SEARCHING FOR THE NEUTRINOLESS DOUBLE BETA DECAY WITH GERDA



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on behalf of the GERDA Collaboration





#### Looking for <sup>76</sup>Ge decay with GERDA

GERmanium Detector Array (INFN-LNGS, Italy) searches for 0v2β decay in <sup>76</sup>Ge using HPGe detectors enriched in <sup>76</sup>Ge





 $Q_{\beta\beta}$ -value = **2039 keV** in <sup>76</sup>Ge Energy resolution <4 keV FWHM  $\rightarrow$  important for discovery

### **GERDA: the Collaboration**



## GERDA: the concept

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#### **GERDA: the concept**



wavelength shifting fibers with SiPM read-out

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# GERDA: the concept

low acitivity PMTs

64 m<sup>3</sup> LAr cryostat

coolant, shielding



590 m<sup>3</sup> ultra-pure water neutron moderator/absorber muon Cherenkov veto

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# GERDA: the concept



# Strategy and phases



Phys. Rev. Lett. 111 (2013) 122503 Nature 544 (2017) 47

#### Phase I (Nov 2011- May 2013):

#### Completed

Use refurbished HdM and IGEX (18 kg) (+ new **BEGe** Phase II detectors)  $B \approx 0.01$  cts / (keV kg yr)

No LAr readout (passive shield) Accumulated 21 kg yr

Phase II (Dec 2015- ongoing): Add new enrBEGe detectors (20 kg) BI  $\approx$  0.001 cts / (keV kg yr) Goal: 100 kg yr

First data release on Jun 2016 (about 11 kg yr)

#### Blind analysis strategy

Events at  $Q_{\beta\beta} \pm 25 \text{ keV}$  in the blinding box Open box when all cuts finalized

# Phase II Array

- Deployed in December 2015
- 40 channels
  - 30 enrBEGe (20 kg)
  - 7 enrCoax (16 kg)
  - 3 natCoax (8 kg)







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## Previous Phase II results

Background–free search for neutrinoless double– $\beta$  decay of <sup>76</sup>Ge with GERDA

The GERDA Collaboration\*

ARTICLE

- New limit on <sup>76</sup>Ge T<sub>1/2</sub> (Phase I+II)
  - T<sub>1/2</sub> > 5.3.10<sup>25</sup> yr @ 90% CL (median sensitivity 4.0.10<sup>25</sup> yr)
- Background < 1 cts for the full design exposure</li>
  - Coax: 3.5<sup>+2.1</sup>-1.5 ·10<sup>-3</sup> cts/(keV·kg·yr), FWHM: 4.0(2) keV
  - BEGe: **7**<sup>+11</sup><sub>-5</sub> ·**10**<sup>-4</sup> cts/(keV·kg·yr), FWHM: 3.0(2) keV
- Bck/ε = 3.5 cts/(FWHM ton yr) [BEGe]





#### DAQ & energy resolution

- DAQ facts:
  - 14 bit, 25 MHz continuous running ADC (160 µs)
  - Leading edge of the pulse sampled at **100 MHz (10 μs)**
- Energy scale
  - Offline, using optimized ZAC filter
    - Eur. Phys. J. C 75 (2015) 255
  - Weekly calibrations with <sup>228</sup>Th sources
  - Stability monitored online with Test Pulses, injected every 20 s
- Energy resolution
  - Energy resolution
    Profile derived from <sup>228</sup>Th calibrations
  - Correction (for coax) applied derived from the resolution of the  ${}^{40}K$  and  ${}^{42}K$ peaks in the physics data
    - Accounts for instabilities during the long-term data taking



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#### Current data taking

- Data taking in progress!
  - Phase II exposure increased by x3 with respect to Nature paper (Phasella)
  - Valid exposure accumulated 34.4 kg·yr up to Apr 15<sup>th</sup> (Phasellb)
    - 18.2 kg·yr of BEGe data and 16.2 kg·yr of enrCoax data
  - A few more kg·yr already in the bag (Apr-Jul)



June 2017 unblinding

- Box opened for the BEGe dataset only (12.4 kg yr)
- New <sup>enr</sup>Coax data (11.2 kg yr) still in the box
  - Background comparable (slightly better) to Phase IIa
  - Confident to improve it further by better rejection of α events from the groove
  - Rejection "a posteriori" would spoil the concept of blinding
- Total unblinded exposure:
  23.3 kg yr

#### **GERDA** spectra



• Most prominent features: <sup>39</sup>Ar  $\beta$  (< 500 keV), 2v $\beta\beta$ , <sup>42</sup>K and <sup>40</sup>K  $\gamma$ -rays,  $\alpha$ 

## **GERDA** spectra



- Most prominent features: <sup>39</sup>Ar  $\beta$  (< 500 keV), 2v $\beta\beta$ , <sup>42</sup>K and <sup>40</sup>K  $\gamma$ -rays,  $\alpha$
- PSD clears completely the  $\alpha$  region
- LAr and PSD complementary
- Final background at  $Q_{\beta\beta}$  O(10<sup>-3</sup> cts/(keV kg yr))
  - PSD for coaxials to be further optimized (groove  $\alpha$ )  $\rightarrow$  background will decrease

#### **Background modeling**

- Very same approach as in Phase I
  - EPJ. C 74 (2014) 2764
  - Mostly, same components considered
  - Also same problem: poor statistics makes difficult to disentangle components
  - Simultaneous fit of multiple data sets and external constraints
  - Screening results used as priors
- Consider the spectrum before LAr and PSD cuts
  - Work in progress to have a full combined fit including LAr, PSD and multi-detector events
  - PDFs being derived by MC
- Established γ-lines from <sup>42</sup>K, <sup>40</sup>K, Th chain (<sup>228</sup>Ac, <sup>208</sup>TI), U chain (<sup>214</sup>Bi and <sup>214</sup>Pb), <sup>85</sup>Kr www



- Use the same analysis window as Phase I
  - 1930-2190 keV, excl. ±5 keV around two known γ lines

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#### GERDA Meeting in Cracow (Jun 28th-30th)



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## Spectra in the ROI

7 cts (+2 known in blinded box)  $2.7^{+1.0}_{-0.8}$  10<sup>-3</sup> cts/(keV kg yr)



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7 cts (+2 known in blinded box) 2.7<sup>+1.0</sup><sub>-0.8</sub> 10<sup>-3</sup> cts/(keV kg yr)



	Exposure (kg⋅yr)	
Phase I (4 sets)	23.5	Same as
Phase II – coax	5.0	Sature 544 (2017) 47
Phase II – BeGe	5.8+12.4 = 18.2	





- Combined unbinned maximum likelihood fit of the six spectra
  - Frequentist: test statistics and method after Cowan et al., EPJC 71 (2011) 1554
  - Bayesian: flat prior on 1/T<sub>1/2</sub> between 0 and 10<sup>-24</sup> yr<sup>-1</sup>
  - Systematic uncertainties folded as pull terms or by Monte Carlo
  - Frequentist: Best fit:  $N^{0\nu} = 0$   $T_{1/2} > 8.0 \cdot 10^{25}$  yr @ 90% CL It was  $5.3 \cdot 10^{25}$  yr in Phasella MC Median sensitivity (no signal):  $5.8 \cdot 10^{25}$  yr (for 90% C.L.) 30% chance to have a better limit • Bayesian:

T<sub>1/2</sub> > 5.1.10<sup>25</sup> yr @ 90% Cl Median sensitivity 4.5.10<sup>25</sup> yr



- **Phase I** (23.5 kg yr)
  - Sensitivity: 2.4.10<sup>25</sup> yr
    Lingity T = 0x > 2.4.40<sup>25</sup> yr
  - Limit:  $T_{1/2}^{0\nu} > 2.1 \cdot 10^{25} \text{ yr} (90\% \text{CL})$
- Phase IIa (PhI + 10.8 kg yr)
  - Sensitivity: 4.0.10<sup>25</sup> yr
  - Limit:  $T_{1/2}^{0_V} > 5.3 \cdot 10^{25} \text{ yr} (90\% \text{CL})$
- This release (PhIIa + 12.4 kg yr)
  - Sensitivity: 5.8-10<sup>25</sup> yr
  - Limit:  $T_{1/2}^{0_V} > 8.0 \cdot 10^{25} \text{ yr} (90\% \text{CL})$
- Already in the bag:
  - 11.2 kg yr of validated <sup>enr</sup>Coax data
    - Median sensitivity  $\rightarrow$  7.1.10<sup>25</sup> yr
  - ~ 4 kg yr taken after Apr  $15^{th}$
- Break 10<sup>26</sup> yr wall (sensitivity) in mid-2018
- Design exposure 100 kg yr
  - Background-free
  - Final sensitivity 1.3.10<sup>26</sup> yr (for limit) or
    - ~ **8 10<sup>25</sup> yr** (50% for **3**σ discovery)

#### Conclusions

- GERDA Phase II taking data since 1.5 years
  - Valid exposure of 34 kg·yr accumulated (analysis cutoff: Apr 15<sup>th</sup>)
  - A few more kg yr available in the recent runs
- Very good **background level** at  $Q_{\beta\beta}$  confirmed
  - 2.7<sup>+1.0</sup> (enrCoax) and 1.0<sup>+0.6</sup> (enrBEGe) [10<sup>-3</sup> cts/(keV kg yr)]
  - Will allow to achieve O(< 1 count) in the ROI for the full design exposure</li>
- Lowest background (~10x) in ROI wrt other isotopes
- Unblinding of 12.4 kg·yr of best-quality data
  - T<sub>1/2</sub> > 8.0·10<sup>25</sup> yr @ 90% CL (m<sub>ββ</sub> < 0.12-0.27 eV)</li>
  - Preliminary Median sensitivity: 5.8.10<sup>25</sup> yr (~ KamLAND-Zen 2016)
  - 11.2 kg yr of valid <sup>enr</sup>Coax data still blinded
- For full 100 kg·yr exposure: sensitivity to a signal up to T<sub>1/2</sub> ~8 **10<sup>25</sup> yr** (or limit  $T_{1/2} > 1.3 \ 10^{26} \ yr$  at 90%CL )