

# Results of a PSA with a BEGe Detector for the GERDA $0\nu\beta\beta$ -decay Experiment

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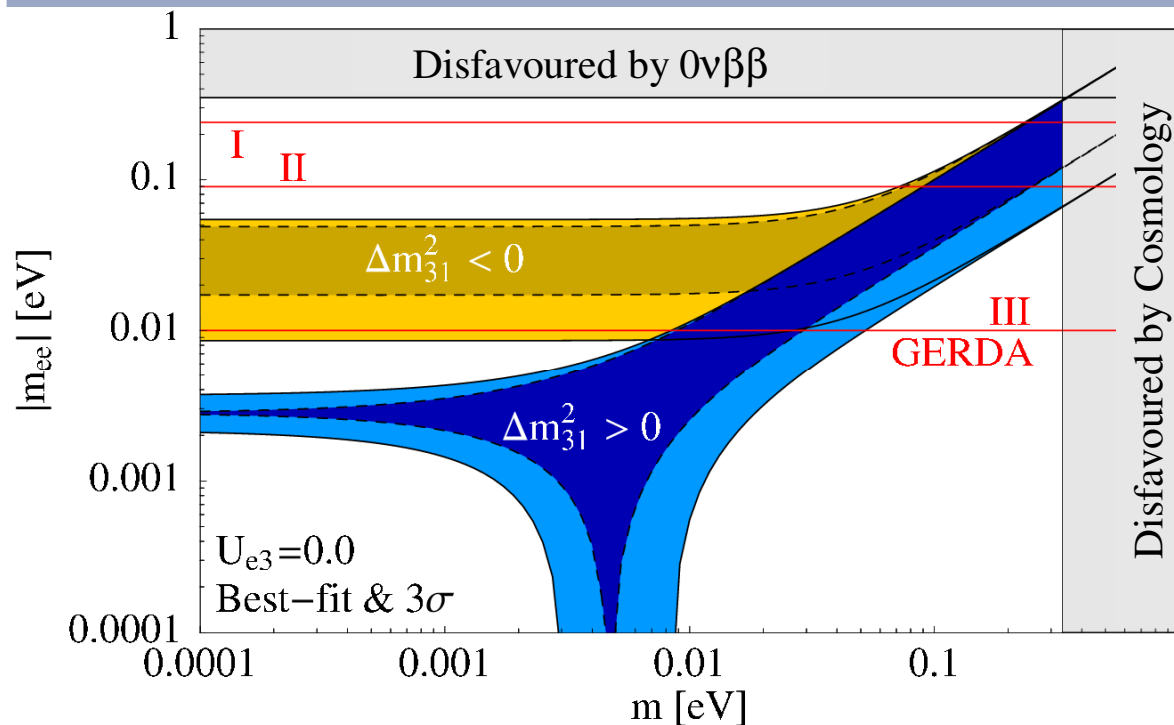
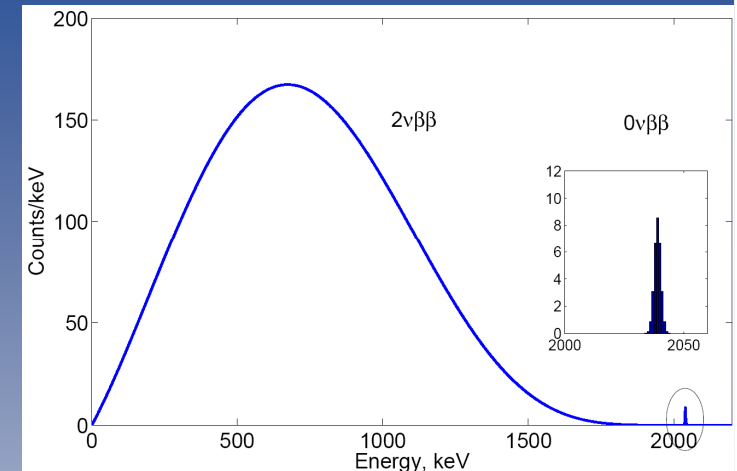
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# GERDA (GERmanium Detector Array)

Search for  $0\nu\beta\beta$  decay with HPGe detectors:

- 86% **enrichment in  $^{76}\text{Ge}$**  (source = detector)
- HPGe is extremely pure (**low background**)
- very good **energy resolution** ( $\sim 3$  keV at  $Q_{\beta\beta}$ )
- existing technology, **substantial expertise**



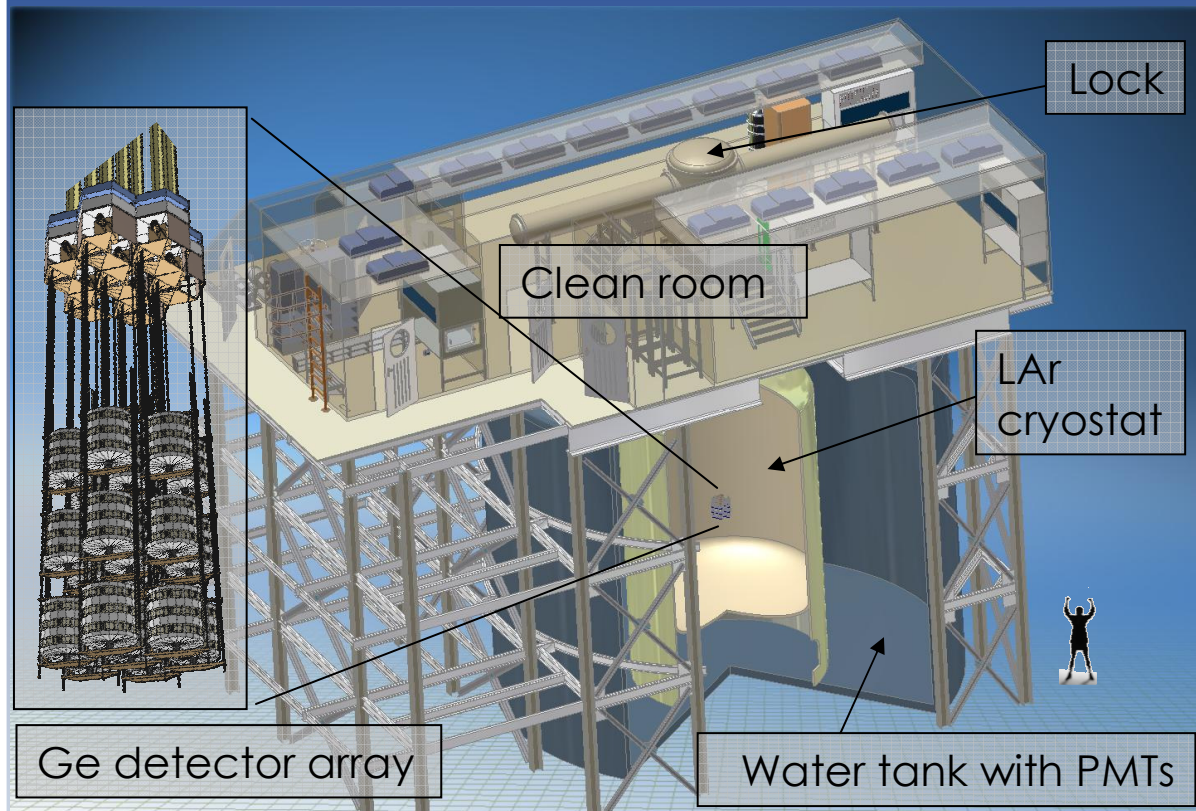
## Phase I:

- 18 kg existing detectors
- background:  $< 10^{-2}$  cts/(keV · kg · y) (10x improvement)

## Phase II:

- 20 kg new detectors
- background:  $< 10^{-3}$  cts/(keV · kg · y) (100x improvement)

# GERDA design



Under construction at Gran Sasso Underground Lab, Italy (3800 m w.e.)



Design focused on background reduction:

- **bare HPGe detectors submersed in ultra-pure LAr**
- detector anticoincidence, passive shielding and  $\mu$ -veto

**Phase II:** further **active background suppression** necessary

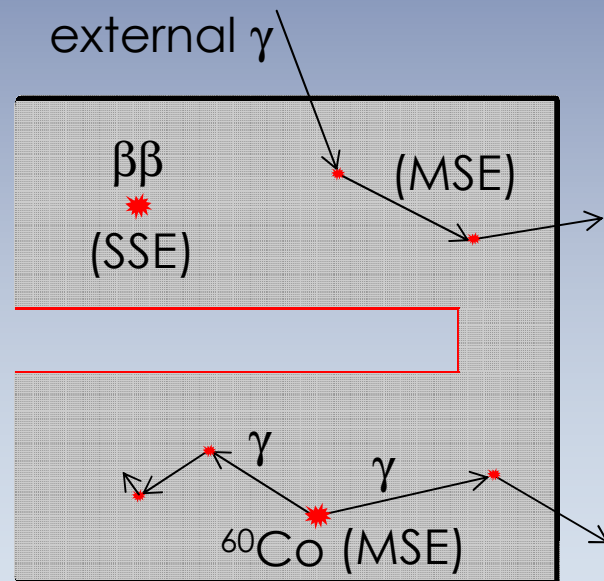
# $0\nu\beta\beta$ decay backgrounds

Most important backgrounds:

**external:**  $^{228}\text{Th}$  and  $^{226}\text{Ra}$  in materials around the detectors

**intrinsic:**  $^{60}\text{Co}$  and  $^{68}\text{Ge}$  cosmogenically produced in detectors

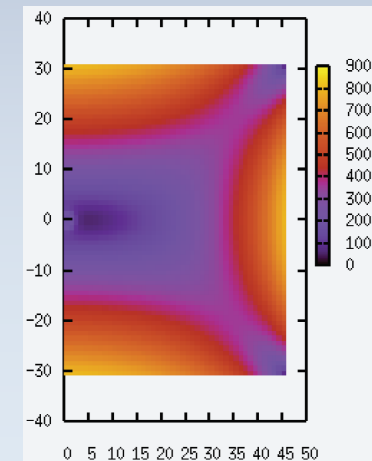
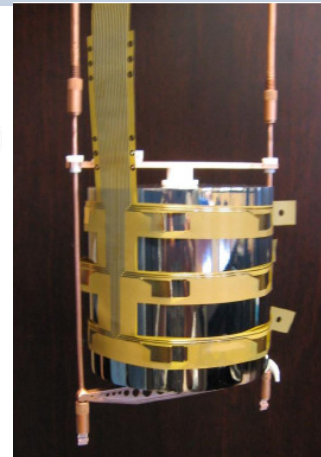
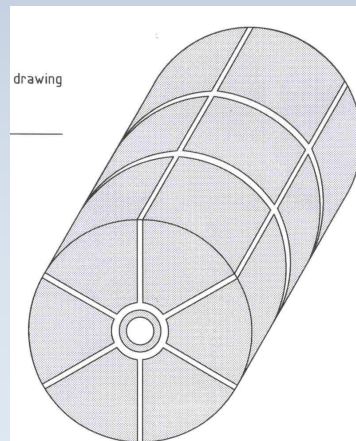
$\Rightarrow$   $\gamma$ -ray emitters



Distinguishing **single-site events (SSE)** and **multi-site events (MSE)** required for background suppression.

$\Rightarrow$  detector segmentation

$\Rightarrow$  signal time-structure analysis



# Modified-electrode detectors for $0\nu\beta\beta$ search

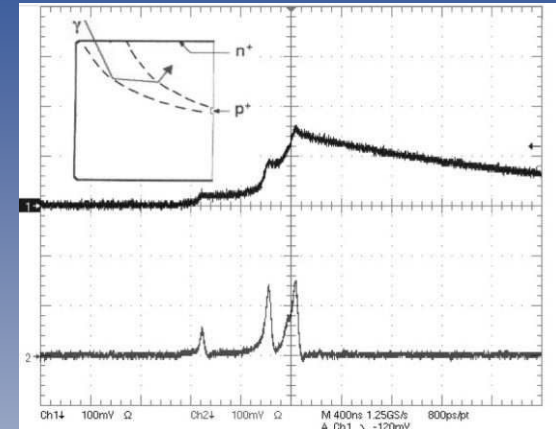
**Majorana** collaboration: detectors with **point-like contact** (custom made)

- have **excellent MSE / SSE discrimination** performance
- avoid **external background** from multiple contacts
- also: excellent energy resolution and low-energy threshold

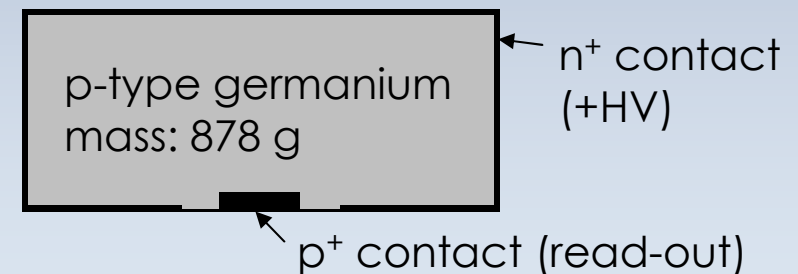
Standard commercial detector with similar features:

**BEGe** (Broad Energy Ge detector) from Canberra

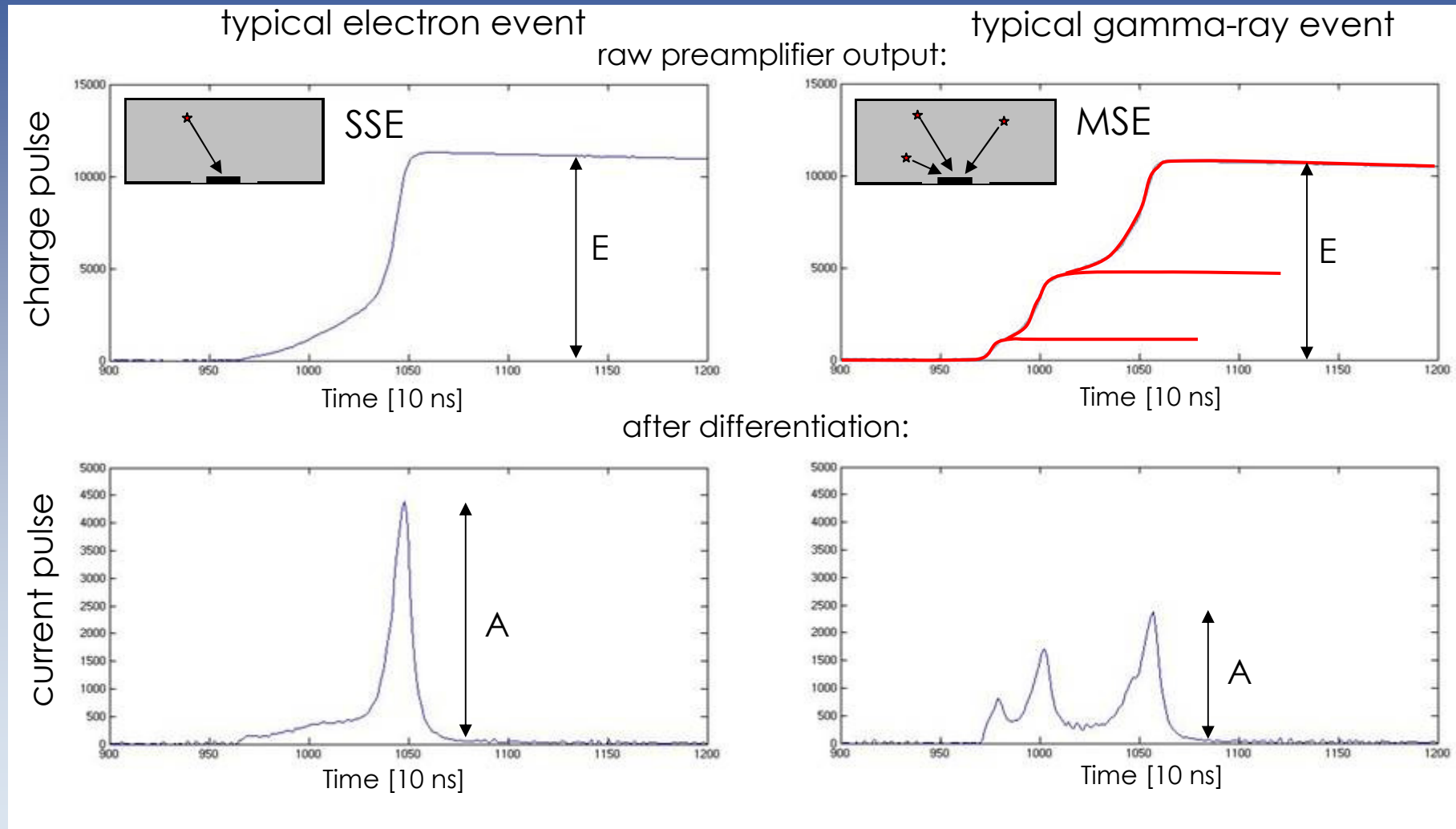
⇒ research program within GERDA collaboration



P.S. Barbeau, J.I. Collar and O. Tench **JCAP** 0709:009,2007  
(Crystal mass: 475 g)



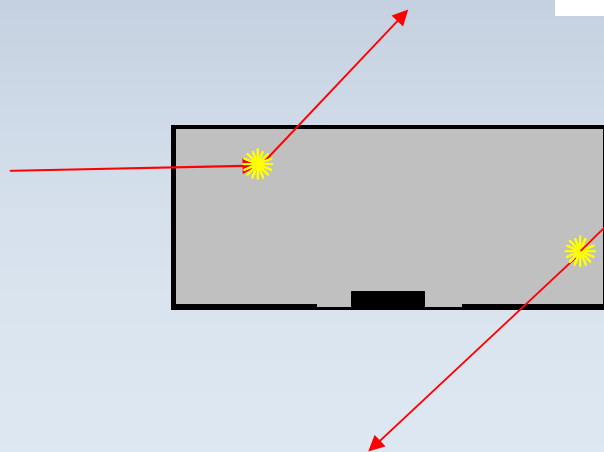
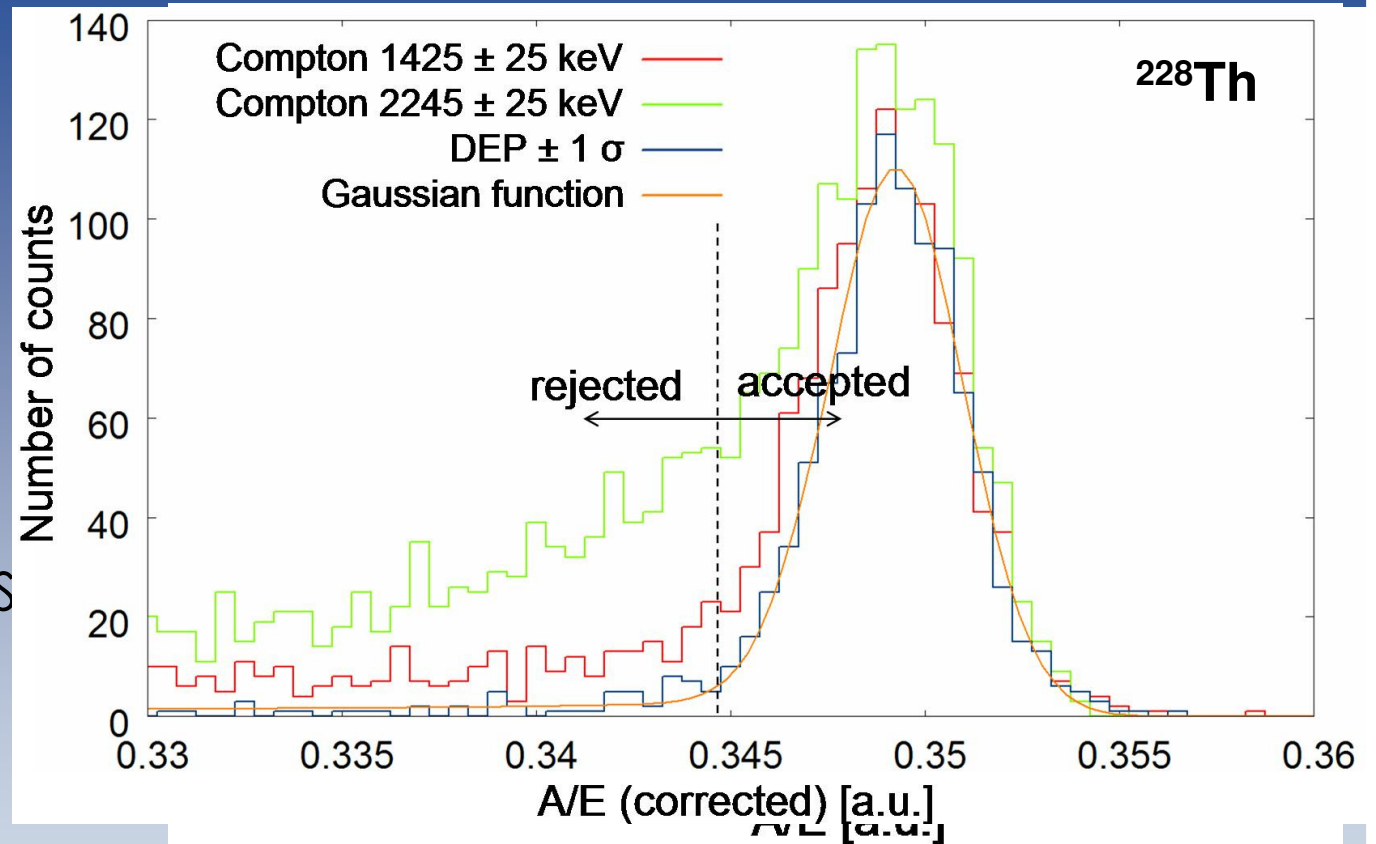
# Pulse shape discrimination



$A / E \Rightarrow$  discrimination parameter

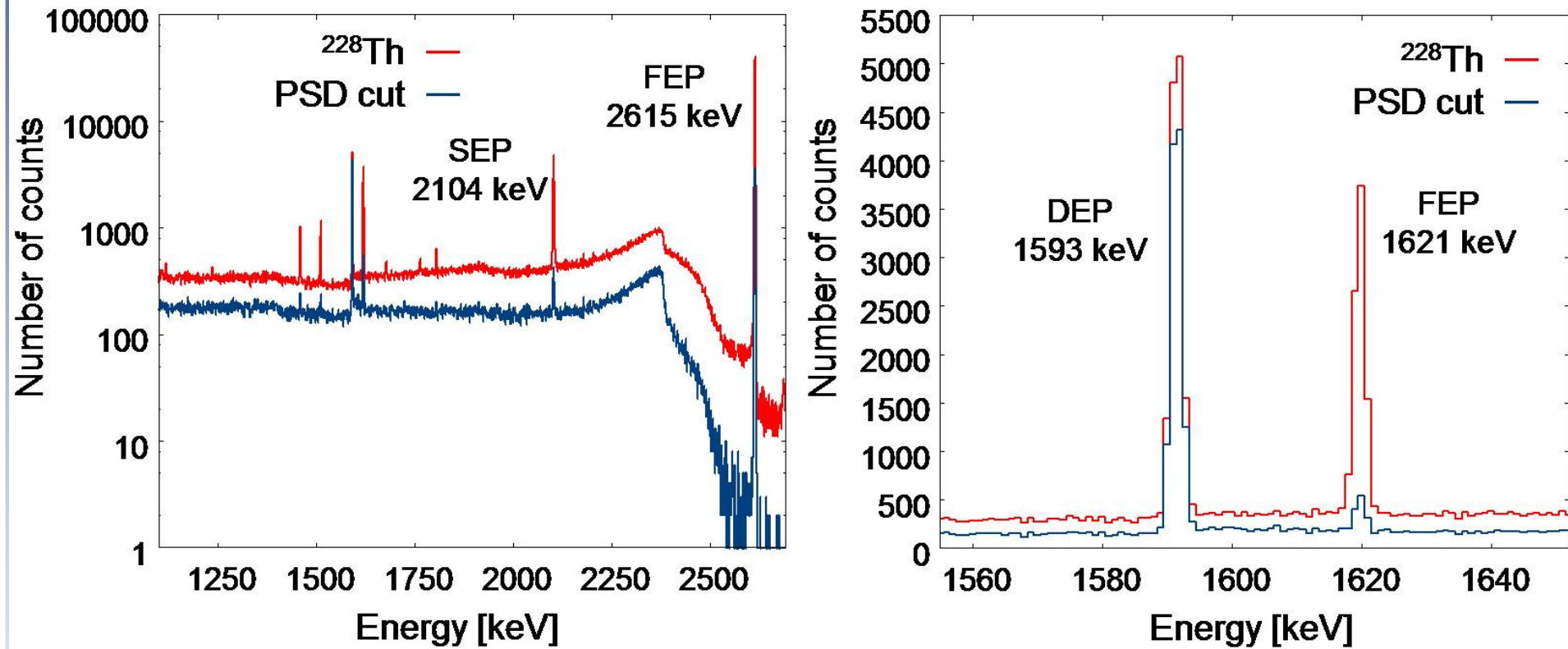
# PSD parameter distribution from SSE

Single-Compton scattering event (SCS)  
 $\Rightarrow$  coincidence with  
 a second detector



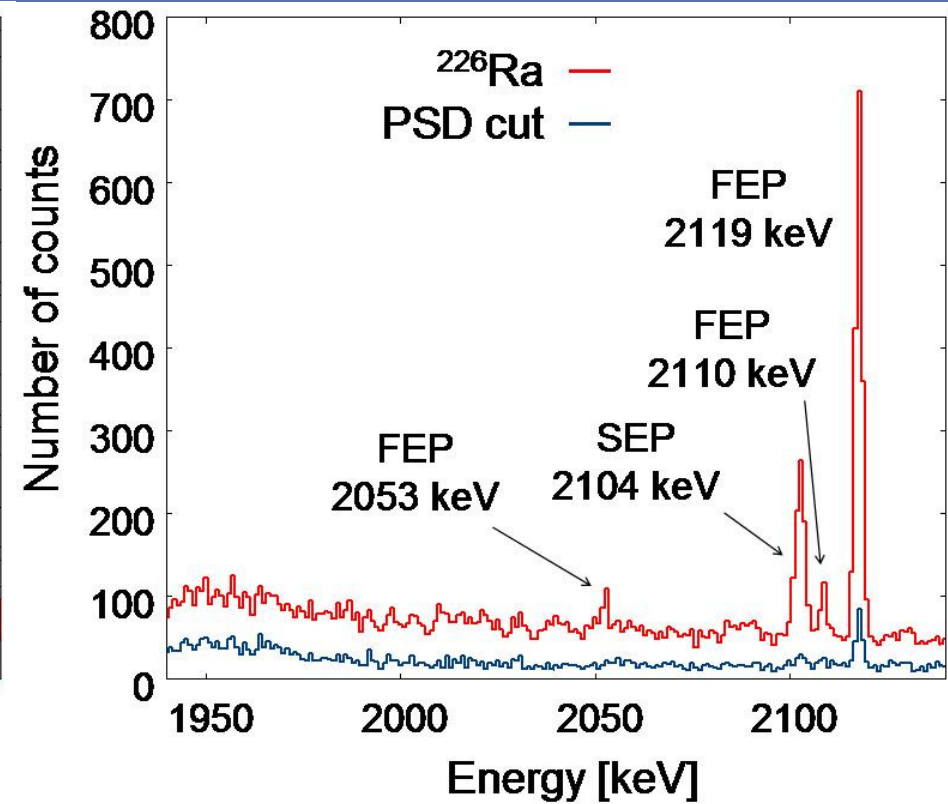
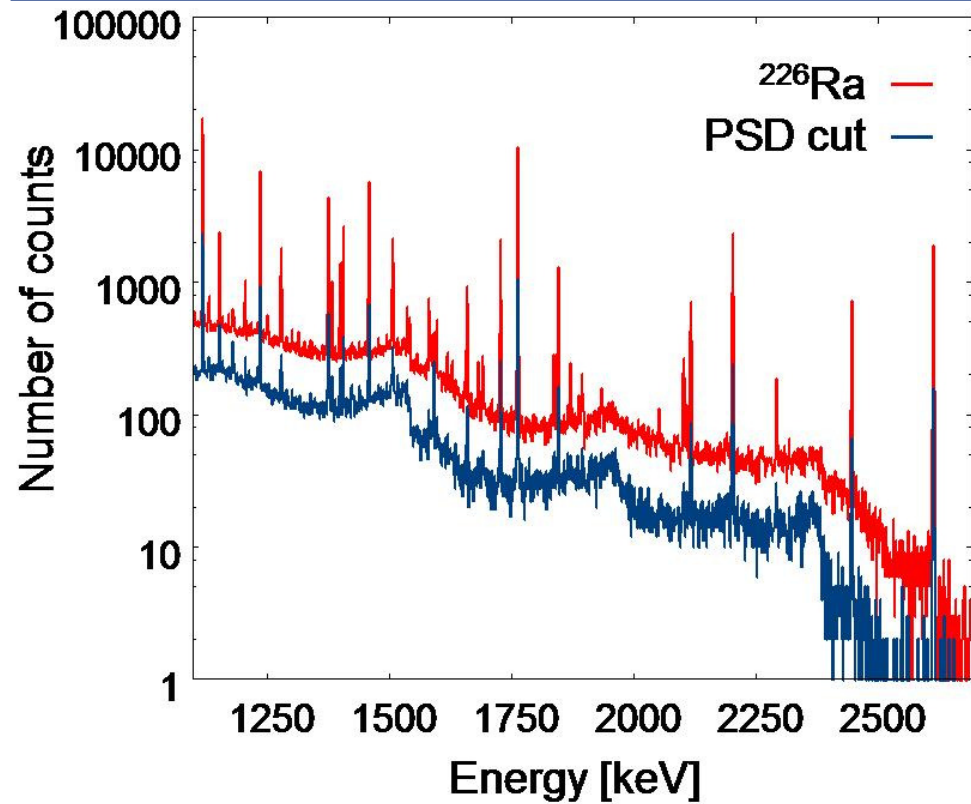
Double-escape event  
 $\Rightarrow$  DEP from  $^{208}\text{Tl}$  (1592.5 keV)  
 $\Rightarrow$  good representation of  $\beta\beta$  events

# PSD results

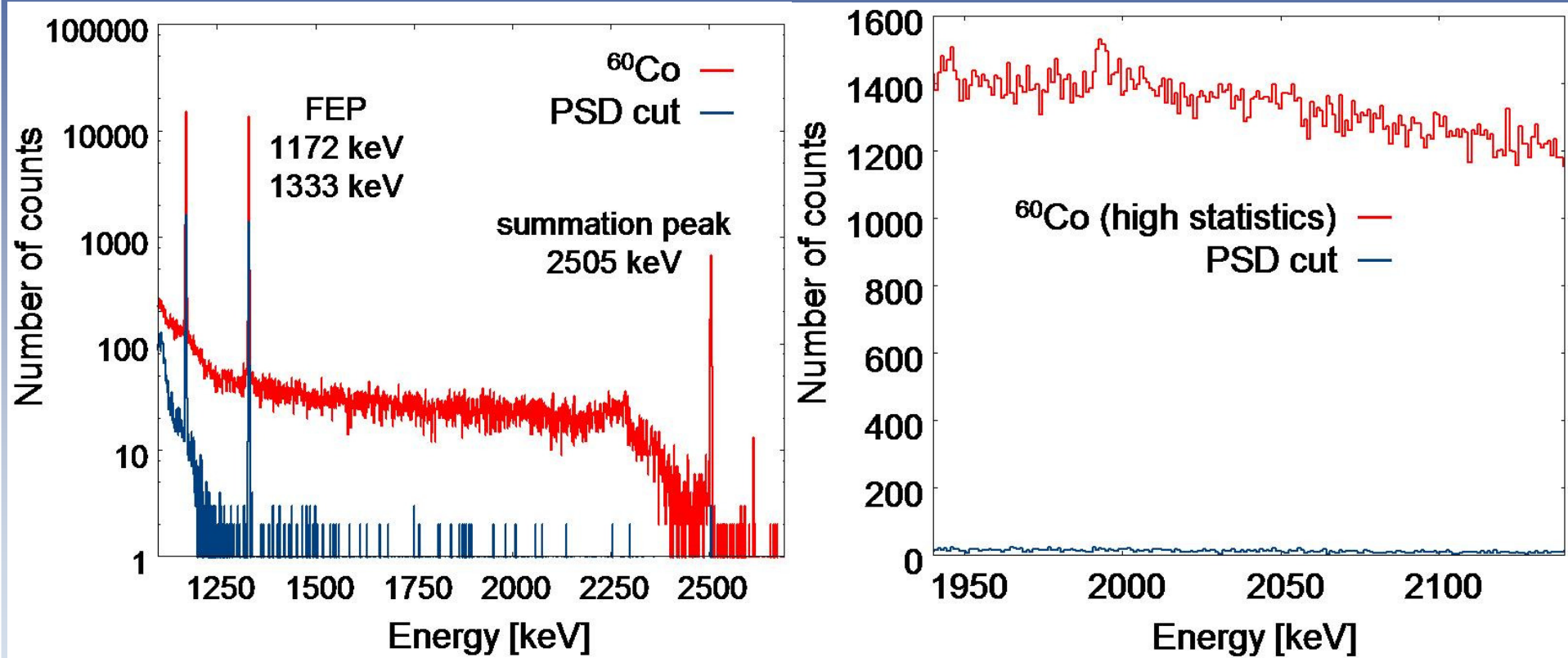




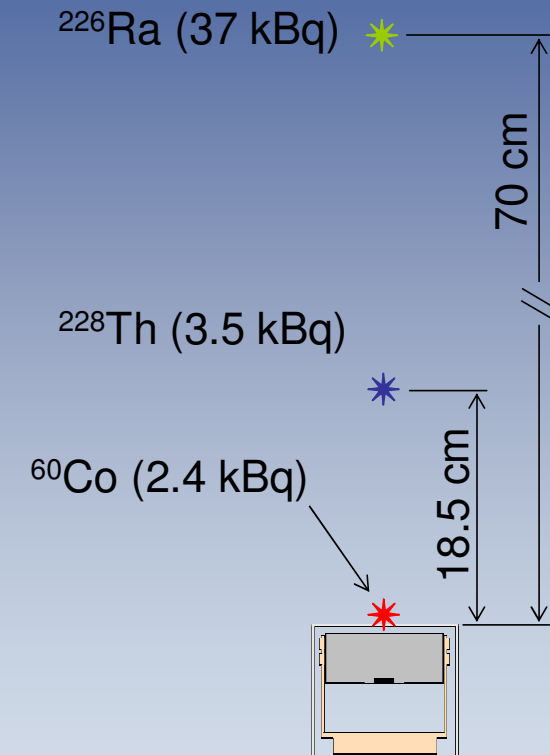
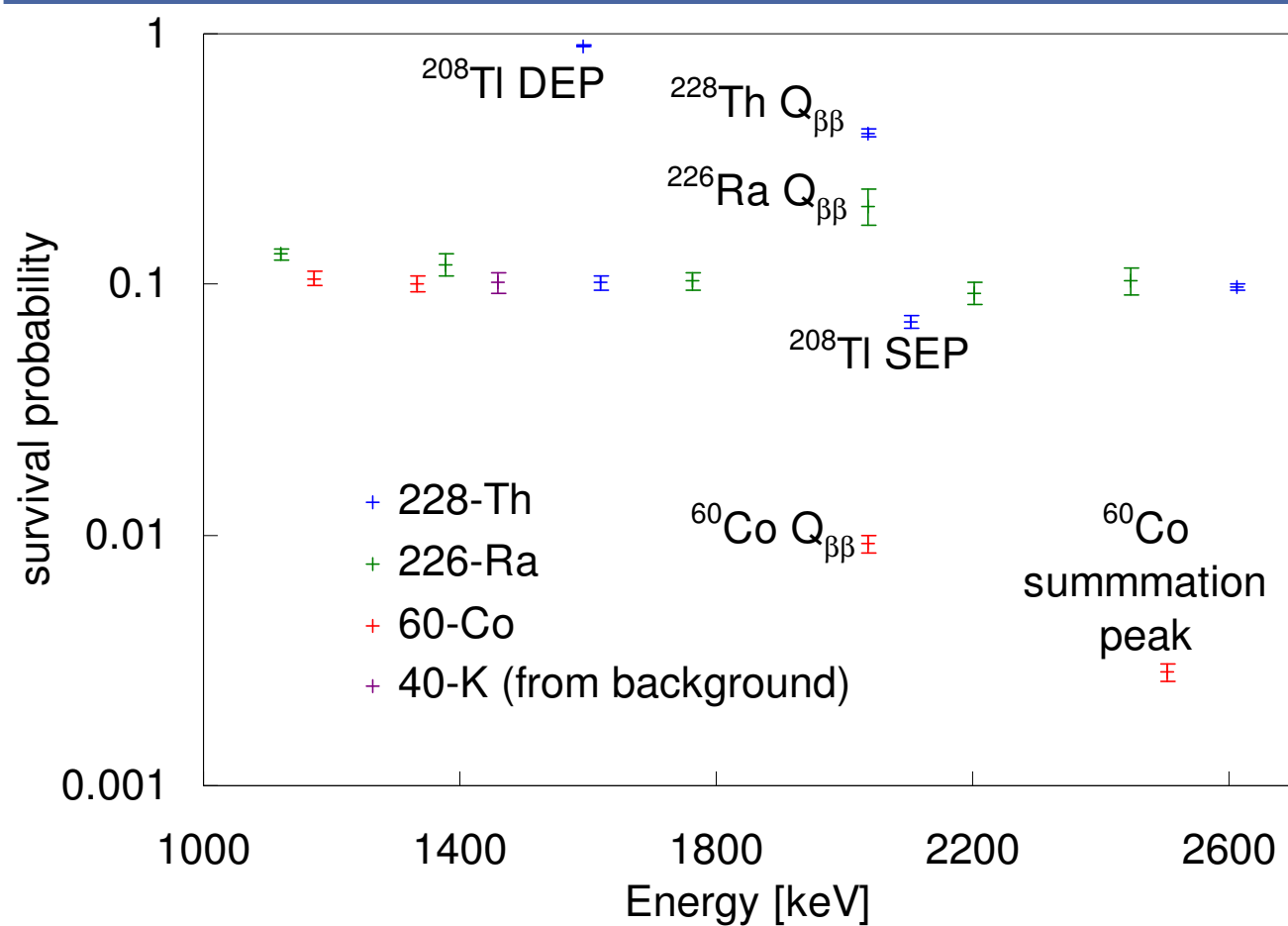
# PSD results



# PSD results



# PSD results summary



# PSD results summary

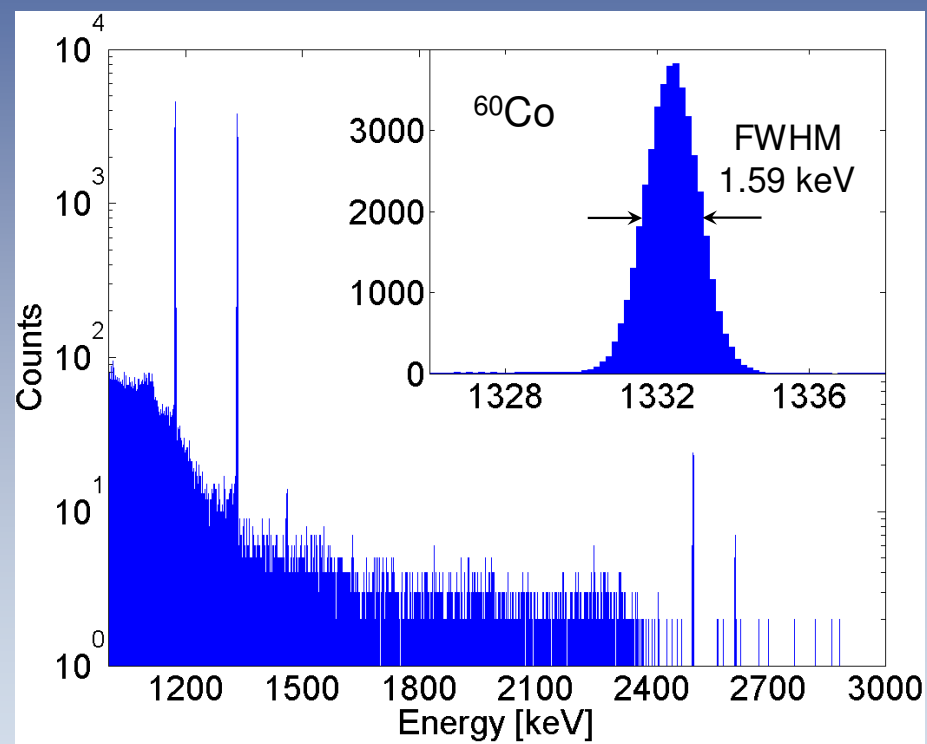
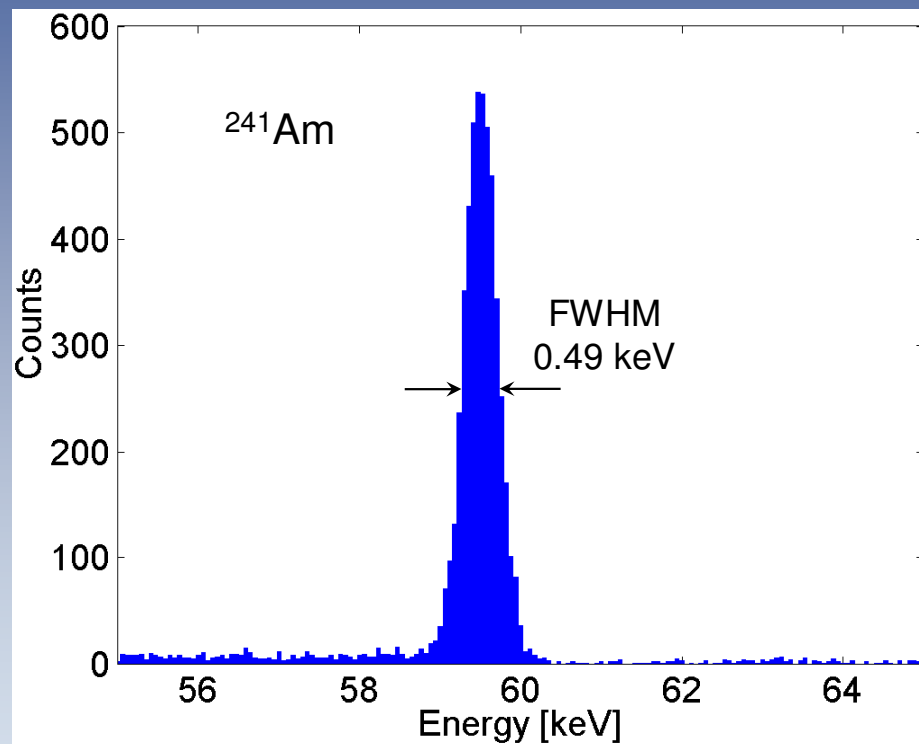
- acceptance of  $0\nu\beta\beta$  **decay** events is  $(89.2 \pm 0.9)\%$   
(determined by DEP measurements, validated by coincident single-Compton scattering)
- survival probability of **external background** events:  
 $^{228}\text{Th}$   $(40.2 \pm 1.6)\%$   
 $^{226}\text{Ra}$   $(20.6 \pm 3.4)\%$
- survival probability of **intrinsic background** events:  
 $^{60}\text{Co}$   $(0.93 \pm 0.08)\%$   
 $^{68}\text{Ge}$  is expected to be also strongly suppressed  
(creates background at  $Q_{\beta\beta}$  via the summation  
of a  $\beta^+$  energy loss and an interaction of the  
annihilation  $\gamma$ -rays => strong MSE signature)

# Conclusions

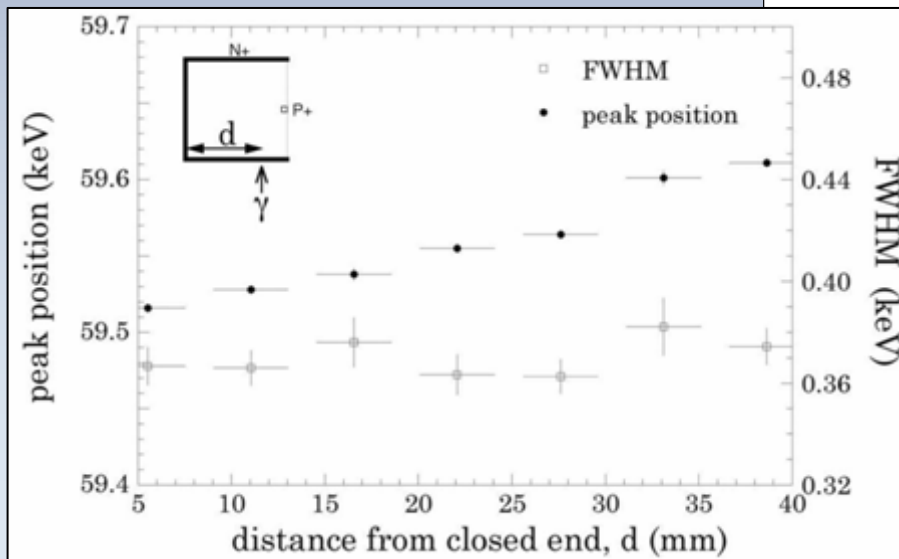
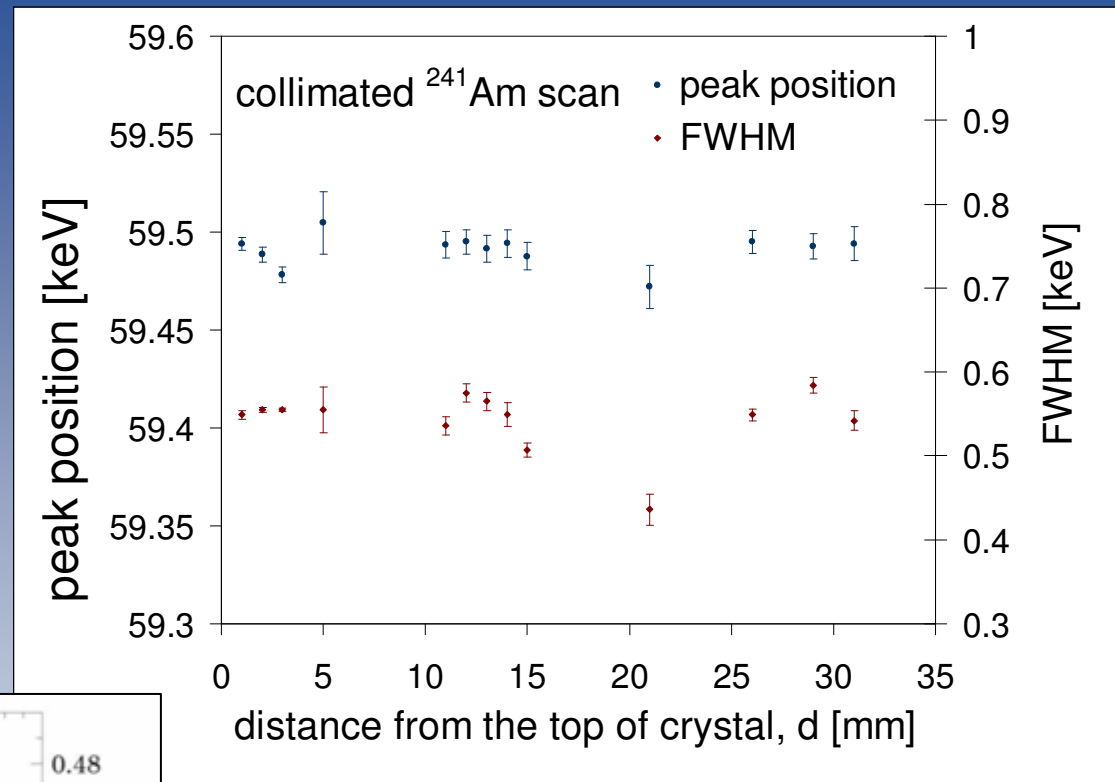
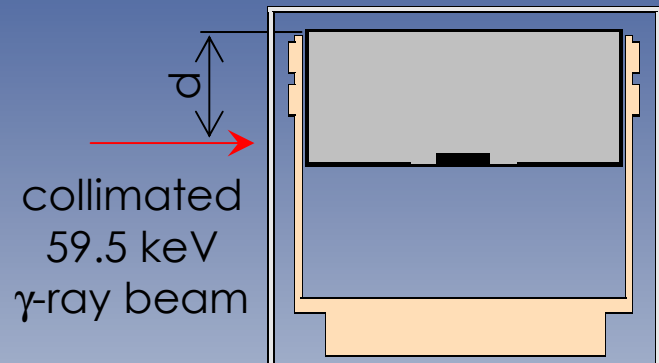
- the PSD properties of BEGe detector allow strong suppression of main external and intrinsic backgrounds in  $0\nu\beta\beta$  decay experiments
- results comparable to highly segmented detectors
- potentially lower background coming from signal contacts compared to segmented detectors
- BEGe is in standard commercial production
- as a consequence, the GERDA collaboration has included BEGe in the R&D for Phase II

# Backup slides

# Energy resolution



# Surface variation of charge collection



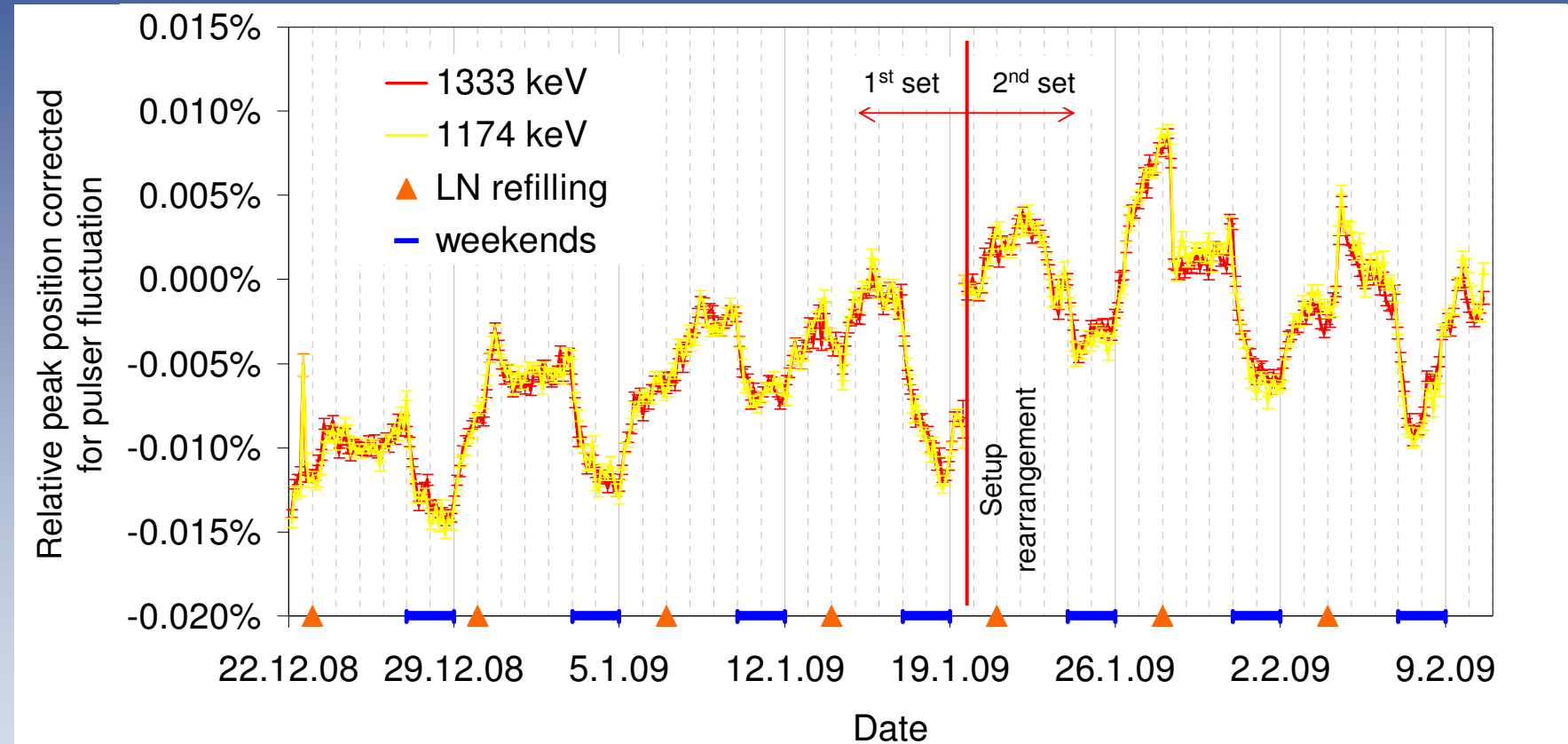
Gain variation:  $\leq 0.055\%$

Majorana PPC detector:  
Gain variation:  $\leq 0.15\%$

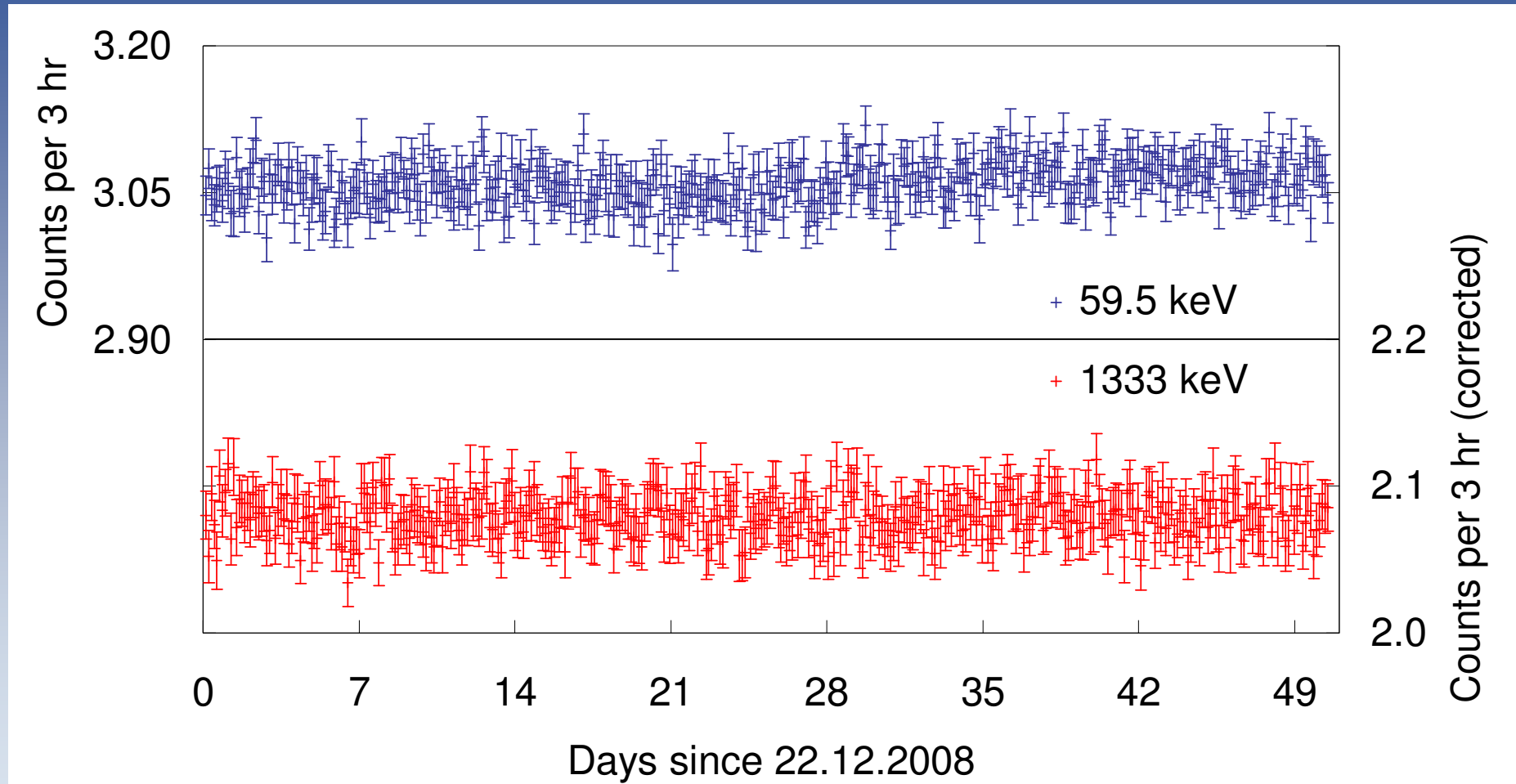
P.S. Barbeau, J.I. Collar and O. Tench  
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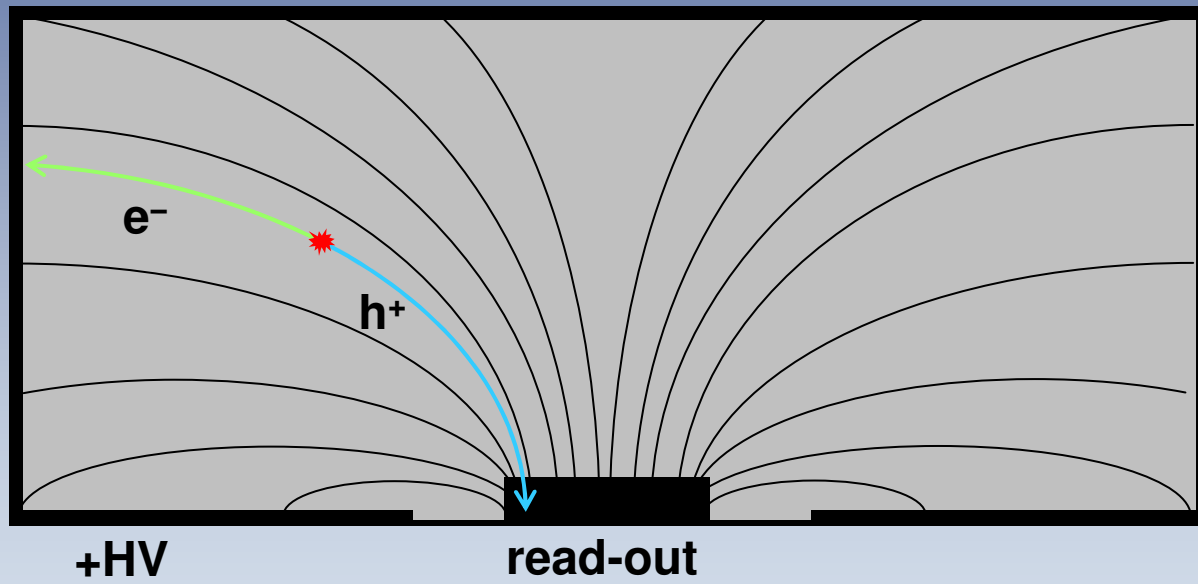


# Charge collection stability

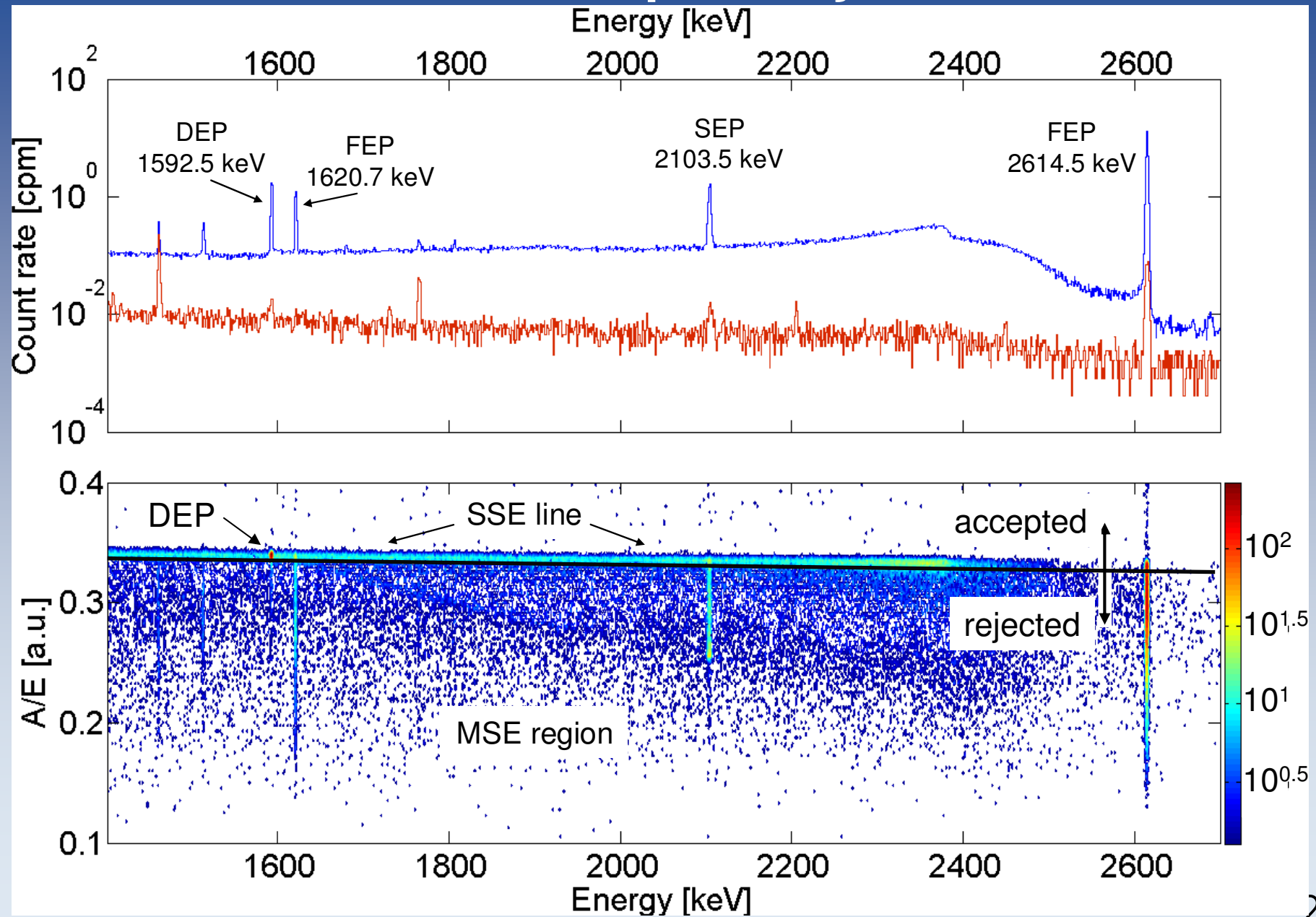


# Charge collection stability

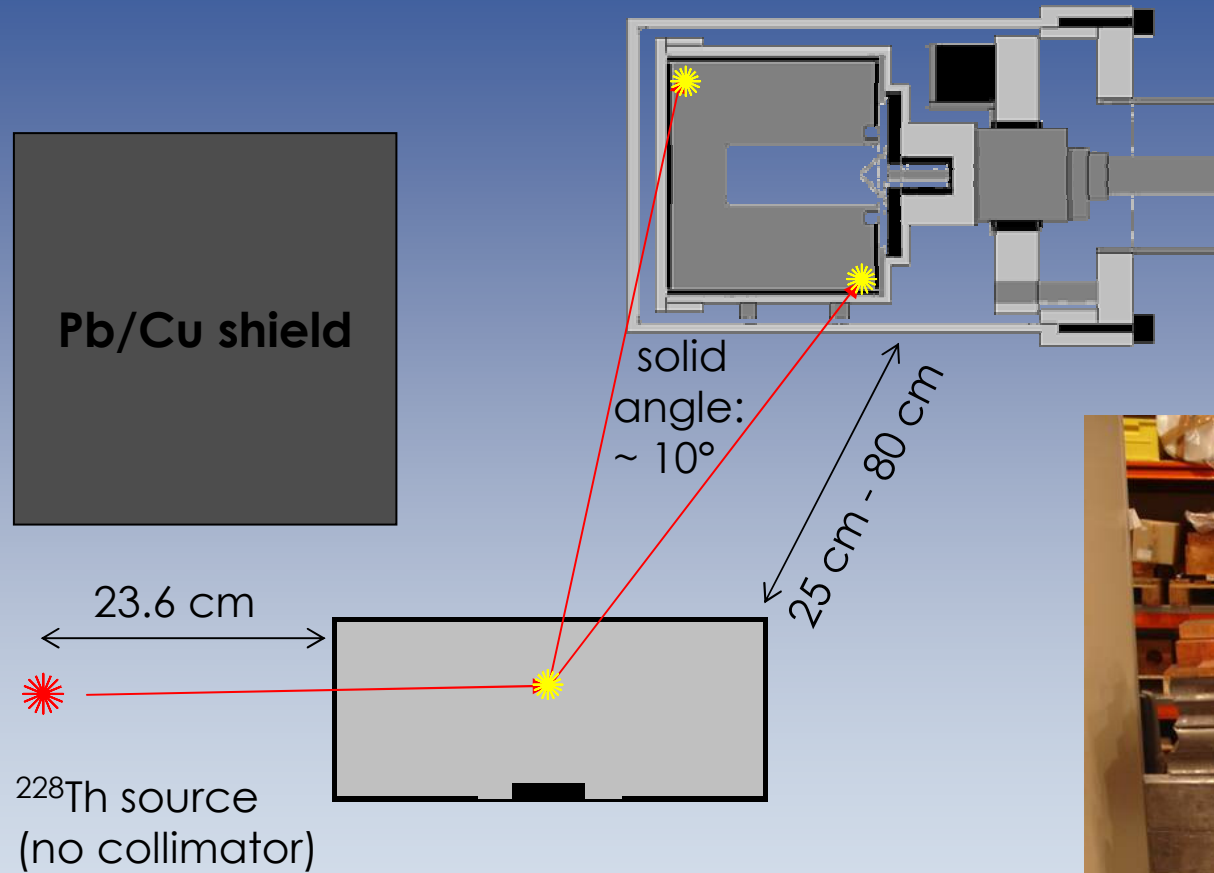


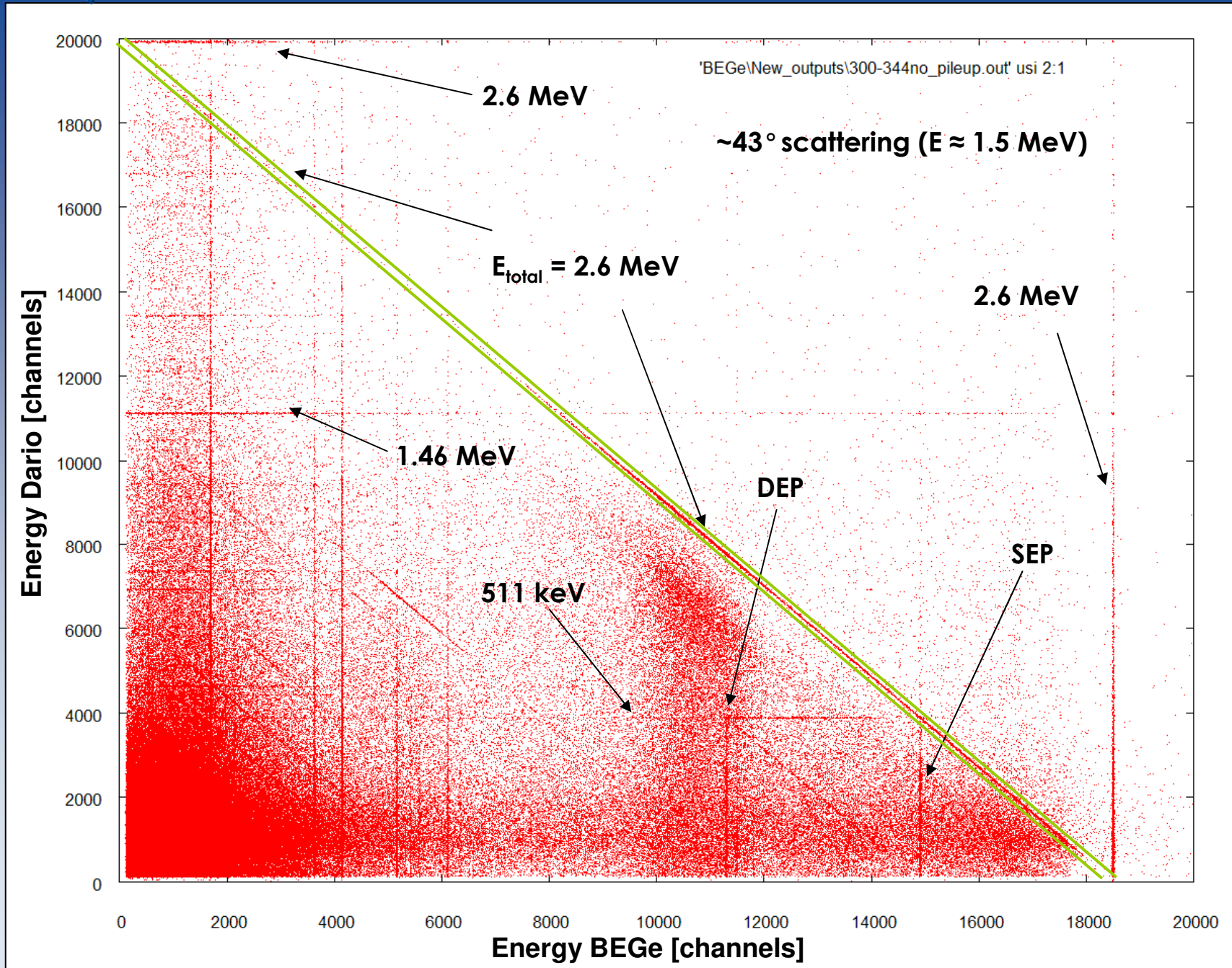


# Pulse shape analysis

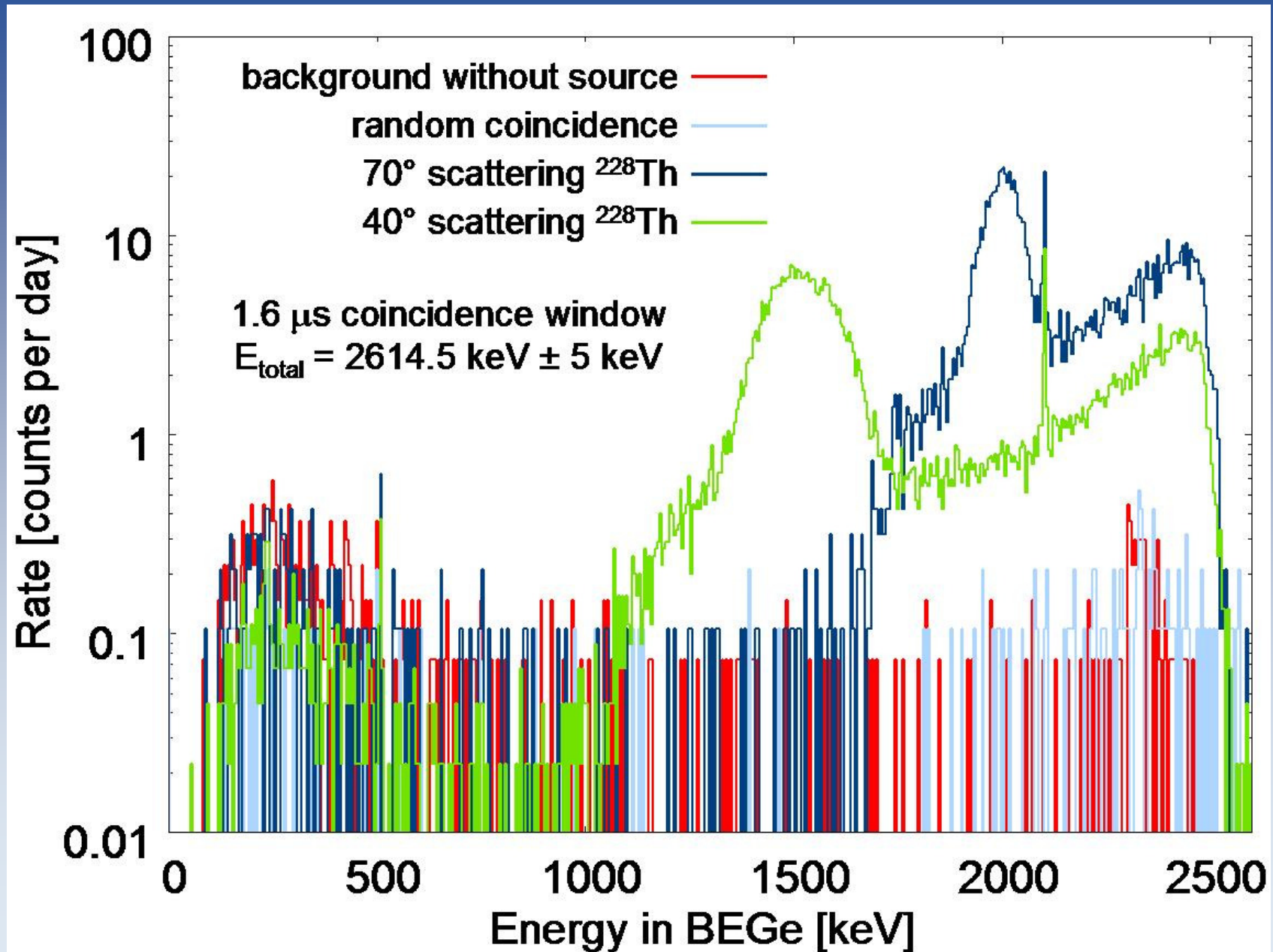


# Coincident Compton scattering





# Coincident backgrounds



# Compton scattering events

