-Martinez, J. Hernandez-Garcia,

J. Lopez-Pavon, JHEP 1608 (2016) 033]

	NH	IH
$\sin^2 \theta_{12}$	$0.306^{+0.012}_{-0.012}$	$0.306^{+0.012}_{-0.012}$
$\sin^2 \theta_{23}$	$0.441^{+0.027}_{-0.021}$	$0.587^{+0.020}_{-0.024}$
$\sin^2 \theta_{13}$	$0.02166^{+0.00075}_{-0.00075}$	$0.02179^{+0.00076}_{-0.00076}$
δ_{CP}	261^{+51}_{-59}	277^{+40}_{-46}
$\frac{\Delta m^2_{21}}{10^{-5} \text{ eV}^2}$	$7.50^{+0.19}_{-0.17}$	$7.50^{+0.19}_{-0.17}$
$\frac{\Delta m^2_{31}}{10^{-5} \text{ eV}^2}$	$2.524^{+0.039}_{-0.040}$	$-2.514^{+0.038}_{-0.041}$

- 2D gaussian likelihoods
- Planck limit $\sum m_\nu < 0.23 \text{ eV}$





Likelihoods and observables

- Modified Fermi constant

$$G_\mu^2 = G_F^2 (1 - (\theta\theta^\dagger)_{\mu\mu} - (\theta\theta^\dagger)_{ee})$$

- EWPO parameters

$$\sin^2 2\theta_w = [\sin^2 2\theta_w]_{SM} \sqrt{1 - (\theta\theta^\dagger)_{\mu\mu} - (\theta\theta^\dagger)_{ee}}$$

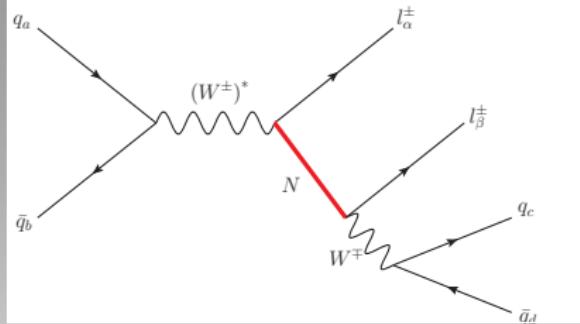
$$\frac{m_W^2}{[m_W^2]_{SM}} = \frac{[s_w^2]_{SM}}{s_w^2} \sqrt{1 - (\theta\theta^\dagger)_{\mu\mu} - (\theta\theta^\dagger)_{ee}} ,$$

- EWPO decays
- $$\Gamma_{\text{inv}} = \frac{G_\mu m_Z^3}{12\sqrt{2}\pi} \sum_{ij} \frac{(V_\nu V_\nu^\dagger)_{ij}}{\sqrt{1 - (\theta\theta^\dagger)_{\mu\mu} - (\theta\theta^\dagger)_{ee}}}$$

$$\Gamma_{W \rightarrow l_\alpha \bar{\nu}} = \frac{G_\mu m_W^3}{6\sqrt{2}\pi} \frac{(1 - \frac{1}{2}(\theta\theta^\dagger)_{\alpha\alpha})(1 - x_\alpha)^2(1 + x_\alpha)}{\sqrt{1 - (\theta\theta^\dagger)_{\mu\mu} - (\theta\theta^\dagger)_{ee}}}$$

Likelihoods and observables

- Direct searches for RHN in **meson, tau and gauge boson decays**
- **Beam dump and peak search** experiments
- M_i vs $|\Theta_{\alpha i}|^2$ exclusion limits
- Poisson likelihoods



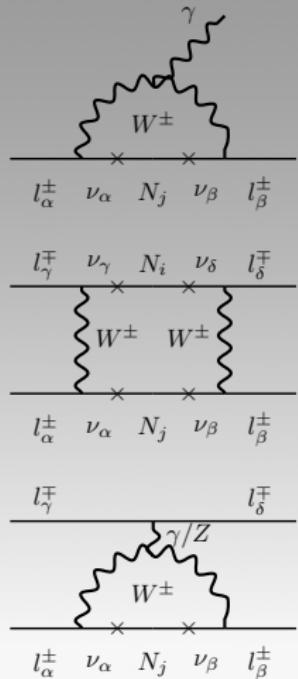
PIENU	0.06 - 0.129 GeV	Θ_{ei}	[M. Aoki et al, Phys. Rev. D, 84(5), 2011]
PS191	0.02 - 0.45 GeV	$\Theta_{ei}, \Theta_{\mu i}$	[G. Bernardi et al, Phys. Lett. B, 203(3), 1988]
E949	0.175 - 0.3 GeV	$\Theta_{\mu i}$	[A. V. Artamonov et al, Phys. Rev. D 91, 2015]
CHARM	0.01 - 2.8 GeV	$\Theta_{ei}, \Theta_{\mu i}, \Theta_{\tau i}$	[CHARM, Phys. Lett. B166(4), 1986]
NuTeV	0.25 - 2 GeV	$\Theta_{\mu i}$	[FNAL-E815, Phys. Rev. Lett. 83, 1999]
DELPHI (S)	3 - 50 GeV	$\Theta_{ei}, \Theta_{\mu i}, \Theta_{\tau i}$	[DELPHI, Z. Phys. C, 74(1), 1997]
DELPHI (L)	0.5 - 4.2 GeV	$\Theta_{ei}, \Theta_{\mu i}, \Theta_{\tau i}$	[DELPHI, Z. Phys. C, 74(1), 1997]
ATLAS	50 - 500 GeV	$\Theta_{ei}, \Theta_{\mu i}$	[ATLAS, JHEP 07:162, 2015]
CMS	$1 - 10^3$ GeV	$\Theta_{ei}, \Theta_{\mu i}$	[CMS, arXiv:1802.02965v1]

Likelihoods and observables

- Lepton flavour violating decays

Process	Branch. Frac.	Reference
$\mu^- \rightarrow e^- \gamma$	4.2×10^{-13}	[MEG]
$\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \gamma$	5.4×10^{-8}	[BaBar, Belle]
$\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^- \gamma$	5.0×10^{-8}	[BaBar, Belle]
$\mu^- \rightarrow e^- e^- e^+$	1.0×10^{-12}	[SINDRUM]
$\tau^- \rightarrow e^- e^- e^+$	1.4×10^{-8}	[BaBar, Belle]
$\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^- \mu^- \mu^+$	1.2×10^{-8}	[ATLAS, BaBar, Belle, LHCb]
$\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^- e^- e^+$	1.1×10^{-8}	[BaBar, Belle]
$\tau^- \rightarrow e^- e^- \mu^+$	0.84×10^{-8}	[BaBar, Belle]
$\tau^- \rightarrow e^- \mu^- \mu^+$	1.6×10^{-8}	[BaBar, Belle]
$\tau^- \rightarrow \mu^- \mu^- e^+$	0.98×10^{-8}	[BaBar, Belle]
$\mu - e$ (Ti)	1.7×10^{-12}	[SINDRUM II]
$\mu - e$ (Pb)	4.6×10^{-11}	[SINDRUM II]

- Upper bounds on $|\Theta_{\alpha I}|^2$
- One-sided gaussian likelihoods





Likelihoods and observables

- **Big Bang Nucleosynthesis** → lower bound on $|U_I|^2$

$$N_I \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu_\alpha, \quad N_I \rightarrow H^+ l_\alpha^-, \quad N_I \rightarrow \eta \nu_\alpha, \quad N_I \rightarrow \eta' \nu_\alpha, \quad N_I \rightarrow \rho^+ l_\alpha^-,$$

$$N_I \rightarrow \rho^0 \nu_\alpha, \quad N_I \rightarrow \sum_{\alpha, \beta} \nu_\alpha \bar{\nu}_\beta \nu_\beta, \quad N_I \rightarrow l_{\alpha \neq \beta}^- l_\beta^+ \nu_\beta, \quad N_I \rightarrow \nu_\alpha l_\beta^+ l_\beta^-,$$

$$N_I \rightarrow \nu_\alpha u \bar{u}, \quad N_I \rightarrow \nu_\alpha d \bar{d}, \quad N_I \rightarrow l_\alpha u_n \bar{d}_m$$

→ Conservative limit on the lifetime

$$\tau_N \propto M_I^{-5} < 0.1s$$

- **Neutrinoless Double β Decay**

$$[T_{1/2}^{0\nu}]^{-1} = \mathcal{A} \left| m_p \sum_I \frac{\Theta_{eI}^2 M_I}{\langle p^2 \rangle + M_I^2} \right|^2, \quad T_{1/2}^{0\nu} \geq 2.1 \times 10^{25} \text{ yr, GERDA (Ge)} \\ T_{1/2}^{0\nu} \geq 1.07 \times 10^{26} \text{ yr, KamLAND-Zen (Xe)}$$

→ Loses effectiveness in $B - L$ limit



Likelihoods and observables

• Lepton Universality

$$R_{\alpha\beta}^X = \frac{\Gamma(X^+ \rightarrow l_\alpha^+ \nu_\alpha)}{\Gamma(X^+ \rightarrow l_\beta^+ \nu_\beta)}, \quad X = \pi, K, \tau, W$$

$$R_Y = \frac{\Gamma(B^{0/\pm} \rightarrow Y^{0/\pm} l_\alpha^+ l_\alpha^-)}{\Gamma(B^{0/\pm} \rightarrow Y^{0/\pm} l_\beta^+ l_\beta^-)}, \quad Y = K, K^*$$

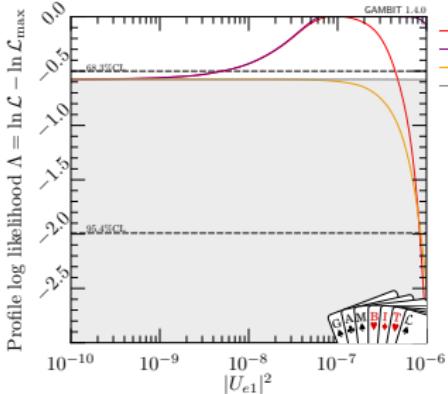
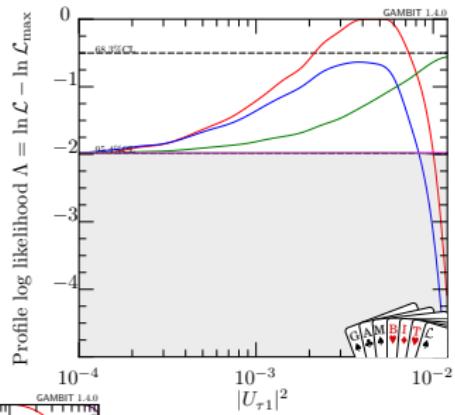
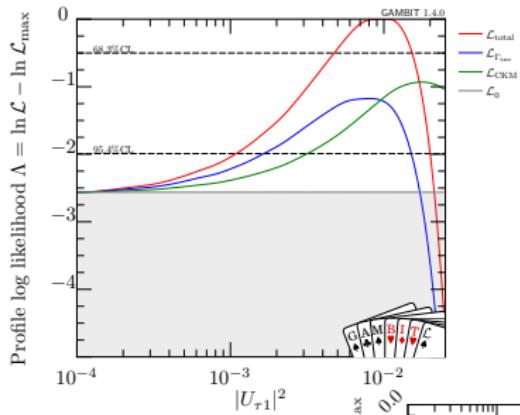
→ R_D and R_{D^*} are not impacted

• CKM Unitarity $|V_{us}^{CKM}|^2 + |V_{ud}^{CKM}|^2 = 1$

$$|(V_{CKM}^{exp})_{us,ud}^i|^2 = |(V_{CKM})_{us,ud}|^2 [1 + f^i(\Theta)],$$

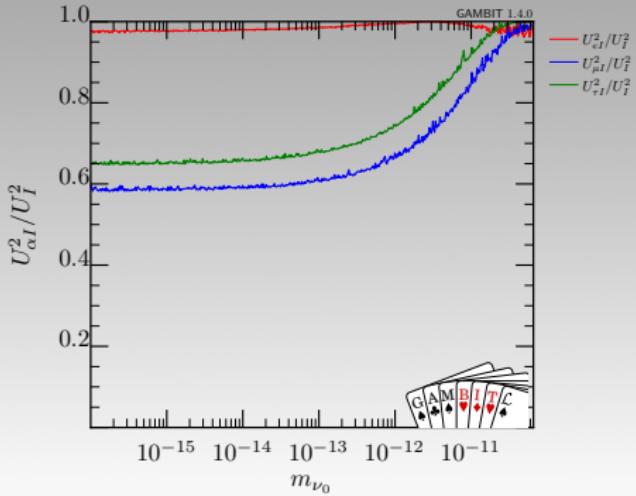
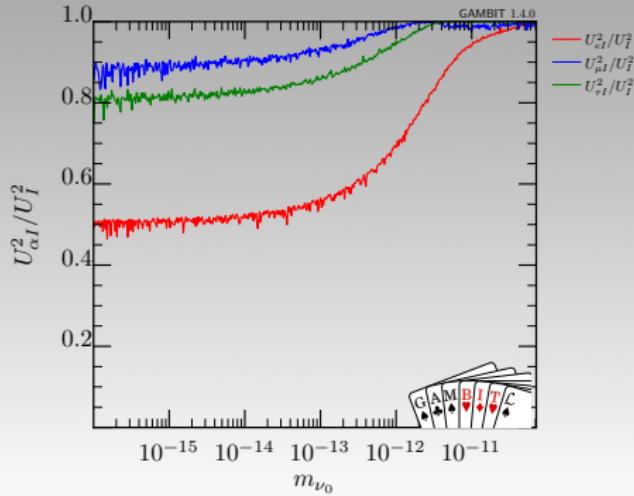
e.g. $K_L \rightarrow \pi^+ e^- \bar{\nu}_e : 1 + f^1(\Theta) = \frac{G_F^2}{G_\mu^2} [1 - (\theta \theta^\dagger)_{ee}]$

Results



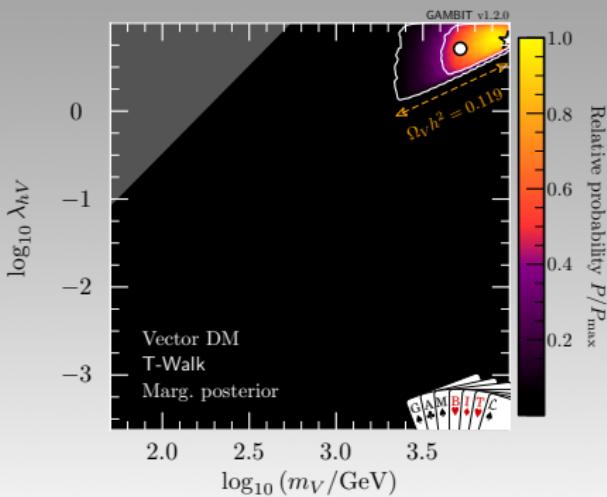
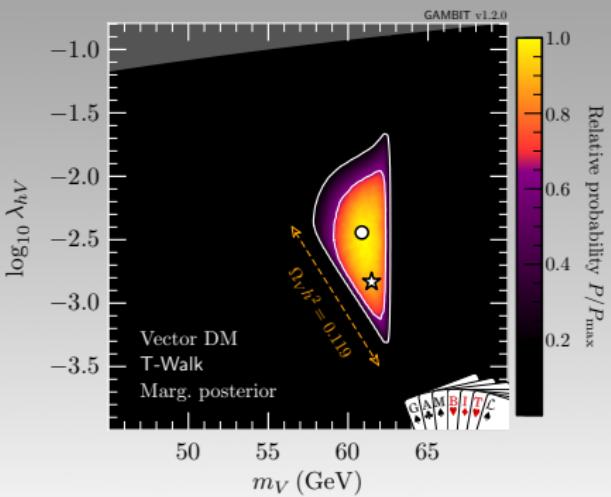
Results

- Massless neutrino limit $m_{\nu_0} \rightarrow 0 \rightsquigarrow$ approximate $B - L$



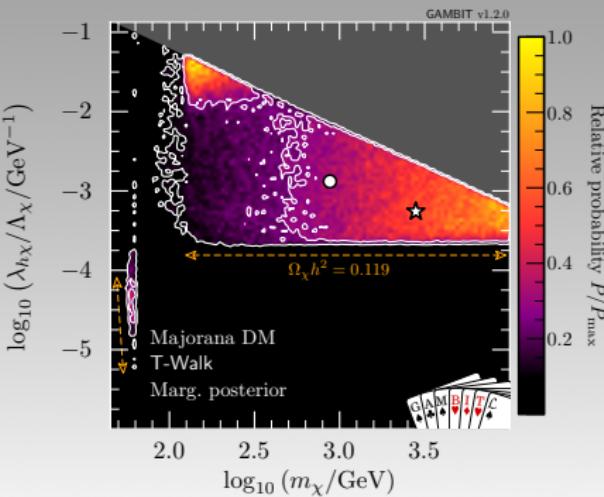
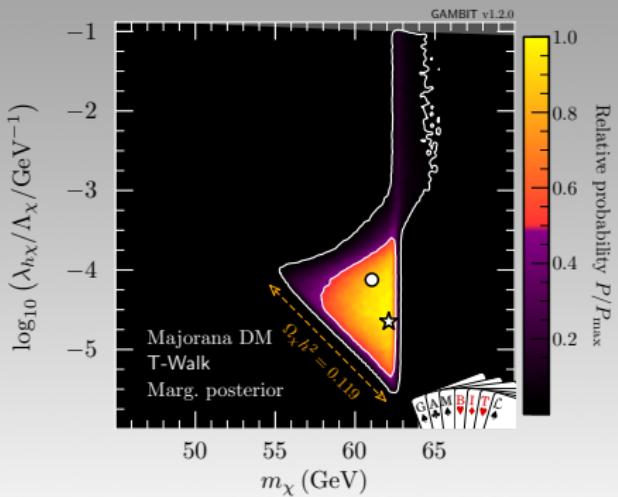
Results

- Posterior Probability



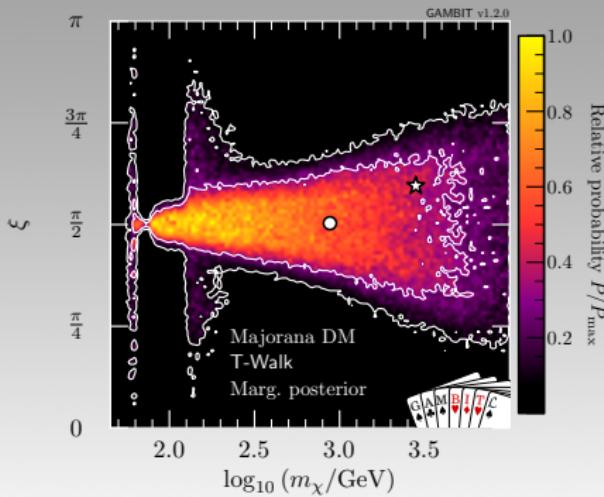
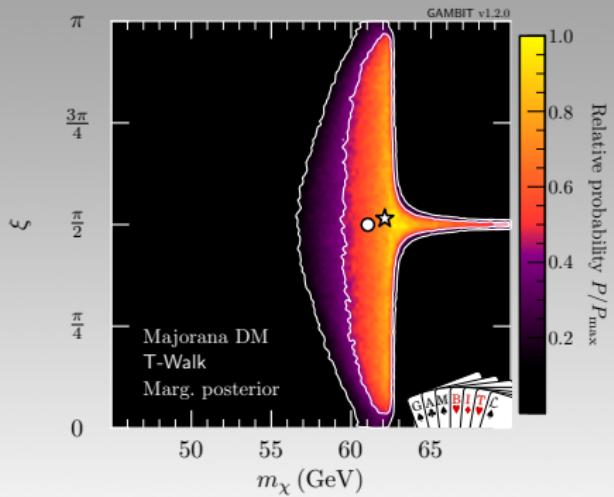
Results

- Posterior Probability



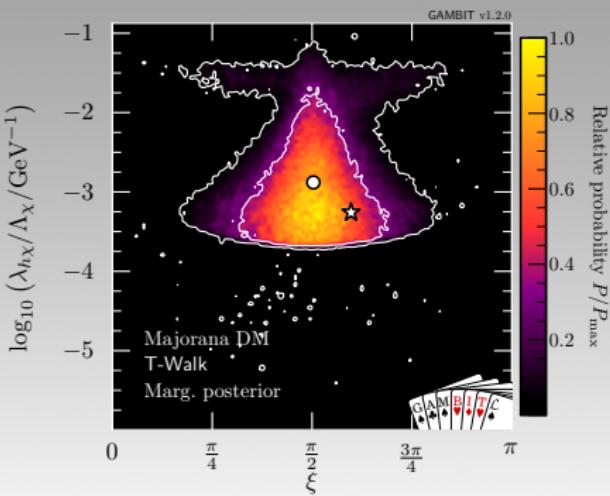
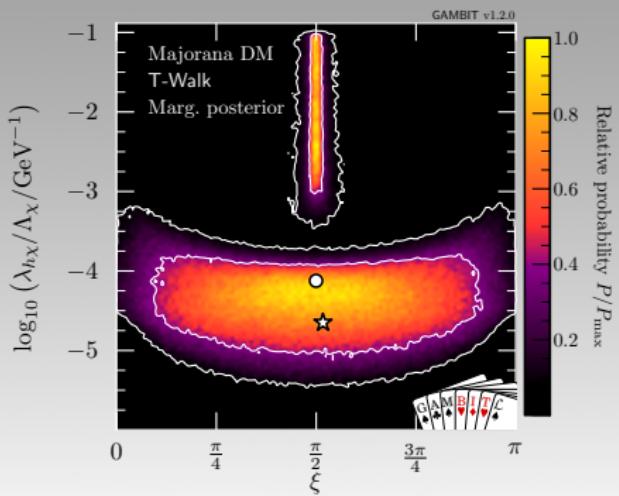
Results

- Posterior Probability



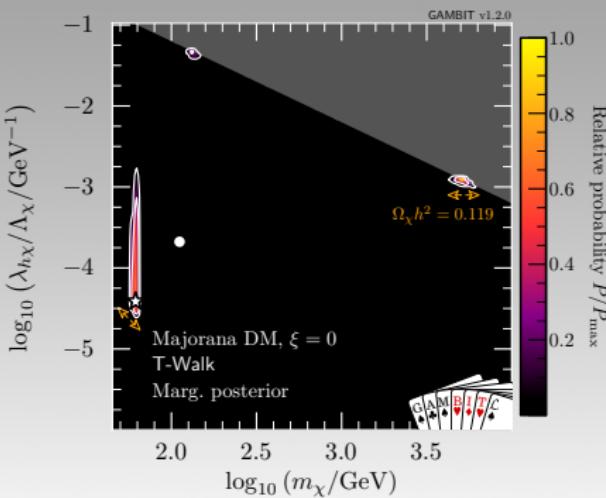
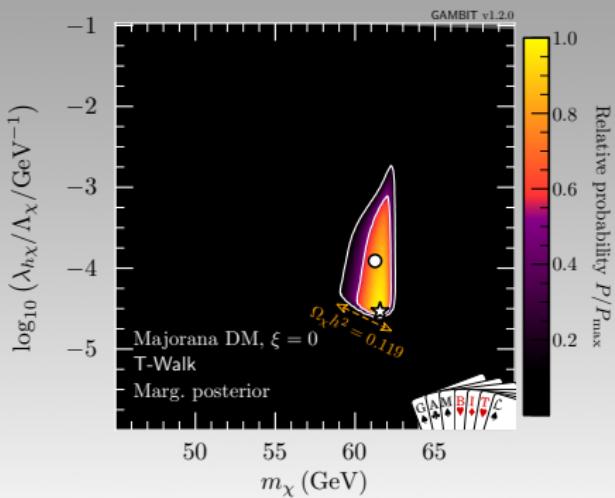
Results

- Posterior Probability



Results

- Posterior Probability





Results: EW MSSM

[arXiv:1809.02097 [hep-ph]]



EW MSSM

MSSM field content

Name	Spin	Gauge ES				Mass ES					
Higgs bosons	0	H_u^0	H_d^0	H_u^+	H_d^-	$h \ H \ A \ H^\pm$					
squarks	0	\tilde{u}_L	\tilde{u}_R	\tilde{d}_L	\tilde{d}_R			-			
		\tilde{c}_L	\tilde{c}_R	\tilde{s}_L	\tilde{s}_R			-			
		\tilde{t}_L	\tilde{t}_R	\tilde{b}_R	\tilde{b}_R	\tilde{t}_1	\tilde{t}_2	\tilde{b}_1	\tilde{b}_2		
sleptons	0	\tilde{e}_L	\tilde{e}_R	$\tilde{\nu}_e$			-				
		$\tilde{\mu}_L$	$\tilde{\mu}_R$	$\tilde{\nu}_\mu$			-				
		$\tilde{\tau}_L$	$\tilde{\tau}_R$	$\tilde{\nu}_\tau$			$\tilde{\tau}_1$	$\tilde{\tau}_2$	$\tilde{\nu}_\tau$		
neutralino	1/2	\tilde{B}	\tilde{W}^3	\tilde{H}_u^0	\tilde{H}_d^0	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	$\tilde{\chi}_2^0$	$\tilde{\chi}_3^0$	$\tilde{\chi}_4^0$		
chargino	1/2	\tilde{W}^\pm	\tilde{H}_u^+	\tilde{H}_d^-			$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	$\tilde{\chi}_2^\pm$			
gluino	1/2	\tilde{g}				-					



EW MSSM

MSSM field content

Name	Spin	Gauge ES				Mass ES					
Higgs bosons	0	H_u^0	H_d^0	H_u^+	H_d^-	$h \ H \ A \ H^\pm$					
squarks	0	\tilde{u}_L	\tilde{u}_R	\tilde{d}_L	\tilde{d}_R			-			
		\tilde{c}_L	\tilde{c}_R	\tilde{s}_L	\tilde{s}_R			-			
		\tilde{t}_L	\tilde{t}_R	\tilde{b}_R	\tilde{b}_R	\tilde{t}_1	\tilde{t}_2	\tilde{b}_1	\tilde{b}_2		
sleptons	0	\tilde{e}_L	\tilde{e}_R	$\tilde{\nu}_e$			-				
		$\tilde{\mu}_L$	$\tilde{\mu}_R$	$\tilde{\nu}_\mu$			-				
		$\tilde{\tau}_L$	$\tilde{\tau}_R$	$\tilde{\nu}_\tau$			$\tilde{\tau}_1$	$\tilde{\tau}_2$	$\tilde{\nu}_\tau$		
neutralino	1/2	\tilde{B}	\tilde{W}^3	\tilde{H}_u^0	\tilde{H}_d^0	$\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	$\tilde{\chi}_2^0$	$\tilde{\chi}_3^0$	$\tilde{\chi}_4^0$		
chargino	1/2	\tilde{W}^\pm	\tilde{H}_u^+	\tilde{H}_d^-			$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$	$\tilde{\chi}_2^\pm$			
gluino	1/2	\tilde{g}				-					



EW MSSM

Parameters

- 4-D parameter space ($m_{H_d}^2, m_{H_u}^2 \rightarrow \mu, m_A$)

$$m_h \rightarrow 125 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M_3, m_A \rightarrow 5 \text{ TeV} \quad \{M_1, M_2, \mu, \tan \beta\}$$

$$m_{\tilde{l}}, m_{\tilde{q}} \rightarrow 3 \text{ TeV}$$

$$A_u, A_d, A_e \rightarrow 0$$

- Parameter ranges

Parameter	Range	Priors
$M_1(Q)$	[-2 TeV, 2 TeV]	hybrid, flat
$M_2(Q)$	[0, 2 TeV]	hybrid, flat
$\mu(Q)$	[-2 TeV, 2 TeV]	hybrid, flat
$\tan \beta(m_Z)$	[0, 70]	flat



EW MSSM

Likelihoods

- Invisible decays $\Gamma(Z \rightarrow \text{inv.}) = 499.0 \pm 1.5 \text{ MeV}$ $\text{BF}(h \rightarrow \text{inv.}) \leq 0.19$

- LEP limits

Production	Signature	Experiment
$\tilde{\chi}_i^0 \tilde{\chi}_1^0$ $(i = 2, 3, 4)$	$\tilde{\chi}_i^0 \rightarrow q\bar{q}\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	OPAL
$\tilde{\chi}_i^+ \tilde{\chi}_i^-$ $(i = 1, 2)$	$\tilde{\chi}_i^+ \tilde{\chi}_i^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}'q\bar{q}'\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	OPAL
	$\tilde{\chi}_i^+ \tilde{\chi}_i^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}'\ell\nu\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	OPAL
	$\tilde{\chi}_i^+ \tilde{\chi}_i^- \rightarrow \ell\nu\ell\nu\tilde{\chi}_1^0\tilde{\chi}_1^0$	OPAL, L3
	ISR $\gamma + \text{missing energy}$	OPAL

- LHC searches

Likelihood label	Source
ATLAS_4b	ATLAS Higgsino search
ATLAS_4lep	ATLAS 4ℓ search
ATLAS_MultiLep_2lep_0jet	ATLAS multilepton EW search
ATLAS_MultiLep_2lep_jet	ATLAS multilepton EW search
ATLAS_MultiLep_3lep	ATLAS multilepton EW search
ATLAS_RJ_2lep_2jet	ATLAS recursive jigsaw EW search
ATLAS_RJ_3lep	ATLAS recursive jigsaw EW search
CMS_1lep_2b	CMS Wh search
CMS_2lep_soft	CMS 2 soft opposite-charge lepton search
CMS_2OSlep	CMS 2 opposite-charge lepton search
CMS_MultiLep_2SSlep	CMS multilepton EW search
CMS_MultiLep_3lep	CMS multilepton EW search



EW MSSM

Scan strategy

- First scans
 - Differential evolution scanner (Diver) on jDE mode
 - Flat & hybrid (log-flat-log) priors
 - Targeted scans for $M_2 < 500$ GeV and $\mu < 500$ GeV
 - Simulated 100k/500k Pythia events per parameter point
 - Samples contain $\sim 2.4\text{M}$ valid points



EW MSSM

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 - Samples contain $\sim 2.4\text{M}$ valid points
- Sampling issues
 - Large MC uncertainty
 - Signal region flip-flop



EW MSSM

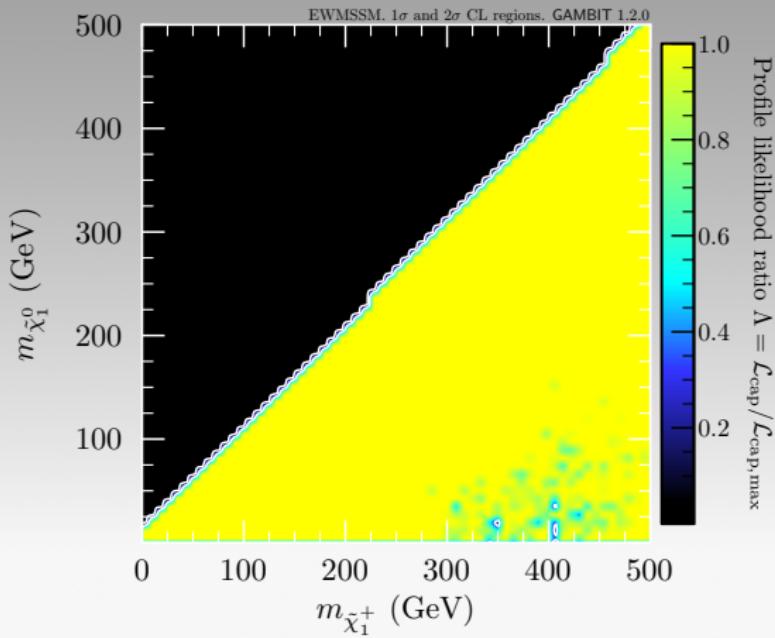
Scan strategy

- First scans
 - Differential evolution scanner (Diver) on jDE mode
 - Flat & hybrid (log-flat-log) priors
 - Targeted scans for $M_2 < 500$ GeV and $\mu < 500$ GeV
 - Simulated 100k/500k Pythia events per parameter point
 - Samples contain $\sim 2.4\text{M}$ valid points
- Sampling issues
 - Large MC uncertainty
 - Signal region flip-flop
- Postprocessing
 - More Pythia events
 - $2\sigma/3\sigma \geq 4\text{M}$ events
 - $1\sigma \geq 16\text{M}$ events
 - best 500 points $\geq 4\text{M}$ events
 - $\sim 240\text{k}$ valid samples

EW MSSM

Results

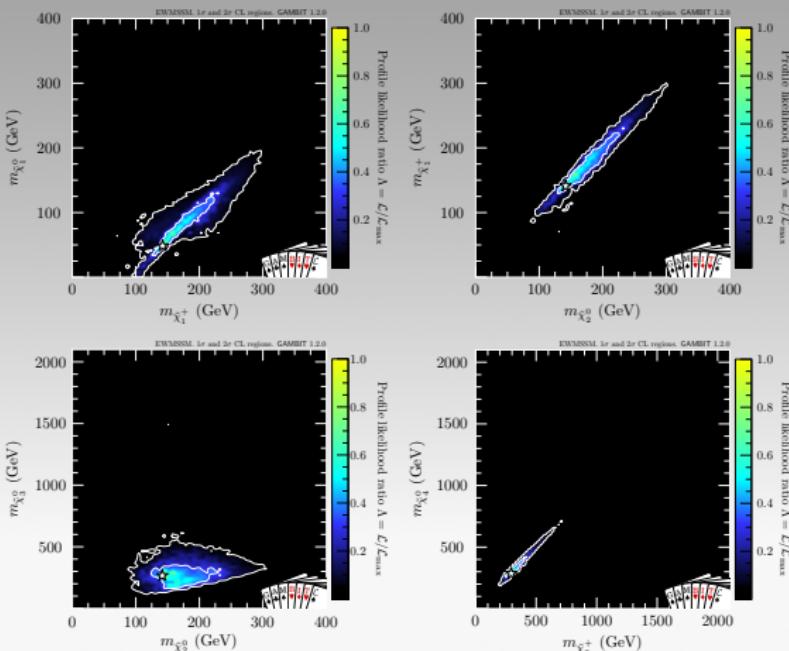
- Capped likelihood



EW MSSM

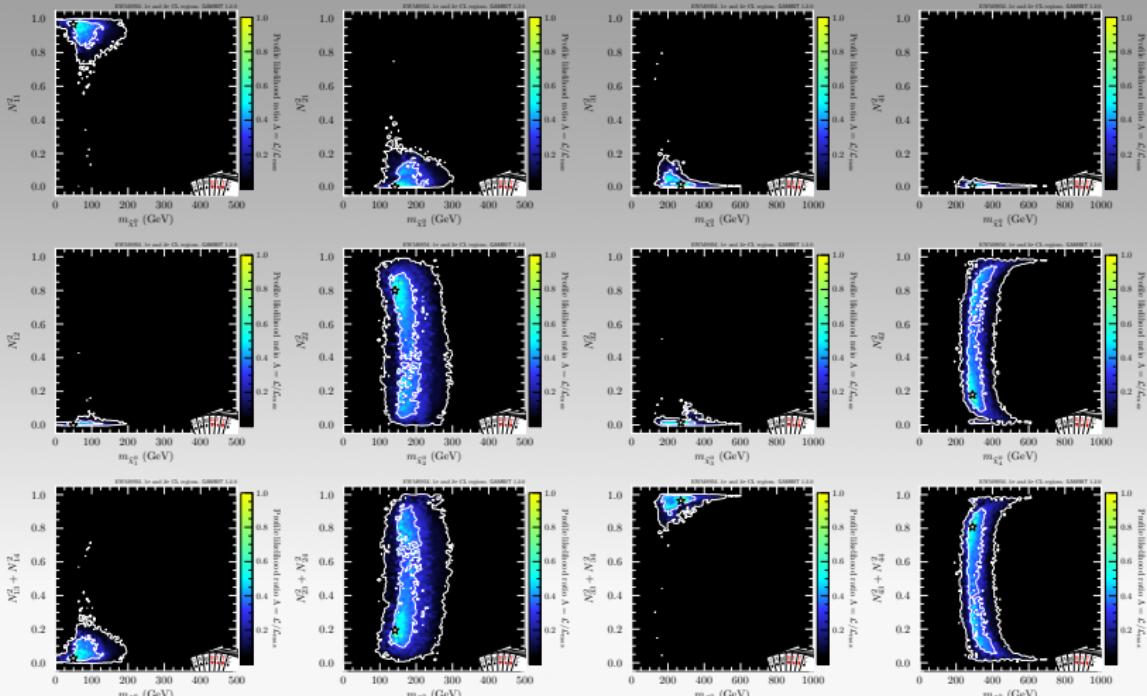
Results

- Profile likelihoods for $m_{\tilde{\chi}_i^0, \pm}$



EW MSSM

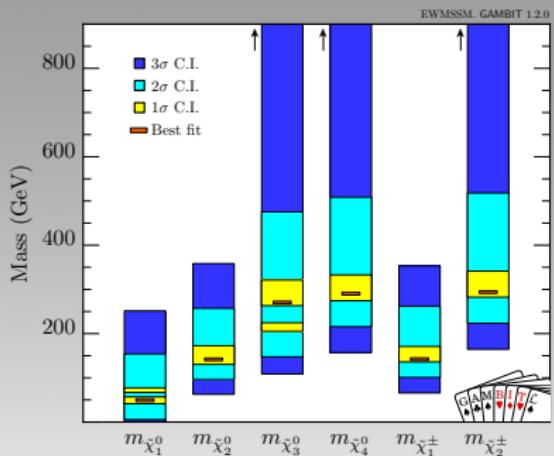
Results



EW MSSM

Conclusions

- No clear exclusion for light electroweakinos
 - Careful with simplified models
- Favoured by several analyses
 - ATLAS $4l$,
 - ATLAS RJ $3l$,
 - ATLAS multi- l ($2l$, $3l$)
- Minor excess
 - $m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^0} \sim 50$ GeV
 - Local significance 3.5σ
- Might be a hint of new physics
- Moriond?



EW MSSM

Analysis: results

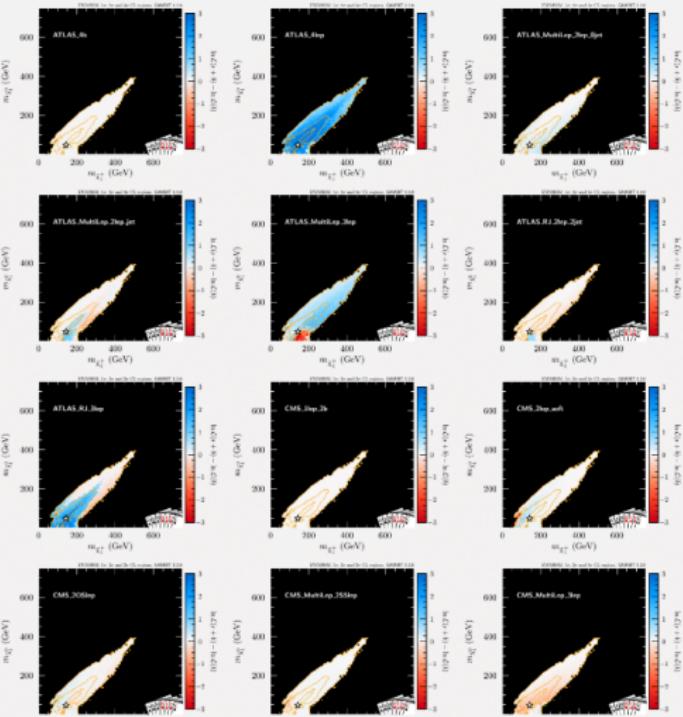
- Contribution from each analysis to the 1σ , 2σ and 3σ best-fit regions

$$\ln \mathcal{L}(s + b) - \ln \mathcal{L}(b)$$

- Blue:** better than background-only
- Red:** worse than background-only

- Most important contributions to best-fit region:

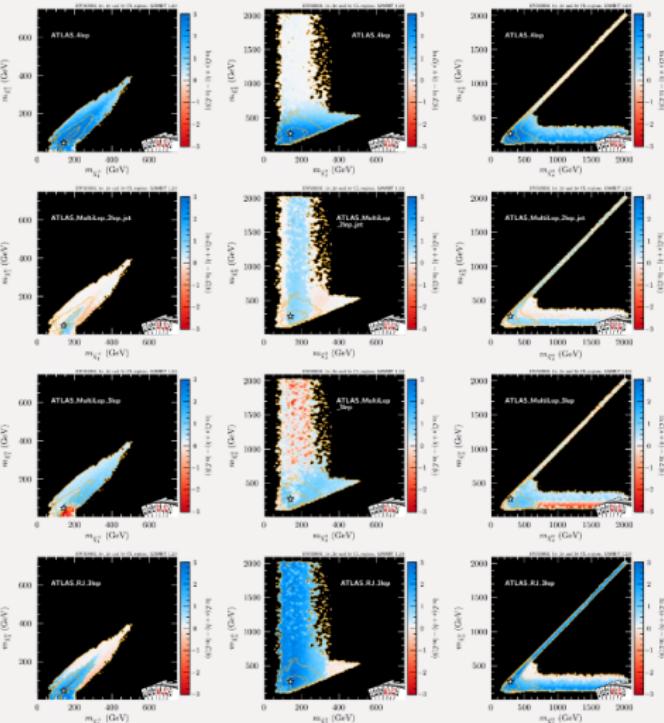
- **ATLAS_4lep**
- **ATLAS_RJ_3lep**
- **ATLAS_MultiLep_2lep_jet**
- **ATLAS_MultiLep_3lep**
- **CMS_MultiLep_3lep**



EW MSSM

Analysis: results

- More detailed look on
 - [ATLAS_4lep](#)
 - [ATLAS_RJ_3lep](#)
 - [ATLAS_MultiLep_2lep_jet](#)
 - [ATLAS_MultiLep_3lep](#)
- Sudden changes in likelihood due to changes in most sensitive SR
- Light $\tilde{\chi}_3^0$ preferred by [ATLAS_4lep](#) and [ATLAS_MultiLep_3Lep](#)
- Heavy $\tilde{\chi}_4^0$ disfavoured by [ATLAS_MultiLep_2lep_jet](#) and [ATLAS_MultiLep_3Lep](#)
- The «expected» tension between [ATLAS_MultiLep_3Lep](#) and [ATLAS_RJ_3lep](#) observed for heavy $\tilde{\chi}_4^0$ (production of higgsino $\tilde{\chi}_2^0, \tilde{\chi}_3^0, \tilde{\chi}_4^\pm$)





EW MSSM

Results

Lots of processes relevant for the best-fit point:

- $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \tilde{\chi}_3^0$ production, with e.g.
 $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow Z + \tilde{\chi}_1^0$, $\tilde{\chi}_3^0 \rightarrow W^- + \tilde{\chi}_1^+ \rightarrow W^- + W^+ + \tilde{\chi}_1^0$
- $\tilde{\chi}_2^\pm \tilde{\chi}_2^\mp$ production, with e.g.
 $\tilde{\chi}_2^\pm \rightarrow W^\pm + \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow W^\pm + Z + \tilde{\chi}_1^0$
- $\tilde{\chi}_2^\pm \tilde{\chi}_3^0$ production, with e.g.
 $\tilde{\chi}_2^\pm \rightarrow W^\pm + \tilde{\chi}_1^0$, $\tilde{\chi}_3^0 \rightarrow Z + \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow Z + Z + \tilde{\chi}_1^0$
- $\tilde{\chi}_2^\pm \tilde{\chi}_3^0$ production, with e.g.
 $\tilde{\chi}_2^\pm \rightarrow W^\pm + \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow W^\pm + Z + \tilde{\chi}_1^0$,
 $\tilde{\chi}_3^0 \rightarrow W^- + \tilde{\chi}_1^+ \rightarrow W^- + W^+ + \tilde{\chi}_1^0$

- $\tilde{\chi}_2^\pm \tilde{\chi}_4^0$ production, with e.g.
 $\tilde{\chi}_2^\pm \rightarrow W^\pm + \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow W^\pm + Z + \tilde{\chi}_1^0$, $\tilde{\chi}_4^0 \rightarrow Z + \tilde{\chi}_1^0$
- $\tilde{\chi}_2^\pm \tilde{\chi}_2^0$ production, with e.g.
 $\tilde{\chi}_2^\pm \rightarrow h + \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow h + W^\pm + \tilde{\chi}_1^0$, $\tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow Z + \tilde{\chi}_1^0$
- $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \tilde{\chi}_3^0$ production, with e.g.
 $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow W^\pm + \tilde{\chi}_1^0$, $\tilde{\chi}_3^0 \rightarrow W^- + \tilde{\chi}_1^+ \rightarrow W^+ + W^- + \tilde{\chi}_1^0$
- $\tilde{\chi}_2^\pm \tilde{\chi}_4^0$ production, with e.g.
 $\tilde{\chi}_2^\pm \rightarrow Z + \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \rightarrow Z + W^\pm + \tilde{\chi}_1^0$,
 $\tilde{\chi}_4^0 \rightarrow h + \tilde{\chi}_2^0 \rightarrow h + Z + \tilde{\chi}_1^0$

...